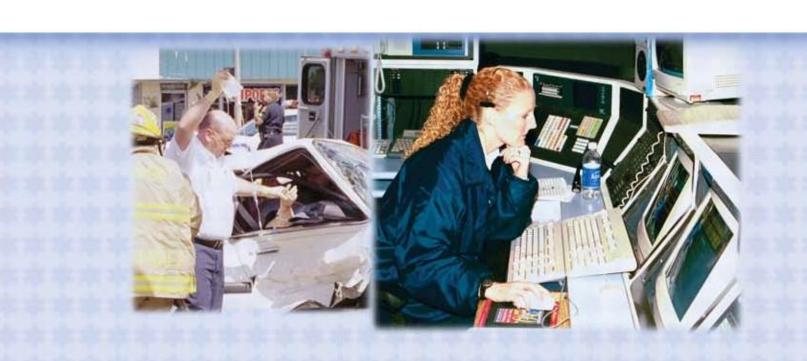


# National Emergency Medical Services Education Standards





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## **Executive Summary**

The National EMS Education Standards (the Standards) represent another step toward realizing the vision of the 1996 EMS Agenda for the Future, as articulated in the 2000 EMS Education Agenda for the Future: A Systems Approach.

The *National EMS Education Standards* outline the minimal terminal objectives for entry-level EMS personnel to achieve within the parameters outlined in the *National EMS Scope of Practice Model*. Although educational programs must adhere to the *Standards*, its format will allow diverse implementation methods to meet local needs and evolving educational practices. The less prescriptive format of the *Standards* will also allow for ongoing revision of content consistent with scientific evidence and community standards of care.

In implementing the *Standards*, EMS instructors and educational programs will have the freedom to develop their own curricula or use any of the wide variety of publishers' lesson plans and instructional resources that are available at each licensure level.

Consistent with the EMS Education Agenda, EMS accreditation authorities will use the *Standards* as the framework for evaluation of program curricula.

The *National EMS Education Standards* are not a stand-alone document. EMS education programs will incorporate each element of the education system proposed in the *Education Agenda*. These elements include:

- National EMS Core Content
- National EMS Scope of Practice
- National EMS Education Standards
- National EMS Certification
- National EMS Program Accreditation

This integrated system is essential to achieving the goals of program efficiency, consistency of instructional quality, and student competence as outlined in the *Education Agenda*.

### Introduction

As a profession, EMS is still in its early developmental stages. The formal progression of an organized civilian EMS system began in the 1960s and continues to evolve as we further define and enhance our structure, oversight, and organization.

As EMS system operations have developed, so has EMS education. In the early 1970s, registered nurses and physicians taught most EMS programs. Few student and instructor resources related directly to prehospital emergency care. No standards existed to define practice and there was no clear delineation of scopes of practice in EMS.

## **Historical Development of EMS in the United States**

Table 1 outlines key events in the development of EMS in the United States from the 1950s to the present.

Table 1: Historical Development of EMS					
Year	Event/Organization Result				
1950s	American College of Surgeons	Developed the first training program for ambulance attendants			
1960	President's Committee for Traffic Safety	Care and Transportation of the Injured" to redutraffic fatalities			
1966	National Academy of Science published Accidental Death and Disability: The Neglected Disease of Modern Society (The White Paper)	Quantified the scope of traffic-related death in the United States  Described the deficiencies in prehospital care in this country, including:  Call for ambulance standards  State-level policies and regulations  Recommendation to adopt methods for providing consistent ambulance services at the local level			
1966	Highway Safety Act of 1966	Required each State to adopt highway safety programs to comply with Federal standards (including "emergency services") Impetus for NHTSA leadership in EMS:  Directed writing of National Standard Curricula Provided funding to States to develop State EMS Offices  Took leadership role in EMS system development, including developing model EMS State legislation			
1970s	Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and Federal Government	Funded regional EMS systems and demonstration projects			
1970s	Crash Injury Management for the Law Enforcement Officer published by NHTSA	40-hour program that evolved into First Responder: NSC in 1979			
1970	National Registry of EMTs (NREMT)	Held first board meeting, with goal to provide uniform standards for credentialing ambulance attendants.			

Table 1: Historical Development of EMS			
Year	Event/Organization	Result	
1971	Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured published by the American Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons (AAOS)	One of the first EMS textbooks	
1973	Emergency Medical Services Act of 1973 enacted by Congress as Title XII of the Public Health Services Act	Over \$300 million in funding for EMS over 8 years:  Allowed for EMS system planning and implementation Required States to focus on EMS personnel and training Resulted in legislation and regulation of EMS personnel levels	
1975	American Medical Association (AMA)	Recognized EMT-Paramedic as an allied health occupation	
1977	National Standard Curriculum for EMT- Paramedic published by NHTSA	15 instructional modules	
1978	The Essentials for Paramedic Program Accreditation developed by AMA	Joint Review Committee on Education Programs for the EMT-Paramedic (JRCEMT-P) adopted <i>The Essentials</i> as the standard for accreditation	
1985	First Responder, EMT- Ambulance, EMT- Intermediate, and EMT- Paramedic: NSC revised by NHTSA	EMT-Paramedic reformatted into six divisions	
1990	NHTSA hosts EMS Training Workshop	This workshop facilitated the development of the 1990s curricula and introduced the assessment based education concept	
1992	EMS Education and Practice Blueprint.	This document served as a template for the revised format of the 1990s NSC revision projects	
1992	Initiated EMS Agenda for the Future	Funded by NHTSA, Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB), and Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)	

	Table 1: Historical Development of EMS			
Year	Event/Organization	Result		
1994	NREMT Practice Analysis	Conducted practice analysis of EMTs and paramedics:  Determined importance of EMS actions based on assessment of frequency and potential for harm Provided foundation for NREMT test blueprint		
1994	EMT-Ambulance revised and renamed EMT-Basic: NSC			
1995	First Responder: NSC is revised			
1996	EMS Agenda for the Future is created by the National Association of EMS Physicians and National Association of State EMS Directors	Vision statement for integration of EMS into the health care system and funded by NHTSA and Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB), EMSC Program		
1998	PEW Health Professions Commission Taskforce on Health Care Workforce Regulation published Strengthening Consumer Protection: Priorities for Health Care Workforce Regulation	Recommended:  National Policy Advisory Board to establish standards and model legislative language for uniform scope of practice authority for health professions  Emphasis on States' responsibility to enact uniform scope of practice consistent with the recommendations of the National Policy Advisory Board.		
1998	EMT-Paramedic: NSC revised			
1999	EMT-Intermediate: NSC revised			
2000	Education Agenda for the Future: A Systems Approach published by NHTSA	Funded by NHTSA and HRSA. Designed to develop an integrated system of EMS regulation, certification, and licensure		
2004	2004 National EMS Practice Analysis published by NREMT	Updates the 1994 Practice Analysis		
2005	National EMS Core Content published by NHTSA and HRSA	Defines:  ■ Domain of knowledge of EMS personnel described within the <i>National EMS Scope</i> • of Practice  ■ Universal knowledge and skills of EMS personnel		

Table 1: Historical Development of EMS				
Year	Event/Organization	Result		
2005	The State of EMS	Research related to:		
	Education EMS Research	<ul><li>Identifying characteristics of EMS</li></ul>		
	Project: Characteristics of	instructors		
	EMS Educators by Ruple	<ul> <li>Describing infrastructure available to</li> </ul>		
	et al. In <i>Prehospital</i>	instructors		
	Emergency Care	Identifying instructor attributes necessary for		
		implementing education standards		
2006	EMS at the Crossroads	Recommendations related to EMS Education		
	Institute of Medicine	Agenda:		
	Report	<ul><li>State governments should adopt a</li></ul>		
		common scope of practice for EMS		
		personnel, with State licensing		
		reciprocity		
		States should require national		
		accreditation of paramedic programs		
		States should accept national certification as a		
		prerequisite for State licensure and local		
		credentialing of EMS providers		
2007	National EMS Scope of	National guideline to define levels of EMS		
	<i>Practice</i> published by	licensure:		
	NHTSA	■ Guide State legislation		
		<ul> <li>Promote reciprocity between States</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Clarify EMS roles for the community</li> </ul>		

In August 1996, the *EMS Agenda for the Future* (the *Agenda*) was published. This consensus document was developed with funding from the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration and the Health Resources and Services Administration. The National Association of EMS Physicians and the National Association of State EMS Directors led this process, which involved many stakeholders.

The *Agenda* document was designed to guide government and private organizations in EMS planning, development, and policy-making at the national, State, and local levels. It addressed 14 attributes of EMS, including the EMS education system. The *Agenda* defined a vision for the future of EMS education that "employs sound educational principles," "based on research," and "conducted by qualified instructors." In December of that year, representatives of 30 EMS-related organizations met at an EMS Education Conference sponsored by NHTSA to identify the necessary steps for implementing that vision.

The outcome of the EMS Education Conference was summarized in the EMS Education Agenda for the Future: A Systems Approach. This document included the following recommendations:

• The *National EMS Education and Practice Blueprint* (the *Blueprint*) is a valuable component of the EMS education system. A multidisciplinary panel, led by NHTSA, to more explicitly identify core educational content for each licensure level, should revise it.

- National EMS education standards are necessary, but need not include specific declarative material or lesson plans. NHTSA should support and facilitate the development of national EMS education standards.
- The *Blueprint* and national EMS education standards should be revised periodically, with major revisions occurring every 5 to 7 years, and minor updates made every 2 to 3 years.

In 1998, NHTSA convened a Blueprint Modeling Group to revise the *Blueprint*. That group determined that the *Blueprint* represented only one component of a comprehensive EMS education system, so it redefined its mission, and the group was renamed the EMS Education Task Force. The Task Force produced a document titled the *EMS Education Agenda for the Future: A Systems Approach* (the *Education Agenda*).

The EMS education system envisioned in the *EMS Agenda for the Future* was further defined and articulated into the model shown in Figure 1 in the *Education Agenda*. This document states that, to be most effective, each component in the EMS education system should be structured, coordinated, and interdependent.

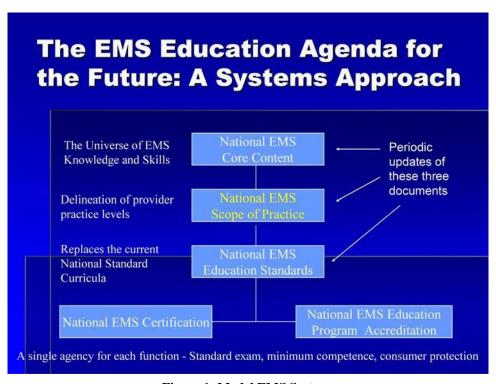


Figure 1: Model EMS System

The *National EMS Core Content* was published in 2005. Core Content defines the entire domain of out-of-hospital practice and identifies the universal body of knowledge and skills for EMS providers who do not function as independent practitioners. Funded by NHTSA and HRSA, this project was led by the National Association of EMS Physicians and the American College of Emergency Physicians.

The National EMS Scope of Practice Model (Scope of Practice) is a consensus document that was published in 2006. This document defines the levels of EMS personnel and delineates the practices and minimum competencies for each level of EMS personnel. The Scope of Practice does not have regulatory authority, but provides guidance to States. Adherence to the Scope of Practice would increase uniformity in EMS practice throughout this country and facilitate reciprocity between States. Leadership for this project was delegated to the National Association of State EMS Officials and funded by NHTSA and HRSA.

The *Scope of Practice* describes four levels of EMS personnel licensure: Emergency Medical Responder (EMR), Emergency Medical Technician (EMT), Advanced Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT), and Paramedic. The *Scope of Practice* further defines practice, suggests minimum educational preparation, and designates appropriate psychomotor skills at each level of licensure. Further, the document describes each level of licensure as distinct and distinguished by unique "skills, practice environment, knowledge, qualifications, services provided, risk, level of supervisory responsibility, and amount of autonomy and judgment/critical thinking/decision-making."

The *National EMS Education Standards*, led by the National Association of EMS Educators, replace the NHTSA National Standard Curricula at all licensure levels. The *Standards* define the competencies, clinical behaviors, and judgments that must be met by entry-level EMS personnel to meet practice guidelines defined in the *National EMS Scope of Practice Model*. Content and concepts defined in the *National EMS Core Content* are also integrated within the *Standards*.

National EMS Certification and National EMS Education Program Accreditation are the "bookends" that support the other key elements of the system. The Education Agenda recommends an individual must graduate from a nationally accredited EMS education program to be eligible for National EMS Certification. This recommendation was also supported by the Institute of Medicine report, *The Future of Emergency Care: EMS at the Crossroads*. Essential components of the EMS Agenda include a single National EMS Accreditation Agency and a single National EMS Certification Agency to ensure consistency and quality of EMS personnel.

#### **The National EMS Education Standards**

The National EMS Education Standards comprise four components (Table 2):

- 1. Competency (designated in yellow) This statement represents the minimum competency required for entry-level personnel at each licensure level.
- 2. Knowledge Required to Achieve Competency (designated in blue) This represents an elaboration of the knowledge within each competency (when appropriate) that entry-level personnel would need to master in order to achieve competency.
- 3. Clinical Behaviors/Judgments (designated in green) This section describes the clinical behaviors and judgments essential for entry-level EMS personnel at each licensure level.
- 4. Educational Infrastructure (designated in white) This section describes the support standards necessary for conducting EMS training programs at each licensure level.

Table 2: Format of National EMS Education Standards				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Content Area	Competency	Competency	Competency	Competency
Elaboration of Knowledge	Additional knowledge related to the competency	Additional knowledge related to the competency	Additional knowledge related to the competency	Additional knowledge related to the competency
	Clinical behaviors and judgments	Clinical behaviors and judgments	Clinical behaviors and judgments	Clinical behaviors and judgments
	Educational Infrastructure	Educational Infrastructure	Educational Infrastructure	Educational Infrastructure

Each statement in the *Standards* presumes that the expected knowledge and behaviors are within the scope of practice for that EMS licensure level, as defined by the *National EMS Scope of Practice Model*. Each competency applies to patients of all ages, unless a specific age group is identified.

The *Standards* also assume there is a progression in practice from the Emergency Medical Responder level to the Paramedic level. That is, licensed personnel at each level are responsible for all knowledge, judgments, and behaviors at their level and at all levels preceding their level. For example, a Paramedic is responsible for knowing and doing everything identified in that specific area, as well as knowing and doing all tasks in the three preceding levels.

The descriptors used to illustrate the increasing complexity of knowledge and behaviors through the progression of licensure levels originate, in part, from the *National EMS Scope of Practice Model*. These terms reflect the differences in the breadth, depth, and actions required at each licensure level (Figure 2).

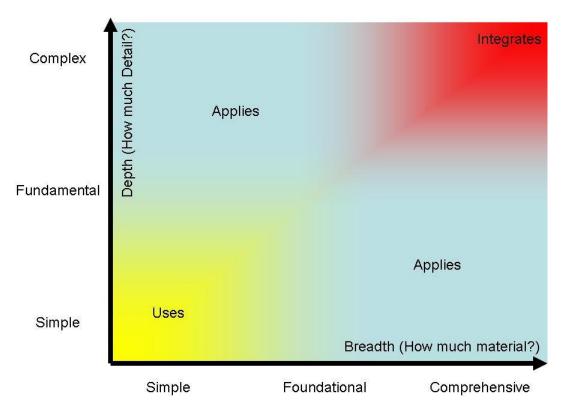


Figure 2: Terminology Graph

The *depth* of knowledge is the amount of detail a student needs to know about a particular topic. The *breadth* of knowledge refers to the number of topics or issues a student needs to learn in a particular competency. For example, the Emergency Medical Responder needs to have a thorough understanding (depth) about how to safely and effectively use the bag valve mask; however, the EMR is taught a limited number of concepts (breadth) surrounding management of a patient's airway.

To describe the intended depth of knowledge of a particular concept within a provider level, the Project Team uses the terms *simple*, *fundamental*, and *complex*. This terminology better illustrates the progression of the depth of knowledge from one particular level to another. For example, the EMR's *depth* of knowledge for bleeding control is simple while the EMT's *depth* of knowledge for bleeding control is fundamental.

To describe the intended breadth of knowledge of a concept within a provider level, the project team uses the terms *simple*, *foundational*, and *comprehensive*. This terminology also better illustrates the progression of the breadth of knowledge from one particular level to another. For example, the EMT's breadth of knowledge for cardiovascular disorders is foundational while the Paramedic's *breadth* of knowledge for cardiovascular disorders is comprehensive.

# From the National EMS Scope of Practice Model: EMS Personnel Licensure Levels

### **Emergency Medical Responder**

The primary focus of the Emergency Medical Responder is to initiate immediate lifesaving care to critical patients who access the emergency medical system. This individual possesses the basic knowledge and skills necessary to provide lifesaving interventions while awaiting additional EMS response and to assist higher level personnel at the scene and during transport. Emergency Medical Responders function as part of a comprehensive EMS response, under medical oversight. Emergency Medical Responders perform basic interventions with minimal equipment.

### **Emergency Medical Technician**

The primary focus of the Emergency Medical Technician is to provide basic emergency medical care and transportation for critical and emergent patients who access the emergency medical system. This individual possesses the basic knowledge and skills necessary to provide patient care and transportation. Emergency Medical Technicians function as part of a comprehensive EMS response, under medical oversight. Emergency Medical Technicians perform interventions with the basic equipment typically found on an ambulance. The Emergency Medical Technician is a link from the scene to the emergency health care system.

### Advanced Emergency Medical Technician

The primary focus of the Advanced Emergency Medical Technician is to provide basic and limited advanced emergency medical care and transportation for critical and emergent patients who access the emergency medical system. This individual possesses the basic knowledge and skills necessary to provide patient care and transportation. Advanced Emergency Medical Technicians function as part of a comprehensive EMS response, under medical oversight. Advanced Emergency Medical Technicians perform interventions with the basic and advanced equipment typically found on an ambulance. The Advanced Emergency Medical Technician is a link from the scene to the emergency health care system.

### Paramedic

The Paramedic is an allied health professional whose primary focus is to provide advanced emergency medical care for critical and emergent patients who access the emergency medical system. This individual possesses the complex knowledge and skills necessary to provide patient care and transportation. Paramedics function as part of a comprehensive EMS response, under medical oversight. Paramedics perform interventions with the basic and advanced equipment typically found on an ambulance. The Paramedic is a link from the scene into the health care system.

Each educational level assumes mastery of previously stated competencies. Each individual must demonstrate each competency within his or her scope of practice and for patients of all ages.

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Preparatory	Uses simple knowledge of the EMS system, safety/well-being of the EMR, medical/legal issues at the scene of an emergency while awaiting a higher level of care.	Applies fundamental knowledge of the EMS system, safety/well-being of the EMT, medical/legal and ethical issues to the provision of emergency care.	Applies fundamental knowledge of the EMS system, safety/well-being of the AEMT, medical/legal and ethical issues to the provision of emergency care.	Integrates comprehensive knowledge of EMS systems, the safety/well-being of the paramedic, and medical/legal and ethical issues which is intended to improve the health of EMS personnel, patients, and the community.
EMS Systems	<ul> <li>Simple depth, simple breadth</li> <li>EMS systems</li> <li>Roles/ responsibilities/ professionalism of EMS personnel</li> <li>Quality improvement</li> </ul>	EMR Material PLUS: Simple depth, foundational breadth  EMS systems  History of EMS  Roles/ responsibilities/ professionalism of EMS personnel  Quality improvement  Patient safety	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Quality improvement  • Patient safety	AEMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • History of EMS  Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • EMS systems  • Roles/ responsibilities/ professionalism of EMS personnel  • Quality improvement  • Patient safety
Research	Simple depth, simple breadth  • Impact of research on EMR care  • Data collection	EMR Material PLUS: Simple depth, simple breadth  • Evidence-based decision making	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Research principles to interpret literature and advocate evidence-based practice

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Workforce Safety and Wellness	Simple depth, simple breadth  Standard safety precautions  Personal protective equipment  Stress management  Dealing with death and dying  Prevention of responserelated injuries  Lifting and moving patients	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Standard safety precautions  Personal protective equipment  Stress management  Dealing with death and dying  Prevention of work related injuries  Lifting and moving patients  Disease transmission  Wellness principles	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  Provider safety and wellbeing  Standard safety precautions  Personal protective equipment  Stress management  Dealing with death and dying  Prevention of work related injuries  Lifting and moving patients  Disease transmission  Wellness principles
Documentation	Simple depth, simple breadth  • Recording patient findings	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Principles of medical documentation and report writing	EMT Material PLUS:  Complex depth, foundational breadth  • Principles of medical documentation and report writing	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • Principles of medical documentation and report writing
EMS System Communication	Simple depth, simple breadth Communication needed to  Call for Resources  Transfer care of the patient  Interact within the team structure	<ul> <li>EMR Material PLUS:</li> <li>Simple depth, simple breadth</li> <li>EMS communication system</li> <li>Communication with other health care professionals</li> <li>Team communication and dynamics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>EMT Material PLUS:</li> <li>Fundamental depth,</li> <li>foundational breadth</li> <li>EMS communication system</li> <li>Communication with other health care professionals</li> <li>Team communication and dynamics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>AEMT Material PLUS:</li> <li>Complex depth, comprehensive breadth</li> <li>EMS communication system</li> <li>Communication with other health care professionals</li> <li>Team communication and dynamics</li> </ul>

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Therapeutic Communication	Simple depth, simple breadth Principles of communicating with patients in a manner that achieves a positive relationship  • Interviewing techniques	EMR Material PLUS: Simple depth, simple breadth Principles of communicating with patients in a manner that achieves a positive relationship  • Adjusting communication strategies for age, stage of development, patients with special needs, and differing cultures  Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Interviewing techniques  • Verbal defusing strategies  • Family presence issues	EMT Material PLUS: Simple depth, simple breadth Principles of communicating with patients in a manner that achieves a positive relationship • Dealing with difficult patients	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Principles of communicating with patients in a manner that achieves a positive relationship • Factors that affect communication • Interviewing techniques • Dealing with difficult patients • Adjusting communication strategies for age, stage of development, patients with special needs, and differing cultures
Medical/Legal and Ethics	Simple depth, simple breadth  Consent/refusal of care  Confidentiality  Advanced directives  Tort and criminal actions  Evidence preservation  Statutory responsibilities  Mandatory reporting  Ethical principles/moral obligations  End-of-life issues	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Consent/refusal of care  Confidentiality  Advanced directives  Tort and criminal actions  Evidence preservation  Statutory responsibilities  Mandatory reporting  Ethical principles/moral obligations	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  Consent/refusal of care  Confidentiality  Advanced directives  Tort and criminal actions  Statutory responsibilities  Mandatory reporting  Health care regulation  Patient rights/advocacy  End-of-life Issues  Ethical principles/moral obligations  Ethical tests and decision making

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Anatomy and Physiology	Uses simple knowledge of the anatomy and function of the upper airway, heart, vessels, blood, lungs, skin, muscles, and bones as the foundation of emergency care.	Applies fundamental knowledge of the anatomy and function of all human systems to the practice of EMS.	Integrates complex knowledge of the anatomy and physiology of the airway, respiratory and circulatory systems to the practice of EMS.	Integrates a complex depth and comprehensive breadth of knowledge of the anatomy and physiology of all human systems

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Medical Terminology	Uses simple medical and anatomical terms.	Uses foundational anatomical and medical terms and abbreviations in written and oral communication with colleagues and other health care professionals.	Same as Previous Level	Integrates comprehensive anatomical and medical terminology and abbreviations into the written and oral communication with colleagues and other health care professionals.

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Pathophysiology	Uses simple knowledge of shock and respiratory compromise to respond to life threats.	Applies fundamental knowledge of the pathophysiology of respiration and perfusion to patient assessment and management.	Applies comprehensive knowledge of the pathophysiology of respiration and perfusion to patient assessment and management.	Integrates comprehensive knowledge of pathophysiology of major human systems.

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Life Span Development	Uses simple knowledge of agerelated differences to assess and care for patients.	Applies fundamental knowledge of life span development to patient assessment and management.	Same as Previous Level	Integrates comprehensive knowledge of life span development.

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Public Health	Have an awareness of local public health resources and the role EMS personnel play in public health emergencies.	Uses simple knowledge of the principles of illness and injury prevention in emergency care.	Uses simple knowledge of the principles of the role of EMS during public health emergencies.	Applies fundamental knowledge of principles of public health and epidemiology including public health emergencies, health promotion, and illness and injury prevention.

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Pharmacology	Uses simple knowledge of the medications that the EMR may self-administer or administer to a peer in an emergency.	Applies fundamental knowledge of the medications that the EMT may assist/administer to a patient during an emergency.	Applies to patient assessment and management fundamental knowledge of the medications carried by AEMTs that may be administered to a patient during an emergency.	Integrates comprehensive knowledge of pharmacology to formulate a treatment plan intended to mitigate emergencies and improve the overall health of the patient.
Principles of Pharmacology	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	<ul> <li>Simple depth, simple breadth</li> <li>Medication safety</li> <li>Kinds of medications used during an emergency</li> </ul>	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundation breadth  • Medication safety  • Medication legislation  • Naming  • Classifications  • Storage and security  • Autonomic pharmacology  • Metabolism and excretion	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth)  • Medication safety  • Medication legislation  • Naming  • Classifications  • Schedules  • Pharmacokinetics  • Storage and security
			<ul> <li>Mechanism of action</li> <li>Medication response relationships</li> <li>Medication interactions</li> <li>Toxicity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Autonomic pharmacology</li> <li>Metabolism and excretion</li> <li>Mechanism of action</li> <li>Phases of medication activity</li> <li>Medication response relationships</li> <li>Medication interactions</li> <li>Toxicity</li> </ul>

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Medication Administration	Simple depth, simple breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMR, how to  Self-administer medication  Peer-administer medication	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMT how to  • Assist/administer medications to a patient	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Routes of administration  Within the scope of practice of the AEMT, administer medications to a patient	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  Routes of administration  Within the scope of practice of the paramedic, administer medications to a patient
Emergency Medications	Simple depth, simple breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMR  Names Effects Indications Routes of administration Dosages for the medications administered	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, simple breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMT  Names Actions Indications Contraindications Complications Routes of administration Side effects Interactions Dosages for the medications administered	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Within the scope of practice of the AEMT  Names Actions Indications Contraindications Complications Routes of administration Side effects Interactions Dosages for the medications administered	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Within the scope of practice of the paramedic Names Actions Indications Contraindications Complications Routes of administration Side effects Interactions Dosages for the medications administered

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Airway Management, Respiration and Artificial Ventilation	Applies knowledge (fundamental depth, foundational breadth) of general anatomy and physiology to assure a patent airway, adequate mechanical ventilation, and respiration while awaiting additional EMS response for patients of all ages.	Applies knowledge (fundamental depth, foundational breadth) of general anatomy and physiology to patient assessment and management in order to assure a patent airway, adequate mechanical ventilation, and respiration for patients of all ages.	Applies knowledge (fundamental depth, foundational breadth) of additional upper airway anatomy and physiology to patient assessment and management in order to assure a patent airway, adequate mechanical ventilation, and respiration for patients of all ages.	Integrates complex knowledge of anatomy, physiology, and pathophysiology into the assessment to develop and implement a treatment plan with the goal of assuring a patent airway, adequate mechanical ventilation, and respiration for patients of all ages.
Airway Management	Fundamental depth, simple breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMR  Airway anatomy Airway assessment Techniques of assuring a patent airway	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMT  • Airway anatomy  • Airway assessment  • Techniques of assuring a patent airway	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Within the scope of practice of the AEMT  • Airway anatomy  • Airway assessment  • Techniques of assuring a patent airway	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Within the scope of practice of the paramedic Airway anatomy Airway assessment Techniques of assuring a patent airway

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Respiration	Fundamental depth, simple breadth  Anatomy of the respiratory system  Physiology and pathophysiology of respiration  Pulmonary ventilation  Oxygenation  Respiration  External  Internal  Cellular  Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate respiration  Supplemental oxygen therapy	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Anatomy of the respiratory system  Physiology and pathophysiology of respiration  Pulmonary ventilation  Oxygenation  Respiration  External  Internal  Cellular  Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate respiration  Supplemental oxygen therapy	EMT Material PLUS:  Complex depth, foundational breadth  Anatomy of the respiratory system  Fundamental depth, comprehensive breadth  Physiology and pathophysiology of respiration  Pulmonary ventilation  Oxygenation  Respiration  External  Internal  Cellular  Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate respiration  Supplemental oxygen therapy	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  Anatomy of the respiratory system  Physiology, and pathophysiology of respiration Pulmonary ventilation Oxygenation Respiration External Internal Cellular  Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate respiration Supplemental oxygen therapy
Artificial Ventilation	Fundamental depth, simple breadth  Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate ventilation  • Artificial ventilation  • Minute ventilation  • Alveolar ventilation  • Effect of artificial ventilation on cardiac output	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate ventilation  Artificial ventilation  Minute ventilation  Alveolar ventilation  Effect of artificial ventilation on cardiac output	EMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, foundational breadth Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate ventilation Artificial ventilation Minute ventilation Alveolar ventilation Effect of artificial ventilation on cardiac output	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Assessment and management of adequate and inadequate ventilation Artificial ventilation Minute ventilation Alveolar ventilation Effect of artificial ventilation on cardiac output

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Assessment	Use scene information and simple patient assessment findings to identify and manage immediate life threats and injuries within the scope of practice of the EMR.	Applies scene information and patient assessment findings (scene size up, primary and secondary assessment, patient history, and reassessment) to guide emergency management.	Same as Previous Level	Integrate scene and patient assessment findings with knowledge of epidemiology and pathophysiology to form a field impression. This includes developing a list of differential diagnoses through clinical reasoning to modify the assessment and formulate a treatment plan.
Scene Size-Up	Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • Scene safety  Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Scene management  ○ Impact of the environment on patient care  ○ Addressing hazards  ○ Violence  ○ Need for additional or specialized resources  ○ Standard precautions	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • Scene management  • Impact of the environment on patient care  • Addressing hazards  • Violence  • Multiple patient situations

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Primary Assessment	Simple depth, simple breadth  Primary assessment for all patient situations  Level of consciousness  ABCs  Identifying life threats  Assessment of vital functions  Begin interventions needed to preserve life	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, simple breadth  Primary assessment for all patient situations  Initial general impression  Level of consciousness  ABCs  Identifying life threats  Assessment of vital functions  Integration of treatment/procedures needed to preserve life	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Primary assessment for all patient situations Initial general impression Level of consciousness ABCs Identifying life threats Assessment of vital functions  Integration of treatment/ procedures needed to preserve life	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Primary assessment for all patient situations • Initial general impression • Level of consciousness • ABCs • Identifying life threats • Assessment of vital functions • Integration of treatment/procedures needed to preserve life
History Taking	Simple depth, simple breadth  Determining the chief complaint  Mechanism of injury/nature of illness  Associated signs and symptoms	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Investigation of the chief complaint  Mechanism of injury/nature of illness  Past medical history  Associated signs and symptoms  Pertinent negatives	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  Components of the patient history  Interviewing techniques How to integrate therapeutic communication techniques and adapt the line of inquiry based on findings and presentation
Secondary Assessment	Simple depth, simple breadth  Performing a rapid full body scan  Focused assessment of pain  Assessment of vital signs	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Techniques of physical examination  Respiratory system OPresence of breath sounds Cardiovascular system Neurological system Musculoskeletal system All anatomical regions	EMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, foundational breadth  Assessment of Lung sounds	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  Techniques of physical examination for all major  • Body systems  • Anatomical regions

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Monitoring Devices	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	Simple depth, simple breadth Within the scope of practice of the EMT  Obtaining and using information from patient monitoring devices including (but not limited to) Pulse oximetry Non-invasive blood pressure	EMT Material PLUS: Within the scope of practice of the AEMT Simple depth, simple breadth  • Obtaining and using information from patient monitoring devices including (but not limited to)  o Blood glucose determination	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Within the scope of practice of the paramedic  Obtaining and using information from patient monitoring devices including (but not limited to):  Continuous ECG monitoring  12 lead ECG interpretation  Carbon dioxide monitoring  Basic blood chemistry
Reassessment	<ul><li>Simple depth, simple breadth</li><li>How and when to reassess patients</li></ul>	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • how and when to perform a reassessment for all patient situations	Same as Previous Levels	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • How and when to perform a reassessment for all patient situations

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Medicine	Recognizes and manages life threats based on assessment findings of a patient with a medical emergency while awaiting additional emergency response.	Applies fundamental knowledge to provide basic emergency care and transportation based on assessment findings for an acutely ill patient.	Applies fundamental knowledge to provide basic and selected advanced emergency care and transportation based on assessment findings for an acutely ill patient.	Integrates assessment findings with principles of epidemiology and pathophysiology to formulate a field impression and implement a comprehensive treatment/disposition plan for a patient with a medical complaint.
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material PLUS:	EMT Material PLUS:	AEMT Material PLUS:
	Assessment and management of a	Simple depth, foundational breadth	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth	Complex depth, comprehensive breadth
Medical Overview	Medical complaint	Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of a medical complaints to include	Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of a medical complaints to include	Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of medical complaints to include
		Transport mode	Transport mode	Transport mode
		Destination decisions	Destination decisions	Destination decisions

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material PLUS:	EMT Material PLUS:	AEMT Material PLUS:
	Anatomy, presentations, and management of	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth	Complex depth, foundational breadth	Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology,
	Decreased level of responsiveness	Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of	Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of	psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of
	Seizure     Stroke	Stroke/ transient ischemic attack	Seizure	Complex depth, comprehensive breadth
		<ul><li>Seizure</li><li>Status epilepticus</li></ul>		Stroke/intracranial hemorrhage/transient ischemic attack
		Headache		
		• Headache		Seizure
				Status epilepticus
Neurology				Headache
				Fundamental depth, foundational breadth
				Dementia
				Neoplasms
				Demyelinating disorders
				Parkinson's disease
				Cranial nerve disorders
				Movement disorders
				Neurologic inflammation/ infection
				Spinal cord compression
				Hydrocephalus
				Wernicke's encephalopathy

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material PLUS:	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material PLUS:
	Anatomy, presentations and management of shock associated	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth		Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology,
	with abdominal emergencies	Anatomy, physiology,		psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and
	Gastrointestinal bleeding	pathophysiology, assessment, and management of		management of
		Acute and chronic gastrointestinal hemorrhage		Complex depth, comprehensive breadth
		Simple depth, simple breadth		Acute and chronic gastrointestinal hemorrhage
		Peritonitis		• Liver disorders
		Ulcerative diseases		• Peritonitis
				Ulcerative diseases
Abdominal and Gastrointestinal				Fundamental depth, foundational breadth
Disorders				Irritable bowel syndrome
				Inflammatory disorders
				• Pancreatitis
				Bowel obstruction
				Hernias
				• Infectious disorders
				Gall bladder and biliary tract disorders
				Simple depth, simple breadth
				• Rectal abscess
				Rectal foreign body obstruction
				Mesenteric ischemia

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Infectious Diseases	Simple depth, simple breadth Awareness of  • A patient who may have an infectious disease  • How to decontaminate equipment after treating a patient	EMR Material PLUS: Simple depth, simple breadth Assessment and management of  • A patient who may have an infectious disease  • How to decontaminate the ambulance and equipment after treating a patient	AEMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Assessment and management of  • A patient who may be infected with a bloodborne pathogen  • HIV  • Hepatitis B  • Antibiotic resistant infections  • Current infectious diseases prevalent in the community	AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, reporting requirements, prognosis, and management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • HIV-related disease • Hepatitis • Pneumonia • Meningococcal meningitis Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Tuberculosis • Tetanus • Viral diseases • Sexually transmitted disease • Gastroenteritis • Fungal infections • Rabies • Scabies and lice • Lyme disease • Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever • Antibiotic resistant infections

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Endocrine Disorders	Simple depth, simple breadth Awareness that  Diabetic emergencies cause altered mental status	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of  • Acute diabetic emergencies	EMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of • Acute diabetic emergencies	AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Acute diabetic emergencies • Diabetes Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Adrenal disease • Pituitary and thyroid disorders

EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition of  • Behaviors that pose a risk to the EMR, patient or others  Psychiatric	EMR Material PLUS: Simple depth, simple breadth  Basic principles of the mental health system  Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Assessment and management of  Acute psychosis  Suicidal/risk  Agitated delirium	AEMT Same as Previous Level	Paramedic  AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • Acute psychosis  • Agitated delirium Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Cognitive disorders  • Thought disorders  • Mood disorders  • Neurotic disorders  • Substance-related disorders / addictive behavior  • Somatoform disorders  • Factitious disorders  • Personality disorders  • Patterns of violence/abuse/neglect

EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Simple depth, simple breadth Anatomy, signs, symptoms and management  Cardiac arrest  Cardiovascular	EMR Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Acute coronary syndrome  • Angina pectoris  • Myocardial infarction  • Aortic aneurysm/dissection  • Thromboembolism  Simple depth, simple breadth  • Heart failure  • Hypertensive emergencies	AEMT  EMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  Complex depth, foundational breadth  • Acute coronary syndrome  • Angina pectoris  • Myocardial infarction  Fundamental depth, simple breadth  • Heart failure  • Hypertensive emergencies	Paramedic  AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • Acute coronary syndrome  • Angina pectoris  • Myocardial infarction  • Heart failure  • Non-traumatic cardiac tamponade  • Hypertensive emergencies  • Cardiogenic shock  • Vascular disorders  • Abdominal aortic aneurysm  • Arterial occlusion  • Venous thrombosis  • Aortic aneurysm/dissection,  • Thromboembolism  • Cardiac rhythm disturbances Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Infectious diseases of the heart

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Toxicology	Simple depth, simple breadth  Recognition and management of Carbon monoxide poisoning Nerve agent poisoning  How and when to contact a poison control center	EMR Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Inhaled poisons Ingested poisons Absorbed poisons Alcohol intoxication and withdrawal	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Opiate toxidrome	AEMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of the following toxidromes and poisonings:  Cholinergics Anticholinergics Sympathomimetics Sedative/hypnotics Opiates Alcohol intoxication and withdrawal Over-the-counter and prescription medications Carbon monoxide Illegal drugs Herbal preparations

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Respiratory	Simple depth, simple breadth Anatomy, signs, symptoms and management of respiratory emergencies including those that affect the  • Upper airway • Lower airway	EMR Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Epiglottitis  Spontaneous pneumothorax  Pulmonary edema  Asthma  Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease  Environmental/industrial exposure  Toxic gas Simple depth, simple breadth  Pertussis  Cystic fibrosis  Pulmonary embolism  Pneumonia  Viral respiratory infections	EMT Material PLUS: Complex depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  • Asthma  • Obstructive/restrictive disease  • Pneumonia	AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • Acute upper airway infections • Spontaneous pneumothorax • Obstructive/restrictive lung diseases  • Pulmonary infections Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Neoplasm  • Pertussis • Cystic fibrosis

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Hematology	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	Simple depth, simple breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  • Sickle cell crisis  • Clotting disorders	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of • Sickle cell crisis	AEMT Material PLUS: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of common or major hematological diseases and/or emergencies  Complex depth, foundational breadth  Sickle cell disease Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Blood transfusion complications  Hemostatic disorders  Lymphomas  Red blood cell disorders  White blood cell disorders  Coagulopathies

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Genitourinary/Renal	Simple depth, simple breadth  Blood pressure assessment in hemodialysis patients	EMR Material PLUS: Simple depth, simple breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  • Complications related to  ○ Renal dialysis  ○ Urinary catheter management (not insertion)  • Kidney stones	EMT Material PLUS: Fundamental depth, simple breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Complications related to renal dialysis • Kidney stones	AEMT Material Plus: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psycnosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  Complications of Acute renal failure Chronic renal failure Dialysis  Renal calculi Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Acid base disturbances Fluid and electrolyte Infection Male genital tract conditions

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Gynecology	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of shock associated with  Vaginal bleeding	EMR Material Plus: Anatomy, physiology, assessment findings, and management of rundamental depth, foundational breadth  Vaginal bleeding  Sexual assault (to include appropriate emotional support)  Simple depth, simple breadth  Infections	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of common or major gynecological diseases and/or emergencies Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • Vaginal bleeding  • Sexual assault Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Infections  • Pelvic Inflammatory Disease  • Ovarian cysts  • Dysfunctional uterine bleeding  • Vaginal foreign body
Non-Traumatic Musculoskeletal Disorders	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, assessment and management of  Non-traumatic fractures	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundation breadth Anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of common or major non-traumatic musculoskeletal disorders  • Disorders of the spine  • Joint abnormalities  • Muscle abnormalities  • Overuse syndromes

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Diseases of the Eyes, Ears, Nose, and Throat	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of  Nose bleed	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Knowledge of anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, management of  • Common or major diseases of the eyes, ears, nose, and throat, including nose bleed

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Shock and Resuscitation	Uses assessment information to recognize shock, respiratory failure or arrest, and cardiac arrest based on assessment findings and manages the emergency while awaiting additional emergency response.	Applies fundamental knowledge of the causes, pathophysiology, and management of shock, respiratory failure or arrest, cardiac failure or arrest, and post resuscitation management.	Applies fundamental knowledge to provide basic and selected advanced emergency care and transportation based on assessment findings for a patient in shock, respiratory failure or arrest, cardiac failure or arrest, and post resuscitation management.	Integrates comprehensive knowledge of causes and pathophysiology into the management of cardiac arrest and peri-arrest states.  Integrates a comprehensive knowledge of the causes and pathophysiology into the management of shock, respiratory failure or arrest with an emphasis on early intervention to prevent arrest.

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Trauma	Uses simple knowledge to recognize and manage life threats based on assessment findings for an acutely injured patient while awaiting additional emergency medical response.	Applies fundamental knowledge to provide basic emergency care and transportation based on assessment findings for an acutely injured patient.	Applies fundamental knowledge to provide basic and selected advanced emergency care and transportation based on assessment findings for an acutely injured patient.	Integrates assessment findings with principles of epidemiology and pathophysiology to formulate a field impression to implement a comprehensive treatment/disposition plan for an acutely injured patient.
Trauma Overview	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of the trauma patient  Trauma scoring Rapid transport and destination issues Transport mode	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment and management of the trauma patient Trauma scoring Transport and destination issues
Bleeding	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of  • Bleeding	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  • Bleeding	EMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Fluid resuscitation	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Bleeding

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Chest Trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of  Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms  Open chest wound Impaled object	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, simple breadth Pathophysiology, assessment and management  Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms  Hemothorax  Pneumothorax  Open  Simple  Tension  Cardiac tamponade  Rib fractures  Flail chest  Commotio cordis	EMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment and management of  Traumatic aortic disruption  Pulmonary contusion  Blunt cardiac injury  Hemothorax  Pneumothorax  Open  Simple  Tension  Cardiac tamponade  Rib fractures  Flail chest  Commotio cordis  Traumatic asphyxia	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Traumatic aortic disruption Pulmonary contusion Blunt cardiac injury Hemothorax Pneumothorax Open Simple Tension Cardiac tamponade Rib fractures Flail chest Commotio cordis Tracheobronchial disruption Diaphragmatic rupture Traumatic asphyxia

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Abdominal and Genitourinary Trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of  Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms  Evisceration  Impaled object	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, simple breadth Pathophysiology, assessment and management of  Solid and hollow organ injuries  Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms  Evisceration  Injuries to the external genitalia  Vaginal bleeding due to trauma  Sexual assault	EMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  • Vascular injury • Solid and hollow organs injuries • Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms  • Evisceration • Retroperitoneal injuries • Injuries to the external genitalia • Vaginal bleeding due to trauma • Sexual assault	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  • Vascular injury  • Solid and hollow organ injuries  • Blunt versus penetrating mechanisms  • Evisceration  • Retroperitoneal injuries  • Injuries to the external genitalia

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Orthopedic Trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of  Open fractures  Closed fractures  Dislocations  Amputations	ENT I  EMR Material Plus: Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Upper and lower extremity orthopedic trauma  Open fractures  Closed fractures  Dislocations  Sprains/strains  Pelvic fractures  Amputations/replantation	EMT Material Plus: Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  Simple depth, simple breadth • Compartment syndrome  Complex depth, foundational breadth • Pelvic fractures • Amputations/replantation	Parametric  AEMT Material Plus: Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Pediatric fractures  • Tendon laceration/ transection/ rupture (Achilles and patellar)  • Compartment syndrome Complex depth, foundational breadth  • Upper and lower extremity orthopedic trauma  • Open fractures  • Closed fractures  • Dislocations

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Soft Tissue Trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of  Wounds  Burns  Electrical  Chemical  Thermal  Chemicals in the eye and on the skin	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management  • Wounds  • Avulsions  • Bite wounds  • Lacerations  • Puncture wounds  • Incisions  • Burns  • Electrical  • Chemical  • Thermal  • Radiation Simple depth, simple breadth  • Crush syndrome	EMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, simple breadth  Crush syndrome	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  Wounds Avulsions Bite wounds Lacerations Puncture wounds  Burns Electrical Chemical Thermal  High-pressure injection  Crush syndrome

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Head, Facial, Neck, and Spine trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of  Life threats  Spine trauma	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  Penetrating neck trauma  Laryngeotracheal injuries  Spine trauma Simple depth, simple breadth  Facial fractures  Skull fractures  Poreign bodies in the eyes  Dental trauma	EMT Material Plus: Complex depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Facial fractures • Laryngeotracheal injuries	AEMT Material Plus: Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Unstable facial fractures  • Orbital fractures  • Perforated tympanic membrane Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • Skull fractures  • Penetrating neck trauma  • Laryngeotracheal injuries  • Spine trauma  • Dislocations/subluxations  • Fractures  • Sprains/strains  • Mandibular fractures

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Nervous System Trauma	No knowledge related to this competency is applicable at this level.	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  Traumatic brain injury  Spinal cord injury	EMT Material Plus: Complex depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Traumatic brain injury	AEMT Material Plus: Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Cauda equina syndrome • Nerve root injury • Peripheral nerve injury Complex depth, comprehensive breadth • Traumatic brain injury    ⇒ Spinal cord injury • Spinal shock
Special Considerations in Trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of trauma in  Pregnant patient Pediatric patient Geriatric patient	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of trauma in the  • Pregnant patient • Pediatric patient • Geriatric patient • Cognitively impaired patient	EMT Material Plus: Complex depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of trauma in the Pregnant patient Pediatric patient Geriatric patient Cognitively impaired patient	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of trauma in the Pregnant patient Pediatric patient Geriatric patient Cognitively impaired patient

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Environmental Emergencies	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of • Submersion incidents • Temperature-related illness	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  Near drowning Temperature-related illness Bites and envenomations  Dysbarism High-altitude Diving injuries  Electrical injury  Radiation exposure	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Near-drowning • Temperature-related illness • Bites and envenomations • Dysbarism • High-altitude • Diving injuries • Electrical injury • High altitude illness
Multi-System Trauma	Simple depth, simple breadth Recognition and management of  • Multi-system trauma	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of  • Multi-system trauma  • Blast injuries	EMT Material Plus: Complex depth, foundational breadth Pathophysiology, assessment and management of  • Multi-system trauma	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Pathophysiology, assessment, and management of • Multi-system trauma • Blast injuries

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Special Patient Populations	Recognizes and manages life threats based on simple assessment findings for a patient with special needs while awaiting additional emergency response.	Applies a fundamental knowledge of growth, development, and aging and assessment findings to provide basic emergency care and transportation for a patient with special needs.	Applies a fundamental knowledge of growth, development, and aging and assessment findings to provide basic and selected advanced emergency care and transportation for a patient with special needs.	Integrates assessment findings with principles of pathophysiology and knowledge of psychosocial needs to formulate a field impression and implement a comprehensive treatment/disposition plan for patients with special needs.
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material Plus:	Same as Previous Level	<b>AEMT Material Plus:</b>
	Recognition and management of  Normal delivery	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth		Complex depth, comprehensive breadth
	Vaginal bleeding in the pregnant patient	Anatomy and physiology of normal pregnancy		Anatomy and physiology of pregnancy
	program pantom	Pathophysiology of complications of pregnancy		Pathophysiology of complications of pregnancy
		Assessment of the pregnant patient		Assessment of the pregnant patient
		Management of     Normal delivery		Psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of
Obstetrics		<ul> <li>O Abnormal delivery</li> <li>■ Nuchal cord</li> </ul>		Normal delivery
		■ Prolapsed cord		Abnormal delivery
		■ Breech delivery		o Nuchal cord
		<ul> <li>Third trimester bleeding</li> </ul>		<ul><li>Prolapsed cord</li><li>Breech</li></ul>
		<ul><li>Placenta previa</li></ul>		• Spontaneous
		■ Abruptio placenta		abortion/miscarriage
		<ul> <li>Spontaneous abortion/miscarriage</li> </ul>		Ectopic pregnancy
		<ul> <li>Ectopic pregnancy</li> </ul>		Eclampsia
		o Preeclampsia/Eclampsia		Antepartum hemorrhage
				Pregnancy induced hypertension

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
				□ Third trimester bleeding  ○ Placenta previa  ○ Abruptio placenta  □ High risk pregnancy  □ Complications of labor  ○ Fetal distress  ○ Pre-term  ○ Premature rupture of membranes  ○ Rupture of uterus  □ Complication of delivery  □ Post partum complications  Foundational depth, foundational breadth  □ Hyperemesis gravidarum  □ Post partum depression
Neonatal care	Simple depth, simple breadth  Newborn care  Neonatal resuscitation	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Assessment and management  Newborn  Neonatal resuscitation	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • Anatomy and physiology of neonatal circulation  • Assessment of the newborn Presentation and management  • Newborn  • Neonatal resuscitation

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Pediatrics	Simple depth, simple breadth Age-related assessment findings, and age-related assessment and treatment modifications for pediatric- specific major diseases and/or emergencies  Upper airway obstruction  Lower airway reactive disease  Respiratory distress/failure/arrest  Shock  Seizures  Sudden Infant Death Syndrome	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Age-related assessment findings, age-related, and developmental stage related assessment and treatment modifications for pediatric specific major diseases and/or emergencies  • Upper airway obstruction • Lower airway reactive disease • Respiratory distress/failure/arrest • Shock • Seizures • Sudden Infant Death Syndrome • Gastrointestinal disease	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Age-related assessment findings, age-related anatomic and physiologic variations, age-related and developmental stage related assessment and treatment modifications of the pediatric-specific major or common diseases and/or emergencies: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • Foreign body (upper and lower) airway obstruction  • Bacterial tracheitis  • Asthma  • Bronchiolitis  • Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)  • Pneumonia  • Croup  • Epiglottitis  • Respiratory distress/failure/arrest  • Shock  • Seizures  • Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS)  • Hyperglycemia  • Hypoglycemia  Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  • Pertussis

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
	Simple depth, simple breadth	EMR Material Plus:	EMT Material Plus:	<ul> <li>Cystic fibrosis</li> <li>Bronchopulmonary dysplasia</li> <li>Congenital heart diseases</li> <li>Hydrocephalus and ventricular shunts</li> </ul> AEMT Material Plus:
Geriatrics	impact of age-related changes on assessment and care	Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Changes associated with aging, psychosocial aspects of aging and age-related assessment and treatment modifications for the major or common geriatric diseases and/or emergencies  Cardiovascular diseases  Respiratory diseases  Neurological diseases  Endocrine diseases  Alzheimer's  Dementia	Complex depth, foundational breadth  • Fluid resuscitation in the elderly	Normal and abnormal changes associated with aging, pharmacokinetic changes, psychosocial and economic aspects of aging, polypharmacy, and age-related assessment and treatment modifications for the major or common geriatric diseases and/or emergencies  Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  Cardiovascular diseases  Respiratory diseases  Neurological diseases  Endocrine diseases  Alzheimer's  Dementia  Delirium  Acute confusional state  Fundamental depth, foundational breadth  Herpes zoster  Inflammatory arthritis

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Patients with Special Challenges	Simple depth, simple breadth  • Recognizing and reporting abuse and neglect	EMR Material Plus: Simple depth, simple breadth Healthcare implications of  Abuse  Neglect Homelessness Poverty Bariatrics Technology dependent Hospice/ terminally ill Tracheostomy care/dysfunction Homecare Sensory deficit/loss Developmental disability	EMT Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth Healthcare implications of  • Abuse  • Neglect  • Homelessness  • Poverty  • Bariatrics  • Technology dependent  • Hospice/ terminally ill  • Tracheostomy care/dysfunction  • Homecare  • Sensory deficit/loss  • Developmental disability	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth Healthcare implications of

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
EMS Operations	Knowledge of operational roles and responsibilities to ensure safe patient, public, and personnel safety	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level
Principles of Safely Operating a Ground Ambulance	Simple depth, simple breadth  • Risks and responsibilities of emergency response	EMR Material Plus: Simple depth, foundational breadth  Risks and responsibilities of transport	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Incident Management	<ul> <li>Simple depth, simple breadth</li> <li>Establish and work within the incident management system</li> </ul>	EMR Material Plus: Fundamental depth, foundational breadth • Establish and work within the incident management system	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus:  Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  Establish and work within the incident management system
Multiple Casualty Incidents	Simple depth, simple breadth  Triage principles  Resource management	EMR Material Plus: Simple depth, foundational breadth  Triage Performing Re-Triage Destination Decisions Post Traumatic and Cumulative Stress	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level
Air Medical	<ul> <li>Simple depth, simple breadth</li> <li>Safe air medical operations</li> <li>Criteria for utilizing air medical response</li> </ul>	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	AEMT Material Plus: Complex depth, comprehensive breadth  • Medical risks/needs/advantages
Vehicle Extrication	<ul><li>Simple depth, simple breadth</li><li>Safe vehicle extrication</li><li>Use of simple hand tools</li></ul>	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level
Hazardous Materials Awareness	Simple depth, simple breadth     Risks and responsibilities of operating in a cold zone at a hazardous material or other special incident	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level

	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Mass Casualty Incidents due to Terrorism and Disaster (this section subject to ongoing collective and cooperative review and input from all stakeholders including the Department of Transportation, Department of Homeland Security and the Department	Simple depth, simple breadth  Risks and responsibilities of operating on the scene of a natural or man made disaster	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level
of Health and Human Services)				

	Clinical Behavior/Judgment				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic	
Assessment	Perform a simple assessment to identify life threats, identify injuries requiring immobilization and conditions requiring treatment within the scope of practice of the EMR: including foreign substance in the eyes and nerve agent poisoning.	Perform a basic history and physical examination to identify acute complaints and monitor changes.  Identify the actual and potential complaints of emergency patients.	Perform a basic history and physical examination to identify acute complaints and monitor changes.  Identify the actual and potential complaints of emergency patients.	Perform a comprehensive history and physical examination to identify factors affecting the health and health needs of a patient.  Formulate a field impression based on an analysis of comprehensive assessment findings, anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, and epidemiology.  Relate assessment findings to underlying pathological and physiological changes in the patient's condition.  Integrate and synthesize the multiple determinants of health and clinical care.  Perform health screening and referrals.	
Therapeutic communication and cultural competency	Communicates to obtain and clearly transmit information with an awareness of cultural differences.	Communicate in a culturally sensitive manner.	Communicate in a culturally sensitive manner.	Effectively communicate in a manner that is culturally sensitive and intended to improve the patient outcome.	

	Clinical Behavior/Judgment			
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Psychomotor Skills	Safely and effectively perform all psychomotor skills within the National EMS Scope of Practice Model AND state Scope of Practice at this level.  Airway and Breathing  Basic Airway Maneuvers  Head-tilt, chin-lift  Jaw thrust  Modified chin lift  FBAO relief - manual  Oropharyngeal airway  Sellick's maneuver  Positive pressure ventilation devices such as BVM  Suction of the upper airway  Supplemental oxygen therapy  Nasal cannula  Non-rebreather mask  Assessment  Manual B/P  Pharmacologic interventions  Unit-dose autoinjectors (lifesaving medications intended for self or peer rescue in hazardous materials situation, nerve agent antidote kit)  Medical/Cardiac care  Manual CPR  AED  Assisted normal delivery  Trauma care  Manual stabilization  C-spine injuries  Extremity fractures	Safely and effectively perform all psychomotor skills within the National EMS Scope of Practice Model AND state Scope of Practice at this level.  Airway and Breathing  Nasopharyngeal airway  Positive pressure ventilation  Manually-triggered ventilators  Automatic transport ventilators  Supplemental oxygen therapy  Humidifiers  Partial-rebreather mask  Venturi mask  Assessment  Pulse oximetry  Automatic B/P  Pharmacologic interventions  Assist patients in taking their own prescribed medications  Administration of OTC medications with medical oversight  Oral glucose for hypoglycemia  Aspirin for chest pain  Medical/Cardiac care  Mechanical CPR  Assisted complicated delivery  Trauma care  Spinal immobilization  Cervical collars  Seated	Safely and effectively perform all psychomotor skills within the National EMS Scope of Practice Model AND state Scope of Practice at this level.  Airway and Breathing  Airways not intended for insertion into the trachea  Esophageal-tracheal  Multi-lumen airway  Tracheal-bronchial suctioning of an already intubated patient  Assessment  Blood glucose monitor  Pharmacologic interventions  Establish and maintain peripheral intravenous access  Establish and maintain intraosseous access in pediatric patient  Administer (nonmedicated) intravenous fluid therapy  Sublingual nitroglycerin (chest pain)  Subcutaneous or intramuscular epinephrine (anaphylaxis)  Glucagon (hypoglycemia)  Intravenous 50% dextrose (hypoglycemia)  Intravenous narcotic antagonist (narcotic overdose)  Nitrous oxide (pain)	Safely and effectively perform all psychomotor skills within the National EMS Scope of Practice Model AND state Scope of Practice at this level.  Airway and Breathing  Oral and nasal endotracheal intubation  FBAO – direct laryngoscopy  Percutaneous cricothyrotomy  Pleural decompression  BiPAP, CPAP, PEEP  Chest tube monitoring  ETCO2 monitoring  NG/OG tube  Assessment  ECG interpretation  12-lead interpretation  Blood chemistry analysis Pharmacologic interventions  Intraosseous insertion  Enteral and parenteral administration of approved prescription medications  Access indwelling catheters and implanted central IV ports  Medications by IV infusion  Maintain infusion of blood or blood products  Blood sampling  Thrombolytic initiation  Administer physician approved medications  Medical/Cardiac care  Cardioversion

	Clinical Behavior/Judgment			
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
	<ul> <li>Bleeding control</li> <li>Emergency moves</li> <li>Eye irrigation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Longboard</li> <li>Rapid extrication</li> <li>Splinting</li> <li>Extremity</li> <li>Traction</li> <li>PASG</li> <li>Mechanical patient restraint</li> <li>Tourniquet</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Manual defibrillation</li> <li>Transcutaneous pacing</li> <li>Carotid massage</li> <li>Trauma care</li> <li>Morgan lens</li> </ul>
				Anticipate and prospectively intervene to improve patient outcome.
Professionalism	Demonstrate professional behavior including: but not limited to, integrity, empathy, self-motivation, appearance/personal hygiene, self-confidence, communications, timemanagement, teamwork/diplomacy, respect, patient advocacy, and careful delivery of service.	Demonstrate professional behavior including: but not limited to, integrity, empathy, self-motivation, appearance/personal hygiene, self-confidence, communications, timemanagement, teamwork/diplomacy, respect, patient advocacy, and careful delivery of service.	Demonstrate professional behavior including: but not limited to, integrity, empathy, self-motivation, appearance/personal hygiene, self-confidence, communications, timemanagement, teamwork/diplomacy, respect, patient advocacy, and careful delivery of service.	Is a role model of exemplary professional behavior including: but not limited to, integrity, empathy, self-motivation, appearance/personal hygiene, self-confidence, communications, timemanagement, teamwork/diplomacy, respect, patient advocacy, and careful delivery of service.
Decision Making	Initiates simple interventions based on assessment findings.	Initiates basic interventions based on assessment findings intended to mitigate the emergency and provide limited symptom relief while providing access to definitive care	Initiates basic and selected advanced interventions based on assessment findings intended to mitigate the emergency and provide limited symptom relief while providing access to definitive care	Performs basic and advanced interventions as part of a treatment plan intended to mitigate the emergency, provide symptom relief, and improve the overall health of the patient.  Evaluates the effectiveness of interventions and modifies treatment plan accordingly.
Record Keeping	Record simple assessment findings and interventions	Report and document assessment data and interventions.	Report and document assessment findings and interventions.	Report and document assessment findings and interventions. Collect and report data to be used for epidemiological and research purposes.

	Clinical Behavior/Judgment			
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Patient Complaints	Perform a patient assessment and provide prehospital emergency care for patient complaints: abdominal pain, abuse/neglect, altered mental status/decreased level of consciousness, apnea, back pain, behavioral emergency, bleeding, cardiac arrest, chest pain, cyanosis, dyspnea, eye pain, GI bleeding, hypotension, multiple trauma, pain, paralysis, poisoning, shock, and stridor/drooling.	Perform a patient assessment and provide prehospital emergency care and transportation for patient complaints: abdominal pain, abuse/neglect, altered mental status/decreased level of consciousness, anxiety, apnea, ataxia, back pain, behavioral emergency, bleeding, cardiac arrest, cardiac rhythm disturbances, chest pain, constipation, cyanosis, dehydration, diarrhea, dizziness/vertigo, dysphasia, dyspnea, edema, eye pain, fatigue, fever, GI bleeding, headache, hematuria, hemoptysis, hypertension, hypotension, joint pain/swelling, multiple trauma, nausea/vomiting, pain, paralysis, pediatric crying/fussiness, poisoning, rash, rectal pain, shock, sore throat, stridor/drooling, syncope, urinary retention, visual disturbances, weakness, and wheezing.	Perform a patient assessment and provide prehospital emergency care and transportation for patient complaints: abdominal pain, abuse/neglect, altered mental status/decreased level of consciousness, anxiety, apnea, ataxia, back pain, behavioral emergency, bleeding, cardiac arrest, cardiac rhythm disturbances, chest pain, constipation, cyanosis, dehydration, diarrhea, dizziness/vertigo, dysphasia, dyspnea, edema, eye pain, fatigue, fever, GI bleeding, headache, hematuria, hemoptysis, hypertension, hypotension, joint pain/swelling, multiple trauma, nausea/vomiting, pain, paralysis, pediatric crying/fussiness, poisoning, rash, rectal pain, shock, sore throat, stridor/drooling, syncope, urinary retention, visual disturbances, weakness, and wheezing.	Perform a patient assessment, develop a treatment and disposition plan for patients with the following complains: abdominal pain, abuse/neglect, altered mental status/decreased level of consciousness, anxiety, apnea, ascites, ataxia, back pain, behavioral emergency, bleeding, blood and body fluid exposure, cardiac arrest, cardiac rhythm disturbances, chest pain, congestion, constipation, cough/hiccough, cyanosis, dehydration, dental pain, diarrhea, dizziness/vertigo, dysmenorrhea, dysphasia, dyspnea, dysuria, ear pain, edema, eye pain, fatigue, feeding problems, fever, GI bleeding, headache, hearing disturbance, hematuria, hemoptysis, hypertension, hypotension, incontinence, jaundice, joint pain/swelling, malaise, multiple trauma, nausea/vomiting, pain, paralysis, pediatric crying/fussiness, poisoning, pruritus, rash, rectal pain, red/pink eye, shock, sore throat, stridor/drooling, syncope, tinnitus, tremor, urinary retention, visual disturbances, weakness, and wheezing.

Clinical Behavior/Judgment				
EMR EMT AEMT Paramedic				Paramedic
Scene Leadership	Manage the scene until care is transferred to an EMS team member licensed at a higher level arrives.	Entry-level EMTs serve as an EMS team member on an emergency call with more experienced personnel in the lead role. EMTs may serve as a team leader following additional training and/or experience.	Serve as an EMS team leader of an emergency call.	Function as the team leader of a routine, single patient advanced life support emergency call.
Scene Safety	Ensure the safety of the rescuer and others during an emergency.	Ensure the safety of the rescuer and others during an emergency.	Ensure the safety of the rescuer and others during an emergency.	Ensure the safety of the rescuer and others during an emergency.

Educational Infrastructure				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Educational Facilities	<ul> <li>Facility sponsored or approved by sponsoring agency</li> <li>ADA compliant facility</li> <li>Sufficient space for class size</li> <li>Controlled environment</li> </ul>	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	Reference     Committee on     Accreditation for     EMS Professions     (CoAEMSP)     Standards and     Guidelines
Student Space	<ul> <li>Provide space sufficient for students to attend classroom sessions, take notes and participate in classroom activities</li> <li>Provide space for students to participate in kinematic learning and practice activities</li> </ul>	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	(www.coaemsp.org)
Instructional Resources	<ul> <li>Provide basic instructional support material</li> <li>Provide audio, visual, and kinematic aids to support and supplement didactic instruction</li> </ul>	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	
Instructor Preparation Resources	<ul> <li>Provide space for instructor preparation</li> <li>Provide support equipment for instructor preparation</li> </ul>	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	
Storage Space	Provide adequate and secure storage space for instructional materials	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	

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The *National EMS Education Agenda for the Future: A Systems Approach* calls for national accreditation of Paramedic programs. CoAEMSP is currently the only national agency that offers EMS paramedic education program accreditation; it is used or recognized by most States. While the CoAEMSP *Standards and Guidelines* are adopted for the Education Infrastructure section, this does not itself require the program to be CoAEMSP accredited. Recognition of national accreditation is the responsibility of each State.

Educational Infrastructure				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Sponsorship	<ul> <li>Sponsoring organizations shall be one of the following:</li> <li>Accredited educational institution, or</li> <li>Public safety organization, or</li> <li>Accredited hospital, clinic, or medical center, or</li> <li>Other State approved institution or organization</li> </ul>	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	
Programmatic Approval	Sponsoring organization shall have programmatic approval by authority having jurisdiction for program approval (State)	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	
Faculty	The course primary instructor should  • be educated at a level higher than he or she is teaching; however, as a minimum, he or she must be educated at the level he or she is teaching  • Have successfully completed an approved instructor training program or equivalent	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	
Medical Director Oversight	Provide medical oversight for all medical aspects of instruction	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	

Educational Infrastructure				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Hospital/Clinical Experience	None required at this level	Students should observe emergency department operations for a period of time sufficient to gain an appreciation for the continuum of care Students must perform ten patient assessments. These can be performed in an emergency department, ambulance, clinic, nursing home, doctor's office, etc. or on standardized patients if clinical settings are not available.	<ul> <li>The student must demonstrate the ability to safely administer medications (the student should safely, and while performing all steps of each procedure, properly administer medications at least 15 times to live patient).</li> <li>The student must demonstrate the ability to safely gain vascular access (the student should safely, and while performing all steps of each procedure, successfully access the venous circulation at least 25 times on live patients of various age groups).</li> <li>The student should demonstrate the ability to effectively ventilate unintubated patients of all age groups (the student should effectively, and while performing all steps of each procedure, ventilate at least 20 live patients of various age groups).</li> <li>The student must demonstrate the ability to perform an adequate assessment and formulate and implement a treatment plan for patients with chest pain.</li> <li>The student must demonstrate the ability to perform an adequate assessment and formulate and implement a treatment plan for patients with respiratory distress.</li> <li>The student must demonstrate the ability to perform an adequate assessment and formulate and implement a treatment plan for patients with respiratory distress.</li> <li>The student must demonstrate the ability to perform an adequate assessment and formulate and implement a treatment plan for patients with respiratory distress.</li> </ul>	

Educational Infrastructure				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
			patients with altered mental status.  • The student must demonstrate the ability to perform an adequate assessment on pediatric, adult and geriatric patients.	
Field Experience	None required at this level	• The student must participate in and document patient contacts in a field experience approved by the medical director and program director.	The student must participate in and document team leadership in a field experience approved by the medical director and program director.	
Course Length	<ul> <li>Course length is based on competency, not hours</li> <li>Course material can be delivered in multiple formats including but not limited to:         <ul> <li>Independent student preparation</li> <li>Synchronous/Asynchronous distributive education</li> <li>Face-to-face instruction</li> <li>Pre- or co-requisites</li> </ul> </li> <li>Course length is estimated to take approximately 48-60 didactic and laboratory clock hours</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Course length is based on competency, not hours</li> <li>Course material can be delivered in multiple formats including but not limited to:         <ul> <li>Independent student preparation</li> <li>Synchronous/Asynchronous distributive education</li> <li>Face-to-face instruction</li> <li>Pre- or co-requisites</li> </ul> </li> <li>Course length is estimated to take approximately 150-190 clock hours including the four integrated phases of education (didactic, laboratory, clinical and field) to cover material</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Course length is based on competency, not hours</li> <li>Course material can be delivered in multiple formats including but not limited to:         <ul> <li>Independent student preparation</li> <li>Synchronous/Asynchronous distributive education</li> <li>Face-to-face instruction</li> <li>Pre- or co-requisites</li> </ul> </li> <li>Course length is estimated to take approximately 150-250 clock hours beyond EMT requirements including the four integrated phases of education (didactic, laboratory, clinical and field) to cover material</li> </ul>	
Course Design	<ul> <li>Provide the following components of instruction:</li> <li>Didactic instruction</li> <li>Skills laboratories</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide the following components of instruction:</li> <li>Didactic instruction</li> <li>Skills laboratories</li> <li>Hospital/Clinical experience</li> <li>Field experience</li> </ul>	Same as Previous Level	

Educational Infrastructure				
	EMR	EMT	AEMT	Paramedic
Student Assessment	<ul> <li>Perform knowledge, skill, and professional behavior evaluation based on educational standards and program objectives</li> <li>Provide several methods of assessing achievement</li> <li>Provide assessment that measures, as a minimum, entry level competency in all domains</li> </ul>	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	
Program Evaluation	<ul> <li>Provide evaluation of program instructional effectiveness</li> <li>Provide evaluation of organizational and administrative effectiveness of program</li> </ul>	Same as Previous Level	Same as Previous Level	

#### **Instructional Guidelines**

The *Standards* are broad to allow for incorporation of evidence-based changes within the profession as they influence practice and to permit diverse presentation methods. The Instructional Guidelines (IG) are not part of the *National EMS Education Standards*, but are a companion document. The IG are intended to provide guidance to instructors, regulators, and publishers regarding the content that may be included within each area of the *Standards*, and to provide interim support as EMS instructors and programs transition from the NSC to the *National EMS Education Standards*. The IG are not intended to be all-inclusive; it is understood that they will become outdated as research, technology, and national organization guidelines dictate changes in patient assessment and care. The IG do not comprise a curriculum and are not intended to be adopted by States.

## **Glossary for Education Standards**

**Academic institution -** A body or establishment instituted for an educational purpose that provides college credit or awards degrees.

**Accreditation** - The granting of approval by an official review board after meeting specific requirements. The review board is nongovernmental, and the review is collegial and based on self-assessment, peer assessment, and judgment. The purpose of accreditation is student protection and public accountability.

**Advanced-level care** - Care that has greater potential benefit to the patient, but also greater potential risk to the patient if improperly or inappropriately performed. It is more difficult to attain and maintain competency in, and requires significant background knowledge in basic and applied sciences. This level of care includes invasive and pharmacological interventions.

**Affective domain -** Describes learning in terms of feelings/emotions, attitudes, and values. (NAEMSE, 2005, p. 306)

**Asynchronous instruction/learning -** An instructional method that allows the learner to use a self directed and self-paced learning format to move through the content of the course. In this type of instruction, learner-to-learner and learner-to-instructor interactions are independent of time and place. Communications and submission of work typically follow a schedule while learners and instructors do not interact at the same time.

**Certification** - The issuing of a certificate by a private agency based upon competency standards adopted by that agency and met by the individual.

**Cognitive domain -** Describes learning that takes place through the process of thinking—it deals with facts and knowledge. (NAEMSE, 2005, p. 306)

**Competency** - Expected behavior or knowledge to be achieved within a defined area of practice.

**Credential -** Generic term referring to all forms of professional qualification.

**Credentialing** - The umbrella term that includes the concepts of accreditation, licensure, registration, and professional certification. Credentialing can establish criteria for fairness, quality, competence, and/or safety for professional services provided by authorized individuals, for products, or for educational endeavors. Credentialing is the process by which an entity, authorized and qualified to do so, grants formal recognition to, or records the recognition status of individuals, organizations, institutions, programs, processes, services, or products that meet predetermined and standardized criteria. (NOCA, 2006)

**Credentialing agency** - An organization that certifies an institution's or individual's authority or claim of competence in a course of study or completion of objectives.

**Curriculum** - A particular course of study, often in a specialized field. For EMS education, it has traditionally included detailed lesson plans.

**Didactic -** The instructional theory, the lesson content. (NAEMSE, 2005, p. 307)

**Distributive education -** A generic term used to describe a variety of learning delivery methods that attempt to accommodate a geographical separation (at least for some of the time) of the instructor and learners. Distributed education includes computer and web-based instruction, distance learning through television or video, web-based seminars, video conferencing, and electronic and traditional educational models.

**Domains -** A category of learning. (See Affective domain, Cognitive domain, and Psychomotor domain.) (NAEMSE, 2005, p. 307)

**Entry-level competence** - The level of competence expected of an individual who is about to begin a career. The minimum competence necessary to practice safely and effectively.

**Health Screening -** A test or exam performed to find a condition before symptoms begin. Screening tests may help find diseases or conditions early, when they may be easier to treat. (Medline Plus definition)

**Instructional Guidelines** - A resource document that provides initial guidance for content within the *National EMS Education Standards*—it is not a curriculum and <u>should not</u> be adopted by States.

**Licensure** - The act of granting an entity permission to do something that the entity could not legally do without such permission. Licensing is generally viewed by legislative bodies as a regulatory effort to protect the public from potential harm. In the health care delivery system, an individual who is licensed tends to enjoy a certain amount of autonomy in delivering health care services. Conversely, the licensed individual must satisfy ongoing requirements that ensure certain minimum levels of expertise. A license is generally considered a privilege, not a right.

**Medical oversight -** Physician review and approval of clinical content and matters relevant to medical authority.

National EMS Core Content - The document that defines the domain of out-of-hospital care.

**National EMS Education Program Accreditation** - The accreditation process for institutions that sponsor EMS educational programs.

**National EMS Education Standards** - The document that defines the terminal objectives for each licensure level.

**National EMS Scope of Practice Model** - The document that defines the scope of practice of the various levels of EMS licensure.

**Patient simulation** - An alternative to a human patient to help students improve patient assessment and management skills; a high fidelity patient simulator provides realistic simulation that responds physiologically to student therapies. These simulators have realistic features such as chests that rise and fall with respirations, pupils that react to light, pulses that can be palpated, etc

**Post graduate internship and/or experience** - Experience gained after the student has completed and graduated from school.

**Practice analysis** - A study conducted to determine the frequency and criticality of the tasks performed in practice.

**Preceptor -** A clinical teacher or instructor who is responsible for evaluating and ensuring student progress during hospital and field experiences. This individual typically has training to be able to function effectively in the role.

**Primary instructor -** A person who possesses the appropriate academic and/or allied health credentials, and understanding of the principles and theories of education, and required instructional experience necessary to provide quality instruction to students. (NAEMSE, 2005, p 309)

**Program director -** The individual responsible for an educational program or programs.

**Psychomotor domain** - Describes learning that takes place through the attainment of skills and bodily, or kinesthetic, movements. (NAEMSE, 2005, p309

**Registration agency** - An agency that is traditionally responsible for providing a product used to evaluate a chosen area. States may voluntarily adopt this product as part of their licensing process. The registration agency is also responsible for gathering and housing data to support the validity and reliability of their product.

**Regulation** - A rule or a statue that prescribes the management, governance, or operation parameters for a given group; tends to be a function of administrative agencies to which a legislative body has delegated authority to promulgate rules and regulations to "regulate a given industry or profession." Most regulations are intended to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.

**Scope of practice** - The description of what a licensed individual legally can and cannot perform.

**Standardized patient** - An individual who has been thoroughly trained to accurately simulate a real patient with a medical condition; a standardized patient plays the role of a patient for students learning patient assessment, history taking skills, communication skills, and other skills.

**Standard of care** - The domain of acceptable practice, as defined by scope of practice, current evidence, industry consensus, and experts. Standard of care can vary, depending on the independent variables of each situation.

**Synchronous instruction -** Instructional method whereby learners and instructors interact at the same time, either in the classroom or via a computer driven course. This method allows for more immediate learner guidance and feedback using face-to-face, instant text-based messaging, or real time voice communications.

**Team leader** - Someone who leads the call and provides guidance and direction for setting priorities, scene and patient assessment and management. The team leader may not actually perform all the interventions, but may assign others to do so.

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American College of Surgeons	Unable to attend
Association of Air Medical Services	Unable to attend
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