

# **PROJECT NOTES**

- 1. THE WORK OF THIS CONTRACT OCCURS ON A FULLY OCCUPIED SENIOR ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY. OCCUPANTS ARE THERE 24 HOURS A DAY, SEVEN DAYS A WEEK. SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND COORDINATION WITH THE FACILITY STAFF MUST OCCUR TO PROTECT OCCUPANTS FROM EXCESS NOISE AND DUST. AND ACCESS TO THE CONSTRUCTION AREA.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE FABRICATION AND INSTALLATION OF ALL MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE (IBC 2012 EDITION, AS AMENDED BY THE CBS) AND ALL ITS RELATED DOCUMENTS AND AMENDMENTS. ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE STORED, HANDLED, AND INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURERS' OR MATERIAL ASSOCIATIONS' INSTRUCTIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE AND VERIFY ALL CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE PROJECT SCOPE OF WORK, AND WILL NOTIFY THE OWNER OF ANY DISCREPANCIES, AND/OR VARYING CONDITIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL CONSTRUCTION RELATED ACTIVITIES WITH THE OWNER PRIOR TO EXECUTING ANY WORK OF THIS CONTRACT. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING ALL DIMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO THE FABRICATION AND INSTALLATION OF ANY MATERIALS. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL WORK AREAS FROM DAMAGE DUE TO CONSTRUCTION, RELATED WORK, AND WEATHER. DAMAGED AREAS WILL BE RESTORED TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE OWNER.
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE THE REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION OF ALL ELECTRICAL AND FIRE PROTECTION DEVICES, PIPING, WIRES AND CONDUITS AS REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE WORK, AND THE SATISFACTORY REACTIVATION OF THOSE DEVICES WITH THE COMPLETION OF THE WORK. DEVICES IDENTIFIED ON THE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS AND REFLECTED CEILING PLANS ARE FOR REFERENCE AND TO ILLUSTRATE QUANTITY AND SCOPE OF THE OVERALL PROJECT, BUT DO NOT REPRESENT ALL CONDUIT AND WIRING AND SPRINKLER PIPING THAT MAY BE AFFECTED BY THE WORK
- 5. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF ALL ROOF, CEILING, AND FLOOR MOUNTED CONSTRUCTION RIGGING. AVOID STACKING ANY CONCENTRATED LOADS ON THE EXISTING FLOOR AND ROOF STRUCTURES. CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL TEMPORARY SHORING. ALL OPENINGS WILL BE REPAIRED WITH MATERIALS AND ASSEMBLIES TO MATCH EXISTING.
- 6. UTILITIES: OWNER WILL FURNISH ELECTRICAL POWER (120V) FOR EQUIPMENT AND LIGHTING, AND WATER. CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO FURNISH ALL TEMPORARY SERVICES, CONSTRUCTION LIGHTING AND HEAT.
- 7. INSPECTION: THE CONTRACTOR IS TO NOTIFY OWNER OF DAMAGED MATERIALS IN EXCESS OF THOSE IDENTIFIED IN THE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS OBSERVED DURING CONSTRUCTION. REPLACE DAMAGED MATERIALS AS DIRECTED AND AUTHORIZED BY THE OWNER. WORK OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF THIS CONTRACT SHALL, ON THE AUTHORIZATION OF THE OWNER, BE REPLACED AT ADDITIONAL NEGOTIATED COST TO THE CONTRACT.
- 8. ALL ITEMS IDENTIFIED IN THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS ARE NEW AND TO BE PROVIDED AS A PART OF THIS CONTRACT, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 9. DRAWING SCALE: THIS SET OF DRAWINGS HAS BEEN PRODUCED WITH SCALE INDICATORS AND BARS TO PRINT FULL SIZE 22"X34" SHEET SETS. FOR THE PURPOSE OF CLARITY, 22"X34" DRAWING SETS WILL BE IDENTIFIED AS "FULL-SIZE" SETS, AND 11"X17" DRAWING SETS WILL BE REFERRED TO AS "HALF-SIZE" SETS. FOR THE PURPOSE OF ACCURACY, VERIFY ALL MEASURED DIMENSIONS WITH SCALE BARS PROVIDED FOR AND THE SCALE VERIFICATION BAR IN THE ARCHITECTURAL TITLE BLOCK.

# SITKA PIONEER HOME **BATHROOM ACCESSIBILITY**

95% REVIEW - MAY 19, 2022

# ARCHITECT OF RECORD

NORTHWIND ARCHITECTS, LLC 126 SEWARD STREET JUNEAU, AK 99801 (907) 586-6150 SEAN M. BOILY, AIA

# **MECHANICAL & ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

RESPEC 9909 MENDENAHALL MALL ROAD SUITE 4 JUNEAU, AK 99801 (907) 780-6060 DOUG MURRAY, M.E. BEN HAIGHT, E.E.

SC	COPE SUMMARY		
	RAL: SCOPE IS FOR ACCESSIBILITY AND FINISH RENOVATIONS AT LEVEL ONE AND LEVEL TWO BATHROOMS, JUING MODIFICATIONS TO HALLWAY OPENINGS TO BETTER FACILITATE ACCESSIBLE EQUIPMENT ACCESS.	GENERA	L
		G1.0	PROJE
ARCH	ITECTURAL	G2.0	OVER
1.	REMOVE EXISTING FIXTURES AND FINISHES AS INDICATED	G3.0	ARCH
2. 3.	REMOVE CONCRETE THRESHOLD AT SHOWER. REMOVE INDICATED DOOR AND WALL ASSEMBLIES AS REQUIRED FOR RECONFIGURATION AND		
).	ESTABLISHING CLEARANCES.	ARCHITE	CTURAL
1.	INSTALL NEW DOOR AND WALL ASSEMBLIES.	A1.0	OVER
5.	INSTALL NEW FIXTURES AND FINISHES AS INDICATED, INCLUDING FLOORING AN SUB-FLOORING TAPERED	A2.0	BATH
	TO FACILITATE BOTH ACCESS AND WATER DRAINAGE TO FLOOR AND SHOWER DRAINS.	A3.0	BATH
~		A4.0	INTER
PLUN 1	IBING: COORDINATE WITH MECHANICAL CONSULTANT, DRAWING SHEETS PROVIDED.	A5.0	DETAI
<u>)</u>	REMOVE AND REPLACE ALL INDICATED PLUMBING FIXTURES. MODIFY PLUMBING FOR CLOTHING WASHER, ROOM 133	A0.0	DETAI
z. 3.	REPLACE SHOWER DRAIN IN ROOM 133 IN CONJUNCTION WITH FINISH UPGRADES.		
		HAZMAT	
ELEC	TRICAL: COORDINATE WITH ELECTRICAL CONSULTANT, DRAWING SHEETS PROVIDED.	HAZ1.0	LEAD I
۱.	INSPECT AND LOAD TEST ANY EXISTING ELECTRICAL WIRING TO REMAIN INTENDED TO SERVE		DEFIN
<b>`</b>	BATHROOMS.	HAZ1.1	ASBE
2.	INSTALL NEW CONDUIT BOXES AND DEVICES AS REQUIRED TO SUPPORT ARCHITECTURAL AND		DEFIN
	MECHANICAL/PLUMBING WORK.		
-TAF	-MAT COORDINATE WITH HAZMAT CONSULTANT, DRAWING SHEETS PROVIDED.	MECHAN	ICAL
1.	HISTORIC SAMPLING INFORMATION IDENTIFIES THAT SOME PIPE AND FITTING INSULATION AT SITKA	M0.1	LEGEN
	PIONEER HOME CONTAINS ASBESTOS. ANY PIPE OR FITTING INSULATION EXCEPT FIBERGLASS OR FOAM	M0.2	SCHE
	IS SUSPECT FOR ASBESTOS CONTENT. ALL SUSPECT MATERIALS MUST BE REMOVED BY CERTIFIED	MD1.0	DEMO
	ASBESTOS ABATEMENT WORKERS AND ALL REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL MUST BE PERFORMED IN	M1.0	FLOOF
	ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.		
2.	HISTORIC INFORMATION AND BUILDING AGE INDICATE THAT WALL AND CEILING FINISHES IN SPH CONTAIN	ELECTRI	CAL
•	LEAD. ALL WALL AND CEILING FINISHES MUST BE REMOVED BY WORKERS HOLDING CURRENT OSHA	ED1.0	DEMO
	LEAD IN CONSTRUCTION TRAINING, AND ALL REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL MUST BE PERFORMED IN		
	ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.	ED1,1	PHOT
		E1.0	FLOO
3.	THE EPA LEAD RRP RULE DOES NOT APPLY TO THIS PROJECT.	E9.0	SPECI



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IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, THIS DRAWING WILL HAVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED, AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES

JECT NOTES, SCOPE SUMMARY, INDEX

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

222 SEWARD STREET, SUITE 205

DAHLBERG DESIGN

JUNEAU, AK 99801

SIGRID DAHLBERG, P.E.

(907) 723-8896

ERALL BUILDING KEY PLAN HITECTURAL SPECIFICATION

RALL BUILDING KEY PLAN HROOM DEMOLITION PLAN HROOM PLAN ERIOR ELEVATIONS AILS

REMOVAL SPECIFICATIONS AND NITIONS ESTOS ABATEMENT SPECIFICATIONS AND NITIONS

ENDS AND ABBREVIATIONS EDULES AND SPECIFICATIONS **OLITION FLOOR PLAN** OR PLAN

OLITION FLOOR PLANS TOS OR PLANS SPECIFICATIONS





© NorthWind Architects, LLC NWA-2131 Sitka Pioneer Home



# CONSTRUCTION ACCESS NOTES

- WORK AREA IDENTIFIED IN THE ADJACENT BUILDING PLANS FOR REFERENCE. STAGE THE WORK FROM BARRACKS STREET STREET TO THE NORTHEAST OF THE BUILDING, AND FROM THE SERVICE COURT TO THE NORTHWEST. COORDINATE WORK ACCESS PATHS AND TIMING WITH THE FACILITY PERSONNEL. THE SITKA PIONEER HOME WILL BE OCCUPIED AND OPERATIONAL FOR THE DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. CONSTRUCTION ACCESS WILL BE THROUGH THE BASEMENT LEVEL, AND UP STAIRS TO LEVELS 1 AND 2 CLOSE TO WORK AREA.
- 3. PROVIDE FINISH PROTECTIONS AS REQUIRE TO PROTECT EXISTING FINISHES, DOORS AND SURFACES OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF THE WORK. REMOVE ALL PROTECTIONS WITH COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, REPLACE DAMAGED FINISHES TO PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONDITION.
- 4. DO NOT BLOCK EMERGENCY ACCESS AND EGRESS DURING CONSTRUCTION.

PLAN NORTH



PLAN NORTH



SHEET TITLE:

# site plan

DATE:	JUNE 7, 2022	
REVISION	X	
CHECKED	BY: SB	
DRAWN:	SB	

BA

SUBMITTALS: PROVIDE SUBMITTALS, INCLUDING SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT LITERATURE, COLOR/PATTERN SELECTIONS, AND PROPOSED SUBSTITUTION FOR CONSULTANT AND CLIENT REVIEW AND APPROVAL PRIOR TO PROCUREMENT. DIGITAL SUBMITTALS FORMATTED TO STREAMLINE REVIEW PREFERRED. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COORDINATION AND ASSEMBLY OF ALL COMPONENTS OF THE WORK.	102800 TOILET T A. BASIS- B. DESCR
DIVISION 03 – CONCRETE CONCRETE AND TERRAZZO CUTTING AT DOORWAY AS REQUIRED.	B. DESCR C. MOUN D. CAPAC E. MATER
CEMENTITOUS LEVELING AND SLOPING COMPOUND COVER FULL ROOM AREA, AS NEEDED. FEATHER INTO ADJACENT FLOOR	(SATIN
DIVISION 06 - WOOD AND PLASTICS:	PAPER T TOILET S
061000 ROUGH CARPENTRY: HEM—FIR, DIMENSIONAL LUMBER TO MATCH EXISTING, #2 OR BETTER	WASTE R
064023 INTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL WOODWORK CASEWORK AND CABINETRY: SEE PLANS, SUBMIT SHOP DRAWINGS BASED ON PLANS AND NOTES. 1. BASIS OF DESIGN: PLASTIC LAMINATE FACED COMMERCIAL MILLWORK, FLAT-FRONT STYLE DOORS, STAINLESS WIRE PULLS & EUROPEAN HINGES. ALL	A. BASIS B. DESCR LINER. C. MATER (SATIN
PLYWOOD SHELVES AND FACE PANELS (NO PARTICLE BOARD). PVC EDGE-BANDING TO MATCH FACES. PLYWOOD CORE ALL SHELVES AND DOOR FACES.	SOAP DIS
DIVISION 08 - OPENINGS:	GRAB BA A. BASIS-
<ul> <li>087100 DOORS AND FRAMES:</li> <li>INTERIOR: DOORS (X2): FACTORY CLEAR-FINISHED SOLID LUMBER CORE 5-PLY+</li> <li>WOOD DOORS WITH FACTORY FINISHED KNOCK DOWN FRAMES AND TRIM; TIMELY OR</li> <li>EQUAL. DOOR VENEER SPECIES AND FINISH: BIRCH (UNIFORM).</li> <li>A. 5-KNUCKLE BALL-BEARING HINGES, ALL DOORS STANLEY/BEST OR SIMILAR. F</li> <li>QUANTITY (4) BUTTS AT EACH WIDE DOOR.</li> <li>B. HEAVY DUTY CYLINDRICAL LOCKSETS WITH ADA COMPLIANT LEVERS AT EACH</li> <li>DOOR. STANLEY BEST OR ASSA ABLOY, TYP. PRIVACY FUNCTION.</li> <li>C. ADA COMPLIANT LEVERS, ALL DOORS. HALF, HEIGHT, FULL WIDTH PROTECTION</li> <li>PLATES (STAINLESS STEEL) AT PUSH SIDE OF EACH</li> <li>DOOR.</li> </ul>	SERIES B. MOUNT CAN F AND A C. MATER D. FINISH E. OUTSIE F. CONFIC CONFIC PLUS G. CONFIC – AT
D. DOOR CLOSER AND HOLDER (ADA COMPLIANT). LCN 4040SE SENTRONIC, OR APPROVED EQUAL. COORDINATE POWER OFF OF EXISTING MAGNETIC HOLDER LOCATIONS.	– AT – AT BAR
E. DOOR HARDWARE STANDARD: ANSI/BHMA GRADE 2 F. BRUSHED BRUSHED NICKEL HARDWARE FINISH AT INTERIOR DOORS.	BARIATRIC A. BASIS B. DESCR
<ul> <li>DIVISION 09 – FINISHES:</li> <li>092900 GYPSUM BOARD:</li> <li>5/8" TYPE X, TYP.</li> <li>1. PROVIDE METAL CORNER TRIMS AND J-MOLDINGS, AND VINYL EXPANSION JOINTS.</li> <li>2. PROVIDE ALL DRYWALL MUDS AND TAPES, TEXTURES TO MATCH EXISTING. PAINT OUT AS REQUIRED TO BLEND WITH SURROUNDING.</li> <li>3. MOISTURE RATED GYPSUM BOARD AT BATHROOM AND TUB ROOM.</li> <li>4. FIRE RATED ASSEMBLIES AS NOTED</li> </ul>	RECESSE A. BASIS B. DESCR MIRROR HOOK (R A. BASIS-
<ul> <li>FLOORING:</li> <li>1) CERAMIC FLOOR AND WALL TILE AT SHOWERS (X2) SHOWER SURROUND: 4X12 SUBWAY TILE, GLOSS WHITE CERAMIC INSTALLED OVER MASTIC TYPE WATERPROOFING (REDGUARD OR SIM.) AND CEMENT BACKING UNITS, FULLHEIGHT. INSTALL FULL HEIGHT PRESERVATIVE TREATED PLYWOOD BACKING FULL HEIGHT FOR ATTACHMENT OF GRAB RAILS, BENCHES AND ACCESSORIES. SHOWER PAN: 1" PORCELAIN HEXAGONAL MOSAIC WITH MATCHING COVE TO WALL INSTALLED OVER WATERPROOF MEMBRANE SHOWER PAN ON MORTAR BED, SLOPED TO DRAIN. MATT FINISH TILE, WHITE. CURB TRANSITION TO FLOORING: MARBLE – 4" WIDE X 1" TALL (RAISED) GROUT: DELOREAN GRAY</li> </ul>	B. DESCR C. MOUN D. MATER (SATIN UNDERLA CORNER FINISH. SHOWER A. CURTA B. COLOF
096513 FLOORING SPECIALTIES – RUBBER TRANSITIONS AND RUBBER BASE. BASIS OF DESIGN: THERMOSET RUBBER BY ROPE OR JOHNSONITE. WALKING SURFACE TRANSITIONS COLOR TO BE COORDINATED WITH FLOORING SELECTION. RUBBER BASE INSTALL LOCATIONS: ENTRY AREAS OUTSIDE BATHROOM AND BATHING ROOM.	101700 SOLID M CEILING A. BASIS WWW.Y
<ul> <li>096516 RESILIENT FLOORING AT BATHROOM AND BATHING ROOM.</li> <li>BASIS OF DESIGN: ARMSTRONG MEDINTECH HOMOGENOUS SHEET FLOORING WITH SLIP RESISTANT SURFACE AND 4" INTEGRAL COVE BASE. HEAT WELDED SEAMS.</li> <li>1) SUBSTRATE PREPARATION: TROWELABLE WATERPROOF POLYMER-BOND CEMENT BASE FEATHER EDGE COMPOUND, OVER EXISTING CONCRETE SUBSTRATE, TO ESTABLISH EVEN SUBSTRATE SURFACE AND SLOPE TO DRAIN WHERE APPLICABLE. BASIS OF DESIGN BY PROSPEC OR ARDEX.</li> <li>2) NOTE - EXTEND INTO ENTRY AREAS OUTSIDE OF BATHROOM AND BATHING ROOM TO A CLEAR TRANSITION POINT TO EXISTING FLOORING.</li> </ul>	B. PANE C. HARDW STEEL D. COLOR
099123 INTERIOR PAINTING: INTERIOR: DESIGN-BUILD COORDINATION WITH OWNER TO MATCH PAINT SYSTEMS AND PRODUCTS USED AT FACILITY. A. AT INTERIOR GYPSUM WALLBOARD SURFACES PREP AND PAINT WITH ONE COAT PVA PRIMER AND COATS REQUIRED TO COVER OF EGGSHELL LATEX PAINT. B. CLEAR FINISH ALL INTERIOR WOOD DOORS AND TRIM. C. GLOSS ACRYLIC ENAMEL AT PAINTED HOLLOW METAL DOORFRAMES	

DIVISION 0 - GENERAL CONDITIONS

DIVISION 10 - ACCESSORIES

WASHROOM ACCESSORIES

TISSUE (ROLL) DISPENSER (TPD): -OF-DESIGN PRODUCT: BOBRICK WASHROOM EQUIPMENT, INC; B-66997 RIPTION: ROLL TYPE TOILET TISSUE DISPENSER WITH HOOD. TING: SURFACE CITY: DESIGNED FOR 5-INCH- (127-MM-) DIAMETER TISSUE ROLLS. RIAL AND FINISH: STAINLESS STEEL, ASTM A480/A480M NO. 4 FINISH

TOWEL (ROLL) DISPENSER (PTD): REUSE EXISTING

SEAT COVER DISPENSER (TSC): REUSE EXISTING

RECEPTACLE (WR): OF DESIGN: BOBRICK B-9279 RIPTION: SURFACE MOUNTED 6 GAL WASTE RECEPTACLE WITH LEAKPROOF

RIAL AND FINISH: STAINLESS STEEL, ASTM A480/A480M NO. 4 FINISH

ISPENSER (SD): REUSE EXISTING/OFOI

ARS (GB) -OF-DESIGN PRODUCT: BOBRICK WASHROOM EQUIPMENT, INC; B-6806 ITING: FLANGES WITH CONCEALED FASTENERS. GRAB BARS: INSTALLED UNITS RESIST 250 LBF (1112 N) CONCENTRATED LOAD APPLIED IN ANY DIRECTION AT ANY POINT. RIAL: STAINLESS STEEL, 0.05 INCH (1.3 MM) THICK. H: SMOOTH, ASTM A480/A480M NO. 4 FINISH (SATIN). SIDE DIAMETER: 1-1/2 INCHES (38 MM). IGURATION AND LENGTH (TOILET STALL): CODE ACCESSIBLE TOILET IGURATION COMPRISED OF SINGLE PIECE TWO-WALL COMPARTMENT BAR, ADDITIONAL VERTICAL BAR, REQUIRE BY CODE. IGURATION AND LENGTH (SHOWER STALL STALL): SHOWER IN ROOM 133: REUSE EXISTING (THREE BARS) SHOWER IN ROOM 233: MATCH CONFIGURATION IN 133 WITH NEW (THREE RS)

IC FOLDING SHOWER SEAT (BFSS): OF DESIGN: BOBRICK B-918116R RIPTION: BARIATRIC FOLDING SHOWER SEAT WITH LEGS.

ED SOAP DISH (RSD) OF DESIGN: BOBRICK B4390 RIPTION: RECESSED HEAVY-DUTY SOAP DISH WITH BAR

UNIT (MIR): REUSE EXISTING WITH INTEGRAL SHELF.

RH): -ÓF-DESIGN PRODUCT: BOBRICK WASHROOM EQUIPMENT, INC; B-7671 RIPTION: SINGLE-PRONG UNIT. TING: CONCEALED. RIAL AND FINISH: STAINLESS STEEL, ASTM A480/A480M NO. 4 FINISH

AVATORY GUARD: COORDINATE WITH DIVISION 22 OR PROVIDE IF NOT NOTED.

GUARD (CG): PREFORMED 3"X3"42" TALL STAINLESS STEEL, BRUSHED

CURTAIN AND ROD (SC): BASIS OF DESIGN BOBRICK B-207 AIN:40"X72" GROMMET-HOLE 100% COTTON CURTAIN WITH CURTAIN LINER. R: WHITE.

PLASTIC TOILET PARTITIONS NOLDED HDPE PLASTIC PANEL, WALL AND FLOOR MOUNTED, PYLON TO BRACED. OF DESIGN DESIGN: YEMM & HART GREEN PARTITIONS AT YEMMHART.COM OR APPROVED EQUAL IEL AND PYLON THICKNESS: 1" WARE; WALL BRACKET AND STIRRUPS, PYLON SHUE: SATIN STAINLESS WITH STAINLESS STEEL FASTENERS. R: TBD WITH OF MANUFACTURER'S STANDARD RANGE.

DIVISION 11 - EQUIPMENT

113013 RESIDENTIAL APPLIANCES

- ROOM 133
- ENERGY STAR CERTIFIED WHITE.

DIVISION 12 - FURNISHINGS

STAINLESS STEEL CORNER GUARDS WHERE NOTED.

122413 ROLLER WINDOW SHADES 1. MANUAL CHAIN- DRIVE ROLLER BLINDS WITH 5% LIGHT FILTERING CLOTH AND OUTBOARD REFLECTIVITY. BY DRAPER OR MECHOSHADE, TYP

DIVISION 21-25 - MECHANICAL/HVAC/PLUMBING REFER TO MECHANICAL AND PLUMBING DRAWINGS AND SHEET SPECIFICATIONS.

DIVISION 26-28 - ELECTRICAL REFER TO ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS AND SHEET SPECIFICATIONS.

1) BASIS OF DESIGN WASHER: CLOTHING WASHER SALVAGED AND REINSTALLED,

2) BASIS OF DESIGN CLOTHING DRYER (HEAT PUMP VENTLESS): NEW WHIRLPOOL 7.4 CUBIC FOOT HEAT PUMP ELECTRIC DRYER WITH TOUCH CONTROLS.



IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, THIS DRAWING WILL HAVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED, AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES.



ARCHITECTURAL SPECIFICATION

DATE: JUN	E 7, 2022
REVISION:	Х
CHECKED BY:	SB
DRAWN:	SB





Fx #907.586.6181 WWW.NORTHWINDARCH.COM

DEMOLITION KEY NOTES:

- 1 REMOVE DOOR, DOOR FRAME AND WALL AS INDICATED. SALVAGE HARDWARE AND TURN OVER TO OWNER.
- 2 REMOVE FLOORING IN ENTIRE ROOM. EXTEND REMOVAL INTO ADJACENT ENTRY AREA TO EXTENT OF WORK REQUIRED.
- 3 REMOVE FIXTURES AND PARTITIONS.
- SALVAGE EXISTING WASHER AND DRYER. TURN DRYER OVER TO OWNER. RETAIN WASHER FOR REINSTALLATION.
- 5. REMOVE SURFACE PIPE AND CONDUIT.
- 6. REMOVE FLOOR AND WALL TILE AND SUBSTRATE MATERIALS AS REQUIRE TO COMPLETE THE WORK. TO ELEVATION 8' ABOVE FINISH FLOOR.
- 7. SALVAGE AND STORE FOR REINSTALLATION EXISTING TUB AND BATHING EQUIPMENT
- 8. REMOVE GYPSUM WALL BOARD AND FURRING FULL HEIGHT OF OPENING TO CREATE FINISHED OPENING NO LESS THAN 38" WIDE. MAY REQUIRE LIMITED CONCRETE REMOVAL. SAW-CUT HALLWAY-SIDE TERRAZZO SAW-CUT HALLWAY-SIDE TERRAZZO WALL BASE PLUMB AND CLEAN. ALL FINISHES ARE ASSUMED TO CONTAIN LEAD. ALL DISTURBANCE OF WALL AND CEILING MATERIALS MUST BE DONE BY TRAINED WORKERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 028333.

IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, THIS DRAWING WILL HAVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED, AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES.



SHEET TITLE:

DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN

DATE:	JUNE 7, 20	22
REVISION	:	Х
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DRAWN:		SB







WORK PLAN KEY NOTES:

- 1 CONSTRUCT NEW WOOD FRAMED WALLS WITH NEW ┋" GYPSUM WALL BOARD, PAINTED. INSTALL NEW 40" WIDE X 7' TALL DOOR IN HOLLOW METAL FRAME, WITH ALL HARDWARE.
- 2 FLOAT CEMENTITIOUS UNDERLAYMENT WITH POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO EXISTING FLOOR DRAIN AND SHOWER DRAIN LOCATIONS. INSTALL NEW FLOORING AND WALL BASE. INTEGRAL COVE BASE IN ROOMS 133 AND 233, RUBBER BASE IN VESTIBULE ENTRY AREA.
- 3 INSTALL NEW FIXTURES, PARTITIONS GRAB RAILS AND EQUIPMENT.
- 4. REINSTALL SALVAGED WASHER. INSTALL NEW VENTLESS HEAT PUMP DRYER. COORDINATE HOOKUP INSTALLATION WITH MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL.
- 5. PATCH HOLES IN FLOOR IN ADVANCE OF OTHER WORK.
- 6. INSTALL NEW BACKING TO SUPPORT GRAB RAILS AND ADA BENCH. INSTALL CEMENT WALL BOARD. INSTALL WATERPROOF MEMBRANE AT SHOWER WALLS AND FLOOR PAN. INSTALL NEW CERAMIC WALL AND FLOOR TILE. INSTALL LOW PROFILE MARBLE THRESHOLD. INSTALL NEW ADA COMPLIANT FOLD-DOWN BENCH AND GRAB RAILS. COORDINATE INSTALLATION OF NEW ADA COMPLIANT SHOWER ASSEMBLY WITH TEMPERING VALVE WITH MECHANICAL/PLUMBING DOCUMENTS.
- 7. REINSTALL TUB AND BATHING EQUIPMENT.
- 8. REPAIR WALL SURFACES FULL HEIGHT OF OPENING WITH CEMENT PLASTER. INSTALL FULL 3" X 3" HEIGHT STAINLESS STEEL CORNER GUARDS WITH HEMMED EDGES AND <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" RADIUS BEND AT CORNER BREAK, AT ALL FOUR OUTSIDE CORNERS.
- 9. PAINT ALL WALL AND CEILING SURFACES.
- 10. INSTALL NEW PLASTIC LAMINATE CABINET FASCIA AND DOORS TO ELEVATION 8' ABOVE FINISH FLOOR, WITH LINEN SHELVES STARTING 44" ABOVE THE FLOOR AND SPACED 14" O.C. QUANTITY 3.
- 11. INSTALL NEW ROLLER BLINDS, ONE FOR EACH WINDOW UNIT.
- 12. NEW PLASTIC TOILET PARTITION WITH END PYLON, FULL HEIGHT TO CEILING.
- 13. REMOVE, CLEAN, PAINT AND REINSTALL EXISTING BASEBOARD CONVECTOR COVERS. CLEAN CONVECTOR FINN TUBE PRIOR TO COVER INSTALLATION.



IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, THIS DRAWING WILL HAVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED, AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES.



SHEET TITLE:

FLOOR PLAN

DATE:	JUNE 7, 202	2
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# HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SPECIFICATIONS

## SECTION 028333 REMOVAL OF MATERIALS CONTAINING LEAD PART 1. GENERAL

A. RELATED DOCUMENTS

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE CONTRACT, INCLUDING GENERAL AND SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS; TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS; AND CONTRACT DRAWINGS.

- B. SUMMARY
- 1. THE LEAD WORK ON THIS PROJECT IS IN SUPPORT OF A TOILET ROOM ACCESSIBILTY PROJECT AT THE SITKA PIONEER HOME (SPH) IN STIKA, ALASKA. HISTORIC INFORMATION AND BUILDING AGE INDICATE THAT FINISHES ON WALLS AND CEILINGS THROUGHOUT THE BUILDING CONTAIN LEAD.
- 2. THE BUILDING IS NON-RESIDENTIAL. THE EPA RRP RULE IS NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT
- 3. THE INTENT OF THE LEAD REMOVAL PROJECT IS TO PROPERLY CONTROL DEMOLITION OF ALL LEAD-BASED MATERIALS ON THE PROJECT TO ASSURE THAT ALL PAINT DEBRIS IS EITHER SEGREGATED OR ENTRAINED INTO THE GENERAL WASTE STREAM AND NOT LEFT ON THE PROPERTY; AND TO PROPERLY DISPOSE OF THE COMBINED WASTE STREAM FROM THE PROJECT.
- 4. OVERALL SAMPLING RESULTS INDICATE THAT THE COMBINED WASTE STREAM (LEAD-CONTAINING PAINT PLUS OTHER DEMOLITION DEBRIS) SHOULD BE SUITABLE FOR DISPOSAL IN A NON-HAZARDOUS LANDFILL. BIDDERS SHALL ASSUME THAT OVERALL TCLP RESULTS WILL ALLOW LOCAL DISPOSAL OF DEMOLITION DEBRIS.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TESTING AND ANALYSIS SERVICES TO DOCUMENT THE TCLP LEVEL OF THE WASTE GENERATED ON THE PROJECT.
- C. THE LEAD REMOVAL PORTION OF THE WORK INCLUDES ALL MATERIAL, LABOR, EQUIPMENT AND OTHER RELATED COSTS FOR:
- 1. MOBILIZATION (INCLUDING MOVING ALL EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS ONTO THE SITE; PROVIDING NECESSARY PROJECT UTILITIES OR IMPROVING EXISTING UTILITIES AS NECESSARY, ARRANGING FOR APPROVED STORAGE AREAS, ISSUING AND POSTING ALL NOTICES, AND SUBMITTING ALL SUBMITTALS).
- 2. INSTALLING ALL NECESSARY CRITICAL BARRIERS AND ENGINEERING CONTROLS TO ESTABLISH NON-PERMANENT CONTROL AREAS TO ISOLATE THE VARIOUS LEAD-CONTROL AREAS AS NECESSARY AND MINIMIZE THE RISK OF EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE TO LEAD IN AIR DURING REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OPERATIONS,
- 3. PROVIDING A COMPETENT PERSON TO OVERSEE ABATEMENT OPERATIONS.
- 4. COMPLETING ALL PROJECT ELEMENTS AS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH C. ABOVE,
- 5. CLEANING ALL SURFACES AND SPACES WITHIN THE CONFINES OF THE CONTROL AREAS, AS NEEDED,
- 6. DISPOSING OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND RELATED DEMOLITION DEBRIS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS,
- REMOVING THE NON-PERMANENT CONTROL AREAS,
- PERFORMING ALL REQUIRED MONITORING, AND
- PERFORMING GENERAL CLEANUP AND DEMOBILIZATION.
- D. COORDINATION AND TIMING OF LEAD REMOVAL ACTIVITIES

THE BUILDING WILL BE OCCUPIED AT ALL TIMES DURING ABATEMENT. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR FOR SCHEDULING ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES. THE OWNER WILL PROVIDE ACCESS TO TEMPORARY POWER AND TO WATER FOR DIRECT PROJECT USE. THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COSTS AND EFFORT REQUIRED TO DEVELOP THOSE UTILITIES FOR HIS OR HER USE. SECURITY TO THE SITE SHALL BE MAINTAINED FOR THE DURATION OF THE WORK.

E. REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS, CODES, AND STANDARDS

THE PUBLICATIONS LISTED BELOW FORM A PART OF THIS SPECIFICATION TO THE EXTENT REFERENCED. THE LIST IS FOR REFERENCE ONLY AND MAY NOT BE COMPREHENSIVE. PUBLICATIONS ON THE LIST ARE REFERRED TO IN THE TEXT BY THE BASIC DESIGNATION ONLY

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS (CFR)

29 CFR 1910.134 Respiratory Protection

29 CFR 1910.145 Specs for Accident Prevention Signs and Tags

29 CFR 1926.62 Lead Exposures in Construction

Note: Alaska is a state plan state and the Division of Occupational Safety and Health (AKDOSH) is responsible for the enforcement of OSHA regulations. For projects falling under AKDOSH jurisdiction, 29 CFR 1926.62 takes precedence.

40 CFR 241 Guidelines for Land Disposal of Solid Wastes

STATE OF ALASKA REGULATIONS

Alaska Administrative Code (AAC):

8 AAC 61 Occupational Safety and Health Standards

18 AAC 60 Solid Waste Management

18 AAC 62 Hazardous Waste Management

F. PRE-WORK SUBMITTALS

THE PRE-WORK SUBMITTAL SHALL BE SUBMITTED DIGITALLY AS A COMPLETE PACKAGE AND MODIFIED AS NECESSARY TO OBTAIN APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER FIVE WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO ANY WORK ON THE PROJECT. THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM HIS WORK IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPROVED PRE-WORK SUBMITTAL WHICH SHALL INCLUDE:

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS WORK PLAN: PREPARE A DETAILED PLAIN LANGUAGE PLAN COVERING THE WORK PROCEDURES TO BE USED DURING EACH AND ALL OPERATIONS INVOLVING HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. ANNOTATED BUILDING PLANS OR SITE PLANS NO LARGER THAN 11 INCHES BY 17 INCHES SHALL BE INCLUDED TO DETAIL LOCATIONS FOR CONTROL AREAS, MONITORING LOCATIONS, ACCESS AND DISPOSAL ROUTES, AND OTHER ACTIVITIES WHERE NEEDED. THE PLAN SHALL INCLUDE AS A MINIMUM THE FOLLOWING ELEMENTS:

DETAILED APPROACH TO CONTROLLING LEAD ON THE PROJECT:

SCHEDULE FOR LEAD ACTIVITIES;

TESTING LABORATORY: SUBMIT THE NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER AND QUALIFICATIONS OF THE INDEPENDENT TESTING LABORATORY SELECTED TO PERFORM THE MONITORING, TESTING AND REPORTING OF AIRBORNE LEAD

TRAINING: SUBMIT CERTIFICATES SIGNED BY EACH EMPLOYEE AND THE INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST THAT EACH EMPLOYEE HAS RECEIVED THE TRAINING REQUIRED BY 29 CFR 1926.62, AND APPROPRIATE STATE OF ALASKA REGULATIONS AND THIS SPECIFICATION. INCLUDE PROOF THAT EACH EMPLOYEE HAS COMPLETED LEAD AWARENESS TRAINING. PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PROTECTIVE METHOD PLANS: DETAILS OF PLANNED PERSONNEL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS AND PROTECTIVE METHODS, INCLUDING RESPIRATORS AS WILL BE REQUIRED FOR EACH SPECIFIC TYPE OF OPERATION OR CONDITION. INCLUDE SUPPORTING JUSTIFICATION WHEN ALTERNATE (E.G., LESS THAN THE MAXIMUM SPECIFIED) PROTECTION IS PROPOSED.

- VACUUM EQUIPMENT RESPIRATORS

ANY CHANGES TO PROCEDURES, METHODS, CONDITIONS, ETC., IDENTIFIED IN THE APPROVED PRE-WORK SUBMITTAL MUST BE SUBMITTED IN WRITING FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO THE INCEPTION OF THE CHANGE. WHERE CHANGES MUST BE IMPLEMENTED IMMEDIATELY FOR THE PROTECTION OF WORKERS, PERSONNEL OUTSIDE THE WORK AREA, THE STRUCTURE OR THE ENVIRONMENT, AND THE CHANGE ESTABLISHED AN ENVIRONMENT MORE STRINGENT THAN THAT PREVIOUSLY EXISTING, THE CHANGES MAY BE IMPLEMENTED BY THE COMPETENT PERSON OR OTHER INDIVIDUALS WITH APPROPRIATE AUTHORITY, AND THE ENGINEER NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY. THESE CHANGES WILL THEN BE SUBMITTED IN WRITING WITHIN 24 HOURS FOR FINAL REVIEW AND APPROVAL ANY ANALYTICAL DATA COLLECTED AS PART OF THE PURSUIT OF THE WORK SHALL BE CONSIDERED THE PROPERTY OF THE OWNER AND SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE OWNER WITHIN 24 HOURS OF RECEIPT OF SUCH DATA.

G. POST-WORK SUBMITTALS THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SHALL BE INCLUDED AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER AS COMPLETE BEFORE FINAL PAYMENT IS APPROVED: A COPY OF ALL SHIPPING MANIFESTS THAT DOCUMENT DISPOSAL OF ALL HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AT AN APPROVED SOLID WASTE FACILITY.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 - EXECUTION 1. PROTECTION OF ADJACENT AREAS

PERFORM ALL HAZARDOUS MATERIALS WORK IN SUCH A WAY AS TO NOT CONTAMINATE ADJACENT AREAS. SUCH AREAS OR SPACES ARE ASSUMED FREE OF LEAD DUST CONTAMINATION. AND IF THEY ARE FOUND TO BE CONTAMINATED AFTER ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES, THEY SHALL BE CLEANED AND/OR RESTORED TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AT THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE

2. NOTIFICATIONS AND PERMITS AUTHORITIES.

3. PROJECT INSPECTION

WHILE PERFORMING LEAD WORK, THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR MAY BE SUBJECT TO ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE OWNER, THE ENGINEER (OR DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE), FIRE, SAFETY, AND HEALTH PERSONNEL, AND FEDERAL AND STATE INSPECTORS. IF THE WORK IS IN VIOLATION OF SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENTS, OR APPLICABLE FEDERAL STATE, REGIONAL, OR LOCAL REGULATIONS, THE ENGINEER MAY ISSUE A STOP-WORK ORDER TO BE IN EFFECT IMMEDIATELY, AND WHICH WILL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE VIOLATION(S) ARE RESOLVED AND, IF REQUIRED BY THE ENGINEER, A NEW OR AMENDED LEAD WORK PLAN IS SUBMITTED. RESTART WILL NOT BE ACCOMPLISHED WITHOUT APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER. STANDBY TIME AND EXPENSES REQUIRED TO RESOLVE THE VIOLATION(S) AND PROVIDE NEW OR AMENDED SUBMITTALS SHALL BE AT THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. THE PROJECT WORK LOG SHALL BE SUBJECT TO BEVIEW BY THE OWNER AND THE ENGINEER ON A DAILY BASIS AND AT EACH APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT BY THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR

4. SAFETY AND HEALTH COMPLIANCE

THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL LAWS, ORDINANCES, RULES AND REGULATIONS OF FEDERAL, STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES REGARDING DEMOLITION, HANDLING, STORING, TRANSPORTING AND DISPOSING OF LEAD AND LEAD CONTAINING MATERIALS. HE SHALL ALSO COMPLY WITH THE APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CURRENT ISSUES OF 29 CFR 1910.1001, 29 CFR 1926.1101, 40 CFR 61 SUBPARTS A AND M, AND 40 CFR 745. LEAD REMOVAL IS ALSO REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE STATE OF ALASKA, SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT CODES, TITLE 18 OF THE ALASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE, AND THE STATE OF ALASKA AK-OSH STANDARDS.

5. LEAD DUST WORK PROCEDURES

TO ENSURE WORKER SAFETY, THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES SHALL BE USED WHEN REMOVING LEAD HAZARDS: ENSURE THAT ABATEMENT EMPLOYEES HAVE COMPLETED OSHA LEAD IN CONSTRUCTION TRAINING, AND APPROPRIATE TRAINING UNDER THE EPA RENOVATION, REPAIR, AND PAINTING (RRP) RULE; INSTALL APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS TO MINIMIZE THE RISK OF EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE TO LEAD IN AIR DURING DEMOLITION. CLEANING, AND DISPOSAL OPERATIONS; ENSURE THAT RESPIRATORS ARE WORN BY ALL LEAD WORKERS AT ALL TIMES; AND PROVIDE LABORATORY RESULTS SHOWING THAT THE WASTE STREAM OR A MASS BALANCE OF THE WASTE STREAM AND THE TCLP RESULTS SHOW THAT ALL DEMOLITION DEBRIS FROM THIS PROJECT MAY BE DISPOSED OF AS REGULAR DEMOLITION DEBRIS. FOR BIDDING PURPOSES, THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR SHOULD ASSUME THAT THE FINAL WASTE STREAM WILL MEET TCLP STANDARDS FOR DISPOSAL IN A NON-HAZRDOUS DISPOSAL SITE.

6. MONITORING

AT A MINIMUM, THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE "INITIAL EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT MONITORING" AND "PERSONAL MONITORING", ALL AS SPECIFIED IN "DEFINITIONS", BELOW.

AFTER ALL LEAD WORK ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETE, THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR AND THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE SHALL PERFORM A DETAILED VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE WORK AREA FOR ANY VISIBLE LEAD DUST RESIDUAL. IF ANY IS FOUND, A COMPLETE CLEANING OF THE AREA SHALL BE PERFORMED, AND THE AREA SHALL BE RE-INSPECTED. ONCE THE VISUAL INSPECTION IS SATISFACTORILY COMPLETED, THE AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED CLEARED OF LEAD-BASED WASTES. THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COSTS RELATING TO ALL CLEARANCE INSPECTIONS AFTER THE FIRST FAILED CLEARANCE INSPECTION, AND FOR ANY ADDITIONAL CLEARANCE INSPECTIONS ADDED TO THE PROJECT TO IMPROVE THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S SCHEDULE. THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COORDINATING INSPECTION TRIPS WITH THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE

MANUFACTURER'S DATA: PROVIDE COMPLETE MANUFACTURER'S INFORMATION, INCLUDING MAINTENANCE AND USAGE INSTRUCTIONS, ON ALL SPECIALIZED EQUIPMENT USED FOR LEAD WORK, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

• SAFETY DATA SHEETS (SDS): PROVIDE COPIES OF THE SDS FOR EACH CHEMICAL, ADHESIVE, SEALANT, FOAM, GLUE, ADDITIVE FOR CREATION OF THE AMENDED WATER, AND PAINTS TO BE UTILIZED, AS WELL AS ANY OTHER MATERIAL REQUIRING THIS REPORTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL STANDARD 313B. THIS REQUIREMENT IS IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENT FOR SUBMITTAL OF MATERIAL DATA SHEETS SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE IN THE SPECIFICATIONS.

THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER 48 HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY ABATEMENT WORK, AND IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OR TERMINATION OF THE WORK. WHERE ANY EMERGENCY REMOVAL IS REQUIRED, NOTIFICATIONS WILL BE MADE IMMEDIATELY, BUT WORK SCHEDULES WILL NOT BE CONTINGENT ON THE NOTIFICATION TIMING SPECIFIED IN THE PARAGRAPH.

THE ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR SHALL CARRY OUT DISPOSAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS; SHALL SECURE NECESSARY PERMITS IN CONJUNCTION WITH LEAD REMOVAL AND TRANSPORT; AND PROVIDE TIMELY NOTIFICATION OF SUCH ACTIONS AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY FEDERAL, STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL

### 7. CLEARANCE PROCEDURES FOR EACH ABATEMENT AREA:

PART 4 - LEAD REMOVAL DEFINITIONS

- EMPLOYEES ARE EXPOSED IN EXCESS OF THE TWA AND EXCURSION LIMIT.
- DATA WHICH CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
- "CLOSELY RESEMBLING" THE PROCESSES, TYPE OF MATERIAL, CONTROL METHODS, WORK PRACTICES, AND

1. INITIAL EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT MONITORING: SAMPLING CONDUCTED BY A "COMPETENT PERSON" IMMEDIATELY BEFORE OR AT THE INITIATION OF THE OPERATION TO ASCERTAIN THE EXPECTED EXPOSURES DURING THAT OPERATION. INITIAL EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT MONITORING MUST BE COMPLETED IN TIME TO ALLOW COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS WHICH ARE TRIGGERED BY EXPOSURE DATA OR THE LACK OF A "NEGATIVE EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT", AND TO PROVIDE INFORMATION NECESSARY TO ASSURE THAT ALL CONTROL SYSTEMS PLANNED ARE APPROPRIATE FOR THE OPERATION AND WILL WORK PROPERLY. UNTIL INITIAL EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT MONITORING CONFIRMS THAT EMPLOYEES ON THE JOB WILL NOT BE EXPOSED IN EXCESS OF THE PEL, OR A "NEGATIVE EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT" FOR LEAD DUST HAS BEEN ACCEPTED, IT SHALL BE ASSUMED THAT

NEGATIVE EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT: FOR ANY ONE SPECIFIC JOB INVOLVING LEAD-CONTAINING COATINGS WHICH WILL BE PERFORMED BY TRAINED EMPLOYEES, IT MAY BE DEMONSTRATED THAT EMPLOYEE EXPOSURES WILL BE BELOW THE PEL BY

a. OBJECTIVE DATA DEMONSTRATING THAT THE PRODUCT OR MATERIAL CONTAINING LEAD MINERALS OR THE ACTIVITY INVOLVING SUCH PRODUCT OR MATERIAL CANNOT RELEASE AIRBORNE DUST IN CONCENTRATIONS EXCEEDING THE TWA AND EXCURSION LIMIT UNDER THOSE WORK CONDITIONS HAVING THE GREATEST POTENTIAL FOR RELEASING DUST.

b. WHERE THE EMPLOYER HAS MONITORED PRIOR ASBESTOS JOBS FOR THE PEL AND THE EXCURSION LIMIT WITHIN 12 MONTHS OF THE CURRENT OR PROJECTED JOB, THE MONITORING AND ANALYSES WERE PERFORMED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE LEAD STANDARD IN EFFECT; AND THE DATA WERE OBTAINED DURING WORK OPERATIONS CONDUCTED WORKPLACE CONDITIONS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS IN THE CURRENT OPERATIONS, THE OPERATIONS WERE CONDUCTED BY EMPLOYEES WHOSE TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE ARE NO MORE EXTENSIVE THAN THAT OF EMPLOYEES PERFORMING THE CURRENT JOB, AND THESE DATA SHOW THAT UNDER THE CONDITIONS PREVAILING AND WHICH WILL PREVAIL IN THE CURRENT WORKPLACE THERE IS A HIGH DEGREE OF CERTAINTY THAT EMPLOYEE EXPOSURES WILL NOT EXCEED THE TWA AND EXCURSION LIMIT.





-1" ACTUAL

IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, HIS DRAWING WILL HAVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED, AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES



# HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 028213 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# A. RELATED DOCUMENTS

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE CONTRACT, INCLUDING GENERAL AND SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS; AND CONTRACT DRAWINGS

- B. SUMMARY
- 1. THE ASBESTOS WORK ON THIS PROJECT IS IN SUPPORT OF A TOILET ROOM ACCESSIBILITY PROJECT AT THE SITKA PIONEER HOME (SPH) IN STIKA, ALASKA.
- 2. HISTORIC INFORMATION INDICATES THAT THE FOLLOWING ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS (ACM) EXIST IN THE SITKA PIONEER HOME (SPH) THAT COULD IMPACT THIS PROJECT:
- THERMAL SYSTEM INSULATION (TSI) ON PIPING; AND
- THERMAL SYSTEM INSULATION ON PIPE FITTINGS.
- 3. THE INTENT OF THE ABATEMENT PORTION OF THE OVERALL PROJECT IS TO SAFELY REMOVE AND DISPOSE OF ANY EXISTING ACM TSI THAT WILL NEED TO BE DISTURBED AS PART OF THE ACCESSIBILITY UPGRADE
- 4. THE ABATEMENT PROJECT INCLUDES ALL MATERIAL, LABOR, EQUIPMENT AND OTHER RELATED COSTS FOR COORDINATING WITH PRIME CONTRACTOR TO DETERMINE THE LOCATION AND TIMING FOR ABATEMENT; MOBILIZING (INCLUDING MOVING ALL PLANT AND EQUIPMENT ONTO THE SITE; PROVIDING NECESSARY PROJECT UTILITIES OR IMPROVING EXISTING UTILITIES AS NECESSARY, ARRANGING FOR APPROVED STORAGE AREAS, ISSUING AND POSTING ALL NOTICES, AND SUBMITTING ALL SUBMITTALS); INSTALLING ALL NECESSARY CRITICAL BARRIERS TO ESTABLISH NON-PERMANENT ASBESTOS CONTROL AREAS TO ISOLATE THE VARIOUS ABATEMENT AREAS; COMPLETING ALL ABATEMENT ELEMENTS AS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH 3. ABOVE; CLEANING ALL SURFACES AND SPACES WITHIN THE CONFINES OF THE ASBESTOS CONTROL AREAS; PROVIDING AIR MONITORING, INCLUDING APPROPRIATE ELEMENTS SUMMARIZED IN ASBESTOS AIR MONITORING IN DEFINITIONS BELOW, AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH PART 3 EXECUTION OF THIS SECTION; PROVIDING LAB ANALYSIS FOR REQUIRED AIR MONITORING; DISPOSING OF ACM AND RELATED DEMOLITION DEBRIS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS; REMOVING THE NON-PERMANENT ASBESTOS CONTROL AREAS; AND GENERAL CLEANUP AND DEMOBILIZATION
- C. COORDINATION AND TIMING OF ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES
- 1. ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE TIMING OF WORK WITH GENERAL CONTRACTOR. THE BUILDING WILL BE OCCUPIED DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. THE OWNER WILL PROVIDE ACCESS TO TEMPORARY POWER AND TO HOT AND COLD WATER FOR DIRECT PROJECT USE. THE ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COSTS AND EFFORT REQUIRED TO DEVELOP THOSE UTILITIES FOR HIS USE
- 3. ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL SYSTEMS NOT DIRECTLY MODIFIED BY THIS PROJECT SHALL REMAIN FUNCTIONAL AND SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM CONTAMINATION DURING THE ABATEMENT WORK. THE OWNER SHALL BE ALLOWED ACCESS TO ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL SYSTEMS AS NECESSARY THROUGHOUT THE ABATEMENT PROJECT TO ENSURE THEIR OPERATIONAL CONTINUITY.
- 4. SECURITY TO THE SITE SHALL BE MAINTAINED FOR THE DURATION OF THE ABATEMENT PROJECT. IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH THE CONTRACTOR AND OTHER TRADES TO SEQUENCE THE WORK.

## D. PRE-WORK SUBMITTALS

THE PRE-WORK SUBMITTAL SHALL BE SUBMITTED DIGITALLY AS A COMPLETE PACKAGE AND MODIFIED AS NECESSARY TO OBTAIN APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER FIVE WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO ANY WORK ON THE PROJECT. THE ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM HIS WORK IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPROVED PRE-WORK SUBMITTAL WHICH SHALL INCLUDE AN ASBESTOS WORK PLAN, A CONTINGENCY PLAN FOR POTENTIAL EMERGENCIES, A NOTIFICATION LISTING OF PERSONNEL AND ORGANIZATIONS TO BE CONTACTED BY THE ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR IN THE EVENT OF AN INCIDENT, EMERGENCY OR CONTINGENCY, AND THE 24-HOUR CONTACT POINT FOR THE ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR AND THE DESIGNATED "COMPETENT PERSON" TO CONTACT IN CASE OF AN ON-SITE PROBLEM. RESPONSE TIME TO THE SITE SHALL NOT EXCEED 1 HOUR FROM THE TIME OF THE NOTIFICATION. E. POST-WORK SUBMITTALS

THE POST-WORK SUBMITTAL SHALL BE SUBMITTED DIGITALLY AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER AS COMPLETE BEFORE FINAL PAYMENT IS APPROVED. THE POST-WORK SUBMITTAL SHALL INCLUDE:

- A. WORK LOG: A DETAILED LOG OF ALL OPERATIONS INVOLVING THE ASBESTOS PORTION OF THE WORK.
- B. A COPY OF ALL SHIPPING MANIFESTS THAT DOCUMENT DISPOSAL OF ALL ACM AT AN APPROVED SOLID WASTE FACILITY. FULL PAYMENT SHALL NOT BE RELEASED UNTIL THIS DOCUMENT IS RECEIVED BY THE OWNER OR ENGINEER.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS-NOT USED

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

A. PROTECTION OF ADJACENT AREAS

PERFORM ALL ASBESTOS WORK IN SUCH A WAY AS TO NOT CONTAMINATE 1) ADJACENT AREAS, OR 2) INTERIOR SPACES OF COMPONENTS WITHIN THE ABATEMENT AREA (SUCH AS CABINETS, DUCTS, OR ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS). WHERE SUCH AREAS OR SPACES ARE CONTAMINATED, THEY SHALL BE CLEANED AND/OR RESTORED TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AT THE ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. B. COMPETENT PERSON:

ALL ASBESTOS WORK, INCLUDING SETUP AND TEARDOWN OF THE ASBESTOS ENCLOSURE(S) AND CONTROL AREA(S), AND ALL ASBESTOS DISPOSAL OPERATIONS SHALL BE UNDER THE DIRECT AND CONTINUOUS ON-SITE SUPERVISION OF THE COMPETENT PERSON (WHO IS IDENTIFIED IN THE PRE-WORK SUBMITTAL AND WHOSE QUALIFICATIONS AND DUTIES ARE DEFINED IN DEFINITIONS ABOVE). THE INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST SHALL OVERSEE ALL ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPETENT PERSON. THE ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT ALL MONITORING, TRAINING AND ASBESTOS WORK UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST (WHO IS IDENTIFIED IN THE PRE-WORK SUBMITTAL AND WHOSE QUALIFICATIONS AND DUTIES ARE DEFINED IN DEFINITIONS ABOVE).

C. SAFETY AND HEALTH COMPLIANCE:

THE ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL LAWS, ORDINANCES, RULES AND REGULATIONS OF FEDERAL, STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES REGARDING DEMOLITION, HANDLING, STORING, TRANSPORTING AND DISPOSING OF ASBESTOS AND ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS. HE SHALL ALSO COMPLY WITH THE APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CURRENT ISSUES OF 29 CFR 1910.1001, 29 CFR 1926.1101, AND 40 CFR 61 SUBPARTS A AND M. ASBESTOS REMOVAL IS ALSO REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE STATE OF ALASKA, SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT CODES, TITLE 18 OF THE ALASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE, AND THE STATE OF ALASKA OSHA STANDARDS.

# D. MONITORING:

THE ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THIRD-PARTY AIR MONITORING FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PRE-WORK SUBMITTAL. AT A MINIMUM THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE "AREA MONITORING", "BASELINE (BACKGROUND) MONITORING", "PERSONAL MONITORING" AND "CLEARANCE MONITORING" ALL AS SPECIFIED IN PARAGRAPH 1.5 "DEFINITIONS", IN THESE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. THE CONTRACTING OFFICER RESERVES THE RIGHT TO PERFORM CONFIRMATION AIR MONITORING INCLUDING ALL ELEMENTS SUMMARIZED IN ASBESTOS AIR MONITORING IN DEFINITIONS.

- E. CLEARANCE PROCEDURES
- 1. AFTER ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETE BUT PRIOR TO THE APPLICATION OF LOCKDOWN SEALANT AND THE

# PART 4 - ASBESTOS ABATEMENT DEFINITIONS.

- PAPER AND CARPET.

- OVER THE PEL.

### PERFORMANCE OF CLEARANCE MONITORING,

2. THE ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR AND THE ENGINEER (OR A DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE) SHALL PERFORM A DETAILED VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE WORK AREA FOR ANY VISIBLE ASBESTOS RESIDUAL. IF ANY IS FOUND, A COMPLETE RE-CLEANING OF THE AREA SHALL BE PERFORMED, AND THE AREA SHALL BE RE-INSPECTED.

3. ONCE THE VISUAL INSPECTION IS SATISFACTORILY COMPLETED THE LOCKDOWN SHALL BE APPLIED. AFTER THE SITE HAS PASSED THE VISUAL INSPECTION AND HAS RECEIVED SPRAY APPLICATION OF LOCKDOWN SEALANT BUT PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL OF THE ENCLOSURE, CLEARANCE MONITORING OF THE WORK AREA SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED TO CONFIRM THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE CLEAN-UP OPERATIONS. SUCH SAMPLING SHALL NOT BE PERFORMED UNTIL ALL AREAS AND MATERIALS WITHIN THE WORK AREA ARE FULLY DRY.

4. THE ABATEMENT SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COSTS RELATING TO ALL VISUAL INSPECTIONS AFTER THE SECOND FAILED VISUAL INSPECTION, INCLUDING EXTRA TRAVEL-RELATED COSTS FOR AN INSPECTOR MOBILIZING FROM OUTSIDE SITKA.

5. CLEARANCE SAMPLING FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE DONE USING PCM ANALYSIS. ONCE CLEARANCE CRITERIA HAVE BEEN ACHIEVED, CLEARANCE SHALL BE CONSIDERED FINAL AND REMOVAL OF ANY TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ENCLOSURE BELOW THE CEILING BELOW THE ACCESS HATCH SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED. ITR

A. ASBESTOS AIR MONITORING: AN APPROVED AIR MONITORING PLAN IS REQUIRED IF AIR MONITORING IS PART OF THE ABATEMENT WORK. TO BE APPROVED SUCH A PLAN MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING ELEMENTS:

AREA MONITORING: SAMPLING FOR AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS OF ASBESTOS FIBERS WITHIN THE EXISTING OR PLANNED ASBESTOS CONTROL AREA THAT IS REPRESENTATIVE OF THE FIBER LEVELS THAT MAY REACH THE WORKER'S BREATHING ZONE. AREA PUMPS DRAWING 10 LITERS PER MINUTE THROUGH THE FILTER CASSETTE ARE USED FOR AREA MONITORING AND SHOULD PULL AT LEAST 1,200 LITERS OF AIR FOR EACH SAMPLE.

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING: SAMPLING FOR AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS OF ASBESTOS FIBERS OUTSIDE THE ASBESTOS CONTROL AREA TO ASSURE THAT NO ASBESTOS FIBERS ARE ESCAPING THE ENCLOSURE, AND THAT PERSONNEL OUTSIDE THE CONTROL AREA ARE NOT BEING EXPOSED. WHERE A SEALED AREA IS NOT USED, SUCH AS DURING EXTERIOR SIDING REMOVAL THIS WILL REFER TO SAMPLING CONDUCTED AT THE PERIMETER OF THE CONTROL AREA TO ASSURE THAT A SUFFICIENT BUFFER ZONE AROUND THE WORK IN PROGRESS HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED, AND THAT PERSONNEL OUTSIDE THIS ZONE ARE NOT BEING EXPOSED. AREA PUMPS DRAWING 10 LITERS PER MINUTE THROUGH THE FILTER CASSETTE ARE USED FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND SHOULD PULL AT LEAST 1,200 LITERS OF AIR FOR EACH SAMPLE.

BASELINE (BACKGROUND) MONITORING: SAMPLING CONDUCTED TO DETERMINE THE INITIAL LEVEL OF AIRBORNE ASBESTOS FIBERS PRESENT PRIOR TO THE START OF ASBESTOS WORK. AREA PUMPS DRAWING ≥ 1 BUT < 10 LITERS PER MINUTE THROUGH THE FILTER CASSETTE ARE USED FOR THIS MONITORING AND SHOULD PULL AT LEAST 1,200 LITERS OF AIR FOR EACH SAMPLE THIS SAMPLING CAN BE SUBDIVIDED INTO THREE PARTS

a. <u>NATURAL BACKGROUND SAMPLING</u>: SAMPLING CONDUCTED OUTSIDE THE STRUCTURE WHERE THE WORK WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED TO DETERMINE THE NATURALLY OCCURRING FIBER LEVELS PRESENT IN THAT LOCALE. WHEN RESULTS INDICATE THAT THIS LEVEL MAY REACH OR EXCEED 0.01 F/CC, A MINIMUM OF 5 CONSECUTIVE DAYS OF SAMPLING WILL BE USED TO ESTABLISH AN ARITHMETIC AVERAGE. THIS AVERAGE WILL BE USED AS THE BACKGROUND LEVEL

b. <u>ENVIRONMENTAL BACKGROUND SAMPLING</u>: SAMPLING CONDUCTED TO DETERMINE THE BACKGROUND FIBER LEVELS WITHIN A STRUCTURE, BUT OUTSIDE THE PLANNED ASBESTOS WORK AREA. THIS SAMPLING IS ACCOMPLISHED TO ASCERTAIN THE NORMAL BACKGROUND FIBER LEVEL WITHIN THESE AREAS OF THE STRUCTURE. SPECIAL CARE MUST BE TAKEN DURING THIS SAMPLING TO MINIMIZE SAMPLE CONTAMINATION BY NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS, SUCH AS FROM CLOTH

C. WORK AREA BACKGROUND SAMPLING: SAMPLING CONDUCTED IN THE AREA WHERE ASBESTOS WORK IS PLANNED NORMALLY USED TO DETERMINE THE LEVEL OF PERSONAL AND OTHER PROTECTIVE MEASURES REQUIRED BY PERSONNEL PREPARING THE AREA FOR ASBESTOS WORK AND TO ESTABLISH THE LEVEL OF CONTAMINATION PRESENT PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF ASBESTOS OPERATIONS.

4. INITIAL EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT MONITORING: SAMPLING CONDUCTED BY A "COMPETENT PERSON" IMMEDIATELY BEFORE OR AT THE INITIATION OF THE OPERATION TO ASCERTAIN THE EXPECTED EXPOSURES DURING THAT OPERATION. INITIAL EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT MONITORING MUST BE COMPLETED IN TIME TO ALLOW COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS WHICH ARE TRIGGERED BY EXPOSURE DATA OR THE LACK OF A "NEGATIVE EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT", AND TO PROVIDE INFORMATION NECESSARY TO ASSURE THAT ALL CONTROL SYSTEMS PLANNED ARE APPROPRIATE FOR THE OPERATION AND WILL WORK PROPERLY. UNTIL INITIAL EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT MONITORING CONFIRMS THAT EMPLOYEES ON THE JOB WILL NOT BE EXPOSED IN EXCESS OF THE PEL, OR A "NEGATIVE EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT" FOR NON-FRIABLE ASBESTOS HAS BEEN ACCEPTED, IT SHALL BE ASSUMED THAT EMPLOYEES ARE EXPOSED IN EXCESS OF THE TWA AND EXCURSION LIMIT.

NEGATIVE EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT: FOR ANY ONE SPECIFIC ASBESTOS JOB INVOLVING NON-FRIABLE MATERIAL WHICH WILL BE PERFORMED BY TRAINED EMPLOYEES, IT MAY BE DEMONSTRATED THAT EMPLOYEE EXPOSURES WILL BE BELOW THE PEL BY DATA WHICH CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

a. OBJECTIVE DATA DEMONSTRATING THAT THE PRODUCT OR MATERIAL CONTAINING ASBESTOS MINERALS OR THE ACTIVITY INVOLVING SUCH PRODUCT OR MATERIAL CANNOT RELEASE AIRBORNE FIBERS IN CONCENTRATIONS EXCEEDING THE TWA AND EXCURSION LIMIT UNDER THOSE WORK CONDITIONS HAVING THE GREATEST POTENTIAL FOR RELEASING ASBESTOS.

b. WHERE THE EMPLOYER HAS MONITORED PRIOR ASBESTOS JOBS FOR THE PEL AND THE EXCURSION LIMIT WITHIN 12 MONTHS OF THE CURRENT OR PROJECTED JOB, THE MONITORING AND ANALYSES WERE PERFORMED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ASBESTOS STANDARD IN EFFECT; AND THE DATA WERE OBTAINED DURING WORK OPERATIONS CONDUCTED WORKPLACE CONDITIONS "CLOSELY RESEMBLING" THE PROCESSES, TYPE OF MATERIAL, CONTROL METHODS, WORK PRACTICES, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS IN THE CURRENT OPERATIONS, THE OPERATIONS WERE CONDUCTED BY EMPLOYEES WHOSE TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE ARE NO MORE EXTENSIVE THAN THAT OF EMPLOYEES PERFORMING THE CURRENT JOB, AND THESE DATA SHOW THAT UNDER THE CONDITIONS PREVAILING AND WHICH WILL PREVAIL IN THE CURRENT WORKPLACE THERE IS A HIGH DEGREE OF CERTAINTY THAT EMPLOYEE EXPOSURES WILL NOT EXCEED THE TWA AND EXCURSION LIMIT.

c. THE RESULTS OF INITIAL EXPOSURE MONITORING OF THE CURRENT JOB MADE FROM BREATHING ZONE AIR SAMPLES THAT ARE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE 8-HOUR TWA AND 30 MINUTE SHORT-TERM EXPOSURES OF EACH EMPLOYEE COVERING OPERATIONS THAT ARE MOST LIKELY DURING THE PERFORMANCE OF THE ENTIRE ASBESTOS JOB TO RESULT IN EXPOSURES

6. CLEARANCE MONITORING: SAMPLING OCCURRING AT THE COMPLETION OF THE ASBESTOS WORK OR AT THE COMPLETION OF A SPECIFIC PHASE OF ASBESTOS WORK, PRIOR TO REMOVING THE ENCLOSURE. IT IS ACCOMPLISHED TO PROVE THAT THE CLEAN-UP ACTIVITIES HAVE BEEN EFFECTIVE, AND THAT REMAINING FIBER LEVELS BOTH INSIDE AND OUTSIDE THE ENCLOSURE COMPLY WITH AIRBORNE FIBER CONCENTRATIONS DEFINED IN "CLEARANCE LEVELS" BELOW. CLEARANCE SAMPLING IS NORMALLY ACCOMPLISHED IN THE SAME LOCATIONS AND BY THE SAME METHODS AS THE BASELINE MONITORING, AND IS DONE IN AN AGGRESSIVE MANNER (SEE EPA 560/5-85-024 FOR DESCRIPTION OF METHODS). TRANSMISSION ELECTRON MICROSCOPY (TEM) ANALYSIS IS REQUIRED FOR CLEARANCE MONITORING INSIDE SCHOOLS AND SOMETIMES FOR INSIDE PUBLIC BUILDINGS TO ASSURE THAT THE AREA IS TRULY SAFE FOR REOCCUPANCY. FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS THE REQUIREMENT FOR TEM ANALYSIS CAN BE WAIVED IN FAVOR OF PHASE CONTRAST ILLUMINATION MICROSCOPY (PCM) AT THE OWNER'S OPTION. SEE PART 3-EXECUTION, MONITORING FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

7. PERSONAL MONITORING: SAMPLING FOR ASBESTOS FIBER CONCENTRATIONS AT THE BREATHING ZONE OF A WORKER, USED TO DOCUMENT INDIVIDUAL EXPOSURES, AND, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE WORK AREA SAMPLING, TO DETERMINE THE REQUIRED DEGREE OF PERSONAL AND RESPIRATORY PROTECTION. A MINIMUM OF TWO SAMPLES SHALL BE COLLECTED PER EIGHT-HOUR

SHIFT AT A FLOW RATE OF 0.5 TO 2.5 LITERS PER MINUTE. AT LEAST 25% OF THE WORKERS DOING A PARTICULAR JOB SHALL BE SAMPLED EACH EIGHT-HOUR SHIFT. SEE EXPOSURE STANDARDS FOR MORE INFORMATION.

B. <u>CLEAN:</u> AS USED IN THESE DOCUMENTS, "CLEAN" MEANS THAT THE SURFACE IN QUESTION IS FREE OF VISIBLE ASBESTOS, TO THE POINT WHERE NO PHYSICAL SAMPLE CAN BE COLLECTED FOR ANALYSIS.





-1" ACTUAL -----

IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, THIS DRAWING WILL HAVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED, AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES



DETAIL IDENTIFICATION DRAWING ON WHICH DETAIL IS SHOWN SECTION SYMBOL DRAWING ON WHICH DRAWING ON WHICH DRAWING ON WHICH SECTION IS SHOWN
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SHEET NOTE REFERENCE
GENERAL SHEET NOTE 3.
PLUMBING FIXTURE DESIGNATION, SEE P-4
EQUIPMENT DESIGNATION, SEE

TO EXI NEV

# ABBREVIATIONS

١FF	ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR	MAX	ļ
HAP	AS HIGH AS POSSIBLE	MIN	ļ
<b>PPROX</b>	APPROXIMATE	MISC	I
CFM	CUBIC FEET PER MINUTE	NC	I
CLNG	CEILING	NO	I
0	CLEANOUT	OA	
CU	COPPER	OC	(
CW	COLD WATER	OFCI	(
D)	DEMOLISH		(
AI	DIAMETER	OSA	(
DN	DOWN	PDI	
E)	EXISTING		l
E/A	EXHAUST AIR	POC	I
CO	FLOOR CLEANOUT	SA	
Т	FEET	SF	:
SPM	GALLONS PER MINUTE	SS	
ΙB	HOSE BIB	TA	
łW	HOT WATER	TP	
N	INCHES	TYP.	
.AV	LAVATORY	UL	
		UON	
		V	,
		VTR	,
		W	,
		W/	,
		W.C.	,
		WCO	,
		WHA	,

WPD WRT

# **CONSTRUCTION LINETYPES**

O BE DEMOLISHED OR RELOCATED	
XISTING TO REMAIN	
EW WORK	

MAXIMUM MINIMUM MISCELLANEOUS NORMALLY CLOSED NORMALLY OPENED OUTSIDE AIR ON CENTER OWNER FURNISHED, CONTRACTOR INSTALLED OUTSIDE AIR PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE INSTITUTE POINT OF CONNECTION SUPPLY AIR SQUARE FEET STAINLESS STEEL TRANSFER AIR TRAP PRIMER TYPICAL UNDERWRITER'S LABORATORY UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED VENT VENT THROUGH ROOF WASTE WITH WATER COLUMN WALL CLEANOUT WATER HAMMER ARRESTOR WATER PRESSURE DROP WITH RESPECT TO





sheet title: LEGENDS AND ABBREVATIONS

DATE:	JUNE 7, 2022
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							PLUM
TAG	FIXTURE DESCRIPTION	HW/TW	CW	TRAP	WASTE	VENT	BASIS OF DESIGN
WC-1	WATER CLOSET	-	1"		4"	2'	MANSFIELD #1301
LAV-1	LAVATORY	1/2"	1/2"	1-1/4"	1-1/2"	1-1/2"	MANSFIELD "GRAND ILSE" #2018HBN
FD-1	FLOOR DRAIN	-	-	-	2"	1-1/2"	ZURN FLOOR DRAIN STRAINER ZS40
FS-1	FLOOR SINK	-	-	2"	2"	2"	ZURN Z1960-KC-LD-4
SH-1	SHOWER	1/2"	1/2"		2"	1-1/2"	SYMMONS #BP-56-500-B30V-X-B-BV8
WB-1	CLOTHES WASHER WALL BOX	1/2"	1/2"	-	2"	1-1/2"	GUY GRAY #DLWB1
NOTES:							
[1]							

## MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. CODES AND REGULATIONS: ALL WORK HEREUNDER SHALL BE STRICTLY IN CONFORMANCE WITH 2018 INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODES AND 2018 UNIFORM PLUMBING CODE, AND STATE OF ALASKA REQUIREMENTS, LATEST NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE AND APPLICABLE CODES, AND REGULATIONS. ALL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT SHALL BEAR THE U.L. LABEL
- 2. DATA REQUIRED: FURNISH APPROVAL DATA FOR ALL EQUIPMENT AND FIXTURES. OTHER OR ADDITIONAL DATA, AS THE OWNER MAY DEEM NECESSARY, SHALL ALSO BE PROVIDED WHEN REQUESTED. APPROVAL OF THE DATA SHALL NOT ELIMINATE RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE DRAWINGS OR SPECIFICATIONS UNLESS SPECIFIC ATTENTION HAS BEEN CALLED IN WRITING TO PROPOSED DEVIATIONS AT THE TIME OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE DATA AND SUCH DEVIATIONS HAVE BEEN APPROVED, NOR SHALL IT ELIMINATE THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR FREEDOM OF ERRORS OF ANY SORT IN THE DATA.
- 3. CLEANING SYSTEMS: EQUIPMENT AND PIPING THOROUGHLY CLEANED OF DIRT, DEBRIS AND REFUSE. AFTER THE SYSTEMS ARE INSTALLED COMPLETE, THEY SHALL BE CLEANED AS FOLLOWS: DOMESTIC WATER PIPING FLUSHED WITH CLEAN WATER. SEE DISINFECTION IN PARAGRAPH 10 BELOW. SYSTEM DRAINED AND THOROUGHLY FLUSHED WITH WATER.
- 4. ALL FIXTURES TO BE OF ONE MANUFACTURER UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE. ALL EXPOSED METAL PARTS OF FIXTURES, TRIM, AND SUPPLIES TO BE POLISHED CHROMIUM-PLATED UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE. ESCUTCHEONS AT WALL ON ALL EXPOSED PIPING. WITH HOT WATER AT LEFT, AND COLD WATER AT RIGHT, AND INDEXED HANDLES IF APPLICABLE. ALL SINK AND LAVATORY SUPPLY SPOUTS WITH AERATORS. WALL-HUNG FIXTURES, SECURED TO STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS BY MEANS OF CARRIERS, CONCEALED BRACKETS OR HANGERS. BRACING OR BLOCKING PROVIDED AS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE SOLID SUPPORT. ALL SUPPLY PIPING TO FIXTURE ANCHORED AT WALL. ACCURATELY PLUMB, HORIZONTAL, AND IN LINE. WALL-HUNG FIXTURES FITTED UNIFORMLY TO FINISHED SURFACES ALL AROUND. ALL COMPONENTS TO BE LEAD FREE AND CONFORMING TO NSF 61 ANNEX G AND NSF 372.
- DOMESTIC WATER PIPE AND FITTINGS: DOMESTIC WATER PIPE TO BE HARD-DRAWN COPPER TUBING, TYPE L, CLASS 1, WITH WROUGHT COPPER SOLDER FITTINGS, WITH APPROVED FITTINGS AND JOINTS. PROVIDE PIPE SUPPORTS PER UNIFORM PLUMBING CODE AND/OR PIPE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS, INSTALL PIPING PER MANUFACTURERS REQUIREMENTS. ALL COMPONENTS IN CONTACT WITH POTABLE WATER TO BE LEAD FREE, LABELED AS COMPLYING WITH ANSI/NSF 61 ANNEX G. INSTALL RISERS PLUMB AND TRUE. INTERIOR OF ALL PIPING SHALL BE CLEAN BEFORE INSTALLATION. AFTER PIPING INSTALLATION AND BEFORE FINAL CONNECTIONS TO BRANCHES. RISERS. OR FIXTURES. FLUSH PIPING. INCLUDING BRANCHES AND RISERS, WITH CLEAN WATER. PIPING INSTALLED WITH SPACE PROVIDED FOR INSULATION. SHOCK CHAMBERS INSTALLED AT END OF EACH HOT WATER AND COLD WATER BRANCH OR AS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS, SIZED PER MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATION. ALL PIPING TO PLUMBING FIXTURES ANCHORED SOLID AT THE WALL TO PREVENT MOVEMENT IN ANY DIRECTION. COPPER PIPING SYSTEMS SHALL BE INSULATED WITH FIBERGLASS INSULATION WITH VAPOR BARRIER.
- 6. DISINFECTION: ALL PARTS OF THE WATER SYSTEM DISINFECTED WITH CHLORINE BEFORE ACCEPTANCE. LIQUID CHLORINE OR HYDROCHLORIDE TO PROVIDE A DOSAGE OF 50 PARTS PER MILLION, FOR A CONTACT PERIOD OF 24 HOURS. ALL VALVES IN THE SYSTEM OPENED AND CLOSED TWICE DURING THE CONTACT PERIOD. AFTER DISINFECTING, SYSTEM FLUSHED OUT WITH WATER UNTIL THE RESIDUAL CHLORINE IS NOT MORE THAN 1.0 PARTS PER MILLION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CERTIFY IN WRITING THAT DISINFECTION HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS.
- 7. WASTE AND VENT PIPING: CISPI 301, SERVICE WEIGHT HUB-LESS WITH CISPI 301 CAST IRON FITTINGS AND CISPI 310 NEOPRENE GASKET AND STAINLESS STEEL CLAMP AND SHIELD ASSEMBLIES WITH 4 CLAMPING BANDS, HUSKY 4000 SERIES OR EQUAL. ROUTE WASTE PIPING WITH GRADE NOT LESS THAN 1/4 INCH PER FOOT AND VENT PIPING PITCHED TO DRAIN BACK TO FIXTURES. ALL MATERIAL AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE UNIFORM PLUMBING CODE. ALL FIXTURES INDIVIDUALLY VENTED.

# **IBING FIXTURE CONNECTION SCHEDULE**

	COMMENTS/TRIM
	PROVIDE BEMIS @1955SSCT OPEN-FRONT TOILET SEAT. PROVIDE SLOAN INFRARED ACTUATED, BATTERY POWERED FLUSH VALVE #G2 8111.
S-4	PROVIDE MOEN CA 8301 BATTERY POWERED INFRARED ACTUATED FAUCET, CASH ACME HG135 ASSE-1070 TEMPERING VALVE OR EQUAL, INSULATED SUP
OBS	PROVIDE P-TRAP WITH TRAP PRIMER CONNECTION
	PROVIDE FLASHING MEMBRANE AND REINFORCING DOWELS ANCHORED TO ADJACENT FLOOR STRUCTURE
3-6	PROVIDE WATER HAMMER ARRESTERS PDI#A ON COLD WATER AND HOT WATER, PROVIDE ZURN Z1726 FLOOR DRAIN. ADJUSTABLE HAND SPRAY HEAD.

- 8. PIPING TESTS: ENCLOSED PIPING TESTED BEFORE CONCEALING. TESTS MADE IN THE PRESENCE OF THE OWNER OR THEIR REPRESENTATIVE. DOMESTIC WATER PIPING TESTED HYDROSTATICALLY AT 125 PSI FOR MINIMUM OF ONE HOUR. DRAINAGE, WASTE, AND VENT PIPING TESTED HYDROSTATICALLY BY FILLING PIPING WITH WATER TO HIGHEST POINT FOR A MINIMUM OF ONE HOUR. IN THE ABOVE TESTS, THE SYSTEM UNDER TEST TO REMAIN TIGHT WITHOUT LEAKS, DISPLACEMENT, OR STRAINING. LEAKS DEVELOPING DURING TESTS CORRECTED AND TESTS RENEWED UNTIL A PERFECTLY TIGHT JOB IS OBTAINED. LEAKAGE IN THREADED PIPE AND FITTINGS REPAIRED WITHOUT CAULKING AND SYSTEM RETESTED.
- 9. DOMESTIC HOT WATER TEMPERING VALVES: ASSE-1070 AND IAPMO LISTED. TEMPERING VALVE TO MAINTAIN THE MIXED HOT WATER TEMPERATURE TO BETWEEN 80 DEGREES F AND 120 DEGREES F WITH FLOW RATES DOWN TO 0.5 GPM., LEAD-FREE, INTEGRAL CHECK VALVES, INTEGRAL TEMPERATURE ADJUSTMENT TO TEMPER HOT WATER SUPPLY TO THE LAVATORY FAUCET TO MAXIMUM 115 DEGREES F. HEATGUARD HTG 135 OR APPROVED EQUAL.
- 10. WATER CLOSET: ASME A112.19.2; HIGH-EFFICIENCY, 1.6 GALLON PER FLUSH, WALL HUNG, SIPHON JET CHINA CLOSET BOWL WITH ELONGATED RIM MOUNTED 17 INCHES ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR. 1-1/2-INCH TOP SPUD. HANDS-FREE INFRARED OPERATED FLUSH VALVE USING 1.6 GALLONS PER FLUSH, POLISHED CHROME PLATED, WITH EXPOSED VACUUM TUBE CONNECTING TO WATER CLOSET SPUD. OPEN FRONT SOLID PLASTIC SEAT WITHOUT LID, SELF-SUSTAINING CHECK HINGES, NON-CORRODING STAINLESS STEEL MOUNTING HARDWARE.
- 11. LAVATORY: ASME A112.19.2; WALL MOUNTED VITREOUS CHINA LAVATORY WITH HIGH BACK, CONCEALED ARM INSTALLATION, FAUCET MOUNTING HOLES 4-INCH ON-CENTER, ADA COMPLIANT, 22" X 18-1/8" OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS. FAUCET TO BE CHROME-PLATED SOLID BRASS BATTERY POWERED, INFRARED ACTUATED, 4-1/2-INCH HIGH SPOUT, 4-INCH CENTERSET, VANDAL RESISTANT 0.5 GPM AERATOR. PROVIDE WALL-MOUNTED, POLISHED CHROME PLATED, COMPACT ASSE-1070 COMPLIANT HOT WATER TEMPERING VALVE WITH INTEGRAL CHECK VALVES, ENGINEERED POLYMER REGULATING PISTON, ADJUSTING MECHANISM PROTECTED BY THREADED COVER, WALL MOUNTING BRACKET. CASH ACME HEATGUARD 135 IS BASIS OF DESIGN. PROVIDE MANUFACTURED INSULATION COVERS ON WATER AND WASTE PIPING BELOW LAVATORY, TRUEBRO "LAVGUARD2" OR EQUAL.
- 12. SHOWER: SHOWER TO BE BUILT IN PLACE. PROVIDE ANSI A112.18.1 PRESSURE BALANCING SHOWER VALVE WITH ADJUSTABLE HIGH-LIMIT STOP, INTEGRAL SERVICE STOPS, POLISHED CHROME PLATED BRASS ESCUTCHEON, WALL-MOUNTED SHOWER HEAD WITH CHROME-PLATED BRASS ARM ANDFLANGE, LEVER DIVERTER WITH INTEGRASL VOLUME CONTROL, 30-INCH SLIDE BAR WITH HAND-HELD SHOWER MOUNTING BRACKET, AND 5-FOOT FLEXIBLE METAL HOSE WITH IN-LINE VACUUM BREAKER, 2.5 GPM SHOWER VALVE. BASIS OF DESIGN IS SYMONS BP-500-B30-V.
- 13. CLOTHES WASHER WALL BOX: DUAL-LEVER WASHING MACHINE OUTLET BOX WITH SINGLE LEVER ACTUATED BALL VALVES, 2-INCH DRAIN OUTLET, STAINLESS STEEL
- 14. FLOOR DRAIN: EXISTING FLOOR DRAIN. PROVIDE NEW ROUND, MEDIUM DUTY, STAINLESS STEEL HEEL-PROOF GRATE. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY SIZE OF EXISTING DRAIN AND MATCH SIZE.
- 15. FLOOR SINK: 8-INCH DIAMETER X 6-INCH DEEP CAST IRON BODY AND SQUARED HOLE LIGHT-DUTY GRATE, WHITE ACID-RESISTING PORCELAIN ENAMEL INTERIOR AND TOP, LESS STRAINER, ANCHOR FLANGE WITH SEEPAGE HOLES AND CLAMP COLLAR, FULL-GRATE WITH CENTER OPENING, 2-INCH OUTLET.
- 16. FLOOR DRAIN TRAP PRIMER: ASSE 1018, AUTOMATIC TRAP PRIMING VALVE, WITH DIAPHRAGM ACTUATION OPERATING ON 10 PSI PRESSURE DROP OR SPIKE IN DOMESTIC WATER SYSTEM, BRASS CONSTRUCTION. OPERATING RANGE 20 TO 80 PSIG. BASIS OF DESIGN IS PRECISION PLUMBING PRODUCTS "DUALFLOW" CPO-500.

	NOTE
PPLIES AND WASTE.	



1" ACTUAL ------

IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, THIS DRAWING WILL HAVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED, AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES.



SHEET TITLE: SCHEDVLES AND SPECIFICATIONS

DATE:	JUNE 7, 2022
<b>REVISION:</b>	XX
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DRAWN:	CSB

SHEET #

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# SHEET NOTES

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM ALL WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM PLUMBING CODE (2018 EDITION AS AMENDED) AND PER ACCEPTED INDUSTRY PRACTICES AND MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.

2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT FROM DAMAGE, REMOVE, CLEAN, AND SECURELY STORE PLUMBING FIXTURES NOTED TO BE SALVAGED AND REUSED.

ORIGINAL PIPING AND PIPE FITTINGS IN THIS BUILDING HAVE ASBESTOS-CONTAINING THERMAL SYSTEM INSULATION. ANY NON-FIBERGLASS INSULATION ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT NEEDS TO BE ASSESSED FOR ASBESTOS CONTENT. ALL DISTURBANCE OF ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS MUST BE DONE BY TRAINED WORKERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION

# SHEET KEYNOTES

DEMOLISH EXISTING WATER CLOSET, LAVATORY, FITTINGS AND FIXTURE APPURTENANCES IN ENTIRETY. EXISTING LAVATORY AND WATER CLOSET WATER, WASTE, AND VENT PIPING TO REMAIN FOR REUSE. DEMOLISH EXISTING WATER CLOSET CARRIER AND LAVATORY SUPPORT AND WALL BRACKET OR CARRIER.

REMOVE AND SALVAGE THE TUB AND ASSOCIATED WATER SUPPLY PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE AND FILTER ASSEMBLIES AND STORE SECURELY FOR REUSE.

REMOVE EXISTING FLOOR DRAIN STRAINER. EXISTING FLOOR DRAIN AND ASSOCIATED WASTE AND VENT PIPING TO REMAIN.

DEMOLISH EXISTING EXPOSED WATER OUTLETS AND WASTE PIPING SERVING THE CLOTHES WASHER. EXISTING WATER PIPING CONCEALED IN THE WALL ARE TO REMAIN FOR REUSE. WASTE AND VENT PIPING BELOW THE FLOOR IN CEILING SPACE BELOW SLAB ARE TO REMAIN FOR REUSE.

DEMOLISH EXISTING SHOWER VALVE, SHOWER DRAIN, SHOWER HEAD ASSEMBLY, AND ASSOCIATED APPURTENANCES IN ENTIRETY. EXISTING WATER, WASTE, AND VENT PIPING TO REMAIN FOR REUSE. RETAIN THERMOMETER FOR REINSTALLATION.

DEMOLISH EXISTING TUB FLOOR DRAIN AND TUB WASTE PIPE CONNECTION AT THE WALL. CAP WASTE PIPE IN THE WALL. EXISTING P-TRAP AND DRAIN PIPE BELOW THE FLOOR DRAIN TO REMAIN FOR REUSE. DEMOLISH SUFFICIENT CONCRETE AT THE DRAIN OPENING TO INSTALL NEW FLOOR SINK, ANCHORING FLANGE, MEMBRANE FLASHING AND CLAMP AND REINFORCING DOWELS.

COVER AND RETAIN. PROTECT DURING DEMOLITION. WIRING TO BE REINSTALLED WITHIN WALL WITH THERMOSTAT JUNCTION BOX RECESSED.

REMOVE HEATING UNIT COVER, CLEAN, AND STORE FOR REINSTALL



-1" ACTUAL -----

IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, THIS DRAWING WILL HAVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED, AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES.



# SHEET TITLE: DEMOLITION FLOOR PLANS

DATE:	JUNE 7, 2022
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DRAWN:	CSB
DKAVVN:	

MD1.0



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EXISTING STRUCTURE. PROTECT DURING CONSTRUCTION. REINSTALL THERMOSTAT JUNCTION BOX RECESSED. MOUNT THERMOSTAT TO FACE. INSTALL THERMOSTAT WIRING CONCEALED IN WALL. REINSTALL AS NEEDED, VERIFY **OPERATION OF HEATING UNIT.** 

# SHEET NOTES

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM ALL WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM PLUMBING CODE (2018 EDITION AS AMENDED) AND PER ACCEPTED INDUSTRY PRACTICES AND MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT FROM DAMAGE REMOVE, CLEAN, AND SECURELY STORE PLUMBING FIXTURES NOTED TO BE SALVAGED AND REUSED.

# SHEET KEYNOTES (#>

REINSTALL SALVAGED TUB, WATER SUPPLY PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE AND FILTER ASSEMBLIES, AND APPURTENANCES. RE-CONNECT TO EXISTING WATER SUPPLIES. REINSTALL DRAINAGE PLUMBING TO FLOOR SINK WITH AIR GAP.

PROVIDE NEW LAVATORY SECURELY MOUNTED TO NEW FLOOR-MOUNTED FIXTURE CARRIER WITH RECTANGULAR STEEL UPRIGHTS WITH WELDED FEET BOLTED TO THE FLOOR, CONCEALED ARM SUPPORTS ADJUSTED TO MOUNT LAVATORY AT ADA HEIGHT. PROVIDE NEW LAVATORY FAUCET AND ISOLATION VALVES, TAILPIECE, P-TRAP AND TRAP ARM. CONNECT LAVATORY TO EXISTING WATER, WASTE, AND VENT PIPING. PROVIDE MANUFACTURED INSULATION JACKETING TO LAVATORY WATER AND WASTE PIPING BELOW LAVATORY. PROVIDE ASSE-1070 COMPLIANT HOT WATER TEMPERING VALVE ON LAVATORY HOT WATER SUPPLY.

PROVIDE NEW WATER CLOSET CARRIER SET TO PROVIDE ADA MOUNTING HEIGHT FOR THE WATER CLOSET. CONNECT NEW WATER CLOSET CARRIER TO EXISTING WASTE AND VENT PIPING AND BOLT CARRIER SECURELY TO FLOOR. PROVIDE NEW WATER CLOSET FLUSH VALVE AND CONNECT TO EXISTING COLD WATER SUPPLY. PROVIDE WATER HAMMER ARRESTER, PDI#A ON WATER SUPPLY CONCEALED IN THE WALL.

PROVIDE NEW FLOOR DRAIN GRATE IN EXISTING FLOOR DRAIN BODY. CONNECT TRAP PRIMER LINE TO FLOOR DRAIN TRAP PRIMER TAP. IF TRAP PRIMER TAP IS NOT AVAILABLE, PROVIDE NEW P-TRAP WITH TRAP PRIMER CONNECTION CONNECTED TO FLOOR DRAIN AND EXISTING WASTE PIPE AND CONNECT TRAP PRIMER LINE. TRAP PRIMER LINE ROUTED FROM TP UNDER WASHER

PROVIDE NEW RECESSED CLOTHES WASHER WALL BOX. PROVIDE NEW WATER, WASTE, AND VENT PIPING CONNECTED TO WALL BOX. PROVIDE WATER HAMMER ARRESTERS, PDI#A ON BOTH COLD WATER AND HOT WATER SUPPLIES CONCEALED IN THE WALL AT THE WALL BOX. PROVIDE A 1/2" CW BRANCH TO A FLOOR DRAIN TRAP PRIMER VALVE WITH DISTRIBUTION BOX, LOCATED IN WALL ACCESS PANEL. ROUTE TRAP PRIMER LINES TO THE FLOOR DRAIN TRAP BY THE TUB. ROUTE 2" VENT PIPE UP IN WALL AND CONNECT TO VENT PIPE SERVING SHOWER DRAIN. ROUTE WASTE PIPE DOWN IN WALL, THROUGH CONCRETE FLOOR INTO CEILING SPACE BELOW AND CONNECT TO EXISTING 2" WASTE PREVIOUSLY SERVING CLOTHES WASHER DRAIN.

PROVIDE NEW SHOWER VALVE, SHOWER DRAIN, SHOWER HEAD ASSEMBLY, AND ASSOCIATED APPURTENANCES IN ENTIRETY. CONNECT EXISTING COLD AND HOT WATER TO THE NEW SHOWER VALVE, CONNECT EXISTING WASTE PIPE TO THE NEW SHOWER DRAIN P-TRAP. REINSTALL THERMOMETER IN SHOWER SUPPLY.

PROVIDE NEW FLOOR SINK IN LOCATION OF DEMOLISHED FLOOR DRAIN. CONNECT TO EXISTING P-TRAP REMAINING FROM DEMOLISHED FLOOR DRAIN. PROVIDE FLASHING MEMBRANE CLAMPED INTO FLOOR SINK CLAMPING COLLAR AND REINFORCING DOWELS ANCHORED INTO ADJACENT CONCRETE TO SECURE NEW CONCRETE TO

CLEAN, SAND, PRIME, AND REPAINT WITH TWO COATS THE HEATING ENCLOSURE COVER. PAINT WITH COLOR SELECTED BY ARCHITECT. REINSTALL.







1. HEIGHTS SHOWN ARE TYPICAL TO CENTERLINE OF BOX UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

2. COORDINATE DEVICE LOCATIONS WITH ARCHITECT.





IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, THIS DRAWING WILL HAVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED,

AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES.

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SHEET TITLE: DEMOLITION FLOOR PLANS

DATE:	JUNE 7, 2022
REVISION:	XX
CHECKED BY:	KHD
	RF)
DRAWN:	

SHEET # FD1.U



1 PHOTO - ROOM 133





1. COORDINATE THE INSTALLATION OF THE NEW CLOSETS AND NEW DOORS WITH THE EXISTING ELECTRICAL DEVICES.

2 PHOTO - ROOM 233

ALL FINISHES ARE ASSUMED TO CONTAIN LEAD. ANY DISTURBANCE OF WALL AND CEILING MATERIALS MUST BE DONE BY TRAINED WORKERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 028333.





Juneau, AK 9109 Mendenhall Mall Rd. Ste. 4 Juneau, AK 99801 Phone: 907.780.6060 Fax: 907.586.3771 ECC163270

IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, THIS DRAWING WILL HAVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED, AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES.



sheet title: PHOTOS







# SHEET NOTES

ALL NEW CONDUITS SHALL BE CONCEALED, AND ALL NEW DEVICES SHALL BE RECESSED.

2. THE NEW ELECTROMAGNETIC DOOR HOLDERS SHALL BE INTEGRATED WITH THE DOOR CLOSERS. COORDINATE THE DOOR HOLDER LOCATIONS WITH THE DOOR HARDWARE. EXTEND THE EXISTING DOOR HOLDER CIRCUITS TO THE NEW DOOR HOLDER LOCATIONS.



-1" ACTUAL

IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, THIS DRAWING WILL HAVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED, AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES.



FLOOR PLANS



# GENERAL

- 1.1 DEFINITIONS
- a. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.
- b. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter
- 1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE
- a. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- b. Comply with NFPA 70.
- 1.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
- a. Inspect installed components for damage and faulty work, including the following:
- 1. Supporting devices for electrical components.
- 2. Electrical identification.
- 3. Electrical demolition.
- 4. Cutting and patching for electrical construction.
- 5. Touchup painting.
- b. Wiring Devices:
- 1. After installing wiring devices and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test for proper polarity, ground continuity, and compliance with requirements. 2. Test GFCI operation with both local and remote fault simulations according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- 1.4 REFININSHING AND TOUCHUP PAINTING
- a. Refinish and touchup paint.
- 1. Clean damaged and disturbed areas and apply primer, intermediate, and finish coats to suit the degree of damage at each location. 2. Follow paint manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation and for timing and application of successive coats
- 1.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION
- a. On completion of installation, including outlets, fittings, and devices, inspect exposed finish. Remove burrs, dirt, paint spots, and construction debris. b. Protect equipment and installations and maintain conditions to ensure that coatings, finishes, and cabinets are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- BASIC MATERIALS AND METHODS
- 1.1 SUPPORTING DEVICES
- a. Material: Cold-formed steel, with corrosion-resistant coating acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- b. Raceway and Cable Supports: Manufactured straps, threaded C-clamps with retainers.
- c. Electrical Equipment Installation:
- 1. Materials and Components: Install level, plumb, and parallel and perpendicular to other building systems and components, unless otherwise indicated. d. Electrical Supporting Device Application:
- 1. Dry Locations: Steel materials.
- e. Support Installation:
- 1. Install support devices to securely and permanently fasten and support electrical components.
- 2. Support sheet-metal boxes directly from the building structure.
- 3. Securely fasten electrical items and their supports to the building structure, unless otherwise indicated. Perform fastening according to the following unless other fastening methods are indicated:
- a. Wood: Fasten with wood screws or screw-type nails.
- 1.2 IDENTIFICATION
- a. Identification Devices: A single type of identification product for each application category. Use colors prescribed by ANSI A13.1, NFPA 70, and these Specifications. b. Installation:
- 1. Install at locations for most convenient viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of equipment.
- 2. Coordinate names, abbreviations, colors, and other designations used for electrical identification with corresponding designations indicated in the Contract Documents or required by codes and standards. Use consistent designations throughout Project.
- 3. Self-Adhesive Identification Products: Clean surfaces before applying.
- 4. Color-code 208/120-V system branch-circuit conductors throughout the secondary electrical system as follows:
- a. Phase A: Black
- b. Phase B: Red
- c. Phase C: Blue
- 1.3 DEMOLITION
- a. Protect existing electrical equipment and installations indicated to remain. If damaged or disturbed in the course of the Work, remove damaged portions and install new products of equal capacity, quality, and functionality.
- b. Accessible Work: Remove exposed electrical equipment and installations, indicated to be demolished, in their entirety.
- c. Remove demolished material from Project site.
- d. Remove, store, clean, reinstall, reconnect, and make operational components indicted for relocation.
- 1.4 CUTTING AND PATCHING
- a. Cut, channel, chase, and drill floors, walls, partitions, ceilings, and other surfaces required to permit electrical installations. Perform cutting by skilled mechanics of trades involved.
- b. Repair and refinish disturbed finish materials and other surfaces to match adjacent undisturbed surfaces. Install new fireproofing where existing firestopping has been disturbed. Repair and refinish materials and other surfaces by skilled mechanics of trades involved.
- 1.5 TOUCHUP PAINT
- a. For Equipment: Equipment manufacturer's paint selected to match installed equipment finish.

# GROUNDING

- 1.1 GROUNDING CONDUCTORS
- a. Material: Copper, only.
- b. Equipment Grounding Conductors: Insulated with green-colored insulation.
- 1.2 CONNECTOR PRODUCTS
- a. Comply with IEEE 837 and UL 467; listed for use for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and connected items.
- 1.3 INSTALLATION
- a. In raceways, use insulated equipment grounding conductors.

CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- 1.1 CONDUCTOR AND CABLE MATERIAL
- a. Copper complying with NEMA WC 5 or 7; stranded.
- Insulation Types: Type THHN-THWN.
- 1.2 CONDUCTOR AND INSULATION APPLICATIONS
- a. Branch Circuits Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, and Partitions: Type THHN-THWN conductors in raceways.
- b. Coordinate conductor insulation temperature rating and ampacity rating with the temperature and ampacity rating of their circuit protection devices.
- c. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- d. Make splices and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.
- e. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inches of slack.

# RACEWAYS

- 1.1 CONDUIT AND TUBING
- a. EMT and Fittings: ANSI C80.3
- 1. Fittings: Set-screw or compression type.
- 1.2 INSTALLATION
- a. Indoors:
- 1. Concealed: EMT.
- 2. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1.
- b. Minimum Raceway Size: <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-inch trade size.
- c. Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.
- d. Conceal conduit and EMT within finished and inaccessible walls and floors, unless otherwise indicated.
- e. Join raceways with fittings designed and approved for that purpose and make joints tight.
- Tighten set screws of threadless fittings with suitable tools.
- g. Terminations:
- 1. Where raceways are terminated with locknuts and bushings, align raceways to enter squarely and install locknuts with dished part against box. Use two locknuts, one inside and one outside box.
- 2. Where raceways are terminated with threaded hubs, screw raceways or fittings tightly into hub so end bears against wire protection shoulder. Where chase nipples are used, align raceways so coupling is square to box; tighten chase nipple so no threads are exposed.

# BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS

- 1.1 Sheet Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA OS 1
- 1.2 Small Sheet Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA OS 1.

# WIRING DEVICES

- 1.1 RECEPTACLES
- a. Straight-Blade-Type Receptacles: Comply with NEMA WD1, NEMA WD 6, DSCC W-C-596G, and UL 498, 20 ampere minimum.
- b. Straight-Blade and Locking Receptacles: Heavy-Duty grade.
- c. GFCI Receptacles: Straight blade, feed-through type, Heavy-Duty grade, with integral NEMA WD 6, Configuration 5-20R duplex receptacle; complying with UL 498 and UL 943. Design units for installation in a 2-3/4-inch-deep outlet box without an adapter.

## 1.2 WALL PLATES

- a. Single and combination types to match corresponding wiring devices.
- 1. Plate-Securing Screws: Metal with head color to match plate finish.
- 2. Material for Finished Spaces: Smooth, high-impact, nylon.
- 3. Material for Unfinished Spaces: Galvanized steel

## 1.3 INSTALLATION

- a. Install devices and assemblies level, plumb, and square with building lines.
- b. Arrangement of Devices: Unless otherwise indicated, mount flush, with long dimension vertical, and with grounding terminal of receptacles on bottom.



IF THE ABOVE DIMENSION DOES NOT MEASURE ONE INCH (1") EXACTLY, THIS DRAWING WILL HÁVE BEEN ENLARGED OR REDUCED, AFFECTING ALL LABELED SCALES.



# SHEET TITLE: SPECIFICATIONS

DATE:	JUNE 7, 2022
<b>REVISION:</b>	XX
CHECKED BY:	KHD
DRAWN:	REJ

Sitka Pioneer Home Bathing Suite Renovations ANC 24-12C SECTION 01005 A DM I NI STRATIVE PROVISIONS

#### SECTION 01005 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

#### PART I GENERAL

#### 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Local Conditions
- B. Permits, Fees, and Inspections
- C. Alternates
- D. Preconstruction Meeting
- E. Applications for Payment
- F. Contractor Use of Premises
- G. Owner Occupancy
- H. Owner Furnished Products
- I. Coordination
- J. Reference Standards

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. General and Special Conditions

#### 1.03 LOCAL CONDITIONS

- A. Bidders shall familiarize themselves with the Contract Documents and existing conditions, which affect Work, required by the Contract Documents. It will be assumed that bidders have made a personal examination of the jobsite, existing conditions, and documents for prior construction projects associated with this facility made available by the Owner for review by Bidders during the bid period.
- B. Failure to visit the jobsite, to review existing conditions, or to review documents for prior construction projects associated with this facility made available by the Owner for review by Bidders during the bid period will in no way relieve the successful Bidder nom the necessity of furnishing any materials or performing any Work that may be required to complete the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents with no additional cost to the Owner.
- C. For building access and for access to the documents for prior construction projects associated with this facility contact:

Michael Fleming DFCS/FMS/ Facilities Manager (907)269-7820

#### 1.04 PERMITS, FEES, AND INSPECTIONS

- A. Obtain, pay for, and comply with the requirements of all permits, fees, and inspections required by public authorities.
- B. Transmit copies of permit applications, permits received, and public authority inspection reports to the Contracting Officer within three days of making permit

application or receiving permits or reports.

#### 1.05 ALTERNATES

- A. Alternates will be exercised at the option of Owner as specified on Bid Schedule. Accepted alternates will be indicated on the Contract and included within the conformed Contract Documents.
- B. Coordinate related work and modify surrounding work affected by accepted alternates as required to complete the Work.
- C. Provide all Work as part of the Base Bid except that Work specifically indicated to be provided as part of an alternate.

#### 1.06 PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING

A. Attend Owner initiated preconstruction meeting.

#### 1.07 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. Submit two copies of each application under procedures of Section 01027.
- B. Content and Format: That specified for schedule of values in Section 01027.

#### 1.08 CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES

- A. Limit use of premises for Work and for construction operations, to allow for Owner occupancy, Work of other Contractors, and public access.
- B. Limit areas of construction operations to those areas requiring renovation only.
- C. Limit on site storage of materials to boiler room. This space is not accessible to the general public but is used by building maintenance and administrative staff. Maintain storage area in a neat and clean condition, allowing access to other portions of the room. Contractor is responsible for security of stored materials.
- D. Give written notice two weeks in advance of beginning of Work in any Work area.
- E. Do not smoke except in specifically designated smoking areas.
- F. Take reasonable and adequate precautions to protect the Owner's property from damage during execution of Work. Restore any damage to Owner property resulting from execution of Work or replace in a manner satisfactory to the Contracting Officer.
- G. Take reasonable and adequate precautions to protect the Owner's property from damage during execution of Work. Restore any damage to Owner property resulting from execution of Work or replace in a manner satisfactory to the Contracting Officer.
- H. Limit construction activities which generate noise levels in excess of NC=40 in classrooms, NC=50 in office areas, and NC=60 in other areas to between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. Monday through Friday and all day Saturday and Sunday.
- I. Limit construction access to building to the location indicated. Keep construction access points locked at all times. Contractor will be provided with two sets of keys for

construction access points.

- J. Move Owner tools, equipment, shelving, stored materials, etc. as required to accomplish Work. Return to original location as soon as possible.
- K. Protect Owner tools, equipment, shelving, stored materials, and equipment, etc. from Work.
- L. In Owner occupied areas:
  - 1. Limit use of premises for Work and for construction operations to between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. Monday through Friday and all day Saturday and Sunday. If requested by the Contractor and approved by the Project Manager the Contractor may work on the project outside these hours if the Contractor's activities do not interfere with owner operations.
  - 2. Cover and protect from dust and debris, at the start of each work day, electronic office equipment such as personal computers, computer terminals, facsimile machines, copiers, printers, postage meters, VCRs, monitors, typewriters, etc. Remove protection at the end of each work day.
  - 3. Do not use furniture, such as countertops, desks, filing cabinets, book shelves, and tables as work surfaces or as steps to access Work.
  - 4. At the end of each workday, move back to original location equipment and furniture moved to accommodate Work. Do not move electronic equipment unless absolutely necessary to accomplish Work.
  - 5. At the end of each workday replace ceiling tiles removed to access Work.
  - 6. At the end of each work day, clean work areas, including floors with a vacuum, and remove tools, equipment, and construction material from work areas.
- M. Coordinate temporary shutdowns of any of the existing facilities' mechanical or electrical systems affecting systems in Owner occupied areas with the Contracting Officer. Schedule shutdowns for nights and weekends. Provide a minimum five-day notice.
- N. Existing systems shall be fully operational for intended purpose at the beginning of each Owner workday.

#### 1.09 OWNER OCCUPANCY

- A. The Owner will occupy premises during entire period of construction for the conduct of its normal operations.
- B. Maintain IBC complying access to and through corridors, stairways, and building exits at all times.
- C. Cooperate with Owner to minimize conflict and to facilitate its operations. In case of conflict accept Contracting Officer's direction as final and adjust use of premises accordingly.
- D. Coordinate Work in and use of premises with the Owner

Sitka Pioneer Home Bathing Suite Renovations ANC 24-12C

#### 1.10 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate Work of the various Sections of Specifications prior to ordering materials and fabrication to assure efficient and orderly sequence of installation of construction elements, with provisions for accommodating items installed later. Notify Contracting Officer of conflicts between elements prior to installation of any element.
- B. Verify characteristics of elements of interrelated operating equipment are compatible; coordinate Work of various Sections having interdependent responsibilities for installing, connecting to, and placing in service, such equipment.
- C. Coordinate space requirements and installation of mechanical and electrical Work, which is indicated diagrammatically on Drawings. Follow routing shown for ducts and conduits as closely as practical. Make piping, duct, and conduit runs parallel with lines of building. Utilize spaces efficiently to maximize accessibility for other installations, for maintenance, and for repairs.
- D. In finished areas, unless otherwise indicated, conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in the construction.
- E. After Owner acceptance of Work, coordinate access to site by various trades for correction of defective Work and Work not in accordance with Contract Documents, to minimize disruption of Owner activities.

#### 1.11 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. For products or workmanship specified by association, trades, or regulatory agency standards, comply with requirements of the standard, except when more rigid requirements are specified or are required by applicable codes.
- B. Obtain a copy of standards referenced. Maintain a copy at the jobsite during execution of Work to which the standard applies.
- C. The date of the standard is that in effect as of the bid date except when a specific date is specified.

#### 1.12 ONE YEAR CORRECTION PERIOD

- A. If within one year after the date of Final Completion or such longer period of time as may be prescribed by Regulatory Requirements or by the terms of any applicable special guarantee required by the Contract Documents or by any specific provision of the Contract Documents, any Work, materials, or products are found to be defective, the Contractor shall promptly, without cost to the Owner and in accordance with the Contracting Officer's written instructions, either correct such defective Work, or, if it has been rejected by the Contracting Officer, remove it from the site and replace it with conforming Work.
- B. If the Contractor does not promptly comply with the terms of such instructions, or in an emergency where delay would cause serious risk of loss or damage, the Owner may have the defective Work corrected or the rejected Work removed and replaced, and all direct, indirect, and consequential costs of such removal and replacement (including but not limited to fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals) will be paid by the Contractor.
- C. In special circumstances where a particular item of equipment is placed in continuous

service for the benefit of the Owner before Substantial Completion of all the Work, the correction period for that item may begin on an earlier date if so provided in the Specifications of by Change Order.

- D. Provisions of this paragraph are not intended to shorten the statue of limitations for bringing an action.
- PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used
- PART 3 PARTS Not Used

END OF SECTION

### SECTION 01010

### SUMMARY OF WORK

#### PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED
  - A. Basic Bid.
  - B. Work by Others.
  - C. Hazardous Materials
  - D. Work Inside Facility
  - E. Work Plans and Access to Facility, Individual Work Areas
  - F. Shut Offs/Disruptions to Service
  - G. Use of Premises.
  - H. Using Agency Occupancy.
  - I. Coordination
  - J. Parking/Staging
- 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS
  - A. Document 00200 Information available to bidders.
  - B. Document 00700 General Conditions: Provisions for use of site, and Using Agency occupancy. Relations of CONTRACTOR- Subcontractors.
  - C. Document 00800 Supplementary Conditions: Modifications to General Conditions.
  - D. Section 01400 Quality Control
  - E. Section 01540 Security.
- 1.03 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS
  - A. Work covered by the contract documents is located
  - B. The DEPARTMENT is acting for the State of Alaska.

#### 1.04 CONTRACT METHOD

- A. Construct the Work under a single lump sum Contract.
- 1.05 BASIC BID
  - A. That portion of the Work described within these documents (taken as a whole) as the Basic Bid scope. Basic Bid work includes all work shown on the plans and specifications.
  - B. Project will be constructed under a general construction contract.

#### 1.06 WORKS BY OTHERS

- A. Cooperate with other Contractors and the DEPARTMENT to minimize conflict with construction operation.
- 1.07 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS
  - A. All light fixtures to be removed shall be treated as positive for containing PCBs unless proven otherwise.

B. CONTRACTOR to be aware that other hazardous materials may be within the facility. See Section 00700 Article 4.3.

#### 1.08 WORK INSIDE FACILITY

- A. Work within the facility shall be conducted only between the hours of 7:30 am and 4:30 pm, unless specifically approved by the Maintenance Supervisor. Requests for work outside of these hours must be submitted in writing 24 hours in advance.
- B. CONTRACTOR shall not under any circumstances leave tools or equipment unattended within the limits of the project site unless secured in a locked tool storage shed/box or vehicle. CONTRACTOR will be liable for any damages to persons and/or property resulting from unattended tools or equipment.
- C. No firearms or ammunition allowed on the grounds, to include locked vehicles.
- D. The use of powder-activated tools must be approved by the project manager. Request for such tools must be submitted to the Maintenance Supervisor in writing three (3) working days in advance.

#### 1.09 SHUTOFFS / DISRUPTIONS TO SERVICE

- A. Work with the Maintenance Supervisor to schedule disruption for a time, which minimizes impact on facility operations. Provide the Engineer written notification of any disruption to service at least 24 hours in advance of scheduled disruption or shutoff.
- B. Plan work to minimize down time. Work with DEPARTMENT to schedule disruption for a time that minimizes impact on USING AGENCY's operations.
- C. Provide written work plan and schedule for disruptions to service that exceed one hour.
- D. Contractor must provide protection as stated in Municipal Fire Codes and Safety Codes while working on the fire protection system.
- 1.10 CONTRACTOR'S USE OF PREMISES
  - A. Coordinate use of the premises under direction of DEPARTMENT.
  - B. Assume full responsibility for protection and safekeeping of products under this Contract.
  - C. Assume full responsibility for the protection of the existing facility and contents, from damage due to construction operations.

### 1.11 USING AGENCY OCCUPANCY

- A. The User Agency will continue operations adjacent to the site during entire construction period. Cooperate with DEPARTMENT in scheduling operations to minimize conflict and to facilitate the User Agency's operations.
- B. CONTRACTOR shall provide Material Safety Data Sheets for all products that may produce unpleasant odors.
- 1.12 COORDINATION
  - A. Coordinate Work of the various elements of the plans to assure efficient and orderly sequence of installation of construction elements, with provisions for accommodating items installed later.
  - B. Verify if characteristics of elements of interrelated operating equipment are compatible; coordinate Work of various trades having interdependent responsibilities for installing,

connecting to, and placing in service, such equipment.

- C. Coordinate space requirements and installation of mechanical and electrical work, which are indicated diagrammatically on Drawings. Follow routing shown for pipes, ducts, and conduits, as closely as practicable; make runs parallel with lines of building. Utilize spaces efficiently to maximize accessibility for other installations, for maintenance, and for repairs. Coordinate work with existing elements in the building. Do not locate piping, conduit or other products where they will block access to equipment or junction boxes.
- D. In finished areas except as otherwise shown, conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in the construction. .
- E. Execute cutting and patching to integrate elements of Work, provide openings for penetrations of existing surfaces. Seal penetrations through floors, walls, partitions, and ceilings.
- 1.13 PARKING / STAGING
  - A. CONTRACTOR to coordinate staging area with Facility Maintenance Supervisor.
  - B. CONTRACTOR may use established facility parking.
  - C. CONTRACTOR will be responsible for all additional required storage/staging and parking off site at no charge to the Department.

PART 2	PRODUCTS	Not Used
PART 3	EXECUTION	Not used

END OF SECTION

#### SECTION 01020 INTENT OF DOCUMENTS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

A. Explanation of intent and terminology of the Construction Documents.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Document 00700 General Conditions: Article 1 Definitions relating to 'Drawings' and 'Specifications'.
- B. Document 00700 General Conditions: Article 3 Contract Documents relating to Intent, Amending, and Reuse.

#### 1.03 SPECIFICATION FORMAT AND COMPOSITION

- A. Specifications are divided into Divisions and Sections for the convenience of writing and using. Titles are not intended to imply a particular trade jurisdiction. DEPARTMENT is not bound to define the limits of any subcontract, and will not enter into disputes between the CONTRACTOR and his employees, including Subcontractors.
- B. Pages are numbered independently for each Section, and recorded in the Table of Contents. Section number is shown with the page number at the bottom of each page. The end of each Section of the specifications is ended by "End of Section". It is CONTRACTOR'S responsibility to verify that Contract Documents received for bidding and/or construction are complete in accordance with Table of Contents.
- C. The language employed in the Contract Documents is addressed directly to the CONTRACTOR. Imperative or indicative language is generally employed throughout and requirements expressed are the mandatory responsibility of the CONTRACTOR, even though the work specified may be accomplished by specialty subcontractors engaged by the CONTRACTOR. References to third parties in this regard shall not be interpreted in any way as to relieve the CONTRACTOR of his or her responsibility under this Contract.
- D. These Specifications are of the abbreviated, or "streamlined" type, and may include incomplete sentences.
- E. Omissions of words or phrases such as "the CONTRACTOR shall," "in conformity therewith," "shall be," "as noted on the Drawings," "according to the Drawings," "a," "an," "the" and "all" are intentional.
- F. Omitted words or phrases shall be supplied by inference in the same manner as they are when a "note" occurs on the Drawings.

### 1.04 DRAWINGS: CONTENT EXPLANATION

- A. Drawings, Dimensions and Measurements.
  - 1. Contract Documents do not purport to describe in detail, absolute and complete construction information. In some instances drawings are diagrammatic.

- 2. CONTRACTOR shall provide verification of actual site conditions and shall provide complete and operational systems as specified when drawings do not provide full detail.
- 3. Where on any of the Drawings a portion of the work is drawn out and the remainder is indicated in outline, the parts drawn out shall apply also to all other portions of the Work.
- 4. Wherever a detail is referenced and developed for a specific condition, same or similar detail shall apply to identical or similar conditions elsewhere on Project even though not specifically referenced.
- 5. Where the word "similar" occurs on the Drawings, it shall be interpreted in its general sense and not as meaning identical, all details shall be worked out in relation to their location and their connection with other parts of the work.
- 6. The figured dimensions on the Drawings or notes indicating dimensions shall be used instead of measurements of the Drawings by scale.
- 7. No scale measurements shall be used as a dimension to work with except on "full size" Drawings not dimensioned.

#### 1.05 COMMON TERMINOLOGY

- A. Certain items used generally throughout the Specifications and Drawings are used as follows:
  - Indicated: The term "indicated" is a cross reference to details, notes or schedules on the Drawings, other paragraphs or schedules in the Specifications, and similar means of recording requirements in the Contract Documents. Where terms such as "shown", "noted", "schedules", and "specified" are used in lieu of "indicate", it is for the purpose of helping the reader accomplish the cross reference, and no limitation of location is intended except as specifically noted.
  - 2. Installer: The person or entity engaged by CONTRACTOR, his Subcontractor or sub-subcontractor for the performance of a particular unit of Work at the Project site, including installation, erection, application and similar required operations. It is a general requirement that installers be recognized experts in the work they are engaged to perform.
  - 3. Furnish: Except as otherwise defined in greater detail, the term "furnish" is used to mean"...supply and deliver to the Project site, ready for unpacking, assembly and installation..."
  - 4. Provide: Except to the extent further defined, the term "provide" means to furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use.
  - 5. Guarantee and Warranty: "Warranty" is generally used in conjunction with products manufactured or fabricated away from the Project site, and "guarantee" is generally used in conjunction with units of work which require both products and substantial amounts of labor at the Project site. The resulting difference is that warranties are frequently issued by manufacturers, and guarantees are generally issued by CONTRACTOR and frequently supported (partially) by product warranties from manufacturers.

#### 1.06 CONFLICTS

A. Report any conflicts to Contracting Officer for clarification.

Sitka Pioneer Home Bathing Suite Renovations ANC 24-12C

PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

#### SECTION - 01027 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

A. Procedures for preparation and submittal of Applications for Payment.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Document 00510 Construction Contract Contract Form 06D-10a and Bid Schedule: Method of Payment and Contract Price and Amounts of Liquidated Damages.
- B. Document 00700 General Conditions: Progress Payments, and Final Payment.
- C. Section 00800 Supplementary Conditions to General Conditions of the Construction Contract for Buildings: SC-11.2 and SC-11.8.
- D. Section 01300 Submittals: Procedures, Schedule of Values .
- E. Section 01700 Contract Closeout: Closeout Procedures.

#### 1.03 FORMAT

A. Application for Payment form in format approved by the DEPARTMENT.

#### 1.04 PREPARATION OF APPLICATIONS

- A. Type required information on Application for Payment form approved by DEPARTMENT.
- B. Execute certification by original signature of authorized officer upon each copy of the Application for Payment.
- C. Submit names of individuals authorized to be responsible for information submitted on application for payment.
- D. Indicate breakdown of costs for each item of the Work on accepted schedule of values. Provide dollar value in each column for each line item for portion of Work performed and for stored products.
- E. List each authorized Change Order as an extension on continuation sheet, listing Change Order number and dollar amount as for an original item of Work.
- F. Prepare Application for Final Payment as specified in Section 01700.

#### 1.05 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. Submit two copies of each Application for Payment at times stipulated in Contract.
- B. Submit under transmittal letter specified in Section 01300.

### 1.06 SUBSTANTIATING DATA

- A. When DEPARTMENT requires substantiating information, submit data justifying line item amounts in question.
- B. Substantiating data required under 7.12.3 and 7.12.4 shall be submitted (or updated) when the Application for Payment includes a current request for payment on an item of Work required to include Alaska "agricultural/wood" products.
- C. Provide one copy of data with cover letter for each copy of Application. Show Application number and date, and line item by number and description.

### 1.07 SUBMITTALS WITH APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT

- A. Submit the following with each Application for Payment.
  - 1. Updated construction schedule as required by Section 01300 Submittals.
  - 2. Updated Schedule of Values as required by Section 01300 Submittals: Schedule of Values.
  - 3. The contractor's as-builts will be reviewed prior to approving each application for payment.

PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

END OF SECTION

#### SECTION 01028 CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

A. Procedures for processing Change Orders.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Document 00312 Bid Schedule: Total amount bid for lump sum items
- B. Document 00510 Contract Form: Total amount of Contract Price, as awarded
- C. Document 00700 General Conditions: Governing requirements for changes in the Work, in Contract Price, and Contract Time.
- D. Document 00800 Supplementary Conditions: Modifications to Document 00700 General Conditions.
- E. Section 01027 Applications for Payment.
- F. Section 01300 Submittals: Construction Progress Schedules, Schedule of Values.
- G. Section 01600 Material and Equipment: Product Options, Substitutions.
- H. Section 01700 Contract Closeout: Project Record Documents.

#### 1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit name of the individual authorized to accept changes, and to be responsible for informing others in CONTRACTOR's employ of changes in the Work.
- B. Change Order Forms will be prepared by the DEPARTMENT.

#### 1.04 DOCUMENTATION OF CHANGE IN CONTRACT PRICE AND CONTRACT TIME

- A. Maintain detailed records of work done on a Cost of the Work plus a Fee basis. Provide full information required for evaluation of proposed changes, and to substantiate costs of changes in the Work. Incomplete or unsubstantiated costs will be disallowed.
- B. CONTRACTOR shall submit a complete, detailed, itemized cost breakdown addressing impact on Contract Time and Contract Price with each proposal.
- C. On request, provide additional data to support computations:
  - 1. Quantities of products, labor, and equipment.
  - 2. Taxes, insurance and bonds.
  - 3. Overhead and profit.

- 4. Justification for any change in Contract Time.
- 5. Credit for deletions from Contract, similarly documented.
- D. Support each claim for additional costs, and for work done on a cost of the Work plus a Fee basis, with additional information:
  - 1. Origin and date of claim.
  - 2. Dates and times work was performed, and by whom.
  - 3. Time records and wage rates paid.
  - 4. Invoices and receipts for products, equipment, and subcontracts, similarly documented.

### 1.05 PRELIMINARY PROCEDURES

- A. DEPARTMENT may submit a Proposal Request which includes: Detailed description of change with supplementary or revised Drawings and Specifications, the projected time for executing the change, with a stipulation of any overtime work required, and the period of time during which the requested price will be considered valid.
- B. CONTRACTOR may initiate a change by submittal of a request to DEPARTMENT describing the proposed change with a statement of the reason for the change, and the effect on Contract Price and Contract Time with full documentation.
- 1.06 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE AUTHORIZATION
  - A. Shall be in accordance with Article 9 Changes: in Document 00700 General Conditions.
- 1.07 FIXED PRICE CHANGE ORDER
  - A. CONTRACTOR shall submit an itemized price proposal in sufficient detail to fully explain the basis for the proposal. Attach invoices and receipts for products, equipment, subcontracts and as requested by the DEPARTMENT. CONTRACTOR and the DEPARTMENT shall then negotiate an equitable price (and time adjustment if appropriate) in good faith. The Change Order will reflect the results of those negotiations. If negotiations break down CONTRACTOR may be directed to perform the work under COST OF THE WORK CHANGE ORDER.

### 1.08 UNIT PRICE CHANGE ORDER

- A. For pre-determined Unit Prices and quantities, Change Order will be executed on a lump sum basis.
- B. For unit costs or quantities of units of Work which are not predetermined, execute Work under a Directive. Changes in Contract Price or Contract Time will be computed as specified for cost of the Work plus fee via Change Order.
- 1.09 COST OF THE WORK CHANGE ORDER
  - A. CONTRACTOR shall submit documentation required in 1.04 on a daily basis for certification by the Project Manager. Project Manager will indicate by signature that the submitted documentation is acceptable.

B. After completion of the change and within 14 Calendar Days, unless extended by the Project Manager, the CONTRACTOR shall submit in final form an itemized account with support data of all costs. Support data shall have been certified by the Project Manager, as required above in paragraph A.

### 1.10 EXECUTION OF CHANGE ORDERS

A. DEPARTMENT will issue Change Orders for signatures of parties as provided in Conditions of the Contract.

### 1.11 CORRELATION OF CONTRACTOR SUBMITTALS

- A. Promptly revise Schedule of Values and Application for Payment forms to record each authorized Change Order as a separate line item and adjust the Contract Price as shown on Change Order.
- B. Promptly revise progress schedules to reflect any change in Contract Time, revise subschedules to adjust times for other items of Work affected by the change, and resubmit.
- C. Promptly enter changes in project record documents.

PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

END OF SECTION

#### SECTION 01040 COORDINATION

#### PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED
  - A. Coordination of Work of Contract.
- 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS
  - A. Section 01010 Summary of Work.
  - B. Section 01045 Cutting and Patching.
  - C. Section 01200 Project Meetings.
  - D. Section 01600 Material and Equipment: Substitutions.
  - E. Section 10701 Contract Closeout Procedures.

### 1.03 DESCRIPTION

- A. Coordinate scheduling, submittals, and work of the various sections of Specifications to assure efficient and orderly sequence of installation of construction elements, with provisions for accommodating items to be installed later.
- B. Coordinate sequence of Work to accommodate Using Agency occupancy as specified in Section 01005.

### 1.04 MEETINGS

A. Coordinate sequence of Work to accommodate Using Agency occupancy as specified in Section 01005.

#### 1.05 COORDINATION OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Schedule and coordinate submittals specified in Section 01300.
- B. Coordinate Work of various sections having interdependent responsibilities for installing connecting to, and placing in service, such equipment.
- C. Coordinated requests for substitutions to assure compatibility of space, of operating elements, and effect on Work of other sections.

#### 1.06 COORDINATION OF SPACE

- A. Coordinate use of Project space and sequence of installation of mechanical and electrical Work which is indicated diagrammatically on Drawings. Follow routings shown for pipes, ducts, and conduits as closely as practicable, with due allowance for available physical space; make runs parallel with lines of building. Utilize space efficiently to maximize accessibility for other installations, for maintenance, and for repairs.
- B. In finished areas, except as otherwise shown, conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in the construction. Coordinate locations of fixtures and outlets with finish elements.

### 1.07 COORDINATION OF CONTRACT CLOSEOUT

- A. Coordinate completion and cleanup of Work of separate sections in preparation for Substantial Completion.
- B. After Using Agency occupancy of premises, coordinate access to site by various sections for correction of Defective Work and Work not in accordance with Contract Documents, to minimize disruption of Using Agency activities.
- C. Assemble and coordinate close submittal specified in Section 01701.

PART 2 PRODUCTS	Not Used
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PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

END OF SECTION

#### SECTION 01045 CUTTING AND PATCHING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Requirements and limitations for cutting and patching of Work.
- 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS
  - A. Section 01005 Administrative Provisions
  - B. Section 01010 Summary of Work.
  - C. Section 01600 Materials and Equipment: Substitutions.
  - D. Individual Specifications Sections:
    - 1. Cutting and patching incidental to Work of the section.
    - 2. Advance notification to other sections of openings required in Work of those sections.
    - 3. Limitations on cutting structural members.

### 1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit written request in advance of cutting or alteration which affects:
  - 1. Structural integrity of any element of Project.
  - 2. Integrity of weather-exposed or moisture-resistant element.
  - 3. Efficiency, maintenance, or safety of any operational element.
  - 4. Visual qualities of sight-exposed elements.
  - 5. Work of DEPARTMENT or separate Contractor.
- B. Include in request:
  - 1. Identification of Project and DEPARTMENT's Project number.
  - 2. Location and description of affected Work.
  - 3. Necessity for cutting or alteration.
  - 4. Description of proposed Work, and products to be used.
  - 5. Alternatives to cutting and patching.
  - 6. Effect on Work of DEPARTMENT or separate Contractor.
  - 7. Written permission of affected separate Contractor.
  - 8. Date and time Work will be executed.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Those required for original installation.
- B. For any change in materials, submit request for substitution under provisions of Section 01600.

### 3.01 GENERAL

- A. Execute cutting, fitting, and patching to complete Work, and to:
  - 1. Fit the several parts together, to integrate with other Work.
  - 2. Uncover Work to install ill-timed Work.
  - 3. Remove and replace non-conforming and Defective Work.
  - 4. Remove samples of installed Work for testing.
  - 5. Provide openings in elements of Work for penetrations of mechanical and electrical Work.

#### 3.02 INSPECTION

- A. Inspect existing conditions, including elements subject to damage or movement during cutting and patching.
- B. Notify the Department immediately of any suspected hazardous materials.
- C. After uncovering, inspect conditions affecting performance of work.
- D. Beginning of cutting or patching means acceptance of existing conditions.

#### 3.03 PREPARATION

- A. Provide supports to assure structural integrity of surroundings; devices and methods to protect other portions of Project from damage.
- B. Provide protection from elements for areas which may be exposed by uncovering Work; maintain excavations free of water.

#### 3.04 PERFORMANCE

- A. Execute Work by methods to avoid damage to other Work, and which will provide proper surfaces to receive patching and finishing.
- B. Cut rigid materials using masonry saw or core drill. Pneumatic tools not allowed without prior approval. Cutting structural reinforcement with heat is strictly forbidden without prior written approval.
- C. Restore Work with new products in accordance with requirements of Contract Documents.
- D. Fit Work tightly to pipes, sleeves, ducts, conduit, and other penetrations through surfaces.
- E. At penetrations of fire-rated wall, ceiling, or floor construction, completely seal voids with fire-rated material, full thickness of the construction element or in accordance with listed U.L. assembly requirements.
- F. Refinish surfaces to match adjacent finishes. For continuous surfaces, refinish to nearest intersection; for an assembly, refinish entire unit.

#### END OF SECTION

### SECTION 01073 EXPLANATIONS: DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

A. Explanation of terminology used within the Drawings and Specifications.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01005 Administrative Provisions
- B. Section 01010 Summary of Work
- C. Section 01020 Intent of Documents

#### 1.3 SPECIFICATION FORMAT AND COMPOSITION

- A. Specifications are divided into Divisions and Sections for the convenience of writing and using. Titles are not intended to imply a particular meaning or to fully describe the Work of each Division or Section, and are not an integral part of the text that specifies the requirements. Contracting Officer is not bound to define the limits of any subcontract, and will not enter into disputes between the Contractor and his employees, including subcontractors.
- B. Pages are numbered independently for each Section. Section number is shown with the page number at the bottom of each page. "End of Section" is noted on the last page of each Section. It is Contractor's responsibility to verify that Contract Documents received for bidding and construction are complete in accordance with Table of Contents.
- C. These Specifications are of the abbreviated, or "streamlined" type, and include incomplete sentences.
- D. Omissions of words or phrases such as "the Contractor shall," "in conformity therewith," "shall be," "as noted on the Drawings," "according to the Drawings," "a," "an," "the" and "all" are intentional.
- E. Omitted words or phrases shall be supplied by inference in the same manner as they are when a "note" occurs on the Drawings.

#### 1.4 DRAWINGS: CONTENT EXPLANATION

- A. Where on any of the Drawings a portion of the Work is drawn out and the remainder is indicated in outline, the parts drawn out shall apply also to all other portions of the Work.
- B. Wherever a detail is referenced and developed for a specific condition, same or similar detail shall apply to identical or similar conditions elsewhere on Project even though not specifically referenced.
- C. Where the word "similar" occurs on the Drawings, it shall be interpreted in its general sense and not as meaning identical, all details shall be worked out in relation to their location and their connection with other parts of the Work.
- D. The figured dimensions on the Drawings or notes indicating dimensions shall be used instead of measurements of the Drawings by scale. No scale measurements shall be used as a dimension.
- E. Provide piping, ductwork, equipment, and accessories indicated on the Drawings unless it is specifically indicated that the piping, ductwork, equipment, or accessory is existing.
- F. Unless otherwise indicated, abbreviations and symbols used in the Drawings and Specifications are intended to have the meaning commonly accepted in the construction industry. Contact the Contracting Officer for definition if any question arises concerning them.
- G. Certain items used generally throughout the Specifications and Drawings are used as follows:
  - <u>Indicated:</u> The term "indicated" is a cross reference to details, notes or schedules on the Drawings, other paragraphs or schedules in the Specifications, and similar means of recording requirements in the Contract Documents. Where terms such as "shown", "noted", "schedules", and "specified" are used in lieu of "indicate", it is for the purpose of helping the reader accomplish the cross reference, and no limitation of location is intended except as specifically noted.
  - 2. <u>Installer:</u> The person or entity engaged by Contractor, his subcontractor or subsubcontractor for the performance of a particular unit of work at the Project site, including installation, erection, application, and similar required operations. It is a general requirement that installers be recognized experts in the Work they are engaged to perform.
  - 3. <u>Provide:</u> Except to the extent further defined, the term "provide" means to supply and install, complete and ready for the intended use.
  - 4. <u>Furnish:</u> Except as otherwise defined in greater detail, the term "furnish" is used to mean the same as "provide".
  - 5. <u>Guarantee and Warranty:</u> "Warranty" is generally used in conjunction with products manufactured or fabricated away from the Project site, and "guarantee" is generally used in conjunction with units of work which require both products and substantial amounts of labor at the Project site. The resulting difference is that warranties are frequently issued by manufacturers, and guarantees are generally issued by Contractor and frequently supported (partially) by product warranties from manufacturers.
  - 6. <u>Work:</u> Work is the act of, and the result of, performing services, furnishing labor, furnishing and incorporating materials and equipment into the Project and performing other duties and obligations, all as required by the Contract Documents. Such Work, however incremental, shall culminate in the entire completed Project, or the various separately identifiable parts thereof.
  - 7. <u>Contracting Officer:</u> Contracting Officer means Contracting Officer or Contracting Officer's Representative.

## 1.5 CONFLICTS

A. Report any conflicts to Contracting Officer for clarification.

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PART 2 PRODUCTS [Not Used]

PART 3 EXECUTION [Not Used]

## SECTION 01090 REFERENCE STANDARDS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Quality Assurance.
- B. Applicability of Reference Standards.
- C. Provision of Reference Standards at site.
- D. Acronyms used in Contract Documents for Reference Standards. Source of Reference Standards.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Document 00700 - General Conditions: Paragraph 3.4.2.

#### 1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. For products or workmanship specified by association, trade, or Federal Standards, comply with requirements of the standard, except when more rigid requirements are specified or are required by applicable codes.
- B. The date of the standard is that in effect as of the Project Advertisement date, or Effective Date of the Contract when there was no Advertisement, except when a specific date is specified.
- C. When required by an individual Specification section, obtain copy of standard. Maintain copy at site during submittals, planning, and progress of the specific Work, until Final Completion.
- D. Should specified reference standards conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from the Architect/Engineer before proceeding. Local code requirements, where more stringent than referenced standards, shall govern.
- E. Neither the contractual relationship, duties, nor responsibilities of the parties in Contract nor those of the Architect/Engineer shall be altered by the Contract Documents by mention or inference otherwise in any reference document.

#### 1.04 SCHEDULE OF REFERENCES

AA	Aluminum Association 818 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20006
AABC	Associated Air Balance Council 1000 Vermont Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20005
AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials 444 North Capitol Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20001
ACI	American Concrete Institute Box 19150 Reford Station Detroit, MI 48219

ADC	Air Diffusion Council 230 North Michigan Avenue Chicago, IL 60601
AGC	Associated General Contractors America 1957 E Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20006
AI	Asphalt Institute Asphalt Institute Building College Park, MD 20740
AITC	American Institute of Timber Construction 333 W. Hampden Avenue Englewood, CO 80110
AISC	American Institute of Steel Construction 400 North Michigan Avenue Eighth Floor Chicago, IL 60611
AISI	American iron and Steel Institute 1000 16th Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20036
AMCA	Air Movement and Control Association 30 West University Drive Arlington Heights, IL 60004
ANSI	American National Standards Institute 1430 Broadway New York, NY 10018
APA	American Plywood Association Box 11700 Tacoma, WA 98411
ARI	Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute 1815 North Fort Myer Drive Arlington, VA 22209
ASHRAE	American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers 1791 Tullie Circle, N.E. Atlanta, GA 30329
ASME ASPA	American Society of Mechanical Engineers 345 East 47th Street New York, NY 10017 American Sod Producers Association
	Association Building Ninth and Minnesota Hastings, NE 68901

ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials 1916 Race Street Philadelphia, PA 19103
AWWA	American Water Works Association 6666 West Quincy Avenue Denver, CO 80235
AWI	Architectural Woodwork Institute 2310 South Walter Reed Drive Arlington, VA 22206
AWPA	American Wood-Preservers' Association 7735 Old Georgetown Road Bethesda, MD 20014
AWS	American Welding Society 550 LeJeune Road Miami, FL 33135
CDA	Copper Development Association 57th Floor, Chrysler Building 405 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10174
CLFMI	Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute 1101 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20036
CRSI	Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute 933 Plum Grove Road Schaumburg, IL 60195
EJMA	Expansion Joint Manufacturers Association 707 Westchester Avenue White Plains, NY 10604
FGMA	Flat Glass Marketing Association 3310 Harrison White Lakes Professional Building Topeka, KS 66611
FM	Factory Mutual System 1151 Boston-Providence Turnpike Norwood, MA 02062
FS	Federal Specification General Services Administration Specifications and Consumer Information Distribution Section (WFSIS) Washington Navy Yard, Building 197 Washington, DC 20407

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ANC 24-12C	GA	Gypsum Association 1603 Orrington Avenue Evanston, IL 60201		
	IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers 345 East 47th Street New York, NY 10017		
	IMIAC	International Masonry Industry All-Weather Council International Masonry Institute 815 15th Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005		
	MFMA	Maple Flooring Manufacturers Association 2400 East Devon Suite 205 Des Plaines, IL 60018		
	MIL	Military Specification Naval Publications and Forms Center 5801 Tabor Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19120		
	ML/SFA	Metal Lath/Steel Framing Association Metal Manufacturers 221 North LaSalle Street Chicago, IL 60601		
	NAAMM	National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacture 221 North LaSalle Street Chicago, IL 60601	rs	
	NEBB	National Environmental Balancing Bureau 8224 Old Courthouse Road Vienna, VA 22180		
	NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers' Association 2101 L Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20037		
	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association Battery March Park Quincy, MA 02269		
	NFPA	National Forest Products Association 1619 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20036		
	NSWMA	National Solid Wastes Management Association 1120 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20036		
	NTMA	National Terrazzo and Mosiac Association 3166 Des Plaines Avenue Des Plaines, IL 60018		

PCA	Portland Cement Association 5420 Old Orchard Road Skokie, IL 60077
PCI	Prestressed Concrete Institute 201 North Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606
PS	Product Standard U.S. Department of Commerce Washington, DC 20203
RIS	Redwood Inspection Service One Lombard Street San Francisco, CA 94111
RCSHSB	Red Cedar Shingle and Handsplit Shake Bureau 515 116th Avenue Bellevue, WA 98004
SDI	Steel Deck Institute Box 3812 St. Louis, MO 63122
SDI	Steel Door Institute 712 Lakewood Center North Cleveland, OH 44107
SIGMA	Sealed Insulating Glass Manufacturers Association 111 East Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60601
SJI	Steel Joist Institute 1703 Parham Road Suite 204 Richmond, VA 23229
SMACNA	Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association 8224 Old Court House Road Vienna, VA 22180
SSPC	Steel Structures Painting Council 4400 Fifth Avenue Pittsburgh, PA 15213
TAS	Technical Aids Series Construction Specifications Institute 601 North Madison Street Alexandria, VA 22314
TCA	Tile Council of America, Inc. Box 326 Princeton, NJ 08540

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- UL Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. 333 Pfingston Road Northbrook, IL 60062
  - WCLIB West Cost Lumber Inspection Bureau Box 23145 Portland, OR 97223
- PART 2 PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 EXECUTION (Not Used)

# SECTION 01120 ALTERATION PROJECT PROCEDURES

## PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED
  - A. Procedural requirements.
  - B. Rehabilitation and renovation of existing spaces and materials.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01005 Administrative Provisions
- B. Section 01010 Summary of Work
- C. Section 01045 Cutting and Patching

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.01 PRODUCTS FOR PATCHING AND EXTENDING WORK

- A. New Materials: As specified in individual Specification Sections.
- B. Match existing products and work for patching and extending Work.
- C. Determine type and quality of existing products by inspection and any necessary testing, and workmanship by use of existing as a standard. Presence of a product, finish, or type of Work, requires that patching, extending, or matching shall be performed as necessary to make Work complete and consistent with existing quality and Contract Documents.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.01 GENERAL

- A. Remove existing work, materials and items as indicated on the Drawings, as required by job site conditions, as scheduled, and as specified herein, to accomplish new Work and alteration in the existing building.
- B. Remove work carefully and only to the extent required for the final Work. Minimize damage to adjacent materials.
- C. When portions of existing conditions are shown, it is not meant to indicate that all existing conditions are shown.
- D. Patch existing surfaces which are made defective in appearance or function by the execution of Work.
- E. Cut rigid materials using masonry saw or core drill. Pneumatic tools and electric hammers are not permitted.
- F. Conduct all operations with a minimum of noise.
- G. Take reasonable and adequate precautions to protect the Owner's property from

damage during demolition Work, moving of debris, and damage by the elements. Restore any damage to Owner property due to the aforesaid work or replace in a manner satisfactory to the Contracting Officer.

- H. Provide and maintain suitable barricades, shelters, lights, and danger signals during the progress of the Work. Provide barricades meeting the requirements of the applicable building codes. Assume the responsibility of barriers to completion of Contract and remove at completion of Contract.
- I. Locate penetrations to avoid structural members.

## 3.02 INSPECTION

- A. Verify that demolition is complete, and areas are ready for installation of new Work.
- B. Beginning of restoration Work means acceptance of existing conditions.

## 3.03 PREPARATION

- A. Plan all work in advance, informing Contracting Officer of procedure and schedule.
- B. Verify existing conditions affecting Work including existing sizes and materials indicated prior to beginning Work or ordering materials that are affected by existing conditions. Notify Contracting Officer of conflicts in writing.
- C. Erect dust-proof partitions where demolition work is in progress and as directed. Such partitions shall remain in place until their removal is directed.
- D. Where openings are to be cut in existing structures, cut such openings with care. Where materials, equipment, frames, etc., are to be removed, remove such items with care to minimize damage to adjacent materials.
- E. Cut, move, or remove items as necessary for access to alterations and renovations Work; replace and restore at completion.
- F. Cut pockets, openings, chases, depressions, etc., to install or allow for installation of materials or equipment.
- G. Remove from site unsuitable material not marked for salvage, such as rotted wood, rusted metals, and deteriorated masonry and concrete; replace materials as specified for finished Work.
- H. Remove from site, including concealed spaces, debris and abandoned items resulting from demolition operations from the site promptly. No accumulation of debris will be permitted.
- I. Prepare surfaces and remove surface finishes to provide for proper installation of new Work and new finishes.
- J. Close openings in exterior surfaces to protect existing work and salvage items from weather and extremes of temperature and humidity. Insulate ductwork and piping to prevent condensation in exposed areas.

## 3.04 INSTALLATION

A. Coordinate Work of alterations and renovations to expedite completion and to accommodate Owner occupancy. Remove, cut, and patch Work in a manner to

minimize damage and to provide means of restoring products and finishes to original condition.

- B. Refinish visible existing surfaces to remain in renovated rooms and spaces with a neat transition to adjacent new finishes.
- C. In addition to specified replacement of equipment restore existing mechanical and electrical systems to full operational condition.
- D. Install products as specified in individual Specification Sections.

## 3.05 TRANSITIONS

- A. Where new Work abuts or aligns with existing, make a smooth and even transition. Patched Work shall match existing adjacent work in texture and appearance.
- B. When finished surfaces are cut so that a smooth transition with new Work is not possible, terminate existing surface along a straight line at a natural line of division and make recommendation to Contracting Officer.

#### 3.06 ADJUSTMENTS

- A. Where removal of partitions results in adjacent spaces becoming one, rework floors, walls, and ceilings to a smooth plane without breaks, steps, or bulkheads. Where a change of plane of 1/4 inch or more occurs, submit recommendation for providing a smooth transition for Contracting Officer review.
- B. Trim existing doors as necessary to clear new floor finishes; refinish trimmed areas.
- C. Fit Work at penetrations of surfaces as specified in Sections 01005 and 01045.

## 3.07 REPAIR OF DAMAGED SURFACES

- A. Patch or replace portions of existing surfaces which are disturbed, damaged, or otherwise made defective in appearance or function by the execution of Work under this Contract. Restore to original condition.
- B. Repair substrate prior to patching finish.

#### 3.08 FINISHES

- A. Finish surfaces as specified in individual Sections.
- B. Finish patches to produce uniform finish and texture over entire area. When finish cannot be matched, refinish entire surface to nearest intersections.

## 3.09 CLEANING

- A. In addition to cleaning specified in Section 01500, clean Owner occupied areas of Work daily.
- B. After the demolition Work in any area is completed, clean the area before new construction is started.

# SECTION 01126 CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION OF SUBCONTRACTS

## PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

A. Procedures for preparing, submitting and accepting subcontracts.

## 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Document 00100 Instructions to Bidders, Requirements of Apparent Low Bidder
- B. Document 00430 Subcontractor List
- C. Document 00700 General Conditions: Paragraph 6.13.1, Subcontractor Certification and Approval
- D. Section 01300 Submittals: Procedures

#### 1.03 PREPARATION OF CERTIFICATION

- A. Certification Forms: Use only forms provided by DEPARTMENT.
- B. CONTRACTOR to prepare certification form in accordance with the instructions on the reverse side of form. Multiple subcontracts may be included under a single submittal. Where required, attach additional information -- cross referenced to the appropriate Subcontract -- to the certification form.
- C. Substitute certification forms will not be considered.
- 1.04 SUBMITTAL OF CERTIFICATION
  - A. CONTRACTOR shall submit the initial and all subsequent certification form(s) in accordance with the submittal requirements identified under paragraph 1.02.D, previous.

#### 1.05 CONSIDERATION OF CERTIFICATION

- A. Following receipt of submittal and within a reasonable period of time DEPARTMENT shall review for each of the following:
  - 1. Completeness of forms and attachments
  - 2. Proper execution (signatures) of forms and attachments
- B. Submittals which are not complete or not properly executed will be returned to the CONTRACTOR under a transmittal letter denoting the deficiencies found. CONTRACTOR shall correct and resubmit per paragraph 1.04, previous.
- C. SUBCONTRACTORS WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED ON SITE.
- D. Payment will not be made for work performed by a non-certified subcontractor.

# 1.06 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF CERTIFICATION

A. Submittals which have been examined by the DEPARTMENT and are determined to be complete and properly executed shall be acknowledged as such by the Department's project Manager on the approval line of the certification form.

PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

## SECTION 01200 PROJECT MEETINGS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED
  - A. CONTRACTOR participation in preconstruction conferences.
  - B. CONTRACTOR administration of progress meetings.
- 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS
  - A. Document 00120 Supplementary Instructions to Bidders: Pre-Bid Conference.
  - B. Section 01010 Summary of Work: Coordination.
  - C. Section 01300 Submittals: Construction Progress Schedules, Shop drawings, Product data, and Samples.
  - D. Section 01400 Quality Control.
  - E. Section 01700 Contract Closeout: Project Record Documents, Operation and Maintenance Data.
- 1.03 PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCES.
  - A. DEPARTMENT will administer preconstruction conference for execution of Contract and exchange of preliminary submittals and review of administrative procedures.
  - B. DEPARTMENT will administer site mobilization conference at Project site for clarification of CONTRACTOR responsibilities in use of site and coordination with Using Agency for occupancy throughout the duration of the work. CONTRACTOR shall provide the detailed written work plan in preparation for this meeting.
- 1.04 PROGRESS MEETINGS
  - A. Contractor shall schedule and administer weekly Project meetings throughout progress of the Work (unless this requirement is waived by the Project Manager), and other meetings as required to coordinate work, and preinstallation conferences.
  - B. Attendance: Job superintendent, major Subcontractors and Suppliers; DEPARTMENT and Consultants as appropriate to agenda topics for each meeting.
  - C. Minimum Required Agenda: Review of Work progress, status of progress schedule and adjustments thereto, Work anticipated in the next week, delivery schedules, submittals, maintenance of quality standards, pending changes and substitutions, and other items affecting progress of Work.

PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

# SECTION 01300 SUBMITTALS

# PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Procedures.
- B. Construction Progress Schedules.
- C. Schedule of Values.
- D. Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples.
- E. Field Samples.

# 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01010 Summary of Work.
- B. Section 01027 Applications for Payment.
- C. Section 01400 Quality Control: Manufacturers' Field Services, Testing Laboratory Services.
- D. Section 01600 Material and Equipment: Products List.
- E. Section 01700 Contract Closeout: Closeout Procedures.

## 1.03 PROCEDURES

- A. Deliver submittals to DEPARTMENT as directed.
- B. Transmit each item under DEPARTMENT accepted form. Identify Project, CONTRACTOR, Subcontractor, Major Supplier, identify pertinent Drawing sheet and detail number, and Specification section number, as appropriate. Identify deviations from Contract Documents by submitting a DEPARTMENT supplied Substitution Request Form. Provide a minimum of 8 1/2" x 5 1/2" blank space on the front page for CONTRACTOR, and Consultant review stamps.
- C. Submit initial progress schedules and Schedule of Values in five copies in accordance with paragraph SC6.6 of Document 00800 Supplementary Conditions prior to submitting first Application for Payment. Form and content shall be reviewed by the DEPARTMENT. After review by DEPARTMENT revise and resubmit as required. Submit subsequent updated schedules (10) days prior to each Application for Payment.
- D. Comply with progress schedule for submittals related to Work progress. Coordinate submittal of related items.
- E. After DEPARTMENT review of submittal, revise and resubmit as required, identifying changes made since previous submittal. Provide total number of submittals as required for the first submission, if 6 are required and 4 were returned for revisions, submit 6 again. The DEPARTMENT and Consultants will not return the first or revised copies of rejected submittals for re-use. DO NOT submit partial copies of submittals for incorporation into rejected submittal packages which have been kept by the DEPARTMENT and/or Consultants. Provide COMPLETE copies for each review.
- F. If drawings, product submittals, samples, mock-ups, or other required submittals are incomplete or not properly submitted, the DEPARTMENT will not review the submittal

and will immediately return submittal to CONTRACTOR. DEPARTMENT will review a submittal no more than three times (incomplete or improper submittals count as one). <u>CONTRACTOR shall pay all review costs associated with more than three reviews, unless a resubmittal is required due to new comments addressing previously submitted information.</u>

## 1.04 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS SCHEDULES

- A. Submit horizontal bar Gantt chart (see below for electronic version requirements). Schedule shall show:
  - 1. Separate bar for each major trade or operation, identifying the duration of each activity and precedent activities.
  - 2. Complete sequence of construction by activity, identifying Work of separate stages and other logically grouped activities. Show each work plan and separate work area as a separate activity or group of activities.
  - 3. Submittal dates for required for Shop Drawings, product data, and samples, and product delivery dates, including those furnished by DEPARTMENT and those under allowances.
  - 4. All required submittals and indicating the date for each required submittal.
  - 5. Show projected percentages of completion for each item of Work and submittal as of time of each Application for Progress Payment. See below for electronic version requirements.
  - ELECTRONIC VERSION: REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS WHEN THE ORIGINAL CONTRACT AMOUNT IS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN \$500,000.00. Submit Progress Schedule plotted on paper no larger than 24" x 36" and no smaller than 8 1/2" x 11" from the electronic program. Provide in electronic form on CD for IBM and compatible using Microsoft Project 2000 version 9.0. CD will not be returned by the DEPARTMENT.
  - 7. Submit Progress Schedule percentages in Tracking Gantt form plotted from and in electronic form as stated above.

# 1.05 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. FORMAT
  - 1. Form and content must be acceptable to DEPARTMENT.
  - 2. CONTRACTOR's standard form or media-driven printout will be considered on request.
  - 3. Follow table of contents of Project manual for listing component parts. Identify each line item by number and title of listed Specification sections.
- B. CONTENT
  - 1. List installed value of each major item of Work and each subcontracted item of Work as a separate line item to serve as a basis for computing values for progress payments. Round off values to nearest dollar.
  - 2. For each major subcontract, list products and operations of that subcontract as separate line items.
  - 3. Coordinate listings with progress schedule.
  - 4. Component listings shall each include a directly proportional amount of

CONTRACTOR's overhead and profit.

- 5. For items on which payments will be requested for stored products, list sub-values for cost of stored products with taxes paid.
- 6. Specific line item Values as indicated below shall be minimum acceptable amounts and must be included on all approved Schedules of Values and Applications for Payment.
  - a. <u>Section 01700 Contract Closeout. Value of all required</u> <u>Substantial Completion Submittals and Closeout Submittals shall</u> <u>be not less than \$6,500.00 (six thousand five hundred dollars).</u>
  - b. No progress payments will be made for Substantial Completion Submittals and Closeout Submittals until <u>all</u> submittals have been submitted to and accepted by the DEPARTMENT.
- 7. The sum of values listed shall equal total Contract Price.
- C. SUBMITTAL
  - 1. Submit four copies of Schedule prior to submitting the CONTRACTOR's first Application for Payment. Subsequent updated Schedule of Values shall be presented for review ten days prior to each Application for Payment.
  - 2. Transmit under DEPARTMENT accepted form transmittal letter. Identify Project by DEPARTMENT title and Project number; identify Contract by DEPARTMENT Contract number.
- D. SUBSTANTIATING DATA
  - 1. When DEPARTMENT requires substantiating information, submit data justifying line item amounts in question.
  - 2. Provide one copy of data with cover letter for each copy of the Application for Payment. Show application number and date, and line item by number and description.

## 1.06 SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES

- A. SHOP DRAWINGS:
  - 1. Present in a clear and thorough manner. Label each Shop Drawing with DEPARTMENT's Project name and Project number; identify each element of the Shop Drawings by reference to sheet number and detail, schedule, or room number of Contract Documents.
  - 2. Identify field dimensions; show relation to adjacent or critical features or Work or products.
  - 3. Minimum Sheet Size: 8-1/2"x11". Larger sheets may be submitted in multiples of 8-1/2"x11".
- B. PRODUCT DATA
  - Submit only pages which are pertinent; mark each copy of standard printed data to identify pertinent products, referenced to Specification section and Article number. Show reference standards, performance characteristics, and capacities; wiring and piping diagrams and controls; component parts; finishes; dimensions; and required clearances.
  - 2. Modify manufacturer's standard schematic drawings and diagrams to supplement standard information and to provide information specifically applicable to the Work.

Delete information not applicable.

- C. SAMPLES
  - 1. Submit full range of manufacturer's standard finishes except when more restrictive requirements are specified, indicating colors, textures, and patterns, for DEPARTMENT selection.
  - 2. Submit samples to illustrate functional characteristics of products, including parts and attachments.
  - 3. Approved samples, which may be used in the Work, are indicated in the Specification section.
  - 4. Label each sample with identification required for transmittal letter.
  - 5. Provide field samples of finishes at Project, at location acceptable to DEPARTMENT, as required by individual Specification section. Install each sample complete and finished. Acceptable finishes in place may be retained in completed Work.
- D. MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS
  - 1. When required in individual Specification Section, submit manufacturer's printed instructions for delivery, storage, assembly, installation start-up, adjusting, and finishing, in quantities specified for product data.
  - 2. Manufacturer's instructions for storage, preparation, assembly, installation, start-up, adjusting, balancing, and finishing under provisions of Section 01400.
- E. CONTRACTOR REVIEW
  - 1. Review submittals prior to transmittal; determine and verify field measurements, field construction criteria, manufacturer's catalog numbers, and conformance of submittal with requirements of Contract Documents.
  - 2. Coordinate submittals with requirements of Work and of Contract Documents.
  - 3. Sign or initial each sheet of Shop Drawings and product data, and each sample label to certify compliance with requirements of Contract Documents. Notify DEPARTMENT in writing at time of submittal, of any deviations from requirements of Contract Documents.
  - 4. Do not fabricate products or begin Work that requires submittals until return of submittal with DEPARTMENT acceptance.
- F. SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS
  - 1. Each submittal to be numbered by Specification Section and Paragraph. Revisions shall be identified by a hyphen after the paragraph, with a letter designator. Example: 1st submittal "01010 1.08A" 2nd submittal 01010 1.08A -A".
  - 2. Transmit submittals in accordance with the required submittal schedule and in such sequence to avoid delay in the Work.
  - 3. Provide 8 1/2" x 5 1/2" blank space on each submittal for CONTRACTOR and Consultant stamps.
  - 4. Apply CONTRACTOR'S stamp, signed or initialed, certifying to review, verification of products, field dimensions and field construction criteria, and coordination of information with requirements of Work and Contract Documents.
  - 5. Coordinate submittals into logical groupings to facilitate interrelation of the several items:

- a. Finishes which involve DEPARTMENT selection of colors, textures, or patterns.
- b. Associated items that require correlation for efficient function or for installation.
- 6. Submit number of opaque reproductions of shop drawings CONTRACTOR requires, plus six that will be retained by DEPARTMENT.
- 7. Submit number of copies of product data and manufacturer's instructions CONTRACTOR requires, <u>plus three copies</u>, <u>which will be retained by DEPARTMENT</u>.
- 8. Submit number of samples specified in individual Specifications sections.
- 9. Submit under DEPARTMENT accepted transmittal form letter. Identify Project by title and DEPARTMENT Project number; identify Contract by DEPARTMENT contract number. Identify Work and product by Specification section and Article number.
- 10. Each submittal shall have as its face document a completed DEPARTMENT furnished Submittal Summary form.
- 11. Each submittal shall include the manufacturer's name and address, and supplier's name, address and telephone number.
- G. RESUBMITTALS
  - After DEPARTMENT review of submittal, revise and resubmit as required, identifying changes made since previous submittal. Provide total number of submittals as required for the first submission, if 6 are required and 4 were returned for revisions, submit 6 again. The DEPARTMENT and Consultants will not return the first or revised copies of rejected submittals for re-use. DO NOT submit partial copies of submittals for incorporation into rejected submittal packages which have been kept by the DEPARTMENT and/or Consultants. Provide COMPLETE copies for each review.
- H. DEPARTMENT REVIEW
  - 1. DEPARTMENT or authorized agent will review Shop Drawings, product data, and samples and return submittals within (14) working days.
  - 2. DEPARTMENT or authorized agent will examine shop drawings for general arrangement, overall dimensions and suitability, and will return to the CONTRACTOR marked as follows;
    - "No Exceptions Taken" denotes that the submittal generally meets the requirements of the Contract Documents. "No Exceptions Taken" does not indicate a review of the CONTRACTOR's design except for general compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.
    - "Make Corrections Noted" denotes review is conditional on compliance with notes made on the submittal.
    - "Revise and Resubmit" denotes that revisions are required in the submittal in order for the submittal to be generally consistent with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Required revisions will be

identified to the CONTRACTOR.

- "Rejected" denotes that the submittal does not meet the requirements of the Contract Documents and shall not be used in the Work. Reasons for rejection will be identified to the CONTRACTOR.
- 3. Review by the DEPARTMENT of shop and erection drawings shall not be construed as a complete check, but will indicate only that the general method of construction and detailing is consistent with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Review of such drawings shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR of the responsibility for errors, dimensions, and detail design.
- 4. DEPARTMENT will require submittal of all required color and finish samples in order to approve any on color or finish.
- I. DISTRIBUTION
  - 1. Duplicate and distribute reproductions of Shop Drawings, copies of product data, and samples, which bear Consultant's stamp, to job site file, record documents file, Subcontractors, Suppliers, and other entities requiring information.
- J. SCHEDULE OF SUBMITTALS
  - 1. Submittal Register Form to be completed by CONTRACTOR and approved by DEPARTMENT prior to submittal of any items.
  - 2. Submit shop drawings, product data and samples as required for each specification section.
  - 3. Format.
    - a. Submittal schedule form as provided by DEPARTMENT.

# 1.07 FIELD SAMPLES

- A. Provide field samples of finishes at Project as required by individual Specifications section. Install sample complete and finished. Acceptable samples in place may be retained in completed Work.
- PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used
- PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

# SECTION 01400 QUALITY CONTROL

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. General Quality Control.
- B. Workmanship.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions.
- D. Manufacturer's Certificates.
- E. Mockups.
- F. Manufacturers' Field Services.
- G. Testing Laboratory Services.
- H. Departmental Inspection Services.

## 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Document 00700 General Conditions: Inspection and testing required by governing authorities.
- B. Section 01010 Summary of Work: Work Plans and Access to Facility, Individual Work Areas, and Tests required for inspection of the existing roof deck and structural members.
- C. Section 01090 Reference Standards: Applicability of Reference Standards.
- D. Section 01300 Submittals: Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples

#### 1.03 QUALITY CONTROL, GENERAL

A. Maintain quality control over Suppliers, manufacturers, products, services, site conditions, and workmanship, to produce Work of specified quality.

#### 1.04 WORKMANSHIP

- A. Comply with industry standards except when more restrictive tolerances or specified requirements indicate more rigid standards or more precise workmanship.
- B. Perform Work by persons qualified to produce workmanship of specified quality.
- C. Secure products in place with positive anchorage devices designed and sized to withstand stresses, vibration, and racking.

#### 1.05 MANUFACTURERS' INSTRUCTIONS

A. Comply with instructions in full detail, including each step in sequence. Should instructions conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from DEPARTMENT before proceeding.

## 1.06 MANUFACTURERS' CERTIFICATES

A. When required by individual Specifications section, submit manufacturer's certificate, in duplicate, that products meet or exceed specified requirements.

## 1.07 MOCKUPS

A. When required by individual Specifications section, erect complete, full-scale mockup of assembly at site, perform required tests, and remove mockup at completion, when approved by DEPARTMENT.

1.08 MANUFACTURERS' FIELD SERVICES

- A. When required by manufacturer or when specified in respective Specification sections, require manufacturer to provide qualified personnel to observe field conditions, conditions of surfaces and installation, quality of workmanship, start-up of equipment, test, adjust and balance of equipment as applicable, and to make appropriate recommendations.
- B. Require manufacturer's representative to submit written report to DEPARTMENT listing observations and recommendations.

PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

# SECTION 01600 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT

# PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Products.
- B. Transportation and Handling.
- C. Storage and Protection.
- D. Product Options.
- E. Products List.
- F. Substitutions.

# 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01005 Administrative Provisions.
- B. Section 01010 Summary of Work.
- C. Section 01090 Reference Standards.
- D. Section 01400 Quality Control: Manufacturers' Certificates.
- E. Section 01700 Contract Closeout: Closeout Procedures, Operation and Maintenance Data, Warranties, Spare Parts and Maintenance Materials.

## 1.03 PRODUCTS

- A. Products include material, equipment, and systems.
- B. Comply with Specifications and referenced standards as minimum requirements.
- C. Components required to be supplied in quantity within a Specification section shall be the same, and shall be interchangeable.
- D. Do not use materials and equipment removed from existing structure, except as specifically required, or allowed, by Contract Documents.

## 1.04 TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

- A. Transport products by methods to avoid product damage; deliver in undamaged condition in manufacturer's unopened containers or packaging, dry.
- B. Provide equipment and personnel to handle products by methods to prevent soiling or damage.
- C. Immediately on delivery, inspect shipment to assure:
  - 1. Product complies with requirements of Contract Documents and reviewed submittals.
  - 2. Quantities are correct.
  - 3. Accessories and installation hardware are correct.
  - 4. Containers and packages are intact and labels legible.
  - 5. Products are protected and undamaged.

1.05 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

## A. <u>HANDLE AND STORE MATERIALS FOR CONSTRUCTION, PRODUCTS OF</u> <u>DEMOLITION, AND OTHER ITEMS TO AVOID DAMAGE TO BUILDING.</u>

- B. Store products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, with seals and labels intact and legible. Store sensitive products in weather-tight enclosures; maintain within temperature and humidity ranges required by manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Arrange storage to provide access for inspection. Periodically inspect to assure products are undamaged, and are maintained under required conditions.
- D. Provide Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all products which may produce unpleasant or noxious odors. CONTRACTOR shall provide for adequate venting if needed.
- 1.06 OPTIONS
  - A. Products Specified by Reference Standards or by Description Only: Use any product meeting those standards.
  - B. Products Specified by Naming One or More Manufacturers with a Provision for Substitutions by meeting product description: Submit a request for substitution for any manufacturer not specifically named that meets the product description specifications.
  - C. Products Specified by Naming One or More Manufacturers followed by the term "No Substitutions": Use only specified manufacturers, no substitutions allowed.

# 1.07 PRODUCTS LIST

- A. Within 7 days after date of Notice to Proceed, transmit four copies of a list of products, which are proposed for installation, including name of manufacturer.
- B. Tabulate products by Specifications section number, title, and Article number
- C. For products specified only by reference standards, give manufacturer, trade name, model or catalog designation, and reference standards.
- D. DEPARTMENT will reply in writing within five days stating whether there is reasonable objection to listed items. Failure to object to a listed item shall not constitute a waiver of requirements of Contract Documents.

## 1.08 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. SUBSTITUTION SUBMITTAL PERIOD
  - 1. Product substitution requests will be considered only within 7 days after date established in Notice to Proceed. Subsequent requests will be considered only in case of product unavailability or other conditions beyond control of CONTRACTOR. (Submit on Substitution Request Form "B")

## B. LIMITATIONS ON SUBSTITUTIONS

- 1. **Only one request for substitution will be considered for each product** from each Prime Bidder/CONTRACTOR. When substitution is not accepted, Prime Bidder/CONTRACTOR shall provide specified product.
- 2. Substitutions will not be considered when indicated on Shop Drawings or product data submittals.
- 3. Substitute products shall not be ordered or installed without written acceptance.
- 4. DEPARTMENT will determine acceptability of substitutions.
- C. REQUESTS FOR SUBSTITUTIONS
  - 1. Submit separate request for each substitution. Document each request with

complete data substantiating compliance of proposed substitution with requirements of Contract Documents.

- 2. Identify product by Specification section and Article numbers. Provide manufacturer's name and address, trade name of product, and model or catalog number. List fabricators and Suppliers as appropriate.
- 3. Attach product data as specified in Section 01340.
- 4. List similar projects using product, dates of installation, and names of design Consultant(s) and owner.
- 5. Give itemized comparison of proposed substitution with specified product, listing variations, and reference to Specification sections and Article numbers.
- 6. Give quality and performance comparison between proposed substitution and the specified product.
- 7. Give cost data comparing proposed substitution with specified product, and amount of net change to Contract Price.
- 8. List availability of maintenance services and replacement materials.
- 9. State effect of substitution on construction schedule, and changes required in other Work or products.

# D. CONTRACTOR REPRESENTATION

- 1. Request for substitution constitutes a representation that CONTRACTOR has investigated proposed product and has determined that it is equal to or superior in all respects to specified product.
- 2. CONTRACTOR will provide same warranty for substitution as for specified product.
- 3. CONTRACTOR will coordinate installation of accepted substitute, making such changes as may be required for Work to be complete in all respects.
- 4. CONTRACTOR certifies that cost data presented is complete and includes all related costs under this Contract.
- 5. CONTRACTOR waives claims for additional costs related to substitution which may later become apparent.
- E. SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES
  - 1. Submit five copies of <u>complete</u> request for Substitution Request Form. Request to include complete product information and data, color swatch board, and certification that proposed product meets or exceeds all requirements for the specified product.
  - 2. DEPARTMENT will review CONTRACTOR's requests for substitutions within 5 days of receipt.
  - 3. After receipt of submittal, DEPARTMENT will notify CONTRACTOR, in writing, of decision to accept or reject requested substitution within 5 days.
  - 4. For accepted products, submit Shop Drawings, product data, and samples under provisions of Section 01300.

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

# SECTION 01700 CONTRACT CLOSEOUT

# PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.01 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Closeout Procedures.
- B. Final Cleaning.
- C. Project Record Documents.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data.
- E. Warranties.
- F. Spare Parts and Maintenance Materials.
- G. Maintenance Service.

# 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Document 00700 General Conditions: Fiscal provisions, legal submittals, and other administrative requirements.
- B. Section 01010 Summary of Work: Using Agency Occupancy.
- C. Section 01400 Quality Control: Departmental Inspection Services.
- D. Section 01500 Construction Facilities and Temporary Controls: Cleaning during construction.

## 1.03 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

- A. Substantial Completion and Final Completion:
  - 1. Substantial Completion:
    - a. Submit the following prior to requesting a Substantial Completion Inspection:
      - 1. Evidence of Compliance with Requirements of Governing Authorities:
        - I. Certificate of Occupancy.
        - II. Required Certificates of Inspection.
      - 2. Project Record Documents in accordance with sub section 1700-1.05
      - 3. Operation and Maintenance Data in accordance with sub section 1700-1.06
      - 4. Spare Parts and Maintenance Materials in accordance with sub section 1700-1.08
    - b. Substantial Completion shall be considered by the DEPARTMENT when:
      - 1. Written notice is provided 7 days in advance of inspection date.
      - 2. List of items to be completed or corrected is submitted.
      - 3. Operation and Maintenance Manuals are submitted and approved by the DEPARTMENT.
      - 4. Equipment and systems have been tested, adjusted, balanced and are fully operational.
      - 5. Automated and manual controls are fully operational.
      - 6. Operation of system has been demonstrated to DEPARTMENT 01700-1

Personnel.

- 7. Certificate of Occupancy is submitted.
- 8. Certificates of Inspection for required inspections have been submitted.
- 9. Project Record Documents for the Work or the portion of the Work being accepted are submitted and approved.
- 10. Spare parts and maintenance materials are turned over to DEPARTMENT.
- 11. All keys are turned over to the DEPARTMENT.
- c. Should the DEPARTMENT inspection find Work is not substantially complete, the Department will promptly notify CONTRACTOR in writing, listing observed deficiencies.
- d. The CONTRACTOR shall remedy deficiencies and send a second written notice of Substantial Completion.
- e. When the DEPARTMENT finds Work is substantially complete the DEPARTMENT will prepare a certificate of Substantial Completion in accordance with provisions of General Conditions

## B. FINAL COMPLETION:

- 1. When CONTRACTOR considers Work is complete, submit written certification that:
  - a. Contract Documents have been reviewed.
  - b. Work has been inspected for compliance with Contract Documents.
  - c. Work has been completed in accordance with Contract Documents, and deficiencies listed with certificate of Substantial Completion have been corrected.
  - d. Work is complete and ready for final inspection.
- 2. Should the DEPARTMENT inspection find Work incomplete, DEPARTMENT will promptly notify CONTRACTOR in writing listing observed deficiencies.
- 3. CONTRACTOR shall remedy deficiencies and send a second certification of Final Completion.
- 4. When DEPARTMENT finds Work is complete, DEPARTMENT will consider closeout submittals.
- C. REINSPECTION FEES
  - 1. Should status of completion of Work require more than two re-inspections by the DEPARTMENT due to failure of Work to comply with CONTRACTOR's responsibility, the DEPARTMENT will deduct the cost of re-inspection from final payment to CONTRACTOR as provided in the Contract Documents.
  - 2. Re-inspection fees shall not exceed \$5,000 for any one re-inspection.
- D. CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
  - 1. Warranties and Bonds: Under provisions of Section 01700.
  - 2. Evidence of Payment: In accordance with Conditions of the Contract.
  - 3. Consent of Surety to Final Payment.
  - 4. Certificates of Insurance for Products and Completed Operations: In accordance with Supplementary Conditions.

- 5. Certificate of Release.
- E. APPLICATION FOR FINAL PAYMENT
  - 1. Submit application for final payment in accordance with provisions of the General Conditions of the Contract.
- F. Using Agency will occupy Concourse A for the purpose of conduct of business, under provision stated in certificate of Substantial Completion.
- G. DEPARTMENT will issue a summary Change Order reflecting final adjustments to Contract Price not previously made by Change Order.
- 1.04 FINAL CLEANING
  - A. Execute final cleaning prior to Substantial Completion inspection.
  - B. Clean interior and exterior surfaces exposed to view; remove temporary labels, stains and foreign substances, polish transparent and glossy surfaces, vacuum carpeted and soft surfaces. Clean equipment and fixtures to a sanitary condition, clean or replace filters of mechanical equipment. Clean roofs, gutters, downspouts, and drainage systems.
  - C. Clean site; sweep paved areas, rake clean other surfaces.
  - D. Use materials which will not create hazards to health or property, and which will not damage surfaces. Follow manufacturers recommendations.
  - E. Maintain cleaning until the DEPARTMENT issues certificate of substantial Completion.
  - F. Remove waste, debris, and surplus materials from the site. Clean grounds; remove stains, spills, and foreign substances from paved areas and sweep clean. Rake clean other exterior surfaces.

#### 1.05 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

- A. Maintain on site, one set of the following Record Documents; record actual revisions to the Work:
  - 1. Drawings.
  - 2. Specifications.
  - 3. Addenda.
  - 4. Change Orders and other modifications to the Contract.
  - 5. Reviewed shop drawings, product data, and samples.
  - 6. Manufacturers instructions for assembly, installation, and adjusting.
- B. Ensure entries are complete and accurate, enabling future reference by DEPARTMENT.
- C. Store Record Documents separate from documents used for construction.
- D. Record information concurrent with construction progress.
- E. SPECIFICATIONS: Legibly mark and record at each product section description of actual products installed, including the following:
  - 1. Manufacturer's name and product model and number.
  - 2. Product substitutions or alternates utilized.
  - 3. Changes made by Addenda and Modifications.
- F. Record Drawings and Shop Drawings: Legibly mark each item to record actual construction graphically to scale including:
  - 1. Measured depths of foundations in relation to finish first floor datum.
  - 2. Measured horizontal and vertical locations of underground utilities and appurtenances, referenced to permanent surface improvements.

- 3. Measured locations of internal utilities and appurtenances concealed in construction, referenced to visible and accessible features of the Work.
- 4. Field changes of dimension and detail.
- 5. Details not on original Contract drawings.
- 1.06 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS
  - A. Submit data bound in 8-1/2 by 11 inch (A4) text pages, 3-D side ring binders with durable plastic covers.
  - B. Prepare binder covers with printed title "OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS", title of project, and subject matter of binder when multiple binders are requested.
  - C. Internally subdivide the binder contents with permanent page dividers, logically organized as described below; with the tab titling clearly printed under reinforced laminated plastic tabs.
  - D. Contents: Prepare a Table of Contents for each volume, with each product or system description identified, typed on 24 pound white paper, in 3 parts as follows:
    - 1. Part 1: Directory, listing names, addresses, and telephone numbers of Architect/Engineer, CONTRACTOR, subcontractors, and major equipment suppliers.
    - 2. Part 2: Operations and maintenance instructions, arranged by system and subdivided by Specification Section. For each category, identify names, addresses, and telephone numbers of subcontractors and suppliers. Identify the following:
      - a. Significant design criteria.
      - b. List of equipment.
      - c. Parts list for each component.
      - d. Operating instructions.
      - e. Maintenance instructions for equipment and systems.
      - f. Maintenance instructions for [special] finishes, including recommended cleaning methods and materials and special precautions identifying detrimental agents.
    - 3. Part 3: Project Documents and Certificates, including the following:
      - a. Shop drawings and product data.
      - b. Certificates.
      - c. Originals of warranties and bonds.
  - E. Submit one draft copy of completed volumes five working days prior to Substantial Completion inspection. This copy will be reviewed and returned, with DEPARTMENT comments. Revise content of all document sets as required prior to final submission.
  - F. Submit three sets of revised final volumes within ten days after Substantial Completion Inspection.

#### 1.07 WARRANTIES

- A. As a condition precedent to Final Payment, all guaranties and warranties as specified under various sections of the Contract Documents shall be obtained by the CONTRACTOR and delivered to the OWNER, in duplicate giving a summary of guarantees attached and stating the following in respect to each:
  - 1. Character of Work affected.
  - 2. Name of Subcontractors.
  - 3. Period of Guarantee.
  - 4. Conditions of Guarantee.
- B. Delivery of said guarantees and/or warrantees shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR from any obligations assumed under any other provision of the Contract.
- C. If, within any guarantee period, repairs or changes are required in connection with the guaranteed Work, which in the opinion of the OWNER is rendered necessary as the result of the use of materials, equipment or workmanship, which are defective, or inferior, or not in accordance with the terms of the Contract, the CONTRACTOR shall, upon receipt of notice from the OWNER, and without expense to the OWNER, proceed within seven (7) calendar days to:
  - Place in satisfactory conditions in every particular all of such guaranteed Work, correct 1. all defects therein, and make good all damages to the structure or site.
  - 2. Make good all Work or materials, or the equipment and contents of structures or site disturbed in fulfilling any such guarantee.
- D. If the CONTRACTOR, after notice, fails to comply without the terms of the guarantee, the OWNER may have the defects corrected and the CONTRACTOR and CONTRACTOR's Surety shall be liable for all expenses incurred in connection therewith, including Engineer's fees.

#### 1.08 SPARE PARTS AND MAINTENANCE MATERIALS

- A. Provide products, spare parts, maintenance and extra materials in quantities specified in individual Specification Sections.
- B. Deliver to project site and place in location as directed, obtain receipt prior to final payment.

PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

# SECTION 02411 - SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.02 SUMMARY

# A. Section Includes:

1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.

## 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off-site unless indicated to be removed and salvaged or removed and reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Salvage: Carefully detach from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, and deliver to Owner ready for reuse.
- C. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, prepare for reuse, and reinstall where indicated.
- D. Existing to Remain: Existing items of construction that are not to be permanently removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed and salvaged, or removed and reinstalled.

#### 1.04 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.
- B. Historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, cornerstones and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
  - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

# 1.05 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Proposed Protection Measures: Submit report, including drawings, that indicates the measures proposed for protecting individuals and property, for environmental protection, , for dust control, and , for noise control. Indicate proposed locations and construction of barriers.
- B. Schedule of Selective Demolition Activities: Indicate the following:
  - 1. Detailed sequence of selective demolition and removal work, with starting and ending dates for each activity. Ensure Owner's building facility manager's on-site operations are uninterrupted.
  - 2. Interruption of utility services. Indicate how long utility services will be interrupted.
  - 3. Coordination for shutoff, capping, and continuation of utility services.
  - 4. Use of elevator and stairs.
  - 5. Coordination of Owner's continuing occupancy of portions of existing building and of Owner's partial occupancy of completed Work.

## 1.06 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Inventory: Submit a list of items that have been removed and salvaged.

## 1.07 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
- B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
  - 1. Before selective demolition, Owner will remove the following items:
    - a. Furniture and equipment.
- C. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- D. Hazardous Materials: Hazardous materials are present in buildings and structures to be selectively demolished. A report on the presence of hazardous materials is on file for review and use. Examine report to become aware of locations where hazardous materials are present.
  - 1. Hazardous material remediation is specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
  - 2. Do not disturb hazardous materials or items suspected of containing hazardous materials except under procedures specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
  - 3. Owner will provide material safety data sheets for suspected hazardous materials that are known to be present in buildings and structures to be selectively demolished because of building operations or processes performed there.
- E. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- F. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.

1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.01 PEFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with ANSI/ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before starting selective demolition operations.
- B. Review record documents of existing construction provided by Owner. Owner does not guarantee that existing conditions are same as those indicated in record documents.
- C. Survey existing conditions and correlate with requirements indicated to determine extent of selective demolition required.
- D. When unanticipated mechanical, electrical, or structural elements that conflict with intended function or design are encountered, investigate and measure the nature and extent of conflict. Promptly submit a written report to Architect.
- E. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of [measured drawings], [preconstruction photographs], [preconstruction videotapes], [and] [templates].
  - 1. Comply with requirements specified in Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation."
  - 2. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and salvaged. Provide [**photographs**] [or] [**video**] of conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by salvage operations.
  - 3. Before selective demolition or removal of existing building elements that will be reproduced or duplicated in final Work, make permanent record of measurements, materials, and construction details required to make exact reproduction.

## 3.02 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- A. Existing Services/Systems to Remain: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage.
  - 1. Comply with requirements for existing services/systems interruptions specified in Section 011000 "Summary."

## 3.03 PREPARATION

- A. Temporary Facilities: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
  - 1. Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around selective demolition area and to and from occupied portions of building.
  - 2. Provide temporary weather protection, during interval between selective demolition of existing construction on exterior surfaces and new construction, to prevent water leakage and damage to structure and interior areas.
  - 3. Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.
  - 4. Cover and protect furniture, furnishings, and equipment that have not been removed.
  - 5. Comply with requirements for temporary enclosures, dust control, heating, and cooling specified in Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."
- B. Temporary Shoring: Provide and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
  - 1. Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of selective demolition.

# 3.04 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION, GENERAL

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
  - 1. Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level. Complete selective demolition operations above each floor or tier before disturbing supporting members on the next lower level.
  - 2. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping, to minimize disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
  - 3. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
  - 4. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain fire watch and portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
  - 5. Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.
  - 6. Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.
  - 7. Remove structural framing members and lower to ground by method suitable to avoid free fall and to prevent ground impact or dust generation.
  - 8. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
  - 9. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.

B. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

# 3.05 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION PROCEDURES FOR SPECIFIC MATERIALS

- A. Concrete: Demolish in small sections. Using power-driven saw, cut concrete to a depth of at least 3/4 inchat junctures with construction to remain. Dislodge concrete from reinforcement at perimeter of areas being demolished, cut reinforcement, and then remove remainder of concrete. Neatly trim openings to dimensions indicated.
- B. Concrete: Demolish in sections. Cut concrete full depth at junctures with construction to remain and at regular intervals using power-driven saw, then remove concrete between saw cuts.
- C. Masonry: Demolish in small sections. Cut masonry at junctures with construction to remain, using power-driven saw, then remove masonry between saw cuts.
- D. Concrete Slabs-on-Grade: Saw-cut perimeter of area to be demolished, then break up and remove.
- E. Resilient Floor Coverings: Remove floor coverings and adhesive according to recommendations in RFCI's "Recommended Work Practices for the Removal of Resilient Floor Coverings." Do not use methods requiring solvent-based adhesive strippers.

## 3.06 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. General: Except for items or materials indicated to be reused, salvaged, reinstalled, or otherwise indicated to remain Owner's property, remove demolished materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in an EPA-approved landfill.
  - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
  - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
  - 3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.
  - 4. Comply with requirements specified in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.
- C. Disposal: Transport demolished materials off Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

## 3.07 CLEANING

A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

# END OF SECTION 02411

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# SECTION 03305 - MISCELLANEOUS CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.02 SUMMARY

A. Section includes cast-in-place concrete, including reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes.

#### 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

#### 1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Ready-Mix-Concrete Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing readymixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 CONCRETE, GENERAL
  - A. Comply with the following sections of ACI 301unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:
    - 1. "General Requirements."
    - 2. "Formwork and Formwork Accessories."
    - 3. "Reinforcement and Reinforcement Supports."
    - 4. "Concrete Mixtures."
    - 5. "Handling, Placing, and Constructing."
  - B. Comply with ACI 117.

# 2.02 CONCRETE MATERIALS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type or class of cementitious material of the same brand from the same manufacturer's plant, obtain aggregate from single source, and obtain admixtures from single source from single manufacturer.

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- B. Cementitious Materials:
  - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150/C 150M, Type I.
- C. Normal-Weight Aggregate: ASTM C 33/C 33M, 3/4-inch nominal maximum aggregate size.
- D. Chemical Admixtures: Certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.
- E. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M.

### 2.03 RELATED MATERIALS

A. Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber, or ASTM D 1752, cork or self-expanding cork.

# 2.04 CURING MATERIALS

- A. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 3, burlap cloth or cotton mats.
- B. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.
- C. Water: Potable.

### 2.05 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- A. Comply with ACI 301.
- B. Normal-Weight Concrete:
  - 1. Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.50.
  - 2. Slump Limit: 4 inchesfor concrete with verified slump of 2 to 4 inchesbefore adding highrange water-reducing admixture or plasticizing admixture, plus or minus 1 inch.
  - 3. Air Content: Maintain within range permitted by ACI 301. Do not allow air content of trowel-finished floor walls to exceed 4 percent plus or minus 1%.
- C. Synthetic Fiber: Uniformly disperse in concrete mix at manufacturer's recommended rate, but not less than a rate of [**1.0 lb/cu. yd.**][**1.5 lb/cu. yd.**]<**Insert dosage**>.

### 2.06 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M, and furnish batch ticket information.
  - 1. When air temperature is above 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 FORMWORK INSTALLATION

A. Design, construct, erect, brace, and maintain formwork according to ACI 301.

### 3.02 EMBEDDED ITEM INSTALLATION

A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.

### 3.03 STEEL REINFORCEMENT INSTALLATION

A. Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.

#### 3.04 JOINTS

- A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.
- B. Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by Architect.

# 3.05 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Comply with ACI 301 for placing concrete.
- B. Before test sampling and placing concrete, water may be added at Project site, subject to limitations of ACI 301.
- C. Consolidate concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.
- D. Equipment Bases and Foundations:
  - 1. Coordinate sizes and locations of concrete bases with actual equipment provided.
  - 2. Construct concrete bases 4 inches high unless otherwise indicated; and extend base not less than 6 inchesin each direction beyond the maximum dimensions of supported equipment unless otherwise indicated or unless required for seismic anchor support.
  - 3. Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days.
  - 4. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inchcenters around the full perimeter of concrete base.
  - 5. For supported equipment, install epoxy-coated anchor bolts that extend through concrete base, and anchor them into structural concrete substrate.
  - 6. Prior to pouring concrete, place and secure anchorage devices. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
  - 7. Cast anchor-bolt insert into bases. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.

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### 3.06 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

- A. Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defective areas. Remove fins and other projections exceeding 1/8 inch.
  - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces to receive a rubbed finish.
- B. Related Unformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets, and similar unformed surfaces adjacent to formed surfaces, strike off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces unless otherwise indicated.

#### 3.07 FINISHING UNFORMED SURFACES

- A. General: Comply with ACI 302.1R for screeding, restraightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces.
- B. Screed surfaces with a straightedge and strike off. Begin initial floating using bull floats or darbies to form a uniform and open-textured surface plane before excess moisture or bleedwater appears on surface.
  - 1. Do not further disturb surfaces before starting finishing operations.
- C. Float Finish: Apply float finish to surfaces indicated, to surfaces to receive trowel finish, and to floor and slab surfaces to be covered with fluid-applied or sheet waterproofing, fluid-applied or direct-to-deck-applied membrane roofing, or sand-bed terrazzo.
- D. Trowel Finish: Apply a hard trowel finish to surfaces indicated and to floor and slab surfaces exposed to view or to be covered with resilient flooring, carpet, ceramic or quarry tile set over a cleavage membrane, paint, or another thin film-finish coating system.

### 3.08 CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and with ACI 301for hotweather protection during curing.
- B. Begin curing after finishing concrete but not before free water has disappeared from concrete surface.
- C. Curing Methods: Cure formed and unformed concrete for at least seven days by one or a combination of the following methods:
  - 1. Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches, and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period, using cover material and waterproof tape.

# SECTION 04220 - CONCRETE UNIT MASONRY

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Concrete masonry units.
  - 2. Mortar and grout.
  - 3. Steel reinforcing bars.
  - 4. Ties and anchors.
  - 5. Miscellaneous masonry accessories.

### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. CMU(s): Concrete masonry unit(s).
- B. Reinforced Masonry: Masonry containing reinforcing steel in grouted cells.

### 1.04 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

- A. Preconstruction Testing Service: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform preconstruction testing indicated below. Retesting of materials that fail to comply with specified requirements shall be done at Contractor's expense.
  - 1. Concrete Masonry Unit Test: For each type of unit required, according to ASTM C 140 for compressive strength.
  - 2. Mortar Test (Property Specification): For each mix required, according to ASTM C 109/C 109M for compressive strength.
  - 3. Grout Test (Compressive Strength): For each mix required, according to ASTM C 1019.

### 1.05 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

### 1.06 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- B. Material Certificates: For each type and size of the following:

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- 1. Masonry units.
  - a. Include data on material properties.
  - b. For masonry units, include data and calculations establishing average net-area compressive strength of units.
- 2. Cementitious materials. Include brand, type, and name of manufacturer.
- 3. Preblended, dry mortar mixes. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
- 4. Grout mixes. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
- 5. Reinforcing bars.
- 6. Anchors, ties, and metal accessories.
- C. Mix Designs: For each type of mortar and grout. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
  - 1. Include test reports for mortar mixes required to comply with property specification. Test according to ASTM C 109/C 109M for compressive strength, ASTM C 1506 for water retention, and ASTM C 91 for air content.
  - 2. Include test reports, according to ASTM C 1019, for grout mixes required to comply with compressive strength requirement.

# 1.07 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM C 1093 for testing indicated.
- B. Source Limitations for Masonry Units: Obtain exposed masonry units of a uniform texture and color, or a uniform blend within the ranges accepted for these characteristics, from single source from single manufacturer for each product required.
- C. Source Limitations for Mortar Materials: Obtain mortar ingredients of a uniform quality, including color for exposed masonry, from single manufacturer for each cementitious component and from single source or producer for each aggregate.
- D. Masonry Standard: Comply with ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents.

### 1.08 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store masonry units on elevated platforms in a dry location. If units are not stored in an enclosed location, cover tops and sides of stacks with waterproof sheeting, securely tied. If units become wet, do not install until they are dry.
- B. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp.
- C. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.
- D. Deliver preblended, dry mortar mix in moisture-resistant containers designed for use with dispensing silos. Store preblended, dry mortar mix in delivery containers on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location or in covered weatherproof dispensing silos.

E. Store masonry accessories, including metal items, to prevent corrosion and accumulation of dirt and oil.

# 1.09 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Protection of Masonry: During construction, cover tops of walls, projections, and sills with waterproof sheeting at end of each day's work. Cover partially completed masonry when construction is not in progress.
  - 1. Extend cover a minimum of 24 inchesdown both sides of walls and hold cover securely in place.
- B. Do not apply uniform floor or roof loads for at least 12 hours and concentrated loads for at least three days after building masonry walls or columns.
- C. Stain Prevention: Prevent grout, mortar, and soil from staining the face of masonry to be left exposed or painted. Immediately remove grout, mortar, and soil that come in contact with such masonry.
  - 1. Protect base of walls from rain-splashed mud and from mortar splatter by spreading coverings on ground and over wall surface.
  - 2. Protect sills, ledges, and projections from mortar droppings.
  - 3. Protect surfaces of window and door frames, as well as similar products with painted and integral finishes, from mortar droppings.
  - 4. Turn scaffold boards near the wall on edge at the end of each day to prevent rain from splashing mortar and dirt onto completed masonry.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 MASONRY UNITS, GENERAL

- A. Defective Units: Referenced masonry unit standards may allow a certain percentage of units to contain chips, cracks, or other defects exceeding limits stated in the standard. Do not use units where such defects will be exposed in the completed Work.
- B. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where indicated, provide units that comply with requirements for fireresistance ratings indicated as determined by testing according to ASTM E 119, by equivalent masonry thickness, or by other means, as acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

### 2.02 CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS

- A. Shapes: Provide shapes indicated and as follows, with exposed surfaces matching exposed faces of adjacent units unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Provide special shapes for lintels, corners, jambs, sashes, movement joints, headers, bonding, and other special conditions.
  - 2. Provide square-edged units for outside corners unless otherwise indicated.
- B. CMUs: ASTM C 90.

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- 1. Unit Compressive Strength: Provide units with minimum average net-area compressive strength of 2150 psi.
- 2. Density Classification: Normal weight.
- 3. Size (Width): Manufactured to dimensions 3/8 inch less than nominal dimensions.
- 4. Exposed Faces: Provide color and texture matching the range represented by Architect's sample.

### 2.03 MORTAR AND GROUT MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or II, except Type III may be used for cold-weather construction. Provide natural color or white cement as required to produce mortar color indicated.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.
- C. Portland Cement-Lime Mix: Packaged blend of portland cement and hydrated lime containing no other ingredients.
- D. Aggregate for Mortar: ASTM C 144.
  - 1. For mortar that is exposed to view, use washed aggregate consisting of natural sand or crushed stone.
  - 2. For joints less than 1/4 inchthick, use aggregate graded with 100 percent passing the No. 16sieve.
- E. Aggregate for Grout: ASTM C 404.
- F. Water: Potable.

### 2.04 REINFORCEMENT

- A. Uncoated Steel Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M or ASTM A 996/A 996M, Grade 60.
- B. Masonry Joint Reinforcement for Single-Wythe Masonry: Either ladder or truss type with single pair of side rods.

### 2.05 TIES AND ANCHORS

- A. Materials: Provide ties and anchors specified in this article that are made from materials that comply with the following unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Mill-Galvanized, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 82/A 82M; with ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 coating.
  - 2. Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel, G60zinc coating.
  - 3. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- B. Rigid Anchors: Fabricate from steel bars [1-1/2 inches wide by 1/4 inch thick by 24 inches long, with ends turned up 2 inches or with cross pins unless otherwise indicated][bent to configuration indicated].

## 2.06 MISCELLANEOUS ANCHORS

- A. Postinstalled Anchors: chemical anchors.
  - 1. Load Capacity: Capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to six times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and four times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
  - 2. Material for Interior Locations: Carbon-steel components zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941, Class Fe/Zn 5 unless otherwise indicated.

# 2.07 MISCELLANEOUS MASONRY ACCESSORIES

A. Reinforcing Bar Positioners: Wire units designed to fit into mortar bed joints spanning masonry unit cells and hold reinforcing bars in center of cells. Units are formed from 0.148-inchsteel wire, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. Provide units designed for number of bars indicated.

### 2.08 MORTAR AND GROUT MIXES

- A. General: Do not use admixtures, including pigments, air-entraining agents, accelerators, retarders, water-repellent agents, antifreeze compounds, or other admixtures unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Do not use calcium chloride in mortar or grout.
  - 2. Use portland cement-lime mortar unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. For reinforced masonry, use portland cement-lime mortar.
- B. Preblended, Dry Mortar Mix: Furnish dry mortar ingredients in form of a preblended mix. Measure quantities by weight to ensure accurate proportions, and thoroughly blend ingredients before delivering to Project site.
- C. Mortar for Unit Masonry: Comply with ASTM C 270, Proportion Specification. Provide the following types of mortar for applications stated unless another type is indicated.
  - 1. For reinforced masonry, use Type N.
  - 2. For interior non-load-bearing partitions, Type O may be used instead of Type N.
- D. Grout for Unit Masonry: Comply with ASTM C 476.
  - 1. Use grout of type indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, of type (fine or coarse) that will comply with Table 1.15.1 in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 for dimensions of grout spaces and pour height.
  - 2. Provide grout with a slump of 8 to 11 inches as measured according to ASTM C 143/C 143M.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of work.
  - 2. Verify that foundations are within tolerances specified.
  - 3. Verify that reinforcing dowels are properly placed.
- B. Before installation, examine rough-in and built-in construction for piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.02 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Build chases and recesses to accommodate items specified in this and other Sections.
- B. Leave openings for equipment to be installed before completing masonry. After installing equipment, complete masonry to match the construction immediately adjacent to opening.
- C. Use full-size units without cutting if possible. If cutting is required to provide a continuous pattern or to fit adjoining construction, cut units with motor-driven saws; provide clean, sharp, unchipped edges. Allow units to dry before laying unless wetting of units is specified. Install cut units with cut surfaces and, where possible, cut edges concealed.

### 3.03 TOLERANCES

- A. Dimensions and Locations of Elements:
  - 1. For dimensions in cross section or elevation do not vary by more than plus 1/2 inch or minus 1/4 inch.
  - 2. For location of elements in plan do not vary from that indicated by more than plus or minus 1/2 inch.
  - 3. For location of elements in elevation do not vary from that indicated by more than plus or minus 1/4 inch in a story height or 1/2 inch total.
- B. Lines and Levels:
  - 1. For bed joints and top surfaces of bearing walls do not vary from level by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.
  - 2. For conspicuous horizontal lines, such as lintels, sills, parapets, and reveals, do not vary from level by more than 1/8 inch in 10 feet, 1/4 inch in 20 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.
  - 3. For vertical lines and surfaces do not vary from plumb by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet, 3/8 inch in 20 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.
  - 4. For conspicuous vertical lines, such as external corners, door jambs, reveals, and expansion and control joints, do not vary from plumb by more than 1/8 inch in 10 feet, 1/4 inch in 20 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.

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- 5. For lines and surfaces do not vary from straight by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet, 3/8 inch in 20 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.
- 6. For vertical alignment of exposed head joints, do not vary from plumb by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet, or 1/2 inch maximum.
- C. Joints:
  - 1. For bed joints, do not vary from thickness indicated by more than plus or minus 1/8 inch, with a maximum thickness limited to 1/2 inch.
  - 2. For exposed bed joints, do not vary from bed-joint thickness of adjacent courses by more than 1/8 inch.
  - 3. For head and collar joints, do not vary from thickness indicated by more than plus 3/8 inch or minus 1/4 inch.
  - 4. For exposed head joints, do not vary from thickness indicated by more than plus or minus 1/8 inch.

# 3.04 LAYING MASONRY WALLS

- A. Lay out walls in advance for accurate spacing of surface bond patterns with uniform joint thicknesses and for accurate location of openings, movement-type joints, returns, and offsets. Avoid using less-than-half-size units, particularly at corners, jambs, and, where possible, at other locations.
- B. Bond Pattern for Exposed Masonry: Unless otherwise indicated, lay exposed masonry in running bond; do not use units with less than nominal 4-inchhorizontal face dimensions at corners or jambs.
- C. Stopping and Resuming Work: Stop work by racking back units in each course from those in course below; do not tooth. When resuming work, clean masonry surfaces that are to receive mortar before laying fresh masonry.
- D. Built-in Work: As construction progresses, build in items specified in this and other Sections. Fill in solidly with masonry around built-in items.
- E. Fill space between steel frames and masonry solidly with mortar unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Where built-in items are to be embedded in cores of hollow masonry units, place a layer of metal lath, wire mesh, or plastic mesh in the joint below and rod mortar or grout into core.

### 3.05 MORTAR BEDDING AND JOINTING

- A. Lay hollow CMUs as follows:
  - 1. With face shells fully bedded in mortar and with head joints of depth equal to bed joints.
  - 2. With webs fully bedded in mortar in all courses of piers, columns, and pilasters.
  - 3. With webs fully bedded in mortar in grouted masonry, including starting course on footings.
  - 4. With entire units, including areas under cells, fully bedded in mortar at starting course on footings where cells are not grouted.
- B. Tool exposed joints slightly concave when thumbprint hard, using a jointer larger than joint thickness unless otherwise indicated.

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### 3.06 ANCHORING MASONRY TO STRUCTURAL STEEL AND CONCRETE

- A. Anchor masonry to structural steel and concrete where masonry abuts or faces structural steel or concrete to comply with the following:
  - 1. Provide an open space not less than 1/2 inch wide between masonry and structural steel or concrete unless otherwise indicated. Keep open space free of mortar and other rigid materials.
  - 2. Anchor masonry with anchors embedded in masonry joints and attached to structure.
  - 3. Space anchors as indicated, but not more than 24 inches o.c. vertically and 36 inches o.c. horizontally.

#### 3.07 REINFORCED UNIT MASONRY INSTALLATION

- A. Temporary Formwork and Shores: Construct formwork and shores as needed to support reinforced masonry elements during construction.
  - 1. Construct formwork to provide shape, line, and dimensions of completed masonry as indicated. Make forms sufficiently tight to prevent leakage of mortar and grout. Brace, tie, and support forms to maintain position and shape during construction and curing of reinforced masonry.
  - 2. Do not remove forms and shores until reinforced masonry members have hardened sufficiently to carry their own weight and other loads that may be placed on them during construction.
- B. Placing Reinforcement: Comply with requirements in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.
- C. Grouting: Do not place grout until entire height of masonry to be grouted has attained enough strength to resist grout pressure.
  - 1. Comply with requirements in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 for cleanouts and for grout placement, including minimum grout space and maximum pour height.
  - 2. Limit height of vertical grout pours to not more than 60 inches.

#### 3.08 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing and Inspecting: Owner will engage special inspectors to perform tests and inspections and prepare reports. Allow inspectors access to scaffolding and work areas, as needed to perform tests and inspections. Retesting of materials that fail to meet specified requirements shall be done at Contractor's expense.
- B. Inspections: Level 1 special inspections according to the "International Building Code."
  - 1. Begin masonry construction only after inspectors have verified proportions of siteprepared mortar.
  - 2. Place grout only after inspectors have verified compliance of grout spaces and of grades, sizes, and locations of reinforcement.
  - 3. Place grout only after inspectors have verified proportions of site-prepared grout.
- C. Testing Prior to Construction: One set of tests.
- D. Testing Frequency: One set of tests for each 5000 sq. ft.of wall area or portion thereof.

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- E. Concrete Masonry Unit Test: For each type of unit provided, according to ASTM C 140 for compressive strength.
- F. Mortar Aggregate Ratio Test (Proportion Specification): For each mix provided, according to ASTM C 780.
- G. Mortar Test (Property Specification): For each mix provided, according to ASTM C 780. Test mortar for compressive strength.
- H. Grout Test (Compressive Strength): For each mix provided, according to ASTM C 1019.

# 3.09 REPAIRING, POINTING, AND CLEANING

- A. Remove and replace masonry units that are loose, chipped, broken, stained, or otherwise damaged or that do not match adjoining units. Install new units to match adjoining units; install in fresh mortar, pointed to eliminate evidence of replacement.
- B. Pointing: During the tooling of joints, enlarge voids and holes, except weep holes, and completely fill with mortar. Point up joints, including corners, openings, and adjacent construction, to provide a neat, uniform appearance. Prepare joints for sealant application, where indicated.
- C. In-Progress Cleaning: Clean unit masonry as work progresses by dry brushing to remove mortar fins and smears before tooling joints.
- D. Final Cleaning: After mortar is thoroughly set and cured, clean exposed masonry as follows:
  - 1. Remove large mortar particles by hand with wooden paddles and nonmetallic scrape hoes or chisels.
  - 2. Test cleaning methods on sample wall panel; leave one-half of panel uncleaned for comparison purposes. Obtain Architect's approval of sample cleaning before proceeding with cleaning of masonry.
  - 3. Clean concrete masonry by cleaning method indicated in NCMA TEK 8-2A applicable to type of stain on exposed surfaces.

### 3.10 MASONRY WASTE DISPOSAL

- A. Salvageable Materials: Unless otherwise indicated, excess masonry materials are Contractor's property. At completion of unit masonry work, remove from Project site.
- B. Waste Disposal as Fill Material: Dispose of clean masonry waste, including excess or soilcontaminated sand, waste mortar, and broken masonry units, by crushing and mixing with fill material as fill is placed.
  - 1. Crush masonry waste to less than 4 inches in each dimension.
  - 2. Mix masonry waste with at least two parts of specified fill material for each part of masonry waste. Fill material is specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
  - 3. Do not dispose of masonry waste as fill within 18 inches of finished grade.

C. Excess Masonry Waste: Remove excess clean masonry waste that cannot be used as fill, as described above, and other masonry waste, and legally dispose of off Owner's property.

# SECTION 06105 - MISCELLANEOUS ROUGH CARPENTRY

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.02 SUMMARY

# A. Section Includes:

- 1. Framing with dimension lumber.
- 2. Wood blocking, cants, and nailers.
- 3. Plywood backing panels.

### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Boards or Strips: Lumber of less than 2 inches nominalsize in least dimension.
- B. Dimension Lumber: Lumber of 2 inches nominalor greater size but less than 5 inches nominalsize in least dimension.

### 1.04 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
  - 1. For products receiving a waterborne treatment, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to levels specified before shipment to Project site.

# 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: For testing agency providing classification marking for fireretardant-treated material, an inspection agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that periodically performs inspections to verify that the material bearing the classification marking is representative of the material tested.

# 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Stack lumber flat with spacers beneath and between each bundle to provide air circulation. Protect lumber from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, provide lumber that complies with the applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Provide lumber graded by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
  - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
  - 2. For exposed lumber indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, mark grade stamp on end or back of each piece.
  - 3. Dress lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Lumber: 15 percent unless otherwise indicated.

### 2.02 DIMENSION LUMBER FRAMING

- A. Non-Load-Bearing Interior Partitions: Construction or No. 2 grade of the following species:
  - 1. Hem-fir; WCLIB or WWPA.

### 2.03 MISCELLANEOUS LUMBER

- A. General: Provide miscellaneous lumber indicated and lumber for support or attachment of other construction, including the following:
  - 1. Blocking.
  - 2. Nailers.
  - 3. Cants.
- B. Concealed Boards: 15 percent maximum moisture content of the following species and grades:
  - 1. Western woods, Construction or No. 2 Common grade; WCLIB or WWPA.
- C. For blocking not used for attachment of other construction, Utility, Stud, or No. 3 grade lumber of any species may be used provided that it is cut and selected to eliminate defects that will interfere with its attachment and purpose.
- D. For blocking and nailers used for attachment of other construction, select and cut lumber to eliminate knots and other defects that will interfere with attachment of other work.

## 2.04 PLYWOOD BACKING PANELS

- A. Equipment Backing Panels: Plywood, DOC PS 1, Exterior, A-C, in thickness indicated or, if not indicated, not less than 3/4-inch nominal thickness.
  - 1. Plywood shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

# 2.05 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
  - 1. Where carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, pressure-preservative treated, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners of Type 304 stainless steel.
- B. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F 1667.
- C. Screws for Fastening to Metal Framing: ASTM C 1002, length as recommended by screw manufacturer for material being fastened.
- D. Power-Driven Fasteners: Fastener systems with an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC70.

### 2.06 METAL FRAMING ANCHORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. KC Metals Products, Inc.
  - 2. Simpson Strong-Tie Co., Inc.
  - 3. USP Structural Connectors.
- B. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: Hot-dip, zinc-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60coating designation.
  - 1. Use for interior locations unless otherwise indicated.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.01 INSTALLATION, GENERAL
  - A. Framing Standard: Comply with AF&PA's WCD 1, "Details for Conventional Wood Frame Construction," unless otherwise indicated.
  - B. Set carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit carpentry accurately to other construction. Locate nailers, blocking, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.

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- C. Install plywood backing panels by fastening to studs; coordinate locations with utilities requiring backing panels.
- D. Install metal framing anchors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Install fasteners through each fastener hole.
- E. Do not splice structural members between supports unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Provide blocking and framing as indicated and as required to support facing materials, fixtures, specialty items, and trim.
  - 1. Provide metal clips for fastening gypsum board or lath at corners and intersections where framing or blocking does not provide a surface for fastening edges of panels. Space clips not more than 16 inches o.c.
- G. Provide fire blocking in furred spaces, stud spaces, and other concealed cavities as indicated and as follows:
  - 1. Fire block furred spaces of walls, at each floor level, at ceiling, and at not more than 96 inches o.c. with solid wood blocking or noncombustible materials accurately fitted to close furred spaces.
  - 2. Fire block concealed spaces of wood-framed walls and partitions at each floor level, at ceiling line of top story, and at not more than 96 inches o.c. Where fire blocking is not inherent in framing system used, provide closely fitted solid wood blocks of same width as framing members and 2-inch nominal thickness.
  - 3. Fire block concealed spaces between floor sleepers with same material as sleepers to limit concealed spaces to not more than 100 sq. ft. and to solidly fill space below partitions.
  - 4. Fire block concealed spaces behind combustible cornices and exterior trim at not more than 20 feet o.c.
- H. Sort and select lumber so that natural characteristics do not interfere with installation or with fastening other materials to lumber. Do not use materials with defects that interfere with function of member or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement.
- I. Securely attach carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
  - 1. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's International Building Code.
  - Table R602.3(1), "Fastener Schedule for Structural Members," and Table R602.3(2), "Alternate Attachments," in ICC's International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings.
  - 3. ICC-ES evaluation report for fastener.
- J. Use steel common nails unless otherwise indicated. Select fasteners of size that will not fully penetrate members where opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Make tight connections between members. Install fasteners without splitting wood. Drive nails snug but do not countersink nail heads unless otherwise indicated.

# 3.02 WOOD BLOCKING AND NAILER INSTALLATION

- A. Install where indicated and where required for [**screeding or**] attaching other work. Form to shapes indicated and cut as required for true line and level of attached work. Coordinate locations with other work involved.
- B. Attach items to substrates to support applied loading. Recess bolts and nuts flush with surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Provide permanent grounds of dressed, pressure-preservative-treated, key-beveled lumber not less than 1-1/2 inches wide and of thickness required to bring face of ground to exact thickness of finish material. Remove temporary grounds when no longer required.

### 3.03 PROTECTION

- A. Protect wood that has been treated with inorganic boron (SBX) from weather. If, despite protection, inorganic boron-treated wood becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.
- B. Protect miscellaneous rough carpentry from weather. If, despite protection, miscellaneous rough carpentry becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.

# SECTION 06202 - INTERIOR FINISH CARPENTRY

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Interior trim, including non-fire-rated interior door frames.
  - 2. Interior hardboard paneling.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 06105 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry" for furring, blocking, and other carpentry work not exposed to view.
  - 2. Section 09912 "Interior Painting" for priming and back-priming of interior finish carpentry.

#### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. MDF: Medium-density fiberboard.
- B. MDO: Plywood with a medium-density overlay on the face.

### 1.04 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials, dimensions, profiles, textures, and colors and include construction and application details.
  - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical-treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained. Include chemical-treatment manufacturer's written instructions for finishing treated material.
  - 2. Include data for fire-retardant treatment from chemical-treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements.
  - 3. For products receiving a waterborne treatment, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced before shipment to Project site to levels specified.
  - 4. Include copies of warranties from chemical-treatment manufacturers for each type of treatment.

# 1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Stack lumber, plywood, and other panels flat with spacers between each bundle to provide air circulation. Protect materials from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.
- B. Deliver interior finish carpentry materials only when environmental conditions meet requirements specified for installation areas. If interior finish carpentry materials must be stored in other than installation areas, store only where environmental conditions meet requirements specified for installation areas.

### 1.06 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install interior finish carpentry materials until building is enclosed and weatherproof, wet work in space is completed and nominally dry, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
- B. Do not install finish carpentry materials that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that materials are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that materials are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 MATERIALS, GENERAL
  - A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and the following grading rules:
    - 1. NeLMA: Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers' Association, "Standard Grading Rules for Northeastern Lumber."
    - 2. NHLA: National Hardwood Lumber Association, "Rules for the Measurement and Inspection of Hardwood & Cypress."
    - 3. NLGA: National Lumber Grades Authority, "Standard Grading Rules for Canadian Lumber."
    - 4. SPIB: The Southern Pine Inspection Bureau, "Standard Grading Rules for Southern Pine Lumber."
    - 5. WCLIB: West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau, Standard No. 17, "Grading Rules for West Coast Lumber."
    - 6. WWPA: Western Wood Products Association, "Western Lumber Grading Rules."
  - B. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of inspection agency indicating grade, species, moisture content at time of surfacing, and mill.
    - 1. For exposed lumber, mark grade stamp on end or back of each piece, or omit grade stamp and provide certificates of grade compliance issued by inspection agency.
  - C. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1.

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- D. Hardboard: AHA A135.4.
- 2.02 INTERIOR TRIM
  - A. Hardwood Lumber Trim for Transparent Finish (Stain or Clear Finish):
    - 1. Species and Grade: Red oak; Clear; NHLA.
    - 2. Maximum Moisture Content: 13 percent.
    - 3. Finger Jointing: Not allowed.
    - 4. Gluing for Width: Not allowed.
    - 5. Veneered Material: Use for lumber trim wider than 6 inches.
    - 6. Face Surface: Surfaced (smooth).
    - 7. Matching: Selected for compatible grain and color.
  - B. Lumber Trim for Opaque Finish (Painted Finish):
    - 1. Species and Grade: Spruce-pine-fir, 1 Common; NeLMA, NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA.
    - 2. Maximum Moisture Content: 15 percent with at least 85 percent of shipment at 12 percent or less.
    - 3. Maximum Moisture Content: 13 percent.
    - 4. Finger Jointing: Allowed.
    - 5. Face Surface: Surfaced (smooth).
    - 6. Optional Material: Primed MDF of same actual dimensions as lumber indicated may be used in lieu of lumber.
  - C. Moldings for Opaque Finish (Painted Finish): Made to patterns included in WMMPA WM 12.
    - 1. Softwood Moldings: WMMPA WM 4, P grade.
      - a. Species: Eastern white, Idaho white, Iodgepole, ponderosa, radiata, or sugar pine.
      - b. Maximum Moisture Content: 15 percent with at least 85 percent of shipment at 12 percent or less.
    - 2. Finger Jointing: Not allowed.
    - 3. Base Pattern: WM 713, 9/16-by-3-1/4-inchranch base.
    - 4. Casing Pattern: WM 366, 11/16-by-2-1/4-inchfeatheredge casing.

### 2.03 PANELING

- A. Hardwood Veneer Plywood Paneling: Manufacturer's stock hardwood plywood panels complying with HPVA HP-1.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Georgia-Pacific Building Products.
    - b. Roseburg Forest Products Co.
  - 2. Face Veneer Species and Cut: Plain-sliced red oak.
  - 3. Veneer Matching: Selected for similar color and grain.
  - 4. Backing Veneer Species: Any hardwood compatible with face species.
  - 5. Construction: Veneer core.

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- 6. Thickness: 7/16 inch.
- 7. Panel Size: 48 by 120 inches.
- 8. Glue Bond: Type II (interior).
- 9. Finish: Shop finished.

### 2.04 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Fasteners for Interior Finish Carpentry: Nails, screws, and other anchoring devices of type, size, material, and finish required for application indicated to provide secure attachment, concealed where possible.
- B. Paneling Adhesive: Comply with paneling manufacturer's written recommendations for adhesives.
- C. Multipurpose Construction Adhesive: Formulation complying with ASTM D 3498 that is recommended for indicated use by adhesive manufacturer.

#### 2.05 FABRICATION

- A. Back out or kerf backs of the following members except those with ends exposed in finished work:
  - 1. Interior standing and running trim except shoe and crown molds.
  - 2. Wood-board paneling.
- B. Ease edges of lumber less than 1 inch in nominal thickness to 1/16-inch radius and edges of lumber 1 inch or more in nominal thickness to 1/8-inch radius.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Examine finish carpentry materials before installation. Reject materials that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrates of projections and substances detrimental to application.
- B. Before installing interior finish carpentry, condition materials to average prevailing humidity in installation areas for a minimum of 24 hours unless longer conditioning is recommended by manufacturer.

### 3.03 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Do not use materials that are unsound, warped, improperly treated or finished, inadequately seasoned, too small to fabricate with proper jointing arrangements, or with defective surfaces, sizes, or patterns.
- B. Install interior finish carpentry level, plumb, true, and aligned with adjacent materials. Use concealed shims where necessary for alignment.
  - 1. Scribe and cut interior finish carpentry to fit adjoining work. Refinish and seal cuts as recommended by manufacturer.
  - 2. Where face fastening is unavoidable, countersink fasteners, fill surface flush, and sand unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Install to tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches for level and plumb. Install adjoining interior finish carpentry with 1/32-inchmaximum offset for flush installation and 1/16-inchmaximum offset for reveal installation.
  - 4. Coordinate interior finish carpentry with materials and systems in or adjacent to it. Provide cutouts for mechanical and electrical items that penetrate interior finish carpentry.

### 3.04 STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM INSTALLATION

- A. Install with minimum number of joints practical, using full-length pieces from maximum lengths of lumber available. Do not use pieces less than 24 inches long, except where necessary. Stagger joints in adjacent and related standing and running trim. Cope at returns, miter at outside corners, and cope at inside corners to produce tight-fitting joints with full-surface contact throughout length of joint. Use scarf joints for end-to-end joints. Plane backs of casings to provide uniform thickness across joints where necessary for alignment.
  - 1. Match color and grain pattern of trim for transparent finish (stain or clear finish) across joints.
  - 2. Install trim after gypsum-board joint finishing operations are completed.
  - 3. Install without splitting; drill pilot holes before fastening where necessary to prevent splitting. Fasten to prevent movement or warping. Countersink fastener heads on exposed carpentry work and fill holes.

#### 3.05 PANELING INSTALLATION

- A. Hardboard Paneling: Install according to manufacturer's written recommendations. Leave 1/4inchgap to be covered with trim at top, bottom, and openings. Butt adjacent panels with moderate contact. Use fasteners with prefinished heads matching paneling color.
  - 1. Wood Stud or Furring Substrate: Install with 1-inchannular-ring shank hardboard nails.
  - 2. Plaster or Gypsum-Board Substrate: Install with 1-5/8-inchannular-ring shank hardboard nails.
  - 3. Nailing: Space nails 4 inches o.c. at panel perimeter and 8 inches o.c. at intermediate supports unless otherwise required by manufacturer.

# 3.06 ADJUSTING

A. Replace interior finish carpentry that is damaged or does not comply with requirements. Interior finish carpentry may be repaired or refinished if work complies with requirements and shows no evidence of repair or refinishing. Adjust joinery for uniform appearance.

### 3.07 CLEANING

A. Clean interior finish carpentry on exposed and semi exposed surfaces. Restore damaged or soiled areas and touch up factory-applied finishes, if any.

### 3.08 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products from damage from weather and other causes during construction.
- B. Remove and replace finish carpentry materials that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that materials are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that materials are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

# SECTION 06640 - PLASTIC PANELING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Plastic sheet paneling.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 06105 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry" for wood furring for installing plastic paneling.

#### 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For plastic paneling and trim accessories, in manufacturer's standard sizes.

### 1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

### 1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install plastic paneling until spaces are enclosed and weathertight and temporary HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain plastic paneling and trim accessories from single manufacturer.

# 2.02 PLASTIC SHEET PANELING

- A. Glass-Fiber-Reinforced Plastic Paneling: Gelcoat-finished, glass-fiber-reinforced plastic panels complying with ASTM D 5319.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. <u>Crane Composites, Inc</u>.
    - b. Marlite.
    - c. <u>Nudo Products, Inc</u>.
  - 2. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As follows when tested by a qualified testing agency according to ASTM E 84. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
    - a. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
    - b. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
  - 3. Nominal Thickness: Not less than 0.09 inch.
  - 4. Surface Finish: Molded pebble texture.
  - 5. Color: White.

# 2.03 ACCESSORIES

- A. Trim Accessories: Manufacturer's standard one-piece vinyl extrusions designed to retain and cover edges of panels. Provide division bars, inside corners, outside corners, and caps as needed to conceal edges.
  - 1. Color: White.
- B. Exposed Fasteners: Nylon drive rivets recommended by panel manufacturer.
- C. Concealed Mounting Splines: Continuous, H-shaped aluminum extrusions designed to fit into grooves routed in edges of factory-laminated panels and to be fastened to substrate.
- D. Sealant: Mildew-resistant, single-component, neutral-curing silicone sealant recommended by plastic paneling manufacturer and complying with requirements in Section 07920 "Joint Sealants."

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Remove wallpaper, vinyl wall covering, loose or soluble paint, and other materials that might interfere with adhesive bond.
- B. Prepare substrate by sanding high spots and filling low spots as needed to provide flat, even surface for panel installation.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair adhesive bond, including oil, grease, dirt, and dust.
- D. Condition panels by unpacking and placing in installation space before installation according to manufacturer's written recommendations.
- E. Lay out paneling before installing. Locate panel joints so that trimmed panels at corners are not less than 12 incheswide.
  - 1. Mark plumb lines on substrate at panel joint locations for accurate installation.
  - 2. Locate trim accessories to allow clearance at panel edges according to manufacturer's written instructions.

#### 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Install plastic paneling according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Install panels in a full spread of adhesive.
- C. Install panels with fasteners. Layout fastener locations and mark on face of panels so that fasteners are accurately aligned.
  - 1. Drill oversized fastener holes in panels and center fasteners in holes.
  - 2. Apply sealant to fastener holes before installing fasteners.
- D. Install factory-laminated panels using concealed mounting splines in panel joints.
- E. Install trim accessories with adhesive, nails, or staples. Do not fasten through panels.
- F. Fill grooves in trim accessories with sealant before installing panels, and bed inside corner trim in a bead of sealant.
- G. Maintain uniform space between panels and wall fixtures. Fill space with sealant.
- H. Maintain uniform space between adjacent panels and between panels and floors, ceilings, and fixtures. Fill space with sealant.
- I. Remove excess sealant and smears as paneling is installed. Clean with solvent recommended by sealant manufacturer and then wipe with clean dry cloths until no residue remains.

# SECTION 07210 - THERMAL INSULATION

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Glass-fiber blanket.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 09290 "Gypsum Board" for sound attenuation blanket used as acoustic insulation.
- 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS
  - A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- 1.04 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
  - A. Protect insulation materials from physical damage and from deterioration due to moisture, soiling, and other sources. Store inside and in a dry location. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for handling, storing, and protecting during installation.
- PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.01 GLASS-FIBER BLANKET

- A. Sustainability Requirements: Provide glass-fiber blanket insulation as follows:
  - 1. Free of Formaldehyde: Insulation manufactured with 100 percent acrylic binders and no formaldehyde.
  - 2. Low Emitting: Insulation tested according to ASTM D 5116 and shown to emit less than 0.05-ppm formaldehyde.
- B. Glass-Fiber Blanket, Unfaced: ASTM C 665, Type I; with maximum flame-spread and smokedeveloped indexes of 25 and 50, respectively, per ASTM E 84; passing ASTM E 136 for combustion characteristics.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - a. CertainTeed Corporation.
  - b. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
  - c. Knauf Insulation.
  - d. Owens Corning.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrates of substances that are harmful to insulation, including removing projections capable of puncturing insulation or vapor retarders, or that interfere with insulation attachment.
- 3.02 INSTALLATION, GENERAL
  - A. Comply with insulation manufacturer's written instructions applicable to products and applications.
  - B. Install insulation that is undamaged, dry, and unsoiled and that has not been left exposed to ice, rain, or snow at any time.
  - C. Extend insulation to envelop entire area to be insulated. Fit tightly around obstructions and fill voids with insulation. Remove projections that interfere with placement.
  - D. Provide sizes to fit applications and selected from manufacturer's standard thicknesses, widths, and lengths. Apply single layer of insulation units unless multiple layers are otherwise shown or required to make up total thickness or to achieve R-value.

### 3.03 INSTALLATION OF INSULATION IN FRAMED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Blanket Insulation: Install in cavities formed by framing members according to the following requirements:
  - 1. Use insulation widths and lengths that fill the cavities formed by framing members. If more than one length is required to fill the cavities, provide lengths that will produce a snug fit between ends.
  - 2. Place insulation in cavities formed by framing members to produce a friction fit between edges of insulation and adjoining framing members.
  - 3. Maintain 3-inchclearance of insulation around recessed lighting fixtures not rated for or protected from contact with insulation.
  - 4. For wood-framed construction, install blankets according to ASTM C 1320 and as follows:
    - a. With faced blankets having stapling flanges, lap blanket flange over flange of adjacent blanket to maintain continuity of vapor retarder once finish material is installed over it.

# 3.04 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed insulation from damage due to harmful weather exposures, physical abuse, and other causes. Provide temporary coverings or enclosures where insulation is subject to abuse and cannot be concealed and protected by permanent construction immediately after installation.

# SECTION 07260 - VAPOR RETARDERS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Polyethylene vapor retarders.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 03300 "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for under-slab vapor retarders.
  - 2. Section 07210 "Thermal Insulation" for vapor retarders integral with insulation products.

#### 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 POLYETHYLENE VAPOR RETARDERS

A. Polyethylene Vapor Retarders: ASTM D 4397, 6-mil-thick sheet, with maximum permeance rating of 0.1 perm.

#### 2.02 ACCESSORIES

A. Vapor-Retarder Tape: Pressure-sensitive tape of type recommended by vapor-retarder manufacturer for sealing joints and penetrations in vapor retarder.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 PREPARATION

A. Clean substrates of substances that are harmful to vapor retarders, including removing projections capable of puncturing vapor retarders.

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# 3.02 INSTALLATION OF VAPOR RETARDERS ON FRAMING

- A. Place vapor retarders on side of construction indicated on Drawings.
- B. Extend vapor retarders to extremities of areas to protect from vapor transmission. Secure vapor retarders in place with adhesives, vapor retarder fasteners, or other anchorage system as recommended by manufacturer. Extend vapor retarders to cover miscellaneous voids in insulated substrates, including those filled with loose-fiber insulation.
- C. Seal vertical joints in vapor retarders over framing by lapping no fewer than two studs and sealing with vapor-retarder tape according to vapor-retarder manufacturer's written instructions. Locate all joints over framing members or other solid substrates.
- D. Repair tears or punctures in vapor retarders immediately before concealment by other work. Cover with vapor-retarder tape or another layer of vapor retarders.

### 3.03 PROTECTION

A. Protect vapor retarders from damage until concealed by permanent construction.

# **SECTION 07841 - PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING**

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Penetrations in fire-resistance-rated walls.
  - 2. Penetrations in horizontal assemblies.
  - 3. Penetrations in smoke barriers.

### 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

#### 1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: A firm that has been approved by FM Global according to FM Global 4991, "Approval of Firestop Contractors," or been evaluated by UL and found to comply with its "Qualified Firestop Contractor Program Requirements."

#### 1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install penetration firestopping system when ambient or substrate temperatures are outside limits permitted by penetration firestopping system manufacturers or when substrates are wet because of rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
- B. Install and cure penetration firestopping materials per manufacturer's written instructions using natural means of ventilations or, where this is inadequate, forced-air circulation.

### 1.06 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate construction of openings and penetrating items to ensure that penetration firestopping systems can be installed according to specified firestopping system design.
- B. Coordinate sizing of sleeves, openings, core-drilled holes, or cut openings to accommodate penetration firestopping systems.

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# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.01 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics:
  - 1. Perform penetration firestopping system tests by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Test per testing standards referenced in "Penetration Firestopping Systems" Article. Provide rated systems complying with the following requirements:
    - a. Penetration firestopping systems shall bear classification marking of a qualified testing agency.
      - 1) UL in its "Fire Resistance Directory."

# 2.02 PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING SYSTEMS

- A. Penetration Firestopping Systems: Systems that resist spread of fire, passage of smoke and other gases, and maintain original fire-resistance rating of construction penetrated. Penetration firestopping systems shall be compatible with one another, with the substrates forming openings, and with penetrating items if any.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. 3M Fire Protection Products.
    - b. Construction Solutions.
    - c. Hilti, Inc.
    - d. Specified Technologies, Inc.
- B. Penetrations in Fire-Resistance-Rated Walls: Penetration firestopping systems with ratings determined per ASTM E 814 or UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.01-inch wg.
  - 1. F-Rating: Not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
- C. Penetrations in Horizontal Assemblies: Penetration firestopping systems with ratings determined per ASTM E 814 or UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.01-inch wg.
  - 1. F-Rating: At least one hour, but not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
  - 2. T-Rating: At least one hour, but not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated except for floor penetrations within the cavity of a wall.
  - 3. W-Rating: Provide penetration firestopping systems showing no evidence of water leakage when tested according to UL 1479.
- D. Penetrations in Smoke Barriers: Penetration firestopping systems with ratings determined per UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.30-inch wg.

- 1. L-Rating: Not exceeding 5.0 cfm/sq. ft.of penetration opening at and no more than 50cfmcumulative total for any 100 sq. ft.at both ambient and elevated temperatures.
- E. Exposed Penetration Firestopping Systems: Flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 450, respectively, per ASTM E 84.
- F. Accessories: Provide components for each penetration firestopping system that are needed to install fill materials and to maintain ratings required. Use only those components specified by penetration firestopping system manufacturer and approved by qualified testing and inspecting agency for conditions indicated.

### 2.03 FILL MATERIALS

- A. Firestop Devices: Factory-assembled collars formed from galvanized steel and lined with intumescent material sized to fit specific diameter of penetrant.
- B. Intumescent Putties: Nonhardening, water-resistant, intumescent putties containing no solvents or inorganic fibers.
- C. Intumescent Wrap Strips: Single-component intumescent elastomeric sheets with aluminum foil on one side.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for opening configurations, penetrating items, substrates, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning: Before installing penetration firestopping systems, clean out openings immediately to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and with the following requirements:
  - 1. Remove from surfaces of opening substrates and from penetrating items foreign materials that could interfere with adhesion of penetration firestopping materials.
  - 2. Clean opening substrates and penetrating items to produce clean, sound surfaces capable of developing optimum bond with penetration firestopping materials. Remove loose particles remaining from cleaning operation.
  - 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
- B. Prime substrates where recommended in writing by manufacturer using that manufacturer's recommended products and methods. Confine primers to areas of bond; do not allow spillage and migration onto exposed surfaces.

### 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install penetration firestopping systems to comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions and published drawings for products and applications.
- B. Install forming materials and other accessories of types required to support fill materials during their application and in the position needed to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths required to achieve fire ratings.
  - 1. After installing fill materials and allowing them to fully cure, remove combustible forming materials and other accessories not forming permanent components of firestopping.
- C. Install fill materials by proven techniques to produce the following results:
  - 1. Fill voids and cavities formed by openings, forming materials, accessories and penetrating items to achieve required fire-resistance ratings.
  - 2. Apply materials so they contact and adhere to substrates formed by openings and penetrating items.
  - 3. For fill materials that will remain exposed after completing the Work, finish to produce smooth, uniform surfaces that are flush with adjoining finishes.

#### 3.04 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Wall Identification: Permanently label walls containing penetration firestopping systems with the words "FIRE AND/OR SMOKE BARRIER PROTECT ALL OPENINGS," using lettering not less than 3 incheshigh and with minimum 0.375-inchstrokes.
  - 1. Locate in accessible concealed floor, floor-ceiling, or attic space at 15 feetfrom end of wall and at intervals not exceeding 30 feet.
- B. Penetration Identification: Identify each penetration firestopping system with legible metal or plastic labels. Attach labels permanently to surfaces adjacent to and within 6 inchesof penetration firestopping system edge so labels are visible to anyone seeking to remove penetrating items or firestopping systems. Use mechanical fasteners or self-adhering-type labels with adhesives capable of permanently bonding labels to surfaces on which labels are placed. Include the following information on labels:
  - 1. The words "Warning Penetration Firestopping Do Not Disturb. Notify Building Management of Any Damage."
  - 2. Contractor's name, address, and phone number.
  - 3. Designation of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
  - 4. Date of installation.
  - 5. Manufacturer's name.
  - 6. Installer's name.

# 3.05 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Clean off excess fill materials adjacent to openings as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials that are approved in writing by penetration firestopping system manufacturers and that do not damage materials in which openings occur.
B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions during and after installation that ensure that penetration firestopping systems are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, immediately cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated penetration firestopping material and install new materials to produce systems complying with specified requirements.

# 3.06 PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING SYSTEM SCHEDULE

- A. Where UL-classified systems are indicated, they refer to system numbers in UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" under product Category XHEZ.
- B. Penetration Firestopping Systems for Metallic Pipes, Conduit, or Tubing [FS-1]:
  - 1. UL-Classified Systems: C-AJ- 1001-1999.
- C. Penetration Firestopping Systems for Nonmetallic Pipe, Conduit, or Tubing [FS-2]:
  - 1. UL-Classified Systems: C-AJ- 2001-2999.
- D. Penetration Firestopping Systems for Electrical Cables [FS-3]:
  - 1. UL-Classified Systems: C-AJ- 3001-3999.
- E. Penetration Firestopping Systems for Insulated Pipes [FS-4]:
  - 1. UL-Classified Systems: C-AJ- 5001-5999.
- F. Penetration Firestopping Systems for Miscellaneous Electrical Penetrants [FS-5]:
  - 1. UL-Classified Systems: C-AJ- 6001-6999.
- G. Penetration Firestopping Systems for Groupings of Penetrants [FS-6]:
  - 1. UL-Classified Systems: C-AJ- 8001-8999.

# END OF SECTION 07841

# SECTION 07920 - JOINT SEALANTS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Silicone joint sealants.
  - 2. Urethane joint sealants.
  - 3. Mildew-resistant joint sealants.
  - 4. Latex joint sealants.

### 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of strips of cured sealants showing the full range of colors available for each product exposed to view.
- C. Joint-Sealant Schedule: Include the following information:
  - 1. Joint-sealant application, joint location, and designation.
  - 2. Joint-sealant manufacturer and product name.
  - 3. Joint-sealant formulation.
  - 4. Joint-sealant color.

### 1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Product Testing: Test joint sealants using a qualified testing agency.
  - 1. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated.

### 1.05 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:

- 1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by jointsealant manufacturer or are below 40 deg F.
- 2. When joint substrates are wet.
- 3. Where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint-sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
- 4. Where contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion have not yet been removed from joint substrates.

### 1.06 WARRANTY

- A. Special Installer's Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to furnish joint sealants to repair or replace those joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Special warranties specified in this article exclude deterioration or failure of joint sealants from the following:
  - 1. Movement of the structure caused by stresses on the sealant exceeding sealant manufacturer's written specifications for sealant elongation and compression.
  - 2. Disintegration of joint substrates from causes exceeding design specifications.
  - 3. Mechanical damage caused by individuals, tools, or other outside agents.
  - 4. Changes in sealant appearance caused by accumulation of dirt or other atmospheric contaminants.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 JOINT SEALANTS, GENERAL

- A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backings, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by joint-sealant manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- B. VOC Content of Interior Sealants: Sealants and sealant primers used inside the weatherproofing system shall comply with the following:
  - 1. Sealants and sealant primers for nonporous substrates shall have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less.
- C. Colors of Exposed Joint Sealants: As selected by Owner from manufacturer's full range.

### 2.02 SILICONE JOINT SEALANTS

A. Silicone, S, NS, 50, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 50 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Use NT.

#### 2.03 URETHANE JOINT SEALANTS

A. Urethane, M, NS, 50, T, NT: Multicomponent, nonsag, plus 50 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, urethane joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type M, Grade NS, Class 50, Uses T and NT.

#### 2.04 MILDEW-RESISTANT JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Mildew-Resistant Joint Sealants: Formulated for prolonged exposure to humidity with fungicide to prevent mold and mildew growth.
- B. Silicone, Mildew Resistant, Acid Curing, S, NS, 25, NT: Mildew-resistant, single-component, nonsag, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, acid-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.

#### 2.05 LATEX JOINT SEALANTS

A. Acrylic Latex: Acrylic latex or siliconized acrylic latex, ASTM C 834, Type OP, Grade NF.

#### 2.06 JOINT-SEALANT BACKING

- A. Sealant Backing Material, General: Nonstaining; compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
- B. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C 1330, or any of the preceding types, as approved in writing by joint-sealant manufacturer for joint application indicated, and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions and the following requirements:
  - 1. Remove all foreign material from joint substrates that could interfere with adhesion of joint sealant, including dust, paints (except for permanent, protective coatings tested and approved for sealant adhesion and compatibility by sealant manufacturer), old joint sealants, oil, grease, waterproofing, water repellents, water, surface dirt, and frost.
  - 2. Clean porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants. Remove loose particles remaining after cleaning operations above by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air. Porous joint substrates include the following:
    - a. Concrete.
  - 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
  - 4. Clean nonporous joint substrate surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants. Nonporous joint substrates include the following:
    - a. Glass.
    - b. Porcelain enamel.
    - c. Glazed surfaces of ceramic tile.
- B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer or as indicated by preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply primer to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions. Confine primers to areas of joint-sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.
- C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant or primer with adjoining surfaces that otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

### 3.03 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

- A. General: Comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written installation instructions for products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.
- B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.
- C. Install sealant backings of kind indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
  - 1. Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.
  - 2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.
  - 3. Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application, and replace them with dry materials.

- D. Install sealants using proven techniques that comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:
  - 1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
  - 2. Completely fill recesses in each joint configuration.
  - 3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- E. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified in subparagraphs below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.
  - 1. Remove excess sealant from surfaces adjacent to joints.
  - 2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.
  - 3. Provide concave joint profile per Figure 8A in ASTM C 1193 unless otherwise indicated.

# 3.04 CLEANING

A. Clean off excess sealant or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved in writing by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

# 3.05 PROTECTION

A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out, remove, and repair damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from original work.

### 3.06 JOINT-SEALANT SCHEDULE

- A. Joint-Sealant Application: Exterior joints in horizontal traffic surfaces JS-1.
  - 1. Joint Locations:
    - a. Isolation and contraction joints in cast-in-place concrete slabs.
    - b. Joints between different materials listed above.
  - 2. Joint Sealant: Urethane, M, P, 50, T, NT.
  - 3. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors.
- B. Joint-Sealant Application: Interior joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces not subject to significant movement JS-2.
  - 1. Joint Locations:
    - a. Perimeter joints between interior wall surfaces and frames of interior doors and windows.

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- 2. Joint Sealant: Acrylic latex.
- 3. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors.
- C. Joint-Sealant Application: Mildew-resistant interior joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces JS-3.
  - 1. Joint Locations:
    - a. Joints between plumbing fixtures and adjoining walls, floors, and counters.
  - 2. Joint Sealant: Silicone, mildew resistant, acid curing, S, NS, 25, NT.
  - 3. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors.

# END OF SECTION 07920

# SECTION 08311 - ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Access doors and frames for walls and ceilings.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for heating and air-conditioning duct access doors.

### 1.03 ALLOWANCES

A. Access doors and frames are part of an access door and frame allowance.

### 1.04 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, fire ratings, materials, individual components and profiles, and finishes.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Rated Access Doors and Frames: Units complying with NFPA 80 that are identical to access door and frame assemblies tested for fire-test-response characteristics according to the following test method and that are listed and labeled by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction:
  - 1. NFPA 252 or UL 10B for fire-rated access door assemblies installed vertically.
  - 2. NFPA 288 for fire-rated access door assemblies installed horizontally.

### 2.02 ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of access door and frame from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Flush Access Doors with Exposed Flanges:
  - 1. Assembly Description: Fabricate door to fit flush to frame. Provide manufacturer's standard-width exposed flange, proportional to door size.
  - 2. Locations: Wall and ceiling.
  - 3. Uncoated Steel Sheet for Door: Nominal 0.060 inch, 16 gage.
    - a. Finish: Factory prime.
  - 4. Frame Material: Same material, thickness, and finish as door.
  - 5. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard.
  - 6. Hardware: Latch.
- D. Fire-Rated, Flush Access Doors with Exposed Flanges:
  - 1. Assembly Description: Fabricate door to fit flush to frame, with a core of mineral-fiber insulation enclosed in sheet metal. Provide self-latching door with automatic closer and interior latch release. Provide manufacturer's standard-width exposed flange, proportional to door size.
  - 2. Locations: Wall and ceiling.
  - 3. Fire-Resistance Rating: Not less than that of adjacent construction.
  - 4. Uncoated Steel Sheet for Door: Nominal 0.036 inch, 20 gage.
    - a. Finish: Factory prime.
  - 5. Frame Material: Same material, thickness, and finish as door.
  - 6. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard.
  - 7. Hardware: Latch.
- E. Hardware:
  - 1. Latch: Cam latch operated by screwdriver.

# 2.03 MATERIALS

- A. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- B. Steel Sheet: Uncoated or electrolytic zinc coated, ASTM A 879/A 879M, with cold-rolled steel sheet substrate complying with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), exposed.
- C. Frame Anchors: Same type as door face.
- D. Inserts, Bolts, and Anchor Fasteners: Hot-dip galvanized steel according to ASTM A 153/A 153M or ASTM F 2329.

### 2.04 FABRICATION

- A. General: Provide access door and frame assemblies manufactured as integral units ready for installation.
- B. Metal Surfaces: For metal surfaces exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces without blemishes. Do not use materials with exposed pitting, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or roughness.
- C. Doors and Frames: Grind exposed welds smooth and flush with adjacent surfaces. Furnish attachment devices and fasteners of type required to secure access doors to types of supports indicated.
  - 1. Provide mounting holes in frames for attachment of units to metal or wood framing.
- D. Latching Mechanisms: Furnish number required to hold doors in flush, smooth plane when closed.
  - 1. For cylinder locks, furnish two keys per lock and key all locks alike.
  - 2. For recessed panel doors, provide access sleeves for each locking device. Furnish plastic grommets and install in holes cut through finish.

### 2.05 FINISHES

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- D. Steel and Metallic-Coated-Steel Finishes:
  - 1. Factory Prime: Apply manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, universal primer immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing access doors and frames.
- B. Install doors flush with adjacent finish surfaces or recessed to receive finish material.

# 3.03 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust doors and hardware, after installation, for proper operation.
- B. Remove and replace doors and frames that are warped, bowed, or otherwise damaged.

# END OF SECTION 08311

# SECTION 08710 - DOOR HARDWARE

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
  - 1. Mechanical door hardware for the following:
    - a. Swinging doors.
  - 2. Cylinders for door hardware specified in other Sections.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 08141 "Flush Wood Doors" for integral in-tumescent seals provided as part of labeled fire-rated assemblies.
- C. Products furnished, but not installed, under this Section include the products listed below. Coordinating and scheduling the purchase and delivery of these products remain requirements of this Section.
  - 1. Permanent lock cores to be installed by Owner.

### 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction and installation details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Other Action Submittals:
  - 1. Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of Installer, detailing fabrication and assembly of door hardware, as well as installation procedures and diagrams. Coordinate final door hardware schedule with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.
    - a. Submittal Sequence: Submit door hardware schedule concurrent with submissions of Product Data, Samples, and Shop Drawings. Coordinate submission of door hardware schedule with scheduling requirements of other work to facilitate the fabrication of other work that is critical in Project construction schedule.
    - b. Format: Comply with scheduling sequence and vertical format in DHI's "Sequence and Format for the Hardware Schedule." Double space entries, and number and date each page.

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- c. Format: Use same scheduling sequence and format and use same door numbers as in the Contract Documents.
- d. Content: Include the following information:
  - 1) Identification number, location, hand, fire rating, size, and material of each door and frame.
  - 2) Locations of each door hardware set, cross-referenced to Drawings on floor plans and to door and frame schedule.
  - 3) Complete designations, including name and manufacturer, type, style, function, size, quantity, function, and finish of each door hardware product.
  - 4) Fastenings and other pertinent information.
  - 5) Explanation of abbreviations, symbols, and codes contained in schedule.
  - 6) Mounting locations for door hardware.
  - 7) List of related door devices specified in other Sections for each door and frame.

# 1.04 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

# 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Supplier of products and an employer of workers trained and approved by product manufacturers and an Architectural Hardware Consultant who is available during the course of the Work to consult with Contractor, Architect, and Owner about door hardware and keying.
  - 1. Warehousing Facilities: In Project's vicinity.
  - 2. Scheduling Responsibility: Preparation of door hardware and keying schedules.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of door hardware from a single manufacturer.
- C. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Where fire-rated door assemblies are indicated, provide door hardware rated for use in assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Smoke- and Draft-Control Door Assemblies: Where smoke- and draft-control door assemblies are required, provide door hardware that meet requirements of assemblies tested according to UL 1784 and installed in compliance with NFPA 105.
  - 1. Air Leakage Rate: Maximum air leakage of 0.3 cfm/sq. ft.at the tested pressure differential of 0.3-inch wgof water.
- E. Means of Egress Doors: Latches do not require more than 15 lbf to release the latch. Locks do not require use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.
- F. Accessibility Requirements: For door hardware on doors in an accessible route, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and ICC/ANSI A117.1.

- 1. Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist and that operate with a force of not more than 5 lbf.
- 2. Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements:
  - a. Interior, Non-Fire-Rated Hinged Doors: 5 lbf applied perpendicular to door.
  - b. Fire Doors: Minimum opening force allowable by authorities having jurisdiction.
- 3. Bevel raised thresholds with a slope of not more than 1:2. Provide thresholds not more than 1/2 inch high.
- 4. Adjust door closer sweep periods so that, from an open position of 70 degrees, the door will take at least 3 seconds to move to a point 3 inches from the latch, measured to the leading edge of the door.

# 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to Project site.
- B. Tag each item or package separately with identification coordinated with the final door hardware schedule, and include installation instructions, templates, and necessary fasteners with each item or package.
- C. Deliver keys to manufacturer of key control system for subsequent delivery to Owner.

### 1.07 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of floor-recessed door hardware with floor construction. Cast anchoring inserts into concrete.
- B. Installation Templates: Distribute for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.
- C. Security: Coordinate installation of door hardware, keying, and access control with Owner's security consultant.
- D. Existing Openings: Where hardware components are scheduled for application to existing construction or where modifications to existing door hardware are required, field verify existing conditions and coordinate installation of door hardware to suit opening conditions and to provide proper door operation.

### 1.08 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
    - b. Faulty operation of doors and door hardware.

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- c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.
- 2. Warranty Period: Three years from date of Substantial Completion, unless otherwise indicated.
  - a. Exit Devices: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
  - b. Manual Closers: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 SCHEDULED DOOR HARDWARE

- A. Provide door hardware for each door as scheduled in Part 3 "Door Hardware Schedule" Article to comply with requirements in this Section.
  - 1. Door Hardware Sets: Provide quantity, item, size, finish or color indicated, and products complying with BHMA designations referenced.
  - 2. Sequence of Operation: Provide electrified door hardware function, sequence of operation, and interface with other building control systems indicated.
- B. Designations: Requirements for design, grade, function, finish, size, and other distinctive qualities of each type of door hardware are indicated in Part 3 "Door Hardware Schedule" Article. Products are identified by using door hardware designations, as follows:
  - 1. Named Manufacturers' Products: Manufacturer and product designation are listed for each door hardware type required for the purpose of establishing minimum requirements. Manufacturers' names are abbreviated in Part 3 "Door Hardware Schedule" Article.
  - 2. References to BHMA Designations: Provide products complying with these designations and requirements for description, quality, and function.

### 2.02 HINGES

- A. Hinges: BHMA A156.1. Provide template-produced hinges for hinges installed on hollow-metal doors and hollow-metal frames.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. McKinney
    - b. Stanley
    - c. Hagar
    - d. Ives

### 2.03 MECHANICAL LOCKS AND LATCHES

- A. Lock Functions: As appropriate for location.
- B. Lock Throw: Comply with testing requirements for length of bolts required for labeled fire doors, and as follows:

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- 1. Bored Locks: Minimum 1/2-inch latchbolt throw.
- 2. Mortise Locks: Minimum 3/4-inch latchbolt throw.
- 3. Deadbolts: Minimum 1-inch bolt throw.
- C. Lock Backset: 2-3/4 inches, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Lock Trim:
  - 1. Description: Insert description or manufacturer's design designation.
  - 2. Levers: Cast.

# a. Insert model number and description.

- 3. Escutcheons (Roses): Forged.
- 4. Dummy Trim: Match lever lock trim and escutcheons.
- 5. Operating Device: Lever with escutcheons (roses).
- E. Strikes: Provide manufacturer's standard strike for each lock bolt or latchbolt complying with requirements indicated for applicable lock or latch and with strike box and curved lip extended to protect frame; finished to match lock or latch.
  - 1. Flat-Lip Strikes: For locks with three-piece antifriction latchbolts, as recommended by manufacturer.
  - 2. Extra-Long-Lip Strikes: For locks used on frames with applied wood casing trim.
  - 3. Aluminum-Frame Strike Box: Manufacturer's special strike box fabricated for aluminum framing.
  - 4. Rabbet Front and Strike: Provide on locksets for rabbeted meeting stiles.
- F. Bored Locks: BHMA A156.2; Grade 1; Series 4000.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Best
    - b. Schlage
    - c. Stanley
    - d. Match Existing
- G. Mortise Locks: BHMA A156.13; Operational Grade 1; stamped steel case with steel or brass parts; Series 1000.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Best
    - b. Schlage
    - c. Stanley
    - d. Match Existing

### 2.04 LOCK CYLINDERS

- A. Lock Cylinders: Tumbler type, constructed from brass or bronze, stainless steel, or nickel silver.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Best
    - b. Schlage
    - c. Stanley
    - d. Match Existing
- B. Standard Lock Cylinders: BHMA A156.5; Grade 1; permanent cores that are removable; face finished to match lockset.
- C. Construction Cores: Provide construction cores that are replaceable by permanent cores. Provide 10 construction master keys.

# 2.05 KEYING

- A. Keying System: Factory registered, complying with guidelines in BHMA A156.28, Appendix A. Incorporate decisions made in keying conference.
  - 1. Existing System:
    - a. Master key or grand master key locks to Owner's existing system.
    - b. Re-key Owner's existing master key system into new keying system.
  - 2. Keyed Alike: Key all cylinders to same change key.
- B. Keys: Brass.
  - 1. Stamping: Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key control number and include the following notation:
    - a. Notation: Information to be furnished by Owner.

### 2.06 OPERATING TRIM

- A. Operating Trim: BHMA A156.6; brass, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

# 2.07 SURFACE CLOSERS

A. Surface Closers: BHMA A156.4; rack-and-pinion hydraulic type with adjustable sweep and latch speeds controlled by key-operated valves and forged-steel main arm. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for size of door closers depending on size of door,

exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. LCN
  - b. Norton

### 2.08 MECHANICAL STOPS AND HOLDERS

- A. Wall- and Floor-Mounted Stops: BHMA A156.16; polished cast brass, bronze, or aluminum base metal.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Rixon/ABH
    - b. Ives/ABH
    - c. Trimco/ABH

### 2.09 DOOR GASKETING

- A. Door Gasketing: BHMA A156.22; air leakage not to exceed 0.50 cfm per footof crack length for gasketing other than for smoke control, as tested according to ASTM E 283; with resilient or flexible seal strips that are easily replaceable and readily available from stocks maintained by manufacturer.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Penco
    - b. National Guard
    - c. Zero

### 2.10 AUXILIARY DOOR HARDWARE

- A. Auxiliary Hardware: BHMA A156.16.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Rockwood
    - b. Trimco
    - c. Ives

# 2.11 FABRICATION

- A. Manufacturer's Nameplate: Do not provide products that have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location except in conjunction with required fire-rated labels and as otherwise approved by Architect.
  - 1. Manufacturer's identification is permitted on rim of lock cylinders only.
- B. Base Metals: Produce door hardware units of base metal indicated, fabricated by forming method indicated, using manufacturer's standard metal alloy, composition, temper, and hardness. Furnish metals of a quality equal to or greater than that of specified door hardware units and BHMA A156.18.
- C. Fasteners: Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws that comply with commercially recognized industry standards for application intended, except aluminum fasteners are not permitted. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with finished heads to match surface of door hardware, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Concealed Fasteners: For door hardware units that are exposed when door is closed, except for units already specified with concealed fasteners. Do not use through bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed unless it is the only means of securely attaching the door hardware. Where through bolts are used on hollow door and frame construction, provide sleeves for each through bolt.
  - 2. Fire-Rated Applications:
    - a. Wood or Machine Screws: For the following:
      - 1) Hinges mortised to doors or frames; use threaded-to-the-head wood screws for wood doors and frames.
      - 2) Strike plates to frames.
      - 3) Closers to doors and frames.
    - b. Steel Through Bolts: For the following unless door blocking is provided:
      - 1) Surface hinges to doors.
      - 2) Closers to doors and frames.
      - 3) Surface-mounted exit devices.
  - 3. Spacers or Sex Bolts: For through bolting of hollow-metal doors.
  - 4. Fasteners for Wood Doors: Comply with requirements in DHI WDHS.2, "Recommended Fasteners for Wood Doors."
  - 5. Gasketing Fasteners: Provide noncorrosive fasteners for exterior applications and elsewhere as indicated.

# 2.12 FINISHES

- A. Provide finishes complying with BHMA A156.18 as indicated in door hardware schedule.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire-rated door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Steel Doors and Frames: For surface applied door hardware, drill and tap doors and frames according to ANSI/SDI A250.6.
- B. Wood Doors: Comply with DHI WDHS.5 "Recommended Hardware Reinforcement Locations for Mineral Core Wood Flush Doors."

### 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights to comply with the following unless otherwise indicated or required to comply with governing regulations.
  - 1. Standard Steel Doors and Frames: ANSI/SDI A250.8.
  - 2. Custom Steel Doors and Frames: HMMA 831.
  - 3. Wood Doors: DHI WDHS.3, "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."
- B. Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
  - 1. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
  - 2. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.
- C. Hinges: Install types and in quantities indicated in door hardware schedule but not fewer than the number recommended by manufacturer for application indicated or one hinge for every 30 inches of door height, whichever is more stringent, unless other equivalent means of support for door, such as spring hinges or pivots, are provided.

- D. Intermediate Offset Pivots: Where offset pivots are indicated, provide intermediate offset pivots in quantities indicated in door hardware schedule but not fewer than one intermediate offset pivot per door and one additional intermediate offset pivot for every 30 inches of door height greater than 90 inches.
- E. Lock Cylinders: Install construction cores to secure building and areas during construction period.
  - 1. Replace construction cores with permanent cores as directed by Owner.
  - 2. Furnish permanent cores to Owner for installation.
- F. Key Control System: Tag keys and place them on markers and hooks in key control system cabinet, as determined by final keying schedule.
- G. Thresholds: Set thresholds for exterior doors and other doors indicated in full bed of sealant complying with requirements specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
- H. Stops: Provide floor stops for doors unless wall or other type stops are indicated in door hardware schedule. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic.
- I. Perimeter Gasketing: Apply to head and jamb, forming seal between door and frame.
- J. Meeting Stile Gasketing: Fasten to meeting stiles, forming seal when doors are closed.
- K. Door Bottoms: Apply to bottom of door, forming seal with threshold when door is closed.

### 3.04 ADJUSTING

- A. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.
  - 1. Door Closers: Adjust sweep period to comply with accessibility requirements and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Occupancy Adjustment: Approximately six months after date of Substantial Completion, Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant shall examine and readjust each item of door hardware, including adjusting operating forces, as necessary to ensure function of doors, door hardware, and electrified door hardware.

### 3.05 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.
- B. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.
- C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure that door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

# 3.06 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain door hardware and door hardware finishes. Refer to Section 017900 "Demonstration and Training."

# 3.07 DOOR HARDWARE SCHEDULE

<u>HW-1</u>

1-1/2 pr	Butts
1 ea	Privacy Lock Set
1 ea	Closer
1 ea	Kick Plate
1 ea	Stop

<u>HW-2</u>

1-1/2 pr	Butts
1 ea	Closer
1 ea	Kick Plate
1 ea	Stop

# **END OF SECTION 08710**

# SECTION 09221 - NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Non-load-bearing steel framing systems for interior gypsum board assemblies.
  - 2. Suspension systems for interior gypsum ceilings, soffits, and grid systems.

### 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. Framing Members, General: Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.
  - 1. Steel Sheet Components: Comply with ASTM C 645 requirements for metal unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Protective Coating: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40, hot-dip galvanized unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645. Use either steel studs and runners or dimpled steel studs and runners.
  - 1. Steel Studs and Runners:
    - a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.027 inch.
    - b. Depth: As indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Dimpled Steel Studs and Runners:
    - a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.025 inch.
    - b. Depth: As indicated on Drawings.
- C. Flat Strap and Backing Plate: Steel sheet for blocking and bracing in length and width indicated.
  - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.027 inch.

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- D. Cold-Rolled Channel Bridging: Steel, 0.053-inchminimum base-metal thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch-wide flanges.
  - 1. Depth: 1-1/2 inches.
  - 2. Clip Angle: Not less than 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 inches, 0.068-inch-thick, galvanized steel.
- E. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645.
  - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.018 inch.
  - 2. Depth: 7/8 inch.

### 2.02 SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

- A. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.062-inch-diameter wire, or double strand of 0.048-inch-diameter wire.
- B. Hanger Attachments to Concrete:
  - 1. Anchors: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials with holes or loops for attaching wire hangers and capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to [5]<Insert number> times that imposed by construction as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488 by an independent testing agency.
  - 2. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials with clips or other devices for attaching hangers of type indicated, and capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to [10]<Insert number> times that imposed by construction as determined by testing according to ASTM E 1190 by an independent testing agency.
- C. Wire Hangers: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.16 inch in diameter.
- D. Grid Suspension System for Gypsum Board Ceilings: ASTM C 645, direct-hung system composed of main beams and cross-furring members that interlock.

### 2.03 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards.
  - 1. Fasteners for Metal Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.
- B. Isolation Strip at Exterior Walls: Provide [**one of**] the following:
  - 1. Foam Gasket: Adhesive-backed, closed-cell vinyl foam strips that allow fastener penetration without foam displacement, 1/8 inch thick, in width to suit steel stud size.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 1.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollow-metal frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 1.02 PREPARATION

- A. Suspended Assemblies: Coordinate installation of suspension systems with installation of overhead structure to ensure that inserts and other provisions for anchorages to building structure have been installed to receive hangers at spacing required to support the Work and that hangers will develop their full strength.
  - 1. Furnish concrete inserts and other devices indicated to other trades for installation in advance of time needed for coordination and construction.
- B. Coordination with Sprayed Fire-Resistive Materials:
  - 1. Before sprayed fire-resistive materials are applied, attach offset anchor plates or ceiling runners (tracks) to surfaces indicated to receive sprayed fire-resistive materials. Where offset anchor plates are required, provide continuous plates fastened to building structure not more than 24 inches o.c.
  - 2. After sprayed fire-resistive materials are applied, remove them only to extent necessary for installation of non-load-bearing steel framing. Do not reduce thickness of fire-resistive materials below that required for fire-resistance ratings indicated. Protect adjacent fire-resistive materials from damage.

### 1.03 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Installation Standard: ASTM C 754.
  - 1. Gypsum Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 841 that apply to framing installation.
  - 2. Portland Cement Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 1063 that apply to framing installation.
  - 3. Gypsum Veneer Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 844 that apply to framing installation.
  - 4. Gypsum Board Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 840 that apply to framing installation.
- B. Install supplementary framing, and blocking to support fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet accessories, furnishings, or similar construction.
- C. Install bracing at terminations in assemblies.
- D. Do not bridge building control and expansion joints with non-load-bearing steel framing members. Frame both sides of joints independently.

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### 1.04 INSTALLING FRAMED ASSEMBLIES

- A. Install framing system components according to spacings indicated, but not greater than spacings required by referenced installation standards for assembly types.
  - 1. Single-Layer Application: 16 inches o.c. unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Tile Backing Panels: 16 inches o.c. unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Where studs are installed directly against exterior masonry walls or dissimilar metals at exterior walls, install isolation strip between studs and exterior wall.
- C. Install studs so flanges within framing system point in same direction.
- D. Install tracks (runners) at floors and overhead supports. Extend framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing around ducts penetrating partitions above ceiling.
  - 1. Door Openings: Screw vertical studs at jambs to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.
    - a. Install two studs at each jamb unless otherwise indicated.
    - b. Extend jamb studs through suspended ceilings and attach to underside of overhead structure.
  - 2. Sound-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with sound-rated assembly indicated.
- E. Direct Furring:
  - 1. Screw to wood framing.
  - 2. Attach to concrete or masonry with stub nails, screws designed for masonry attachment, or powder-driven fasteners spaced 24 inches o.c.
- F. Installation Tolerance: Install each framing member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch from the plane formed by faces of adjacent framing.

### 1.05 INSTALLING SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

- A. Install suspension system components according to spacings indicated, but not greater than spacings required by referenced installation standards for assembly types.
  - 1. Hangers: 48 inches o.c.
- B. Isolate suspension systems from building structure where they abut or are penetrated by building structure to prevent transfer of loading imposed by structural movement.
- C. Suspend hangers from building structure as follows:
  - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structural or suspension system.
    - a. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions and offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.

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- 2. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with locations of hangers required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in the form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
  - a. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced installation standards.
- 3. Wire Hangers: Secure by looping and wire tying, either directly to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for substrate, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
- 4. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck.
- 5. Do not attach hangers to permanent metal forms. Furnish cast-in-place hanger inserts that extend through forms.
- 6. Do not attach hangers to rolled-in hanger tabs of composite steel floor deck.
- 7. Do not connect or suspend steel framing from ducts, pipes, or conduit.
- D. Seismic Bracing: Sway-brace suspension systems with hangers used for support.
- E. Grid Suspension Systems: Attach perimeter wall track or angle where grid suspension systems meet vertical surfaces. Mechanically join main beam and cross-furring members to each other and butt-cut to fit into wall track.
- F. Installation Tolerances: Install suspension systems that are level to within 1/8 inch in 12 feet measured lengthwise on each member that will receive finishes and transversely between parallel members that will receive finishes.

# END OF SECTION 09221

# SECTION 09290 - GYPSUM BOARD

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Interior gypsum board.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 092216 "Non-Structural Metal Framing" for non-structural framing and suspension systems that support gypsum board panels.

#### 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

#### 1.04 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction traffic, and other potential causes of damage. Stack panels flat and supported on risers on a flat platform to prevent sagging.

#### 1.05 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 840 requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.
- B. Do not install paper-faced gypsum panels until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.
- C. Do not install panels that are wet, those that are moisture damaged, and those that are mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.

#### 2.02 GYPSUM BOARD, GENERAL

A. Size: Provide maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.

#### 2.03 INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Gypsum Board, Type X: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M.
  - 1. Thickness: 5/8 inch.
  - 2. Long Edges: Tapered.
- B. Moisture- and Mold-Resistant Gypsum Board: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M. With moisture- and mold-resistant core and paper surfaces.
  - 1. Core: 5/8 inch, Type X.
  - 2. Long Edges: Tapered.
  - 3. Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D 3274.

### 2.04 TILE BACKING PANELS

- A. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Board: ASTM C 1178/C 1178M, with manufacturer's standard edges.
  - 1. Core: 5/8 inch, Type X.
  - 2. Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D 3274.

#### 2.05 TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. Interior Trim: ASTM C 1047.
  - 1. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet, rolled zinc, plastic, or paper-faced galvanized steel sheet.
  - 2. Shapes:
    - a. Cornerbead.
    - b. LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
    - c. L-Bead: L-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.

### 2.06 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with ASTM C 475/C 475M.
- B. Joint Tape:
  - 1. Interior Gypsum Board: Paper.
  - 2. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: 10-by-10 glass mesh.
  - 3. Tile Backing Panels: As recommended by panel manufacturer.
- C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Board: For each coat use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.
  - 1. Prefilling: At open joints, rounded or beveled panel edges, and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.
  - 2. Embedding and First Coat: For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use setting-type taping compound.
    - a. Use setting-type compound for installing paper-faced metal trim accessories.
  - 3. Fill Coat: For second coat, use setting-type, sandable topping compound.
  - 4. Finish Coat: For third coat, use setting-type, sandable topping compound.
  - 5. Skim Coat: For final coat of Level 5 finish, use setting-type, sandable topping compound.
- D. Joint Compound for Tile Backing Panels:
  - 1. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Panel: As recommended by backing panel manufacturer.

### 2.07 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards and manufacturer's written recommendations.
- B. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Use screws complying with ASTM C 954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inchthick.
  - 2. For fastening cementitious backer units, use screws of type and size recommended by panel manufacturer.
- C. Sound Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
  - 1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Comply with mineral-fiber requirements of assembly.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and substrates including welded hollow-metal frames and framing, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.02 APPLYING AND FINISHING PANELS, GENERAL

- A. Comply with ASTM C 840.
- B. Install ceiling panels across framing to minimize the number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent panels not less than one framing member.
- C. Install panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inchof open space between panels. Do not force into place.
- D. Locate edge and end joints over supports, except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints other than control joints at corners of framed openings.
- E. Form control and expansion joints with space between edges of adjoining gypsum panels.
- F. Cover both faces of support framing with gypsum panels in concealed spaces (above ceilings, etc.), except in chases braced internally.
  - 1. Unless concealed application is indicated or required for sound, fire, air, or smoke ratings, coverage may be accomplished with scraps of not less than 8 sq. ft.in area.
  - 2. Fit gypsum panels around ducts, pipes, and conduits.
  - 3. Where partitions intersect structural members projecting below underside of floor/roof slabs and decks, cut gypsum panels to fit profile formed by structural members; allow 1/4- to 3/8-inch-wide joints to install sealant.
- G. Isolate perimeter of gypsum board applied to non-load-bearing partitions at structural abutments, except floors. Provide 1/4- to 1/2-inch-wide spaces at these locations and trim edges with edge trim where edges of panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.
- H. Attachment to Steel Framing: Attach panels so leading edge or end of each panel is attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.
- I. Wood Framing: Install gypsum panels over wood framing, with floating internal corner construction. Do not attach gypsum panels across the flat grain of wide-dimension lumber, including floor joists and headers. Float gypsum panels over these members or provide control joints to counteract wood shrinkage.

Sitka Pioneer Home - Restroom Upgrades Project #AJK 20-17C J. Install sound attenuation blankets before installing gypsum panels unless blankets are readily installed after panels have been installed on one side.

# 3.03 APPLYING INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Install interior gypsum board in the following locations:
  - 1. Wallboard Type: Vertical surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Type X: Where required for fire-resistance-rated assembly.
  - 3. Moisture- and Mold-Resistant Type: In shower areas without a tiled finished surface.
- B. Single-Layer Application:
  - 1. On ceilings, apply gypsum panels before wall/partition board application to greatest extent possible and at right angles to framing unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum panels horizontally (perpendicular to framing) unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly, and minimize end joints.
    - a. Stagger abutting end joints not less than one framing member in alternate courses of panels.
    - b. At stairwells and other high walls, install panels horizontally unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly.
  - 3. On Z-furring members, apply gypsum panels vertically (parallel to framing) with no end joints. Locate edge joints over furring members.
  - 4. Fastening Methods: Apply gypsum panels to supports with steel drill screws.

### 3.04 INSTALLING TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Interior Trim: Install in the following locations:
  - 1. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. LC-Bead: Use at exposed panel edges.
  - 3. L-Bead: Use where indicated.

### 3.05 FINISHING GYPSUM BOARD

- A. General: Treat gypsum board joints, interior angles, edge trim, control joints, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects, and elsewhere as required to prepare gypsum board surfaces for decoration. Promptly remove residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.
- B. Prefill open joints, rounded or beveled edges, and damaged surface areas.
- C. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except for trim products specifically indicated as not intended to receive tape.

- D. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below and according to ASTM C 840:
  - 1. Level 1: Ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated.
  - 2. Level 4: At panel surfaces that will be exposed to view unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in Section 099123 "Interior Painting."

#### 3.06 PROTECTION

- A. Protect adjacent surfaces from drywall compound and promptly remove from floors and other non-drywall surfaces. Repair surfaces stained, marred, or otherwise damaged during drywall application.
- B. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.
- C. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

# END OF SECTION 09290

# SECTION 09301 - CERAMIC TILING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 079200 "Joint Sealants" for sealing of expansion, contraction, control, and isolation joints in tile surfaces.
  - 2. Section 092900 "Gypsum Board" for glass-mat, water-resistant backer board.

#### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Definitions in the ANSI A108 series of tile installation standards and in ANSI A137.1 apply to Work of this Section unless otherwise specified.
- B. ANSI A108 Series: ANSI A108.01, ANSI A108.02, ANSI A108.1A, ANSI A108.1B, ANSI A108.1C, ANSI A108.4, ANSI A108.5, ANSI A108.6, ANSI A108.8, ANSI A108.9, ANSI A108.10, ANSI A108.11, ANSI A108.12, ANSI A108.13, ANSI A108.14, ANSI A108.15, ANSI A108.16, and ANSI A108.17, which are contained in its "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile."
- C. Module Size: Actual tile size plus joint width indicated.
- D. Face Size: Actual tile size, excluding spacer lugs.

### 1.04 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For tile, grout, and accessories involving color selection.

### 1.05 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match and are from same production runs as products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Tile and Trim Units: Furnish quantity of full-size units equal to 3 percent of amount installed for each type, composition, color, pattern, and size indicated.

2. Grout: Furnish quantity of grout equal to 3 percent of amount installed for each type, composition, and color indicated.

### 1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications:
  - 1. Installer employs Ceramic Tile Education Foundation Certified Installers or installers recognized by the U.S. Department of Labor as Journeyman Tile Layers.

# 1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store packaged materials in original containers with seals unbroken and labels intact until time of use. Comply with requirements in ANSI A137.1 for labeling tile packages.
- B. Store tile and cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location.
- C. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination can be avoided.
- D. Store liquid materials in unopened containers and protected from freezing.

### 1.08 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install tile until construction in spaces is complete and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated in referenced standards and manufacturer's written instructions.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Source Limitations for Tile: Obtain tile of each type and color or finish from single source or producer.
  - 1. Obtain tile of each type and color or finish from same production run and of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties for each contiguous area.
- B. Source Limitations for Setting and Grouting Materials: Obtain ingredients of a uniform quality for each mortar, adhesive, and grout component from single manufacturer and each aggregate from single source or producer.
  - 1. Obtain setting and grouting materials, except for unmodified Portland cement and aggregate, from single manufacturer.

#### 2.02 PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. ANSI Ceramic Tile Standard: Provide tile that complies with ANSI A137.1 for types, compositions, and other characteristics indicated.
  - 1. Provide tile complying with Standard grade requirements unless otherwise indicated.
- B. ANSI Standards for Tile Installation Materials: Provide materials complying with ANSI A108.02, ANSI standards referenced in other Part 2 articles, ANSI standards referenced by TCNA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules, and other requirements specified.
- C. Factory Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations within ranges, blend tile in factory and package so tile units taken from one package show same range in colors as those taken from other packages and match approved Samples.
- D. Mounting: For factory-mounted tile, provide back- or edge-mounted tile assemblies as standard with manufacturer unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.03 TILE PRODUCTS

- A. Ceramic Tile Type CT-1 & CT-2: Glazed porcelain tile.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. Royal Mosa.
  - 2. Certification: Tile certified by the Porcelain Tile Certification Agency.
  - 3. Face Size: 6 by 6 inches.
  - 4. Face Size Variation: Rectified.
  - 5. Thickness: 1/4 inch.
  - 6. Face: Plain with square or cushion edges.
  - 7. Dynamic Coefficient of Friction: Not less than 0.42.
  - 8. Tile Color, Glaze, and Pattern: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 9. Grout Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 10. Trim Units: Coordinated with sizes and coursing of adjoining flat tile where applicable. Provide shapes as follows, selected from manufacturer's standard shapes:
    - a. Wainscot Cap: Surface bullnose, module size 12 inches by 2.8 inches.
    - b. Internal Corners: Field-butted square corners.

### 2.04 SETTING MATERIALS

- A. Latex-Portland Cement Mortar (Thinset): ANSI A118.4.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 2. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix containing dry, redispersible, vinyl acetate or acrylic additive to which only water must be added at Project site.
  - 3. For wall applications, provide mortar that complies with requirements for nonsagging mortar in addition to the other requirements in ANSI A118.4.

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## 2.05 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Underlayments and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer of tile-setting materials for installations indicated.
- B. Tile Cleaner: A neutral cleaner capable of removing soil and residue without harming tile and grout surfaces, specifically approved for materials and installations indicated by tile and grout manufacturers.
- C. Grout Sealer: Manufacturer's standard product for sealing grout joints and that does not change color or appearance of grout.

#### 2.06 MIXING MORTARS AND GROUT

- A. Mix mortars and grouts to comply with referenced standards and mortar and grout manufacturers' written instructions.
- B. Add materials, water, and additives in accurate proportions.
- C. Obtain and use type of mixing equipment, mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures to produce mortars and grouts of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for installations indicated.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where tile will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that substrates for setting tile are firm; dry; clean; free of coatings that are incompatible with tile-setting materials, including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone; and comply with flatness tolerances required by ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.
  - 2. Verify that concrete substrates for tile floors installed with bonded mortar bed comply with surface finish requirements in ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.
    - a. Verify that surfaces that received a steel trowel finish have been mechanically scarified.
    - b. Verify that protrusions, bumps, and ridges have been removed by sanding or grinding.
  - 3. Verify that installation of grounds, anchors, recessed frames, electrical and mechanical units of work, and similar items located in or behind tile has been completed.
  - 4. Verify that joints and cracks in tile substrates are coordinated with tile joint locations; if not coordinated, adjust joint locations in consultation with Architect.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

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### 3.02 PREPARATION

A. Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations, verify that tile has been factory blended and packaged so tile units taken from one package show same range of colors as those taken from other packages and match approved Samples. If not factory blended, either return to manufacturer or blend tiles at Project site before installing.

## 3.03 CERAMIC TILE INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with TCNA's "Handbook for Ceramic, Glass, and Stone Tile Installation" for TCNA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules. Comply with parts of the ANSI A108 series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that are referenced in TCNA installation methods, specified in tile installation schedules, and apply to types of setting and grouting materials used.
- B. Extend tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.
- C. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap tile.
- D. Provide manufacturer's standard trim shapes where necessary to eliminate exposed tile edges.
- E. Where accent tile differs in thickness from field tile, vary setting-bed thickness so that tiles are flush.
- F. Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in grid pattern unless otherwise indicated. Lay out tile work and center tile fields in both directions in each space or on each wall area. Lay out tile work to minimize the use of pieces that are less than half of a tile. Provide uniform joint widths unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Where adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, or trim are specified or indicated to be same size, align joints.
  - 2. Where tiles are specified or indicated to be whole integer multiples of adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, or trim, align joints unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Joint Widths: Unless otherwise indicated, install tile with the following joint widths:
  - 1. Porcelain Tile: 1/4 inch.
- H. Lay out tile wainscots to dimensions indicated or to next full tile beyond dimensions indicated.
- I. Expansion Joints: Provide expansion joints and other sealant-filled joints, including control, contraction, and isolation joints, where indicated. Form joints during installation of setting materials, mortar beds, and tile. Do not saw-cut joints after installing tiles.
  - 1. Where joints occur in concrete substrates, locate joints in tile surfaces directly above them.

J. Grout Sealer: Apply grout sealer to cementitious grout joints according to grout-sealer manufacturer's written instructions. As soon as grout sealer has penetrated grout joints, remove excess sealer and sealer from tile faces by wiping with soft cloth.

## 3.04 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Remove and replace tile that is damaged or that does not match adjoining tile. Provide new matching units, installed as specified and in a manner to eliminate evidence of replacement.
- B. Cleaning: On completion of placement and grouting, clean all ceramic tile surfaces so they are free of foreign matter.
  - 1. Remove grout residue from tile as soon as possible.
  - 2. Clean grout smears and haze from tile according to tile and grout manufacturer's written instructions but no sooner than 10 days after installation. Use only cleaners recommended by tile and grout manufacturers and only after determining that cleaners are safe to use by testing on samples of tile and other surfaces to be cleaned. Protect metal surfaces and plumbing fixtures from effects of cleaning. Flush surfaces with clean water before and after cleaning.

## 3.05 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed tile work with kraft paper or other heavy covering during construction period to prevent staining, damage, and wear. If recommended by tile manufacturer, apply coat of neutral protective cleaner to completed tile walls and floors.
- B. Prohibit foot and wheel traffic from tiled floors for at least seven days after grouting is completed.
- C. Before final inspection, remove protective coverings and rinse neutral protective cleaner from tile surfaces.

## 3.06 INTERIOR CERAMIC TILE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

- A. Interior Wall Installations, Wood or Metal Studs or Furring:
  - 1. Ceramic Tile Installation CT-1 & CT-2: TCNA W245 or TCNA W248; thinset mortar on glass-mat, water-resistant gypsum backer board.
    - a. Ceramic Tile Type: Global Collection
    - b. Thinset Mortar: Latex-portland cement mortar.
    - c. Grout: High-performance sanded grout.

## END OF SECTION 09301

## SECTION 09651 - RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Resilient base.
  - 2. Resilient molding accessories.

## 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of product indicated.

## 1.04 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Furnish not less than 10 linear feet for every 500 linear feet or fraction thereof, of each type, color, pattern, and size of resilient product installed.

## 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Coordinate mockups in this Section with mockups specified in other Sections.

## 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store resilient products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg For more than 90 deg F.

## 1.07 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 95 deg F, in spaces to receive resilient products during the following time periods:
  - 1. 48 hours before installation.
  - 2. During installation.
  - 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. After installation and until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.
- C. Install resilient products after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.01 THERMOSET-RUBBER BASE RB-1

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Burke Mercer Flooring Products; a division of Burke Industries Inc.
  - 2. Johnsonite; a Tarkett company.
  - 3. Roppe Corporation, USA.
- B. Product Standard: ASTM F 1861, Type TS (rubber, vulcanized thermoset), Group I (solid, homogeneous).
  - 1. Style and Location:
    - a. Style B, Cove: As indicated on Drawings.
- C. Thickness: 0.125 inch.
- D. Height: 4 inches.
- E. Lengths: Cut lengths 48 inches long.
- F. Outside Corners: Preformed.
- G. Inside Corners: Job formed or preformed.
- H. Colors: As selected by Architect from full range of industry colors.
- 2.02 VINYL MOLDING ACCESSORY TS-1
  - A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

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- 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.
- 2. Johnsonite; a Tarkett company.
- 3. Roppe Corporation, USA.
- B. Description: Vinyl reducer strip for resilient flooring.
- C. Profile and Dimensions: As required.
- D. Locations: Provide vinyl molding accessories where change in floor finishes occur.
- E. Colors and Patterns: As selected by Architect from full range of industry colors.

## 2.03 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by resilient-product manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by resilient-product manufacturer for resilient products and substrate conditions indicated.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Installation of resilient products indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

## 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound; remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- C. Do not install resilient products until they are the same temperature as the space where they are to be installed.
  - 1. At least 48 hours in advance of installation, move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed.

D. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products.

## 3.03 RESILIENT BASE INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient base.
- B. Apply resilient base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and areas where base is required.
- C. Install resilient base in lengths as long as practical without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.
- D. Tightly adhere resilient base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.
- E. Do not stretch resilient base during installation.
- F. On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.
- G. Preformed Corners: Install preformed corners before installing straight pieces.
- H. Job-Formed Corners:
  - 1. Outside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible and form with returns not less than 6 inches in length.
    - a. Form without producing discoloration (whitening) at bends.
  - 2. Inside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible and form with returns not less than 3 inches in length.
    - a. Miter or cope corners to minimize open joints.

## 3.04 RESILIENT ACCESSORY INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient accessories.
- B. Resilient Molding Accessories: Butt to adjacent materials and tightly adhere to substrates throughout length of each piece. Install reducer strips at edges of floor covering that would otherwise be exposed.

## 3.05 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protecting resilient products.
- B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient-product installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.

- C. Protect resilient products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
- D. Cover resilient products subject to wear and foot traffic until Substantial Completion.

# **END OF SECTION 09651**

## SECTION 09652 - RESILIENT SHEET FLOORING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

A. Section includes vinyl sheet flooring.

## 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of resilient sheet flooring indicated.
- C. Welded-Seam Samples: For seamless-installation technique indicated and for each resilient sheet flooring product, color, and pattern required; with seam running lengthwise and in center of 6-by-9-inch Sample applied to a rigid backing and prepared by Installer for this Project.
- D. Product Schedule: For resilient sheet flooring.

## 1.04 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For each type of resilient sheet flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

## 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs workers for this Project who are competent in techniques required by manufacturer for resilient sheet flooring installation and seaming method indicated.
  - 1. Engage an installer who employs workers for this Project who are trained or certified by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer for installation techniques required.

## 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store resilient sheet flooring and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg For more than 90 deg F. Store rolls upright.

## 1.07 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 85 deg F, in spaces to receive resilient sheet flooring during the following time periods:
  - 1. 48 hours before installation.
  - 2. During installation.
  - 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. After installation and until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.
- C. Close spaces to traffic during resilient sheet flooring installation.
- D. Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after resilient sheet flooring installation.
- E. Install resilient sheet flooring after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.01 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For resilient sheet flooring, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
  - 1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.

## 2.02 UNBACKED VINYL SHEET FLOORING

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc. Medintech
- B. Product Standard: ASTM F 1913.
- C. Thickness: 0.080 inch.
- D. Wearing Surface: Smooth.
- E. Sheet Width: 6 feet.
- F. Seamless-Installation Method: Heat welded.
- G. Colors and Patterns: As selected by Architect from full range of industry colors.

## 2.03 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by flooring and adhesive manufacturers to suit resilient sheet flooring and substrate conditions indicated.
- C. Seamless-Installation Accessories:
  - 1. Heat-Welding Bead: Manufacturer's solid-strand product for heat welding seams.
    - a. Color: Match flooring.
  - 2. Chemical-Bonding Compound: Manufacturer's product for chemically bonding seams.
    - a. Bonding compound shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- D. Integral-Flash-Cove-Base Accessories:
  - 1. Cove Strip: 1-inchradius provided or approved by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer.
  - 2. Cap Strip: Tapered vinyl cap provided or approved by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer.
  - 3. Corners: Metal inside and outside corners and end stops provided or approved by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient sheet flooring.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to resilient sheet flooring manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient sheet flooring.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.

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- 2. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
- 3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrate alkalinity falls within range on pH scale recommended by manufacturer in writing, but not less than 5 or more than 9 pH.
- 4. Moisture Testing: Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing according to resilient sheet flooring manufacturer's written recommendations, but not less stringent than the following:
  - a. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test according to ASTM F 1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.
  - b. Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes according to ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level.
- C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound; remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- D. Do not install resilient sheet flooring until it is the same temperature as the space where it is to be installed.
  - 1. At least 48 hours in advance of installation, move flooring and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed.
- E. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient sheet flooring.

## 3.03 RESILIENT SHEET FLOORING INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient sheet flooring.
- B. Unroll resilient sheet flooring and allow it to stabilize before cutting and fitting.
- C. Lay out resilient sheet flooring as follows:
  - 1. Maintain uniformity of flooring direction.
  - 2. Minimize number of seams; place seams in inconspicuous and low-traffic areas, at least 6 inchesaway from parallel joints in flooring substrates.
  - 3. Match edges of flooring for color shading at seams.
  - 4. Avoid cross seams.
- D. Scribe and cut resilient sheet flooring to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.
- E. Extend resilient sheet flooring into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings.
- F. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on resilient sheet flooring as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent marking device.

- G. Install resilient sheet flooring on covers for telephone and electrical ducts and similar items in installation areas. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern between pieces of flooring installed on covers and adjoining flooring. Tightly adhere flooring edges to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.
- H. Adhere resilient sheet flooring to substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.
- I. Seamless Installation:
  - 1. Heat-Welded Seams: Comply with ASTM F 1516. Rout joints and heat weld with welding bead to permanently fuse sections into a seamless floor. Prepare, weld, and finish seams to produce surfaces flush with adjoining flooring surfaces.
- J. Integral-Flash-Cove Base: Cove resilient sheet flooring 6 inches up vertical surfaces. Support flooring at horizontal and vertical junction with cove strip. Butt at top against cap strip.
  - 1. Install metal corners at inside and outside corners.

## 3.04 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protecting resilient sheet flooring.
- B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient sheet flooring installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from surfaces.
  - 2. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
  - 3. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.
- C. Protect resilient sheet flooring from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
- D. Cover resilient sheet flooring until Substantial Completion.

## END OF SECTION 09652

## **SECTION 09912 - INTERIOR PAINTING**

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on interior substrates.
  - 1. Concrete.
  - 2. Concrete masonry units (CMU).
  - 3. Galvanized metal.
  - 4. Wood.
  - 5. Gypsum board.
  - 6. Plaster.
  - 7. ASJ insulation covering.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 099113 "Exterior Painting" for surface preparation and the application of paint systems on exterior substrates.
  - 2. Section 099300 "Staining and Transparent Finishing" for surface preparation and the application of wood stains and transparent finishes on interior wood substrates.

#### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Gloss Level 1: Not more than 5 units at 60 degrees and 10 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- B. Gloss Level 2: Not more than 10 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- C. Gloss Level 3: 10 to 25 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- D. Gloss Level 4: 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- E. Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- F. Gloss Level 6: 70 to 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- G. Gloss Level 7: More than 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

## 1.04 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of topcoat product.
- C. Product List: For each product indicated, include the following:
  - 1. Cross-reference to paint system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
  - 2. Printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 2, with the proposed product highlighted.
  - 3. VOC content.

## 1.05 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Paint: 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. of each material and color applied.

#### 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F.
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

#### 1.07 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.
- B. Do not apply paints when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg Fabove the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
  - 2. Glidden Professional.
  - 3. PPG Architectural Coatings.
  - 4. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).

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## 2.02 PAINT, GENERAL

- A. MPI Standards: Provide products that comply with MPI standards indicated and that are listed in its "MPI Approved Products List."
- B. Material Compatibility:
  - 1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
  - 2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. Colors: Match existing.
- 2.03 BLOCK FILLERS
  - A. Block Filler, Latex, Interior/Exterior: MPI #4.

## 2.04 PRIMERS/SEALERS

- A. Primer Sealer, Latex, Interior: MPI #50.
- B. Primer Sealer, Interior, Institutional Low Odor/VOC: MPI #149.
- C. Primer, Latex, for Interior Wood: MPI #39.
- 2.05 METAL PRIMERS
  - A. Primer, Galvanized, Water Based: MPI #134.

## 2.06 WATER-BASED PAINTS

- A. Latex, Interior, (Gloss Level 3): MPI #52.
- B. Latex, Interior, Institutional Low Odor/VOC, (Gloss Level 3): MPI #145.
- C. Latex, Interior, High Performance Architectural, (Gloss Level 3): MPI #139.

## 2.07 SOLVENT-BASED PAINTS

A. Alkyd, Interior, Semi-Gloss (Gloss Level 5): MPI #47.

## 2.08 FLOOR COATINGS

A. Floor Paint, Latex, Low Gloss (Maximum Gloss Level 3): MPI #60.

## 2.09 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing of Paint Materials: Owner reserves the right to invoke the following procedure:
  - 1. Owner will engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample paint materials. Contractor will be notified in advance and may be present when samples are taken. If paint materials have already been delivered to Project site, samples may be taken at Project site. Samples will be identified, sealed, and certified by testing agency.
  - 2. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with product requirements.
  - 3. Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying coatings if test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying paint materials from Project site, pay for testing, and repaint surfaces painted with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously painted surfaces if, on repainting with complying materials, the two paints are incompatible.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
  - 1. Concrete: 12 percent.
  - 2. Masonry (Clay and CMU): 12 percent.
  - 3. Wood: 15 percent.
  - 4. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
  - 5. Plaster: 12 percent.
- C. Gypsum Board Substrates: Verify that finishing compound is sanded smooth.
- D. Plaster Substrates: Verify that plaster is fully cured.
- E. Spray-Textured Ceiling Substrates: Verify that surfaces are dry.
- F. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
- G. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

## 3.02 PREPARATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.

- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
  - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- D. Concrete Substrates: Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be painted exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces or mortar joints exceed that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Steel Substrates: Remove rust, loose mill scale, and shop primer, if any. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer but not less than the following:
  - 1. SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
  - 2. SSPC-SP 7/NACE No. 4, "Brush-off Blast Cleaning."
  - 3. SSPC-SP 11, "Power Tool Cleaning to Bare Metal."
- G. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied paints.
- H. Wood Substrates:
  - 1. Scrape and clean knots, and apply coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
  - 2. Sand surfaces that will be exposed to view, and dust off.
  - 3. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and backsides of wood.
  - 4. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in the finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dried.

## 3.03 APPLICATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions and to recommendations in "MPI Manual."
  - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
  - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
  - 3. Paint front and backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
  - 4. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.

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- 5. Primers specified in painting schedules may be omitted on items that are factory primed or factory finished if acceptable to topcoat manufacturers.
- B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
- E. Painting Fire Suppression, Plumbing, HVAC, Electrical, Communication, and Electronic Safety and Security Work:
  - 1. Paint the following work where exposed in equipment rooms:
    - a. Equipment, including panelboards.
    - b. Uninsulated metal piping.
    - c. Pipe hangers and supports.
    - d. Metal conduit.
    - e. Duct, equipment, and pipe insulation having cotton or canvas insulation covering or other paintable jacket material.
  - 2. Paint the following work where exposed in occupied spaces:
    - a. Uninsulated metal piping.
    - b. Pipe hangers and supports.
    - c. Metal conduit.
    - d. Duct, equipment, and pipe insulation having cotton or canvas insulation covering or other paintable jacket material.
    - e. Other items as directed by Architect.
  - 3. Paint portions of internal surfaces of metal ducts, without liner, behind air inlets and outlets that are visible from occupied spaces.

## 3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Dry Film Thickness Testing: Owner may engage the services of a qualified testing and inspecting agency to inspect and test paint for dry film thickness.
  - 1. Contractor shall touch up and restore painted surfaces damaged by testing.
  - 2. If test results show that dry film thickness of applied paint does not comply with paint manufacturer's written recommendations, Contractor shall pay for testing and apply additional coats as needed to provide dry film thickness that complies with paint manufacturer's written recommendations.

## 3.05 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

## 3.06 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Concrete Substrates, Nontraffic Surfaces:
  - 1. Latex System:
    - a. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, matching topcoat.
    - b. Topcoat: Latex, interior, (Gloss Level 3), MPI #52.
  - 2. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System:
    - a. Prime Coat: Primer sealer, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, MPI #149.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, (Gloss Level 3), MPI #145.
- B. Concrete Substrates, Traffic Surfaces:
  - 1. Latex Floor Enamel System:
    - a. Prime Coat: Floor paint, latex, low gloss (maximum Gloss Level 3), MPI #60.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Floor paint, latex, low gloss (maximum Gloss Level 3), MPI #60.
    - c. Topcoat: Floor paint, latex, low gloss (maximum Gloss Level 3), MPI #60.
- C. CMU Substrates:
  - 1. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System:
    - a. Block Filler: Block filler, latex, interior/exterior, MPI #4.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, (Gloss Level 3), MPI #145.
- D. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:
  - 1. High-Performance Architectural Latex System:
    - a. Prime Coat: Primer, galvanized, water based, MPI #134.

- b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, high performance architectural, matching topcoat.
- c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, high performance architectural, (Gloss Level 3), MPI #139.
- E. Wood Substrates: Including wood trim.
  - 1. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System:
    - a. Prime Coat: Primer, latex, for interior wood, MPI #39.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, (Gloss Level 3), MPI #145.
- F. Gypsum Board Substrates:
  - 1. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System:
    - a. Prime Coat: Primer sealer, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, MPI #149.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, (Gloss Level 3), MPI #145.
- G. ASJ Insulation-Covering Substrates: Including pipe and duct coverings.
  - 1. Latex System:
    - a. Prime Coat: Primer sealer, latex, interior, MPI #50.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, flat, (Gloss Level 1), MPI #53.

# END OF SECTION 09912

## SECTION 09930 - STAINING AND TRANSPARENT FINISHING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and application of wood stains and transparent finishes on the following substrates:
  - 1. Interior Substrates:
    - a. Dressed lumber (finish carpentry or woodwork).

## 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. MPI Gloss Level 1: Not more than 5 units at 60 degrees and 10 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- B. MPI Gloss Level 4: 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- C. MPI Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- D. MPI Gloss Level 6: 70 to 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- E. MPI Gloss Level 7: More than 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

## 1.04 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
  - 1. Include printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified, with the proposed product highlighted.
  - 2. Indicate VOC content.
- B. Samples for Verification: For each type of finish system and in each color and gloss of finish required.
  - 1. Submit Samples on representative samples of actual wood substrates, 8 inches square.
- C. Product List: Cross-reference to finish system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules. Include color designations.

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### 1.05 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Stains and Transparent Finishes: 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. of each material and color applied.

#### 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F.
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

#### 1.07 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Apply finishes only when temperature of surfaces to be finished and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.
- B. Do not apply finishes when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent, at temperatures less than 5 deg F above the dew point, or to damp or wet surfaces.
- C. Do not apply exterior finishes in snow, rain, fog, or mist.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
  - 2. PPG Architectural Coatings.
  - 3. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).

## 2.02 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. MPI Standards: Products shall comply with MPI standards indicated and shall be listed in its "MPI Approved Products List."
- B. Material Compatibility:
  - 1. Materials for use within each paint system shall be compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
  - 2. For each coat in a paint system, products shall be recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.

Sitka Pioneer Home - Restroom Upgrades Project #ANC 24-12C Section 09930 Page 2 of 5 C. Stain Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

## 2.03 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing of Materials: Owner reserves the right to invoke the following procedure:
  - 1. Owner will engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample wood finishing materials. Contractor will be notified in advance and may be present when samples are taken. If materials have already been delivered to Project site, samples may be taken at Project site. Samples will be identified, sealed, and certified by testing agency.
  - 2. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with product requirements.
  - 3. Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying wood finishes if test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying materials from Project site, pay for testing, and refinish surfaces finished with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously finished surfaces before refinishing with complying materials if the two finishes are incompatible or produce results that, in the opinion of the Architect, are aesthetically unacceptable.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Exterior Wood Substrates: 15 percent, when measured with an electronic moisture meter.
- C. Maximum Moisture Content of Interior Wood Substrates: 13 percent, when measured with an electronic moisture meter.
- D. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
- E. Proceed with finish application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Beginning finish application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and conditions.

## 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and finishing.

- 1. After completing finishing operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean and prepare surfaces to be finished according to manufacturer's written instructions for each substrate condition and as specified.
  - 1. Remove dust, dirt, oil, and grease by washing with a detergent solution; rinse thoroughly with clean water and allow to dry. Remove grade stamps and pencil marks by sanding lightly. Remove loose wood fibers by brushing.
  - 2. Remove mildew by scrubbing with a commercial wash formulated for mildew removal and as recommended by stain manufacturer.
- D. Interior Wood Substrates:
  - 1. Scrape and clean knots, and apply coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
  - 2. Apply wood filler paste to open-grain woods, as defined in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual," to produce smooth, glasslike finish.
  - 3. Sand surfaces exposed to view and dust off.
  - 4. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in the finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dry.

## 3.03 APPLICATION

- A. Apply finishes according to manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual."
  - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for finish and substrate indicated.
  - 2. Finish surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces.
  - 3. Do not apply finishes over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
- B. Apply finishes to produce surface films without cloudiness, holidays, lap marks, brush marks, runs, ropiness, or other surface imperfections.

## 3.04 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
- B. After completing finish application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered materials by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from finish application. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced finished wood surfaces.

## 3.05 INTERIOR WOOD -FINISH-SYSTEM SCHEDULE

- A. Wood Substrates: Wood trim and wood board paneling.
  - 1. Polyurethane Varnish System MPI INT 6.3K:
    - a. Prime Coat: Polyurethane varnish matching topcoat.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Polyurethane varnish matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Varnish, interior, polyurethane, oil modified, satin (MPI Gloss Level 4), MPI #57.

## END OF SECTION 09930

# SECTION 10211 - PLASTIC TOILET COMPARTMENTS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Solid-plastic toilet compartments configured as toilet enclosures.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 061053 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry" for blocking.
  - 2. Section 102800 "Toilet, Bath, and Laundry Accessories" for toilet tissue dispensers, grab bars, purse shelves, and similar accessories mounted on toilet compartments.

## 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for toilet compartments.
- B. Shop Drawings: For toilet compartments.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachment details.
  - 2. Show locations of cutouts for compartment-mounted toilet accessories.
  - 3. Show locations of centerlines of toilet fixtures.
  - 4. Show locations of floor drains.
  - 5. Show overhead support or bracing locations.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of toilet compartment material indicated.
  - 1. Include Samples of hardware and accessories involving material and color selection.

## 1.04 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For toilet compartments to include in maintenance manuals.

## 1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of toilet fixtures, walls, columns, ceilings, and other construction contiguous with toilet compartments by field measurements before fabrication.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E 84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 75 or less.
  - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities and ICC A117.1 for toilet compartments designated as accessible.

#### 2.02 SOLID-PLASTIC TOILET COMPARTMENTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Accurate Partitions Corp.; ASI Group.
  - 2. Bradley Corporation.
  - 3. Scranton Products.
- B. Toilet-Enclosure Style: Overhead braced.
- C. Door, Panel, Screen, and Pilaster Construction: Solid, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) panel material, not less than 1 inch thick, seamless, with eased edges, and with homogenous color and pattern throughout thickness of material.
  - 1. Color and Pattern: One color and pattern in each room as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- D. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Manufacturer's standard design; polymer.
  - 1. Polymer Color and Pattern: Matching pilaster.
- E. Brackets (Fittings):
  - 1. Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; stainless steel.

#### 2.03 HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

A. Hardware and Accessories: Manufacturer's heavy-duty operating hardware and accessories.

- 1. Hinges: Manufacturer's minimum 0.062-inch-thick stainless-steel paired, self-closing type that can be adjusted to hold doors open at any angle up to 90 degrees, allowing emergency access by lifting door. Mount with through-bolts.
- 2. Latch and Keeper: Manufacturer's heavy-duty surface-mounted cast-stainless-steel latch unit designed to resist damage due to slamming, with combination rubber-faced door strike and keeper, and with provision for emergency access. Provide units that comply with regulatory requirements for accessibility at compartments designated as accessible. Mount with through-bolts.
- 3. Coat Hook: Manufacturer's heavy-duty combination cast-stainless-steel hook and rubbertipped bumper, sized to prevent in-swinging door from hitting compartment-mounted accessories. Mount with through-bolts.
- 4. Door Bumper: Manufacturer's heavy-duty rubber-tipped cast-stainless-steel bumper at out-swinging doors. Mount with through-bolts.
- 5. Door Pull: Manufacturer's heavy-duty cast-stainless-steel pull at out-swinging doors that complies with regulatory requirements for accessibility. Provide units on both sides of doors at compartments designated as accessible. Mount with through-bolts.
- B. Overhead Bracing: Manufacturer's standard continuous, extruded-aluminum head rail with antigrip profile and in manufacturer's standard finish.
- C. Anchorages and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard exposed fasteners of stainless steel, finished to match the items they are securing, with theft-resistant-type heads. Provide sex-type bolts for through-bolt applications. For concealed anchors, use stainless-steel, hot-dip galvanized-steel, or other rust-resistant, protective-coated steel compatible with related materials.

## 2.04 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum Castings: ASTM B 26/B 26M.
- B. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221.
- C. Brass Castings: ASTM B 584.
- D. Brass Extrusions: ASTM B 455.
- E. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 304, stretcher-leveled standard of flatness.
- F. Stainless-Steel Castings: ASTM A 743/A 743M.

## 2.05 FABRICATION

- A. Fabrication, General: Fabricate toilet compartment components to sizes indicated. Coordinate requirements and provide cutouts for through-partition toilet accessories where required for attachment of toilet accessories.
- B. Overhead-Braced Units: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant supports, leveling mechanism, and anchors at pilasters to suit floor conditions. Provide shoes at pilasters to conceal supports and leveling mechanism.

C. Door Size and Swings: Unless otherwise indicated, provide 24-inch-wide, in-swinging doors for standard toilet compartments and 36-inch-wide, out-swinging doors with a minimum 32-inch-wide, clear opening for compartments designated as accessible.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for fastening, support, alignment, operating clearances, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Confirm location and adequacy of blocking and supports required for installation.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Install units rigid, straight, level, and plumb. Secure units in position with manufacturer's recommended anchoring devices.
  - 1. Maximum Clearances:
    - a. Pilasters and Panels: 1/2 inch.
    - b. Panels and Walls: 1 inch.
  - 2. Full-Height (Continuous) Brackets: Secure panels to walls and to pilasters with full-height brackets.
    - a. Locate bracket fasteners so holes for wall anchors occur in masonry or tile joints.
    - b. Align brackets at pilasters with brackets at walls.
- B. Overhead-Braced Units: Secure pilasters to floor and level, plumb, and tighten. Set pilasters with anchors penetrating not less than 1-3/4 inches into structural floor unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written instructions. Secure continuous head rail to each pilaster with no fewer than two fasteners. Hang doors to align tops of doors with tops of panels, and adjust so tops of doors are parallel with overhead brace when doors are in closed position.

## 3.03 ADJUSTING

A. Hardware Adjustment: Adjust and lubricate hardware according to hardware manufacturer's written instructions for proper operation. Set hinges on in-swinging doors to hold doors open approximately 30 degrees from closed position when unlatched. Set hinges on out-swinging doors to return doors to fully closed position.

## END OF SECTION 10211

## SECTION 10260- WALL AND DOOR PROTECTION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Impact-resistant handrails.
  - 2. Abuse-resistant wall coverings.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 08710 "Door Hardware" for metal protective trim units, according to BHMA A156.6, used for armor, kick, mop, and push plates.

## 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, impact strength, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each type of wall and door protection showing locations and extent.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details. Show handrail design and support spacing required to withstand structural loads.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of impact-resistant wall-protection unit indicated, in each color and texture specified.
  - 1. Include Samples of accent strips and accessories to verify color selection.

## 1.04 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.
- 1.05 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
  - A. Maintenance Data: For each type of wall and door protection product to include in maintenance manuals.

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## 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store wall and door protection in original undamaged packages and containers inside wellventilated area protected from weather, moisture, soiling, extreme temperatures, and humidity.
  - 1. Maintain room temperature within storage area at not less than 70 deg Fduring the period plastic materials are stored.
  - 2. Keep plastic materials out of direct sunlight.
  - 3. Store plastic wall- and door-protection components for a minimum of 72 hours, or until plastic material attains a minimum room temperature of 70 deg F.
    - a. Store handrail covers in a horizontal position.

## 1.07 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of wall- and doorprotection units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including detachment of components from each other or from the substrates, delamination, and permanent deformation beyond normal use.
    - b. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, plastics, and other materials beyond normal use.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain wall- and door-protection products of each type from single source from single manufacturer.

## 2.02 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E 84 or UL 723; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
  - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.

B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities and ICC A117.1.

## 2.03 IMPACT-RESISTANT HANDRAILS

- A. Structural Performance: Handrails, including attachment to building construction, shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:
  - 1. Uniform load of 50 lbf/ft. Insert requirement applied in any direction.
  - 2. Concentrated load of 200 lbfapplied in any direction.
  - 3. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
- B. Plastic, Impact-Resistant Handrails. Decorative Crash/Hand Rail: Manufacturer's standard, PVC-free assembly consisting of snap-on plastic cover installed over continuous retainer.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. Construction Specialties, Inc.
  - 2. Cover: Minimum 0.078-inch-thick, extruded rigid plastic; in dimensions and profiles indicated on Drawings.
    - a. Bumper Rail: Cover with flat front side; with 1-1/2-inch-diameter gripping surface and finger recess on back side; supported by concealed, continuous retainer and extended mounting brackets.
      - 1) Bumper-Rail Dimensions: Nominal 5-1/2 inches high by 1-1/2 inches deep.
      - 2) Bumper Surface: Smooth.
    - b. Color and Texture: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 3. Retainer: Minimum 0.080-inch-thick, one-piece, extruded aluminum.
  - 4. Mounting Bracket: Extended mounting on injection-molded plastic mounting brackets.
  - 5. End Caps and Corners: Prefabricated, injection-molded plastic; matching color cover; field adjustable for close alignment with snap-on cover.
  - 6. Accessories: Concealed splices, cushions, and mounting hardware.

## 2.04 ABUSE-RESISTANT WALL COVERINGS

- A. Abuse-Resistant Sheet Wall Covering, RSV: Fabricated from semirigid, plastic sheet wallcovering material.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Construction Specialties, Inc.
    - b. InPro Corporation (IPC).
    - c. Korogard Wall Protection Systems; a division of RJF International Corporation.

- 2. Size: 48 by 96 inchesfor sheet.
- 3. Sheet Thickness: 0.040 inch.
- 4. Color and Texture: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- 5. Height: As indicated.
- 6. Trim and Joint Moldings: Extruded rigid plastic that matches wall-covering color.
- 7. Mounting: Adhesive.

#### 2.05 MATERIALS

- A. Plastic Materials: Chemical- and stain-resistant, high-impact-resistant plastic with integral color throughout; extruded and sheet material as required, thickness as indicated.
- B. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless-steel, or other noncorrosive metal screws, bolts, and other fasteners compatible with items being fastened. Use security-type fasteners where exposed to view.

### 2.06 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate wall and door protection according to requirements indicated for design, performance, dimensions, and member sizes, including thicknesses of components.
- B. Factory Assembly: Assemble components in factory to greatest extent possible to minimize field assembly. Disassemble only as necessary for shipping and handling.
- C. Quality: Fabricate components with uniformly tight seams and joints and with exposed edges rolled. Provide surfaces free of wrinkles, chips, dents, uneven coloration, and other imperfections. Fabricate members and fittings to produce flush, smooth, and rigid hairline joints.
- D. Wood Handrails: Miter corners and ends of wood handrails for returns.

#### 2.07 FINISHES

- A. Protect finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and wall areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine walls to which wall and door protection will be attached for blocking, grounds, and other solid backing that have been installed in the locations required for secure attachment of support fasteners.

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- 1. For wall and door protection attached with adhesive, verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Complete finishing operations, including painting, before installing wall and door protection.
- B. Before installation, clean substrate to remove dust, debris, and loose particles.

## 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Installation Quality: Install wall and door protection according to manufacturer's written instructions, level, plumb, and true to line without distortions. Do not use materials with chips, cracks, voids, stains, or other defects that might be visible in the finished Work.
- B. Mounting Heights: Install wall and door protection in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings.
  - 1. Handrails: 34 inches above finished floor.
- C. Accessories: Provide splices, mounting hardware, anchors, trim, joint moldings, and other accessories required for a complete installation.
  - 1. Provide anchoring devices and suitable locations to withstand imposed loads.
  - 2. Where splices occur in horizontal runs of more than 20 feet, splice aluminum retainers and plastic covers at different locations along the run, but no closer than 12 inchesapart.
  - 3. Adjust end and top caps as required to ensure tight seams.
- D. Abuse-Resistant Wall Covering: Install top and edge moldings, corners, and divider bars as required for a complete installation.

## 3.04 CLEANING

- A. Immediately after completion of installation, clean plastic covers and accessories using a standard ammonia-based household cleaning agent.
- B. Remove excess adhesive using methods and materials recommended in writing by manufacturer.

## END OF SECTION 10260

# SECTION 10280 - TOILET, BATH, AND LAUNDRY ACCESSORIES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Public-use washroom accessories.
  - 2. Public-use shower room accessories.
  - 3. Underlavatory guards.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 09301 "Ceramic Tiling" for ceramic toilet and bath accessories.

## 1.03 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include the following:
  - 1. Construction details and dimensions.
  - 2. Anchoring and mounting requirements, including requirements for cutouts in other work and substrate preparation.
  - 3. Material and finish descriptions.
  - 4. Features that will be included for Project.
  - 5. Manufacturer's warranty.
- B. Product Schedule: Indicating types, quantities, sizes, and installation locations by room of each accessory required.
  - 1. Identify locations using room designations indicated.
  - 2. Identify products using designations indicated.

## 1.04 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.
### 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: For products listed together in the same Part 2 articles, obtain products from single source from single manufacturer.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

#### 1.06 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate accessory locations with other work to prevent interference with clearances required for access by people with disabilities, and for proper installation, adjustment, operation, cleaning, and servicing of accessories.
- B. Deliver inserts and anchoring devices set into concrete or masonry as required to prevent delaying the Work.

#### 1.07 WARRANTY

- A. Special Mirror Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to replace mirrors that develop visible silver spoilage defects and that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 15 years from date of Substantial Completion.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 666, Type 304, 0.031-inchminimum nominal thickness unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Brass: ASTM B 19, flat products; ASTM B 16/B 16M, rods, shapes, forgings, and flat products with finished edges; or ASTM B 30, castings.
- C. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Designation CS (cold rolled, commercial steel), 0.036inchminimum nominal thickness.
- D. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, with G60hot-dip zinc coating.
- E. Galvanized-Steel Mounting Devices: ASTM A 153/A 153M, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.
- F. Fasteners: Screws, bolts, and other devices of same material as accessory unit and tamperand-theft resistant where exposed, and of galvanized steel where concealed.
- G. Chrome Plating: ASTM B 456, Service Condition Number SC 2 (moderate service).
- H. Mirrors: ASTM C 1503, Mirror Glazing Quality, clear-glass mirrors, nominal 6.0 mm thick.
- I. ABS Plastic: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene resin formulation.

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## 2.02 PUBLIC-USE WASHROOM ACCESSORIES

- A. Toilet Tissue (Roll) Dispenser A6:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick, Classic Series, B-2888.
  - 2. Description: Roll-in-reserve dispenser with hinged front secured with tumbler lockset.
  - 3. Mounting: Surface mounted.
  - 4. Operation: Noncontrol delivery with standard spindle.
  - 5. Capacity: Designed for 5-inch-diameter tissue rolls.
  - 6. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
- B. Paper Towel (Folded) Dispenser A11:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick, Classic Series, B-262.
  - 2. Mounting: Surface mounted.
  - 3. Minimum Capacity: 400 C-fold or 525 multifold towels.
  - 4. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
  - 5. Lockset: Tumbler type.
  - 6. Refill Indicators: Pierced slots at sides or front.
- C. Combination Towel (Folded) Dispenser/Waste Receptacle A8:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick, Classic Series, B-3944.
  - 2. Description: Combination unit for dispensing C-fold or multifold towels, with removable waste receptacle.
  - 3. Mounting: Recessed with projecting receptacle.
    - a. Designed for nominal 4-inch wall depth.
  - 4. Minimum Towel-Dispenser Capacity: 600 C-fold or 800 multifold paper towels.
  - 5. Minimum Waste-Receptacle Capacity: 12 gal.
  - 6. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
  - 7. Liner: Reusable, vinyl waste-receptacle liner.
  - 8. Lockset: Tumbler type for towel-dispenser compartment and waste receptacle.
- D. Liquid-Soap Dispenser A7:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick, Classic Series, B-2111.
  - 2. Description: Designed for dispensing soap in liquid or lotion form.
  - 3. Mounting: Vertically oriented, surface mounted.
  - 4. Capacity: 40 oz.
  - 5. Materials: Stainless steel, No. 4 (satin).
  - 6. Lockset: Tumbler type.
  - 7. Refill Indicator: Window type.
- E. Grab Bar A1a, A1b, and A1c:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick, B-5806.
  - 2. Mounting: Flanges with concealed fasteners.
  - 3. Material: Stainless steel, 0.05 inchthick.
    - a. Finish: Smooth, No. 4 finish (satin) on ends and slip-resistant texture in grip area.
  - 4. Outside Diameter: 1-1/4 inches.

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- 5. Configuration and Length: As indicated on Drawings.
- F. Sanitary-Napkin Disposal Unit A10:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick, Classic Series, B-254.
  - 2. Mounting: Surface mounted.
  - 3. Door or Cover: Self-closing, disposal-opening cover and hinged face panel with tumbler lockset.
  - 4. Receptacle: Removable.
  - 5. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
- G. Seat-Cover Dispenser A5:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick, Classic Series, B-221.
  - 2. Mounting: Surface mounted.
  - 3. Minimum Capacity: 250 seat covers.
  - 4. Exposed Material and Finish: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
  - 5. Lockset: Tumbler type.
- H. Mirror Unit A4:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick, B-165 2436.
  - 2. Frame: Stainless-steel channel.
    - a. Corners: Manufacturer's standard.
  - 3. Hangers: Produce rigid, tamper- and theft-resistant installation, using method indicated below.
    - a. One-piece, galvanized-steel, wall-hanger device with spring-action locking mechanism to hold mirror unit in position with no exposed screws or bolts.
    - b. Wall bracket of galvanized steel, equipped with concealed locking devices requiring a special tool to remove.
  - 4. Size: 24-inches by 36-inches.

# 2.03 PUBLIC-USE SHOWER ROOM ACCESSORIES

- A. Shower Curtain Rod A9:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick, Classic Series, B-6047.
  - 2. Description: 1-1/4-inchOD; fabricated from nominal 0.05-inch-thick stainless steel.
  - 3. Mounting Flanges: Stainless-steel flanges designed for exposed fasteners.
  - 4. Finish: No. 4 (satin).
- B. Shower Curtain A9:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick, 204-2.
  - 2. Size: Minimum 6 inches or 12 inches wider than opening by 72 inches high.
  - 3. Material: Nylon-reinforced vinyl, minimum 10 oz. or 0.008-inch-thick vinyl, with integral antibacterial agent.
  - 4. Color: White.
  - 5. Grommets: Corrosion resistant at minimum 6 inches o.c. through top hem.

Sitka Pioneer Home - Restroom Upgrades Project #ANC 24-12C Section 10280 Page 4 of 5 6. Shower Curtain Hooks: Chrome-plated or stainless-steel, spring wire curtain hooks with snap fasteners, sized to accommodate specified curtain rod. Provide one hook per curtain grommet.

## 2.04 UNDERLAVATORY GUARDS

- A. Underlavatory Guard A3:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Truebro Lav Guard 2.
  - 2. Description: Insulating pipe covering for supply and drain piping assemblies that prevent direct contact with and burns from piping; allow service access without removing coverings.
  - 3. Material and Finish: Antimicrobial, molded plastic, white.

### 2.05 FABRICATION

- A. General: Fabricate units with tight seams and joints, and exposed edges rolled. Hang doors and access panels with full-length, continuous hinges. Equip units for concealed anchorage and with corrosion-resistant backing plates.
- B. Keys: Provide universal keys for internal access to accessories for servicing and resupplying. Provide minimum of six keys to Owner's representative.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Install accessories according to manufacturers' written instructions, using fasteners appropriate to substrate indicated and recommended by unit manufacturer. Install units level, plumb, and firmly anchored in locations and at heights indicated.
- B. Grab Bars: Install to withstand a downward load of at least 250 lbf, when tested according to ASTM F 446.

### 3.02 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Adjust accessories for unencumbered, smooth operation. Replace damaged or defective items.
- B. Remove temporary labels and protective coatings.
- C. Clean and polish exposed surfaces according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

### END OF SECTION 10280

# SECTION 12321 - MANUFACTURED PLASTIC-LAMINATE-FACED CASEWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes plastic-laminate-faced cabinets of stock design.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 06105 "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry" for wood blocking for anchoring casework.
  - 2. Section 09651 "Resilient Base and Accessories" for resilient base applied to plasticlaminate-faced casework.

#### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Definitions in the AWI's, AWMAC's, and WI's "Architectural Woodwork Standards" apply to the work of this Section.
- B. MDF: Medium-density fiberboard.
- C. Hardwood Plywood: A panel product composed of layers or plies of veneer, or of veneers in combination with lumber core, hardboard core, MDF core, or particleboard core, joined with adhesive, and faced both front and back with hardwood veneers.

#### 1.04 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate sizes and locations of framing, blocking, furring, reinforcements, and other related units of Work specified in other Sections to ensure that casework can be supported and installed as indicated.

#### 1.05 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work. Show fabrication details, including types and locations of hardware. Show installation details, including field joints and filler panels. Indicate manufacturer's catalog numbers for casework.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For cabinet finishes.

### 1.06 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

### 1.07 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer for installation of units required for this Project.

### 1.08 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver casework only after painting, utility roughing-in, and similar operations that could damage, soil, or deteriorate casework have been completed in installation areas. If casework must be stored in other than installation areas, store only in areas where environmental conditions meet requirements specified in "Project Conditions" Article.
- B. Keep finished surfaces covered with polyethylene film or other protective covering during handling and installation.

#### 1.09 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install casework until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
- B. Established Dimensions: Where casework is indicated to fit to other construction, establish dimensions for areas where woodwork is to fit. Provide allowance for trimming at site, and coordinate construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.
- C. Locate concealed framing, blocking, and reinforcements that support casework by field measurements before being enclosed, and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

#### 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of casework that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Delamination of components or other failures of glue bond.
    - b. Warping of components.
    - c. Failure of operating hardware.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain plastic-laminate-faced cabinets from single manufacturer.

#### 2.02 CASEWORK, GENERAL

- Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with the AWI's, AWMAC's, and WI's "Architectural Woodwork Standards" for grades of casework indicated for construction, finishes, installation, and other requirements.
  Grade: Custom.
- B. Product Designations: Drawings indicate sizes, configurations, and finish materials of manufactured plastic-laminate-faced cabinets by referencing designated manufacturer's catalog numbers. Other manufacturers' casework of similar sizes and door and drawer configurations, of same finish materials, and complying with the Specifications may be considered. See Section 016000 "Product Requirements."

#### 2.03 CASEWORK

- A. Design:
  - 1. Flush overlay.
- B. Grain Direction for Wood Grain Plastic Laminate:
  - 1. Vertical on both doors and drawer fronts, with continuous vertical matching.
  - 2. Vertical on doors, horizontal on drawer fronts.
  - 3. Lengthwise on face frame members.
  - 4. Vertical on end panels.
  - 5. Side to side on bottoms and tops of units.
  - 6. Vertical on knee-space panels.
  - 7. Horizontal on aprons.
- C. Exposed Materials:

1.

- Plastic Laminate: Grade VGS.
  - a. Colors and Patterns: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- 2. Unless otherwise indicated, provide specified edgebanding on all exposed edges.
- D. Semiexposed Materials:
  - 1. Plastic Laminate: Grade VGS unless otherwise indicated. Provide plastic laminate for semiexposed surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Provide plastic laminate of same grade as exposed surfaces for interior faces of doors and drawer fronts and other locations where opposite side of component is exposed.
  - 2. Unless otherwise indicated, provide specified edgebanding on all semiexposed edges.
- E. Concealed Materials:
  - 1. Particleboard.

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## 2.04 MATERIALS

- A. Maximum Moisture Content for Lumber: 7 percent for hardwood and 12 percent for softwood.
- B. Hardwood Plywood: HPVA HP-1, particleboard core except where veneer core is indicated.
- C. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1.
- D. Particleboard: ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2.
- E. MDF: ANSI A208.2, Grade 130.
- F. Hardboard: ANSI A135.4, Class 1 Tempered.
- G. Plastic Laminate: High-pressure decorative laminate complying with NEMA LD 3.
- H. Edgebanding for Plastic Laminate: Rigid PVC extrusions, through color with satin finish, 3 mm thick at doors and drawer fronts, 1 mm thick elsewhere.
- I. Edgebanding for Thermoset Decorative Panels: PVC or polyester edgebanding matching thermoset decorative panels.

### 2.05 COLORS AND FINISHES

- A. Wood Colors and Finishes: As selected by Architect from casework manufacturer's full range.
- B. Plastic-Laminate Colors, Patterns, and Finishes: As selected by Architect from plastic-laminate manufacturer's full range of wood-grain patterns.
- C. PVC Edgebanding Color: As selected from casework manufacturer's full range.

### 2.06 CASEWORK HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Hardware, General: Unless otherwise indicated, provide manufacturer's standard powdercoated, commercial-quality, heavy-duty hardware.
  - 1. Use threaded metal or plastic inserts with machine screws for fastening to particleboard except where hardware is through-bolted from back side.
- B. Butt Hinges: Powder-coated, semi-concealed, five-knuckle hinges complying with BHMA A156.9, Grade 1, with antifriction bearings and rounded tips. Provide two hinges for doors less than 48 inches high, and provide three hinges for doors more than 48 inches high.
- C. Pulls: Solid aluminum wire pulls, fastened from back with two screws. For sliding doors, provide recessed stainless-steel or chrome-plated flush pulls. Provide two pulls for drawers more than 24 inches wide.
- D. Drawer Slides: BHMA A156.9, Type B05091.
- E. Adjustable Shelf Supports: Two-pin locking plastic shelf rests complying with BHMA A156.9, Type B04013.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, location of framing and reinforcements, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.02 CASEWORK INSTALLATION

- A. Grade: Install cabinets to comply with same grade as item to be installed.
- B. Install casework level, plumb, and true; shim as required, using concealed shims. Where casework abuts other finished work, apply filler strips and scribe for accurate fit, with fasteners concealed where practical.
- C. Base Cabinets: Set cabinets straight, level, and plumb. Adjust subtops within 1/16 inch of a single plane. Align similar adjoining doors and drawers to a tolerance of 1/16 inch. Bolt adjacent cabinets together with joints flush, tight, and uniform.
- D. Wall Cabinets: Hang cabinets straight, level, and plumb. Adjust fronts and bottoms within 1/16 inch of a single plane. Fasten to hanging strips, masonry, framing, wood blocking, or reinforcements in walls and partitions. Align similar adjoining doors to a tolerance of 1/16 inch.
- E. Fasten cabinets to adjacent cabinets and to masonry, framing, wood blocking, or reinforcements in walls and partitions to comply with the AWI's, AWMAC's, and WI's "Architectural Woodwork Standards."
- F. Install hardware uniformly and precisely. Set hinges snug and flat in mortises unless otherwise indicated. Adjust and align hardware so moving parts operate freely and contact points meet accurately. Allow for final adjustment after installation.
- G. Adjust casework and hardware so doors and drawers operate smoothly without warp or bind. Lubricate operating hardware as recommended by manufacturer.

### 3.03 CLEANING

- A. Repair or remove and replace defective work as directed on completion of installation.
- B. Clean finished surfaces, touch up as required, and remove or refinish damaged or soiled areas to match original factory finish, as approved by Architect.

# END OF SECTION 12321

### SECTION 21050-COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Pipe, fittings, valves, and connections for wet sprinkler systems.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 07920 Joint Sealants, for Firestopping requirements.
- B. Section 09912 Interior Paint: Preparation and painting of fire protection piping systems.
- C. Section 21055 Identification for Fire Suppression Piping and Equipment: Piping identification.
- D. Section 21130 Fire-Suppression Sprinkler Systems: Sprinkler systems design.

### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME (BPV IX) Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX Welding and Brazing Qualifications; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2010.
- B. ASME B16.1 Gray Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings: Classes 25, 125, and 250; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2005.
- C. ASME B16.3 Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 1998 (R2006).
- D. ASME B16.5 Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2009 (ANSI/ASME B16.5).
- E. ASME B36.10M Welded and Seamless Wrought Steel Pipe; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2004.
- F. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2010.
- G. NFPA 13 Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems; National Fire Protection Association; 2010.
- H. UL (FPED) Fire Protection Equipment Directory; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; current edition.

### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01300- Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturers catalogue information.

c. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components.

## 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with minimum 3 years experience.
- 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
  - A. Provide temporary end caps and closures on piping and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEMS
  - A. Sprinkler Systems: Conform work to NFPA 13.
- 2.02 ABOVE GROUND PIPING
  - A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53 Schedule 40, black.
    - 1. Steel Fittings: ASME B16.9, wrought steel.
    - 2. Cast Iron Fittings: ASME B16.1, flanges and flanged fittings and ASME B16.4, threaded fittings.
    - 3. Malleable Iron Fittings: ASME B16.3, threaded fittings.
    - 4. Mechanical Grooved Couplings: Malleable iron housing clamps to engage and lock, "C" shaped elastomeric sealing gasket, steel bolts, nuts, and washers; galvanized for galvanized pipe. Couplings to fully encircle pipe and not U-bolt type. Similar to Victaulic Style 75 or 77. Rolled groove type. Cut groove not acceptable.
- 2.03 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS
  - A. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 to 2 inch: Malleable iron, adjustable swivel, split ring.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs.
- B. Remove scale and foreign material, from inside and outside, before assembly.
- C. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.
- 3.02 INSTALLATION
  - A. Install sprinkler system and service main piping, hangers, and supports in accordance with NFPA 13.

- B. Route piping in orderly manner, plumb and parallel to building structure. Maintain gradient.
- C. Install piping to conserve building space, to not interfere with use of space and other work.
- D. Pipe Hangers and Supports:
  - 1. Install hangers to provide minimum 1/2 inch space between finished covering and adjacent work.
  - 2. Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
  - 3. Use hangers with 1-1/2 inch minimum vertical adjustment. Design hangers for pipe movement without disengagement of supported pipe.
- E. Slope piping and arrange systems to drain at low points. Use eccentric reducers to maintain top of pipe level.
- F. Prepare pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories for finish painting. Where pipe support members are welded to structural building framing, scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc rich primer to welding. Refer to Section 09 9120.
- G. Do not penetrate building structural members unless indicated.
- H. Coordinate closely with all other Contractors.

# END OF SECTION 21050

### SECTION 21130-FIRE SUPPRESSION SPRINKLERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES
  - A. Wet-pipe sprinkler system.
- 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS
  - A. Section 210500 Common Work Results for Fire Suppression: Pipe, fittings, and valves.
- 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS
  - A. NFPA 13 Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems; National Fire Protection Association; 2010.
  - B. UL (FPED) Fire Protection Equipment Directory; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; current edition.
- 1.04 SUMMARY OF WORK
  - A. Provide modifications of branch sprinkler piping and heads as detailed for the ADA modifications in this project.
- 1.05 WORK INCLUDED
  - A. The Mechanical Work is governed by the entire Specifications and not just Division 21. The entire Specifications must be examined for requirements relating to the Work hereunder. The Work covered by this and all other Mechanical sections consists of furnishing labor, equipment, and materials in accordance with the Specifications or Drawings, or both, together with any incidental items not shown or specified which can be reasonably inferred or taken as belonging to the Work and necessary in good practice to provide a complete system described or shown as intended.
  - B. Coordinate shutdown of systems with Sitka Pioneer's home Maintenance Director. Contact names and phone numbers will be available through the ARCHITECT.
  - C. Continuity of Mechanical Systems for the Building: Continuity of Mechanical systems for building sprinkler, plumbing, heating, and ventilation systems during demolition and new work shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR. Building sprinkler, plumbing, heating, and ventilation systems shall be operational for Occupied portions of the building. Shutdown of systems shall not affect Occupied portions of the building except when coordinated with the Maintenance Director and the ARCHITECT. See paragraph 1.4 B and paragraph 1.7D Cooperative Work this Section. Temporary mechanical systems and connections, provided by the CONTRACTOR, shall be necessary during project phasing, demolition, and new Work as required to provide continuity of sprinkler, plumbing, heating, and ventilation systems. All temporary mechanical systems shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. All temporary equipment, ductwork, piping, and related appurtenances shall be removed prior to substantial completion.

- D. Demolition of and Connection to Existing Material, Equipment, and Systems:
  - 1. Mechanical drawings (MD Series) show reported as-built and contract document locations of mechanical systems taken from past project drawings. Not all piping is shown. Contractor shall verify locations and quantities of all existing mechanical systems on-site.
  - 2. Where select piping and ductwork systems are shown to be partially removed for connection, prepare and protect the connection points appropriately to ensure later continuity of Work. CONTRACTOR shall provide all temporary supports as required and completely replace material and equipment that are not suitably protected during construction and becomes damaged.
  - 3. CONTRACTOR shall provide all temporary caps for piping as required. CONTRACTOR shall remove all temporary provisions when the phase of Work is completed or earlier if required.
  - 4. All material and equipment that are to be removed for relocation is the CONTRACTORS responsibility to suitably protect and store in a location that protects from damage. CONTRACTOR shall completely replace all relocated material and equipment that are damaged from storage and other misuse between demolition and reinstallation.
  - 5. Where items are shown to be removed it is to be assumed that this includes the removal of the respective system including but not limited to pipe hangers, supports, rods, conduit, wiring, valves, and other related trim and appurtenances. Piping to be removed through a floor assumes that the piping is to be capped below floor and the floor finished smooth.

## 1.06 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide submittals according to Conditions of Contract, Division 1 Specifications Sections, and as required hereunder. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General, Supplementary Conditions, and all Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section. Approval of the data shall not eliminate responsibility for compliance with the Drawings or Specifications unless specific attention has been called in writing to proposed deviations at the time of transmittal of the data and such deviations have been approved, not shall it eliminate the responsibility for freedom of errors of any sort in the data. All Mechanical submittal data for Project construction is to be turned in for approval at the same time in order for an efficient review process. Partial submittals may be rejected until the full submittal is received.
- B. See Division 1 Submittals, for submittal procedures.
- C. Specific Products: Trade names and catalog numbers of manufactured products included herein are intended to indicate the type, size and grade of quality of equipment and materials required and such equipment and materials are approved for installation subject to full compliance with the Specifications. Except where single manufacture is specified for standardization, requires for approval of other manufacturers than those specified must be accompanied by complete descriptions including overall dimensions, performance data, and, if catalog material, identification of specific products or items proposed.
- D. Shop Drawings: Not required.
- E. Submittal Format: All data shall be submitted at one time in neatly bound loose-leaf three ring binders with pockets and tabulated in order of Specification Division 21. All data shall be typed, minimum 10 point font, not exceptions. Data submitted that is not conforming

to these specification requirements will be returned without reviewing and will need to be resubmitted at Contractors sole complete cost.

- 1. Each binder shall have a set of separators with index tabs A to Z. Tabs are to be printed type. Slip in tabs not acceptable.
- 2. The first page shall be a cover sheet with project name, address, data, submittal product name, all applicable contractors and contact information, and all applicable consultants and contact information.
- 3. Second page shall be a submittal manual index of all project Specification sections with respective tab numbers, and respective book number, if applicable.
- 4. The first page of each manuals section shall be an index of the respective project Specification section and number with each product name, manufacturer name and model number.
- 5. Each manuals section shall be labeled and certified by mechanical Subcontractor that the data presented is in accordance with project Specifications. Index sheet in front of completed diner listing each piece of equipment or material submitted.
- 6. Product Data to be utilized shall be flagged and noted and all other data shall be crossed out or otherwise flagged that it is not in the project.
- 7. Data shall be inserted in binders in order of Specification number. Specification number shall be clearly labeled on the each submittal page.
- F. As-Built Drawings: As-Built drawings shall be required at final submittal. As-builts shall accurately show all changes for Contract Document for piping, ductwork, and equipment.
- G. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. Extra Sprinklers: Type and size matching those installed, in quantity required by referenced NFPA design and installation standard.
  - 2. Sprinkler Wrenches: For each sprinkler type.
- H. Operation and Maintenance Data: Not required.
- I. Submit prior to Substantial Completion Inspection and Final Inspection a detailed list of equipment and systems that will NOT be completed for the completion date. Include status and information of deficiencies from all previous inspection reports.
- J. Submit prior to Re-inspections of Substantial Completion Inspections, if applicable, and the Final Inspection a marked copy of the previous Engineers Inspection Reports detailing all items that have been completed and all items that have not been completed with reasons thereof. Re-inspection or Final Inspection will not occur until receipt of this list.

# 1.07 COOPERATIVE WORK

A. The Work hereunder shall be coordinated between various mechanical Sections and with the Work specified under other divisions or contracts toward rapid completion of the entire Project. If any cooperative Work must be altered due to lack of proper supervision hereunder, or failure to make proper provisions in time, then the Work hereunder shall include all expense of such changes as are necessary to be made in the Work under other divisions and contracts, and such changes shall be directly supervised by the ARCHITECT and shall be made to the satisfaction of the ARCHITECT.

- B. In general pitched plumbing piping and ductwork shall take preference in location within the Project area. Coordination of all drain valves, duct access doors, and other equipment requiring access and maintenance procedures is required with all building components during construction for maximum accessibility and proper location as intended. In portions of the building (primarily second floor and mezzanine), piping mains, piping branches, and sprinkler piping will need to be installed in the joist space to allow for installation of duct mains. Coordinate closely with all other Contractors.
- C. Protection of existing mechanical material and equipment during selective demolition shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR and coordinated with the respective Contractors. The CONTRACTOR shall provide temporary supports for all material and equipment. The CONTRACTOR at no cost to the Owner shall replace any existing material or equipment damaged during selective demolition due to insufficient protection. Coordination with all disciplines is required.
- D. Temporary Utilities: In addition to requirements hereunder see Division 1. Continuity of Mechanical systems for building sprinkler, plumbing, heating, and ventilation systems during demolition and new Work shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for providing and maintaining the Mechanical Systems serving occupied areas of the building throughout Construction. Shutdown of systems shall not affect Occupied portions of the building except when coordinated with the Maintenance Director and Architect. Sprinkler, plumbing, heating, and ventilation systems shall be active at all times in Occupied areas.
  - 1. Protection of existing mechanical material and equipment during selective demolition shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR and coordinated with the respective Sub Contractor. The CONTRACTOR shall provide temporary supports for all material and equipment. The CONTRACTOR at no cost to Owner shall replace any existing materials or equipment damaged during selective demolition due to insufficient protection. Coordinate with all disciplines and phasing plans are required.
  - 2. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for providing and maintaining the Mechanical Systems serving occupied areas of the building installed or modified under this Project throughout the Construction period.

### 1.08 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Maintain one copy of referenced design and installation standard on site.
- B. Conform to UL requirements.
- C. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- D. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with minimum 3 years experience approved by manufacturer.
- E. Equipment and Components: Provide products that bear UL label or marking.
- F. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc., as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

### 1.09 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store products in shipping containers and maintain in place until installation. Provide temporary inlet and outlet caps. Maintain caps in place until installation.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Sprinklers and Equipment:
  - 1. Tyco Fire Suppression & Building Products
  - 2. Viking Corporation
  - 3. Grinnell

### 2.02 SPRINKLER SYSTEM

- A. Sprinkler System: Provide modifications to branch piping as noted.
- B. Occupancy: Comply with NFPA 13.
- C. Water Supply: If required determine volume and pressure from water flow test data. Contractor shall obtain water flow test data on-site from the nearest fire hydrant station from the City and Borough of Petersburg, if available. Otherwise Contractor shall provide test and measurement flow data. All expenses obtaining the information shall be borne by the Contractor.

#### 2.03 SPRINKLERS

- A. Wall Security Type: Recessed wall type vandal resistant with matching push on escutcheon plate.
  - 1. Response Type: Standard.
  - 2. Coverage Type: Standard.
  - 3. Finish: Chrome plated.
  - 4. Escutcheon Plate Finish: Chrome plated.
  - 5. Fusible Link: Glass bulb type temperature rated for specific area hazard.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with referenced NFPA design and installation standard.
- B. Install equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Place pipe runs to minimize obstruction to other work.
- D. Place piping in concealed spaces above finished ceilings.

E. Apply masking tape or paper cover to ensure concealed sprinklers, cover plates, and sprinkler escutcheons do not receive field paint finish. Remove after painting. Replace painted sprinklers.

# END OF SECTION 21130

#### SECTION 22051-GENERAL MECHANICAL PLUMBING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The Mechanical Work is governed by the entire Specifications and not just Division 22. The entire Specifications must be examined for requirements relating to the Work hereunder. The Work covered by this and all other Mechanical sections consists of furnishing labor, equipment, and materials in accordance with the Specifications or Drawings, or both, together with any incidental items not shown or specified which can be reasonably inferred or taken as belonging to the Work and necessary in good practice to provide a complete system described or shown as intended.
- B. Coordinate shutdown of systems with Maintenance Director. Contact names and phone numbers will be available through the ARCHITECT.
- C. Continuity of Mechanical Systems for the Building: Continuity of Mechanical systems for building sprinkler, plumbing, heating, and ventilation systems during demolition and new work shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR. Building sprinkler, plumbing, heating, and ventilation systems shall be operational for Occupied portions of the building. Shutdown of systems shall not affect Occupied portions of the building except when coordinated with the Maintenance Director and the ARCHITECT. See paragraph 1.1 D and paragraph 1.5 D. Temporary mechanical systems and connections, provided by the CONTRACTOR, shall be necessary during project phasing, demolition, and new Work as required to provide continuity of sprinkler, plumbing, heating, and ventilation systems for occupied areas of the building. All temporary mechanical systems shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. All temporary equipment, ductwork, piping, and related appurtenances shall be removed prior to substantial completion.
- D. Demolition of and Connection to Existing Material, Equipment, and Systems:
  - 1. Mechanical drawings (MD Series) show reported as-built and contract document locations of mechanical systems taken from past project drawings. Not all piping is shown. Contractor shall verify locations and quantities of all existing mechanical systems on-site. Contractor to determine actual existing locations of underground piping as needed without additional cost to the Owner. Contractor to utilize pipe location devices as needed. Contact ARCHITECT if actual underground piping locations are different than shown. Excavation shall be required to locate piping, remove piping, install piping, and connect to existing piping.
  - 2. Where select piping and ductwork systems are shown to be partially removed for connection, prepare and protect the connection points appropriately to ensure later continuity of Work. CONTRACTOR shall provide all temporary supports as required and completely replace material and equipment that are not suitably protected during construction and becomes damaged.
  - 3. CONTRACTOR shall provide all temporary caps for ductwork and piping as required. CONTRACTOR shall provide all temporary partitions such as air-tight air plenum separations as required to maintain continuity of systems and to not contaminate existing systems or finishes. CONTRACTOR shall remove all temporary provisions when the phase of Work is completed or earlier if required.
  - 4. All material and equipment that are to be removed for relocation is the CONTRACTORS responsibility to suitably protect and store in a location that

protects from damage. CONTRACTOR shall completely replace all relocated material and equipment that are damaged from storage and other misuse between demolition and reinstallation.

- 5. Where items are shown to be removed such as piping or ductwork it is to be assumed that this includes the removal of the respective system including but not limited to pipe and duct hangers, rods, supports, conduit, wiring, valves, and other related trim and appurtenances. Piping to be removed through a floor assumes that the piping is to be capped below floor and the floor finished smooth.
- 6. Mechanical Contractor shall be available during Abatement Work and Demolition Work for coordination and assistance for related Work. Mechanical Contractor shall locate, isolate, and drain piping systems to be removed.
- 7. Concrete wall and floor penetrations required. Saw cut or core drill as required. Sleeve penetrations. Coordinate with Architect for structural beam penetration approvals.
- 8. All plumbing fixtures and trim located in the respective Work phase area is to be cleaned thoroughly prior to occupancy by Owner.

# 1.02 WORDING OF THE SPECIFICATIONS

A. These Specifications are of the abbreviated or streamlined type and frequently include incomplete sentences. However, periods are used for clarity. Words such as "shall", "shall be", "the CONTRACTOR shall", and similar mandatory phrases shall be supplied by inference in the same manner, as they are required for the notes on the drawings.

# 1.03 CODES AND REGULATIONS

A. All Work hereunder shall be strictly in conformance with applicable codes and regulations. All Work shall be in accordance with the 2009 Uniform Plumbing Code, 2009 International Mechanical Code, 2009 International Building Code, 2009 International Fire Code, the most recent edition of NFPA, and State of Alaska code modifications insofar as minimum requirements are concerned, but the Drawings and Specifications shall govern in case the minimum requirements are exceeded. All electrical equipment shall bear the UL label.

# 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide submittals according to Conditions of Contract, Division 1 Specifications Sections, and as required hereunder. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General, Supplementary Conditions, and all Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section. Approval of the data shall not eliminate responsibility for compliance with the Drawings or Specifications unless specific attention has been called in writing to proposed deviations at the time of transmittal of the data and such deviations have been approved, nor shall it eliminate the responsibility for freedom of errors of any sort in the data. All Mechanical submittal data for Project construction is to be turned in for approval at the same time in order for an efficient review process. Partial submittals may be rejected until the full submittal is received.
- B. Specified Products: Trade names and catalog numbers of manufactured products included herein are intended to indicate the type, size, and grade of quality of equipment and materials required and such equipment and materials are approved for installation, subject to full compliance with the Specifications. Except where single manufacture is specified for standardization, requests for approval of other manufacturers than those specified must be accompanied by complete descriptions including overall dimensions,

performance data, and, if catalog material, identification of specific products or items proposed.

- C. Submittal Format: All data shall be submitted at one time in neatly bound loose-leaf three ring binders with pockets and tabulated in the same order of Specification Division section. All data shall be typed, minimum 10 point font, no exceptions. Data submitted that is not conforming to these specification requirements will be returned without reviewing and will need to be resubmitted at Contractors sole complete cost.
  - 1. Each binder shall have a set of separators with index tabs A to Z. Tabs are to be printed type. Slip-in tabs not acceptable.
  - 2. The first page shall be a cover sheet with project name, address, date, submittal product name, all applicable contractors and contact information, and all applicable consultants and contact information.
  - 3. Second page shall be a submittal manual index of all project Specification sections with respective tab numbers, and respective book number, if applicable.
  - 4. The first page of each manuals section shall be an index of that respective project Specification section and number with each product name, manufacturer name and model number.
  - 5. Each manuals section shall be labeled and certified by mechanical Subcontractor that the data presented is in accordance with project Specifications. Index sheet in front of completed binder listing each piece of equipment or material submitted.
  - 6. Product Data to be utilized shall be flagged and noted and all other data shall be crossed out or otherwise flagged that it is not in the project.
  - 7. Data shall be inserted in binders in order of Specification number. Specification number shall be clearly labeled on each submittal page.
- D. As-built Drawings: As-built drawings shall be required from all Mechanical Subcontractors and shall accurately show all changes from Contract Documents for all piping, ductwork, and equipment. As-built drawings shall show all underground piping whether changed or not, dimensioned from building lines. Changes to plumbing and piping diagrams shall be identified on As-built drawings. As-built drawings shall be updated daily and available for inspection on-site by the ARCHITECT.
- E. Operating and Maintenance Data: See Division 1 for the number of sets of data to be provided for submittal and additional requirements. Provide a minimum of four (4) copies. The following data shall be provided to the ARCHITECT for approval 30 days prior to the request for Commissioning or Substantial Completion inspection, whichever comes first. Except for the valve directory and nameplate directory, the data shall be provided complete at one time. Partial or separate data will be returned for completion. The valve directory and nameplate directory may be provided for approval previous to the other data. The first section of the O&M manual shall be as listed in the following subparagraphs in order presented hereunder. All of the following subparagraphs sections shall be furnished with permanent plastic see through covers. See requirements under 1.4.C for additional submittal and formatting requirements.
  - 1. Cover and Index sheets as in 1.4.C. above.
  - 2. Description of systems and operating instructions: The Contractor shall prepare a brief type written description of all new and modified systems, explaining how the systems operate and indicating the proper settings of controls and switches. The instructions are to include all information required for the proper settings of controls and switches. The instructions are to include all information required for

the proper operation of the systems. Technical knowledge on controls or adjustments requiring specialized technicians should not be included in the instructions.

- 3. Nameplate directory: List of all new heat pumps, fan coils, air handlers, fans, water heaters, expansion tanks, thermostatic mixing valves, pumps, air conditioning units, and other equipment nameplates, giving manufacturer's nameplate data, nameplate designation, location of equipment, area served, switch location, and normal position of the switch. Motor data must include the horsepower, voltage, full load amperage, phase, etc. See Section 220553 Mechanical Identification.
- 4. Manufacturers' literature: Manufacturers' instructions for operation and maintenance of all mechanical equipment and specialties, including replacement parts lists, capacity curves or charts, equipment data sheets, manufacturers' literature on the equipment, and as-built wiring diagrams and control drawings, all suitable for side binding to 8-1/2 x 11 inch size. All data not applicable to the job is to be crossed out or deleted. Manuals turned in for review with non-applicable data not crossed out shall be returned to the Contractor.
- 5. Maintenance instructions: Typewritten instructions for the maintenance of the systems, listing each service required on all of the mechanical equipment, including inspections, lubrication, cleaning, checking, and all other operations required. The list is to include all types of bearings installed on the equipment and the type of lubricant required.
- 6. Maintenance schedule: List of each item of mechanical equipment requiring inspection, lubrication, cleaning, or service including the type of bearings and type of lubricating means for each piece of equipment. Each item of equipment is to be listed separately with the service required. List to include the times during the year when such inspection and maintenance shall be performed. The specific maintenance required shall be referenced back to the maintenance instructions.
- F. Guide Documents: Sample operating and maintenance instructions and maintenance schedule may be obtained from the ARCHITECT upon request, to assist in properly setting up the data.
- G. Instructions To Personnel and Training: The mechanical Subcontractor shall instruct operating personnel in the operation and maintenance of the systems before accepting the responsibility of operation and maintenance of the systems. Each training session shall be signed off by Project Manager.
- H. Qualification Data: For sheet metal installers. For pipe fitters.
- I. Submit prior to Substantial Completion Inspection and Final Inspection a detailed list of equipment and systems that will not be completed for the completion date. Include status and information of deficiencies from all previous inspection reports.
- J. Submit prior to Re-inspections of Substantial Completion Inspections, if applicable, and the Final Inspection a marked copy of the previous Engineers Inspection Reports detailing all items that have been completed and all items that have not been completed with reasons thereof. Re-inspection or Final Inspection will not occur until receipt of this list.
- K. Phasing and Temporary Systems: Contractor shall provide phasing plan for review incorporating Contractor's proposed plan to provide temporary domestic water and other mechanical systems for the Police Station. See Part 1.1 Paragraphs C and D.

### 1.05 COOPERATIVE WORK

- A. The Work hereunder shall be coordinated between various mechanical Sections and with the Work specified under other divisions or contracts toward rapid completion of the entire Project. If any cooperative Work must be altered due to lack of proper supervision hereunder, or failure to make proper provisions in time, then the Work hereunder shall include all expense of such changes as are necessary to be made in the Work under other divisions and contracts, and such changes shall be directly supervised by the ARCHITECT and shall be made to the satisfaction of the ARCHITECT.
- B. In general pitched plumbing piping and ductwork shall take preference in location within the Project area (over other mechanical systems). Coordination of all drain valves, duct access doors, and other equipment requiring access and maintenance procedures is required with all building components during construction for maximum accessibility and proper location as intended. In portions of the building (primarily second floor and mezzanine), piping mains, piping branches, and sprinkler piping, as well as some duct branches will need to be installed in the joist space to allow for installation of duct mains. Coordinate closely with all other Contractors.
- C. Protection of existing mechanical material and equipment during selective demolition shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR and coordinated with the respective Contractors. The CONTRACTOR shall provide temporary supports for all material and equipment. The CONTRACTOR at no cost to the Owner shall replace any existing material or equipment damaged during selective demolition due to insufficient protection. Coordination with all disciplines is required.
- D. Temporary Utilities: In addition to requirements hereunder see Division 1. Continuity of Mechanical systems for building sprinkler, plumbing, heating, and ventilation systems during demolition and new Work shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for providing and maintaining the Mechanical Systems serving occupied areas of the building throughout Construction. Shutdown of systems shall not affect Occupied portions of the building except when coordinated with the Petersburg Borough and the Petersburg Police Station. Sprinkler, plumbing, heating, and ventilation systems shall be active at all times in Occupied areas.
  - 1. Protection of existing mechanical material and equipment during selective demolition shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR and coordinated with the respective Sub Contractor. The CONTRACTOR shall provide temporary supports for all material and equipment. The CONTRACTOR at no cost to Owner shall replace any existing materials or equipment damaged during selective demolition due to insufficient protection. Coordinate with all disciplines and phasing plans are required.
  - 2. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for providing and maintaining the Mechanical Systems serving occupied areas of the building installed or modified under this Project throughout the Construction period.
  - 3. Air handling units and fan coils may not be utilized for ventilating or heating portions of the building where Construction Work is in progress. All unused ducts shall be sealed air tight into Construction Area. Any duct found dirty will be cleaned immediately at eh expense of the CONTRACTOR including removal and replacement of sound lined ducts.

### 1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform Work in conformance with all applicable codes, regulations, local ordinances, contract documents, and generally accepted good practice. If discrepancies exist between Specifications and Contract Drawings then the solution that provides the Owner with the highest quality of product or installation shall be deemed as intended by the Contract Documents.
- B. All sheet metal workers shall have a minimum documented sheet metal fabrication and installation experience in commercial or industrial facilities of 3 years or be enrolled in an Alaska Department of Labor approved Sheet Metal Apprentice program. The ratio of onsite workers shall not exceed 3 apprentices or sheet metal workers for every one foreman. A foreman is defined as a sheet metal worker with minimum 3 years experience as detailed above or is an approved Journeyman.
- C. All Plumbers and Pipe Fitters shall have a minimum documented installation experience in commercial or industrial facilities of 3 years or be enrolled in an Alaska Department of Labor approved Plumbers and Pipe Fitters Apprentice program. The ratio of on-site workers shall not exceed 2 apprentices or pipe fitters for every one Journeyman.

#### 1.07 FIELD MEASUREMENTS

- A. See Division 1 for specific requirements.
- B. Verifications: All measurements shall be verified at the site and prior to fabrications of equipment and systems. The existing conditions shall be fully observed before beginning the Work hereunder, and the Work hereunder executed in full coordination with the existing conditions observed. All hazardous material including asbestos materials that are discovered during the course of construction shall be immediately brought to the attention of the ARCHITECT for action. All Work performed with hazardous materials not approved by the Owner shall be at the full responsibility of the contractor and not the Owner.
- C. Changes: Variations apparently necessary due to existing conditions shall be made only on approval in writing by the ARCHITECT.

### 1.08 WARRANTY

- A. See Division 1 for specific requirements regarding: Product warranties and product Bonds.
- B. The contractor shall provide continuous and generally trouble-free operation of the mechanical systems for the time period listed in Division 1 or for one year after Substantial Completion whichever time period is longer. The operation and maintenance of systems other than incidental operations such as room thermostat settings or changing of air filters, shall be the sole responsibility of the contractor and shall be addressed by the contractor immediately if deficiencies are present. Leaking of valves, flanges, or air vents shall be addressed immediately by the contractor during the warranty period. Control settings, noise problems, and other deficiencies resulting in unsatisfactory environmental conditions shall be addressed immediately.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

# END OF SECTION 22051

## SECTION 220553-IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES
  - A. Nameplates.
  - B. Tags.
  - C. Pipe Markers.

### 1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME A13.1 Scheme for the Identification of Piping Systems; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2007.
- B. ASTM D709 Standard Specification for Laminated Thermosetting Materials; 2001 (Reapproved 2007).

### 1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Chart and Schedule: Submit valve chart and schedule, including valve tag number, location, function, and valve manufacturer's name and model number.
- C. Product Data: Provide manufacturers catalog literature for each product required.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures, and installation.
- E. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of tagged valves.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 NAMEPLATES
  - A. Manufacturers:
    - 1. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co
    - 2. Seton Identification Products.
  - B. Description: Laminated three-layer plastic with engraved letters.
    - 1. Letter Color: White.
    - 2. Letter Height: 1/4 inch.
    - 3. Background Color: Black.
    - 4. Plastic: Conform to ASTM D709.

# 2.02 TAGS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Advanced Graphic Engraving
  - 2. Brady Corporation
  - 3. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co
  - 4. Seton Identification Products
- B. Metal Tags: Brass with stamped letters; tag size minimum 1-1/2 inch diameter with smooth edges.
- C. Valve Tag Chart: Typewritten letter size list in anodized aluminum frame.

# 2.03 PIPE MARKERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Brady Corporation
  - 2. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co
  - 3. MIFAB, Inc
  - 4. Seton Identification Products
- B. Comply with ASME A13.1.
- C. Plastic Tape Pipe Markers: Flexible, vinyl film tape with pressure sensitive adhesive backing and printed markings.
- D. Plastic Pipe Markers: Factory fabricated, flexible, semi- rigid plastic, preformed to fit around pipe or pipe covering; minimum information indicating flow direction arrow and identification of fluid being conveyed. For un-insulated piping only.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Degrease and clean surfaces to receive adhesive for identification materials.
- B. Symbols, numbers, and all mechanical identification shall match and be in accordance with Contract Documents.

# 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install plastic nameplates with corrosive-resistant mechanical fasteners, or adhesive. Apply with sufficient adhesive to ensure permanent adhesion and seal with clear lacquer.
- B. Install tags with corrosion resistant chain.
- C. Install plastic pipe markers in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Install plastic tape pipe markers complete around pipe in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

- E. Use tags on piping 3/4 inch diameter and smaller.
  - 1. Identify service, flow direction, and pressure.
  - 2. Install in clear view and align with axis of piping.
  - 3. Locate identification not to exceed 20 feet on straight runs including risers and drops, adjacent to each valve and Tee, at each side of penetration of structure or enclosure, and at each obstruction.
- F. Identify piping, concealed or exposed, with plastic pipe markers or plastic tape pipe markers.
  - 1. Plastic pipe markers are to be used on uninsulated piping only.
  - 2. Identify service, flow direction, and pressure.
  - 3. Install in clear view and align with axis of piping.
  - 4. Locate identification not to exceed 15 feet on straight runs including risers and drops, adjacent to each valve and Tee, at each side of penetration of structure or enclosure, and at each obstruction.
  - 5. Inaccessible piping need not be indentified if piping is identified at nearest accessible or exposed locations.
  - 6. Install identifying devices after completion of coverings and painting.

# END OF SECTION 220553

### SECTION 220719-PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Piping insulation.
- B. Jackets and accessories.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 22 1005 - Plumbing Piping: Placement of hangers and hanger inserts.

## 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C177 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded Hot Plate Apparatus; 2010.
- B. ASTM C195 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Thermal Insulating Cement; 2007.
- C. ASTM C449 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Hydraulic-Setting Thermal Insulating and Finishing Cement; 2007.
- D. ASTM C518 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus; 2010.
- E. ASTM C547 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Pipe Insulation; 2007e1.
- F. ASTM C552 Standard Specification for Cellular Glass Thermal Insulation; 2007.
- G. ASTM C585 Standard Practice for Inner and Outer Diameters of Rigid Thermal Insulation for Nominal Sizes of Pipe and Tubing (NPS System); 2010.
- H. ASTM C795 Standard Specification for Thermal Insulation for Use in Contact with Austenitic Stainless Steel; 2008.
- I. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2010b.
- J. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials; 2010.
- K. NFPA 255 Standard Method of Test of Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; National Fire Protection Association; 2006.
- L. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 013000 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.

- B. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation procedures that ensure acceptable workmanship and installation standards will be achieved.

### 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section with minimum 3 years of experience.

### 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Accept materials on site, labeled with manufacturer's identification, product density, and thickness.

## 1.07 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient conditions required by manufacturers of each product.
- B. Maintain temperature before, during, and after installation for minimum of 24 hours.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL PRODUCTS OF THIS SECTION
  - A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread/Smoke developed index of 25/50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, NFPA 255, or UL 723.

### 2.02 GLASS FIBER

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Knauf Insulation
  - 2. Johns Manville Corporation
  - 3. Owens Corning Corp
  - 4. CertainTeed Corporation
- B. Insulation: ASTM C547 and ASTM C795; rigid molded, noncombustible.
  - 1. 'K' value: ASTM C177, 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
  - 2. Maximum service temperature: 850 degrees F.
  - 3. Maximum moisture absorption: 0.2 percent by volume.
- C. Vapor Barrier Jacket: White Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn, bonded to aluminized film; moisture vapor transmission when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M of 0.02 perm-inches.
- E. Tie Wire: 0.048 inch stainless steel with twisted ends on maximum 12 inch centers.

- F. Vapor Barrier Lap Adhesive:
  - 1. Water based insulation adhesive, UL classified. Compatible with insulation.

# 2.03 JACKETS

- A. PVC Plastic.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Johns Manville Corporation
    - b. Proto/Knauf
    - c. Speedline
  - Jacket: One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
    a. Minimum Service Temperature: 0 degrees F.
    - Maximum Service Temperature: 150 degrees F.
    - c. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.002 perm inch, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
    - d. Thickness: 10 mil.
    - e. Connections: Brush on welding adhesive.
  - 3. Covering Adhesive Mastic:
    - a. Compatible with insulation.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.01 EXAMINATION
  - A. Verify that piping has been tested before applying insulation materials.
  - B. Verify that surfaces are clean and dry, with foreign material removed.

# 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install in accordance with NAIMA National Insulation Standards.
- C. Exposed Piping: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.
- D. Insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature: Insulate entire system including fittings, valves, unions, flanges, strainers, flexible connections, pump bodies, and expansion joints.
- E. Glass fiber insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature:
  - 1. Provide vapor barrier jackets, factory-applied or field-applied. Secure with selfsealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples and vapor barrier mastic.
  - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with molded insulation of like material and thickness as adjacent pipe. Finish with glass cloth and vapor barrier adhesive or PVC fitting covers.

- F. For hot piping conveying fluids 140 degrees F or less, do not insulate flanges and unions at equipment, but bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- G. Glass fiber insulated pipes conveying fluids above ambient temperature:
  - 1. Provide standard jackets, with or without vapor barrier, factory-applied or fieldapplied. Secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples.
  - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe. Finish with glass cloth and adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
- H. Shields:
  - 1. Application: Piping 1-1/2 inches diameter or larger.
  - 2. Shields: Galvanized steel between pipe hangers or pipe hanger rolls and inserts.
- I. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, pipe hangers, and other pipe penetrations. Finish at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.
- J. Apply insulation close to equipment by grooving, scoring, and beveling insulation. Fasten insulation to equipment with studs, pins, clips, adhesive, wires, or bands.
- L. Fill joints, cracks, seams, and depressions with cement to form smooth surface.
- M. Finish insulation at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.
- N. Nameplates and ASME Stamps: Bevel and seal insulation around; do not insulate over.
- O. Equipment Requiring Access for Maintenance, Repair, or Cleaning: Install insulation so it can be easily removed and replaced without damage.
- P. Factory Insulated Equipment: Do not insulate.

### 3.03 SCHEDULES

- A. Piping Systems:
  - 1. Domestic Hot and Cold Water Supply: Mineral fiber pipe insulation, 1 inch thick. 1/2-inch thick may be used on plumbing piping branches 3/4-inch and smaller diameter when located inside walls.

### END OF SECTION 220719

### SECTION 221005-PLUMBING PIPING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Pipe, pipe fittings, valves, and connections for piping systems.
  - 1. Sanitary sewer.
  - 2. Domestic water.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 07 9200 Joint Sealants.
- B. Section 09 9120 Interior Paint.
- C. Section 22 0553 Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment.
- D. Section 22 0719 Plumbing Piping Insulation.

### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI Z21.22 American National Standard for Relief Valves and Automatic Gas Shutoff Devices for Hot Water Supply Systems; 1999, and addenda A&B (R2004).
- B. ASME B16.3 Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 1998 (R2006).
- C. ASME B16.18 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2001 (R2005) (ANSI B16.18).
- D. ASME B16.22 Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2001 (R2005).
- E. ASME B16.23 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Drainage Fittings DWV; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2002.
- F. ASME B16.29 Wrought Copper and Wrought Copper Alloy Solder Joint Drainage Fittings DWV; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2007.
- G. ASTM A74 Standard Specification for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings; 2009.
- H. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2009.
- I. ASTM B32 Standard Specification for Solder Metal; 2008.
- J. ASTM B42 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Pipe, Standard Sizes; 2010.
- K. ASTM B68 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Tube, Bright Annealed; 2011.

- L. ASTM B75 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Tube; 2002 (Reapproved 2010).
- M. ASTM B88 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube; 2009.
- N. ASTM B302 Standard Specification for Threadless Copper Pipe, Standard Sizes; 2007.
- O. ASTM B306 Standard Specification for Copper Drainage Tube (DWV); 2009.
- P. ASTM C564 Standard Specification for Rubber Gaskets for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings; 2009a.
- Q. AWS A5.8/A5.8M Specification for Filler Metals for Brazing and Braze Welding; American Welding Society; 2004 and errata.
- R. CISPI 301 Standard Specification for Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste and Vent Piping Applications; Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute; 2005.
- S. CISPI 310 Specification for Coupling for Use in Connection with Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications; Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute; 2004.
- T. MSS SP-58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2009.
- U. MSS SP-110 Ball Valves Threaded, Socket-Welding, Solder Joint, Grooved and Flared Ends; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 1996.
- 1.04 SUBMITTALS
  - A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
  - B. Product Data: Provide data on pipe materials, pipe fittings, valves, and accessories. Provide manufacturers catalog information. Indicate valve data and ratings.
  - C. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of valves.

### 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform work in accordance with applicable codes.
- B. Valves: Manufacturer's name and pressure rating marked on valve body.
- C. Identify pipe with marking including size, ASTM material classification, ASTM specification, potable water certification, water pressure rating.
- 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
  - A. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work, and isolating parts of completed system.

B. Store piping and equipment in clean, enclosed from weather, location at all times. Materials are not to be stored in direct contact with dirty surfaces or on dirt floor. If piping, equipment, and components are found to be improperly stored they shall be removed from the project immediately and new, clean materials shall be used.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.01 SANITARY SEWER AND VENT PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: ASTM A74, service weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joints: Hub-and-spigot, CISPI HSN compression type with ASTM C564 neoprene gaskets.
- B. Cast Iron Pipe: CISPI 301, hubless, service weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joints (Under 3-inch size): CISPI 301, neoprene gaskets and stainless steel clamp-and-shield assemblies. Standard duty.
  - 3. Joints (3-inch and larger): CISPI 301, neoprene gaskets and stainless steel clamp-and-shield assemblies. Heavy Duty Coupling Assembly; Clamp-All or Anoco Husky Series 4000 couplings. No substitutions.
- C. Copper Tube: ASTM B306, type DWV. Acceptable only on 2-inch and under horizontal waste and vent piping located inside plumbing walls.
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B123, cast bronze, or ASME B129, wrought copper.
  - 2. Joints: ASTM B32, solder, Grade 50B

### 2.02 WATER PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Copper Tube: ASTM B88, Type L (B), Drawn (H).
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast copper alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought copper and bronze.
  - 2. Joints: ASTM B32, solder, Grade 95TA. Mechanical press fit joint with gasket equivalent to PROPRESS acceptable.

# 2.03 FLANGES, UNIONS, AND COUPLINGS

- A. Unions for Pipe Sizes 3 Inches and Under:
  - 1. Ferrous pipe: Class 150 malleable iron threaded unions.
  - 2. Copper tube and pipe: Class 150 bronze unions with soldered joints.
- B. Flanges for Pipe Size Over 1 Inch:
  - 1. Ferrous pipe: Class 150 malleable iron threaded or forged steel slip-on flanges; preformed neoprene gaskets.
  - 2. Copper tube and pipe: Class 150 slip-on bronze flanges; preformed neoprene gaskets.

C. Dielectric Connections: Union with galvanized or plated steel threaded end, copper solder end, water impervious isolation barrier.

# 2.04 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide hangers and supports that comply with MSS SP-58.
  - 1. If type of hanger or support for a particular situation is not indicated, select appropriate type using MSS SP-58 recommendations.
  - 2. Overhead Supports: Individual steel rod hangers attached to structure or to trapeze hangers.
  - 3. Trapeze Hangers: Welded steel channel frames attached to structure.
  - 4. Vertical Pipe Support: Steel riser clamp.
  - 5. Floor Supports: Concrete pier or steel pedestal with floor flange; fixture attachment.
- B. Plumbing Piping Drain, Waste, and Vent:
  - 1. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 Inch to 1-1/2 Inches: Malleable iron, adjustable swivel, split ring.
  - 2. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 2 Inches and Over: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
  - 3. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes to 3 Inches: Cast iron hook.
  - 4. Floor Support: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and concrete pier or steel support.
  - 5. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.
- C. Plumbing Piping Water:
  - 1. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 Inch to 1-1/2 Inches: Malleable iron, adjustable swivel, split ring.
  - 2. Hangers for Cold Pipe Sizes 2 Inches and Over: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
  - 3. Hangers for Hot Pipe Sizes 2 Inches to 4 Inches: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
  - 4. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes to 3 Inches: Cast iron hook.
  - 5. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes 4 Inches and Over: Welded steel bracket and wrought steel clamp.
  - 6. Floor Support for Cold Pipe: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and concrete pier or steel support.
  - 7. Floor Support for Hot Pipe Sizes to 4 Inches: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, locknut, nipple, floor flange, and concrete pier or steel support.
  - 8. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.

### 2.05 BALL VALVES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Tyco Flow Control
  - 2. Conbraco Industries
  - 3. Nibco, Inc
  - 4. Milwaukee Valve Company
- B. Construction, 3 Inches and Smaller: MSS SP-110, Class 150, 400 psi CWP, bronze, two piece body, chrome plated brass ball, full port, teflon seats and stuffing box ring, blow-out
proof stem, lever handle, solder or threaded ends. Solder ends only on smaller than 1-inch. Lead free.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Remove scale and dirt, on inside and outside, before assembly.
- C. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.

## 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide non-conducting dielectric connections wherever jointing dissimilar metals.
- C. Route piping in orderly manner and maintain gradient. Route parallel and perpendicular to walls.
- D. Install piping to maintain headroom, conserve space, and not interfere with use of space.
- E. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.
- F. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.
- G. Provide clearance in hangers and from structure and other equipment for installation of insulation and access to valves and fittings. Refer to Section 220719.
- H. Provide access where valves and fittings are not exposed. Coordinate size and location of access doors with Section 083100.
- I. Where pipe support members are welded to structural building framing, scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc rich primer to welding.
- J. Prepare exposed, unfinished pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories ready for finish painting. Refer to Section 099120.
- K. Install bell and spigot pipe with bell end upstream.
- L. Install valves with stems upright or horizontal, not inverted.
- M. Install water piping to ASME B31.9.
- N. Sleeve pipes passing through partitions, walls and floors.
- O. Piping Tests: All drainage, sanitary waste and vent piping tested hydrostatically by filling piping to highest point for a minimum of one hour. Leaks developed during tests shall be corrected without caulking in threaded piping or additives and test restarted until a

perfectly tight system is obtained. Enclosed piping tested before concealing. Tests performed in presence of ARCHITECT.

- P. Piping Tests: All domestic water piping tested hydrostatically at 125 psi for a minimum of one hour. Equipment, gages, and thermometer wells rated for a lesser pressure suitably protected during tests. Leaks developed during tests shall be corrected without caulking in threaded piping or additives and test restarted until a perfectly tight system is obtained. Enclosed piping tested before concealing. Tests performed in presence of ARCHITECT.
- Q. Coordinate piping locations closely with other trades.
- R. Mechanically extracted collars acceptable on pipe sizes 2-inch and over. Installed by contractor with previous documented experience utilizing methods, machines and tools required by manufacturer.
- S. Where piping penetrates wall, run insulation through penetration. Seal penetration with fire stopping insulation and seal with fire stopping sealant. If sleeve is used as required in concrete penetrations, seal opening between pipe and sleeve with fire stopping insulation and seal with fire stopping sealant. Seal as required by manufacturers UL fire rated assembly listing.
- T. Pipe Hangers and Supports:
  - 1. Install in accordance with ASME B31.9.
  - 2. Support horizontal piping as scheduled.
  - 3. Install hangers to provide minimum 1/2 inch space between finished covering and adjacent work.
  - 4. Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
  - 5. Use hangers with 1-1/2 inch minimum vertical adjustment. Design hangers for pipe movement without disengagement of supported pipe.
  - 6. Support vertical piping at every other floor. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping.
  - 7. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.
  - 8. Provide copper plated hangers and supports for copper piping.

## 3.04 APPLICATION

- A. Use grooved mechanical couplings and fasteners only in accessible locations.
- B. Install unions downstream of valves and at equipment or apparatus connections.
- C. Install brass male adapters each side of valves in copper piped system. Solder adapters to pipe.
- D. Install ball valves for shut-off and to isolate equipment, part of systems, or vertical risers.

### 3.05 TOLERANCES

A. Drainage Piping: Establish invert elevations within 1/2 inch vertically of location indicated and slope to drain at minimum of 1/4 inch per foot slope.

#### 3.06 DISINFECTION OF DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SYSTEM

- A. Disinfect water distribution system.
- B. Prior to starting work, verify system is complete, flushed and clean.
- C. Ensure Ph of water to be treated is between 7.4 and 7.6 by adding alkali (caustic soda or soda ash) or acid (hydrochloric).
- D. Inject disinfectant, free chlorine in liquid, powder, tablet or gas form, throughout system to obtain 50 to 80 mg/L residual.
- E. Bleed water from outlets to ensure distribution and test for disinfectant residual at minimum 15 percent of outlets.
- F. Maintain disinfectant in system for 24 hours.
- G. If final disinfectant residual tests less than 25 mg/L, repeat treatment.
- H. Flush disinfectant from system until residual equal to that of incoming water or 1.0 mg/L.
- I. Take samples no sooner than 24 hours after flushing, from 10 percent of outlets and from water entry, and analyze in accordance with AWWA C651.

### 3.07 SCHEDULES

- A. Pipe Hanger Spacing (Metal Piping):
  - 1. Pipe size: 1/2 inches to 1-1/4 inches:
    - a. Maximum hanger spacing: 6.5 ft.
    - b. Hanger rod diameter: 3/8 inches.
  - 2. Pipe size: 1-1/2 inches to 2 inches:
    - a. Maximum hanger spacing: 10 ft.
    - b. Hanger rod diameter: 3/8 inch.
  - 3. Pipe size: 2-1/2 inches to 3 inches:
    - a. Maximum hanger spacing: 10 ft.
    - b. Hanger rod diameter: 1/2 inch.
  - 4. Pipe size: 4 inches to 6 inches:
    - a. Maximum hanger spacing: 10 ft.
    - b. Hanger rod diameter: 5/8 inch.

#### **END OF SECTION 221005**

#### SECTION 221006-PLUMBING PIPING SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES
  - A. Floor/shower drains.
  - B. Cleanouts.
  - C. Trap priming valves.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 011000 Summary.
- B. Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- C. Section 221005 Plumbing Piping.
- D. Section 224000 Plumbing Fixtures.

### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME A112.6.3 Floor and Trench Drains; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2001 (R2007).
- B. ASME A112.6.4 Roof, Deck, and Balcony Drains; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2003.
- C. ASSE 1011 Hose Connection Vacuum Breakers; American Society of Sanitary Engineering; 2004 (ANSI/ASSE 1011).
- D. ASSE 1012 Backflow Preventer with Intermediate Atmospheric Vent; American Society of Sanitary Engineering; 2002 (ANSI/ASSE 1012).
- E. ASSE 1013 Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventers and Reduced Pressure Fire Protection Principle Backflow Preventers; American Society of Sanitary Engineering; 2005.
- F. ASSE 1019 Vacuum Breaker Wall Hydrants, Freeze Resistant Automatic Draining Type; American Society of Sanitary Engineering; 2004, and Errata 2005 (ANSI/ASSE 1019).
- G. PDI-WH 201 Water Hammer Arresters; Plumbing and Drainage Institute; 2006.

### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes.

- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate assembly and support requirements.
- D. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of equipment, cleanouts, water hammer arrestors.

## 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years documented experience.

## 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Accept specialties on site in original factory packaging. Inspect for damage.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.01 FLOOR/SHOWER DRAINS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Josam Company
  - 2. Jay R. Smith Manufacturing Company
  - 3. Zurn Industries, Inc
- B. Floor Drain (FD-1)):
  - 1. ASME A112.6.3; lacquered cast iron two piece body with double drainage flange, weep holes, reversible clamping collar, and round, adjustable 5-inch nickelbronze strainer. 2-inch size. With priming line connection.

## 2.02 CLEANOUTS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Jay R. Smith Manufacturing Company
  - 2. Josam Company
  - 3. Zurn Industries, Inc
- B. Cleanouts at Exterior Surfaced Areas (YCO):
  - 1. Round cast nickel bronze access frame and non-skid cover with vandal proof secured top.
- D. Cleanouts at Interior Finished Floor Areas (FCO):
  - 1. Galvanized cast iron body with anchor flange, reversible clamping collar, threaded top assembly. Round scored cover with gasket in service areas. Round cover used in tiled areas. Round depressed cover with gasket to accept floor finish in finished floor areas.

- E. Cleanouts at Interior Finished Wall Areas (WCO):
  - 1. Line type with galvanized cast iron body and round gasketed cover, and round stainless steel access cover secured with machine screw.
- F. Cleanouts at Interior Unfinished Accessible Areas (CO): Line type with galvanized cast iron body and tapered thread plug with gasket. Provide bolted stack cleanouts on vertical rainwater leaders.

### 2.03 WATER HAMMER ARRESTORS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Jay R. Smith Manufacturing Company.
  - 2. Josam.
  - 3. Watts Regulator Company.
  - 4. Zurn Industries, Inc.
- B. Description:
  - Stainless steel construction, bellows type sized in accordance with PDI-WH 201, precharged suitable for operation in temperature range -100 to 300 degrees F and maximum 250 psi working pressure.
- C. Capacity:
  - 1. WHA-A: PDI Unit A. Similar to JR Smith 5005, 3/4-inch threaded connections.
  - 2. WHA-B: PDI Unit B. Similar to JR Smith 5010, 1-inch threaded connections.
- D. Accessibility: Where water hammer is concealed, locate WHA and isolating valve accessibly behind 16x16 access door.

### 2.04 TRAP PRIMING VALVE

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. MIFAB M-500
  - 2. Watts T20.
  - 3. PPP not acceptable.
- B. All brass, 1/2-inch IPS, spring-loaded, pressure differential activated with vacuum breaking means. Provide appropriate trap primer and distribution unit sized for 1-8 priming lines as required. See drawings for number of priming lines served by single trap priming valve.
- C. Accessibility: Where trap priming valve is concealed, locate with priming valve, distribution unit, valve, and all unions centered accessibly behind 16x16 access door.
- D. Location in walls: Locate centerline of 16x16 access door serving trap priming valve and distribution behind walls at 16-inches AFF. Coordinate location with Architect.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Extend cleanouts to finished floor or wall surface. Lubricate threaded cleanout plugs with mixture of graphite and linseed oil. Ensure clearance at cleanout for rodding of drainage system.
- C. Install floor cleanouts at elevation to accommodate finished floor.
- D. Install water hammer arrestors complete with accessible isolation valve on hot and cold water supply piping to water closets, lavatories, sinks. Install behind access doors. Coordinate exact location of access doors with Architect.
- E. Install drains with top set flush in finished surface. Surrounding surface shall match with floor drain top for proper drainage.
- F. Provide access where valves and fittings are not exposed.
- G. Install trap primers fully accessible behind access doors with unions at all connections. Install isolating valve on supply side.

# END OF SECTION 221006

### SECTION 224000-PLUMBING FIXTURES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES
  - A. Water closets.
  - B. Penal combination water closet/lavatory.
  - C. Lavatories.
  - D. Showers
  - E. Penal showers.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 1000 Summary: Product requirements for OWNER furnished fixtures.
- B. Section 07 9200 Joint Sealants: Seal fixtures to walls and floors.
- C. Section 22 1005 Plumbing Piping.
- D. Section 22 1006 Plumbing Piping Specialties.

#### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI Z358.1 American National Standard for Emergency Eyewash and Shower Equipment; 2009.
- B. ASHRAE Std 18 Methods of Testing for Rating Drinking-Water Coolers with Self-Contained Mechanical Refrigeration; 2006.
- C. ASME A112.6.1M Supports for Off-the-Floor Plumbing Fixtures for Public Use; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 1997 (Reaffirmed 2002).
- D. ASME A112.18.1 Plumbing Supply Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2005.
- E. ASME A112.19.1M Enameled Cast Iron Plumbing Fixtures; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 1994 (R2004).
- F. ASME A112.19.2 Vitreous China Plumbing Fixtures and Hydraulic Requirements for Water Closets and Urinals; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2008.
- G. ASME A112.19.3 Stainless Steel Plumbing Fixtures (Designed for Residential Use); The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2008.
- H. ASME A112.19.4M Porcelain Enameled Formed Steel Plumbing Fixtures; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 1994 (R2004).

- I. ASME A112.19.5 Trim for Water-Closet Bowls, Tanks and Urinals; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2005.
- J. ASME A112.19.14 Six Liter Water Closets Equipped with Dual Flushing Device; 2006.
- K. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2010b.

## 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 Submittal Procedures Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide catalog illustrations of fixtures, sizes, rough-in dimensions, utility sizes, trim, and finishes.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation methods and procedures.
- D. Maintenance Data: Include fixture trim exploded view and replacement parts lists.
- E. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 01 7000 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.
  - 2. Extra Faucet Washers: One set of each type and size.
  - 3. Extra Lavatory Supply Fittings: One set of each type and size.
  - 4. Extra Toilet Seats: One of each type and size.
  - 5. Flush Valve Service Kits: One for each type and size.
  - 6. Provide (1) penal flush valve assembly.
  - 7. Provide (1) penal lavatory mixing valve assembly.
  - 8. Provide (1) flush valve assemblies for each type of water closet and urinal.
  - 9. Provide (1) complete faucet assemblies for Lavatory L-1.
  - 10. Provide (1) spare ASSE 1070 cartridge for Lavatory L-1.

#### 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- 1.06 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS
  - A. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc., as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.
- 1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
  - A. Accept fixtures on site in factory packaging. Inspect for damage.
  - B. Protect installed fixtures from damage by securing areas and by leaving factory packaging in place to protect fixtures and prevent use.

#### 1.08 WARRANTY

A. See Division 1 - Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.

B. Provide three year manufacturer warranty for drinking fountain.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.01 FLUSH VALVE WATER CLOSETS (WC-1)
  - A. Manufacturers:
    - 1. Kohler Company Highcrest Model 4301 (Design Manufacturer)
    - 2. American Standard Inc
    - 3. Toto.
  - B. Bowl: ASME A112.19.2; Floor mounted, siphon jet vitreous china closet bowl, with elongated rim, 1-1/2 inch rear spud, china bolt caps. ADA compatible 16-1/2 inch to rim. Coordinate heights requirements with Architectural Documents.
  - C. Sensor Operated Flush Valve: ASME A112.19.2; Quiet, exposed, chrome plated, diaphragm type with battery operated solenoid operator. Infrared sensor and over-ride button in chrome plated metal cover with replaceable window. Screwdriver angle stop and vacuum breaker. 1.6 gallon flush volume. AA batteries, low battery flashing LED, sensor adjustment screw. Sloan OPTIMA G2 Plus 8111.
  - D. Seats:
    - 1. Manufacturers:
      - a. American Standard Inc
      - b. Beneke Magnolia
      - c. Bemis Manufacturing Company
      - d. Church Seat Company
      - e. Olsonite
    - 2. Solid white plastic, open front, extended back, self-sustaining hinge, brass bolts, without cover.

## 2.02 FLUSH VALVE WATER CLOSETS (WC-2)

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Kohler Company Kingston Model K-4325 (Design Manufacturer)
  - 2. American Standard Inc
  - 3. Toto.
- B. Bowl: ASME A112.19.2; wall hung, siphon jet vitreous china closet bowl, with elongated rim, 1-1/2 inch top spud, china bolt caps. Dual 1/6/1.1 gpf. ADA compatible. Coordinate heights requirements with Architectural Documents.
- C. Sensor Operated Flush Valve: ASME A112.19.2; Quiet, exposed, chrome plated, diaphragm type with battery operated solenoid operator. Infrared sensor and over-ride button in chrome plated metal cover with replaceable window. Screwdriver angle stop and vacuum breaker. 1.6 gallon flush volume. AA batteries, low battery flashing LED, sensor adjustment screw. Sloan OPTIMA G2 Plus 8111.

- D. Seats:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. American Standard Inc
    - b. Beneke Magnolia
    - c. Bemis Manufacturing Company
    - d. Church Seat Company
    - e. Olsonite
  - 2. Solid white plastic, open front, extended back, self-sustaining hinge, brass bolts, without cover.
- E. Water Closet Carriers:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. JOSAM Company
    - b. Zurn Industries, Inc
  - 2. ASME A112.6.1M; Heavy Duty. Adjustable cast iron frame, integral drain hub and vent, adjustable spud, lugs for floor and wall attachment, threaded fixture studs with nuts and washers, suitable for space provided. Bell and Spigot type used on vertical units at slab-on-grade locations. Vertical units may be nonadjustable. Minimum 300 pound rating.
- 2.03 PENAL WATER CLOSET (WC-3)
  - A. Manufacturers:
    - 1. Acorn Model 1680 (Design Manufacturer)
    - 2. Substitutions. See 01 6000
  - B. Bowl: Stainless steel type wall mount water closet siphon jet action, penal type. 14 gage Type 304 stainless steel construction. Concealed air-control flush valve and rough-in provided by plumbing contractor. Flush valve thru-wall option.
  - C. Flush Valve: Concealed flush valve through wall. 1.6 gpf. Shutoff valve. Acorn –FVT option.
  - D. Options:
    - 1. Flush Valve Thru-wall (-FVT)
    - 2. Brass Body Valve (-BRS)
  - E. Spare Materials:
    - 1. Provide (1) penal flush valve assembly.
- 2.04 PENAL COMBINATION WATER CLOSET/LAV (WC/L-1, WC/L-2)
  - A. Manufacturers:
    - 1. Acorn (Design Manufacturer)
    - 2. Substitutions. See 01 6000

- B. Bowl: Combination Type. Combination water stainless steel closet-lavatory penal fixture. Flush valve, lavatory control valve, and rough-in provided by plumbing contractor.
  - 1. WC/L-1: Acorn 1435-RO-2-DMB-BP-04-M-ULF-1.6-FVH. 15" Lav-Toilet Comby with Lavatory multi-sided bowl. On-floor, wall outlet. Centered Toilet. Hot and Cold air control metering valve for lavatory. Flush valve thru-wall option. Penal Bubbler.
  - 2. WC/L-2: Acorn 1435AL-2-BP-04-M-1.6-FVT. Lav-Toilet Comby with angles toilet bowl and angled lavatory. On-floor, wall outlet. Right offset. Penal bubbler. Air-control, hot and cold water, metering valve. ADA compliant.
- C. Lavatory control valve: Pneumatically operated, hand push button. Hot and cold water metering valve. 0.5 gpm. NSF 61. Federal Public Law 111. ADA. Acorn option –BP-04-M
- D. Flush Valve: Concealed flush valve through wall. 1.6 gpf. Shutoff valve. Acorn –FVT option.
- E. Options:
  - 1. Lavatory overflow (-OF)
  - 2. Flush Valve Thru-wall (-FVT)
  - 3. Brass Body Valve (-BRS)
  - 4. Lavatory Waste Extension with P-Trap (-LW1)
- F. Spare Materials:
  - 1. Provide (1) penal flush valve assembly.
  - 2. Provide (1) penal lavatory mixing valve assembly.

# 2.05 LAVATORIES (L-1) – WALL HUNG COMMERCIAL TYPE

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. American Standard Inc.
  - 2. Eljer, Inc.
  - 3. Kohler Company.
- B. Lavatory L-1 (Wall mount Lavatory with Single Handle Faucet):
  - 1. Vitreous China Wall Hung Basin: ASME A112.19.2. ADA. 20-3/4 x 18 inch rectangular basin with drillings on 4-inch centers. 4 inch high back. Splash lip, and front overflow. Similar to Kohler Greenwich K-2032. Concealed arm carrier.
- C. Faucet Trim (Thermostatic type single handle faucet):
  - 1. ASSE 1070. NSF 61. ADA. Concealed, lead-free cast brass housing and single handle control lever. 0.5 gpm Aerator. 4-inch centers. ASSE 1070 integral thermostatic valve. Factory set at 105. Adjustable to 115F.
  - 2. ASSE 1070 Thermostatic Faucet Manufacturers:
    - a. Watts
    - b. Powers

## D. Accessories:

- 1. Chrome plated 17 gage brass P-trap with clean-out plug and arm with escutcheon.
- 2. Offset waste with perforated open strainer.
- 3. Loose key stops.
- 4. Rigid supplies.
- 5. Manufactured insulation shields for domestic and waste piping under fixture for ADA compliant fixtures. Equal to TRUE BRO.
- 6. ASME A112.6.1; cast iron and steel frame with tubular legs, lugs for floor and wall attachment, threaded studs for fixture hanger, bearing plate and studs.
- 2.06 LAVATORIES (L-2) WALL HUNG PENAL TYPE
  - A. Manufacturers:
    - 1. Acorn (Design Manufacturer)
    - 2. Substitutions. See 01 6000
  - B. Bowl: Rectangular with integral oval bowl. 18 inches wide penal type. Wall hung. Lavatory control valve, and rough-in provided by plumbing contractor.
    - 1. Hot and Cold air control metering valve for lavatory. Flush valve thru-wall option. Penal Bubbler. Penal bubbler. Air-control, hot and cold water, metering valve. ADA compliant.
  - C. Lavatory control valve: Pneumatically operated, hand push button. Hot and cold water metering valve. Thermostatic limiting valve. 0.5 gpm. NSF 61. Federal Public Law 111. ADA. Acorn option –BP-04-M.
  - D. Options:
    - 1. Lavatory overflow (-OF)
    - 2. Lavatory Waste Extension with P-Trap (-LW1)
  - E. Spare Materials:
    - 1. Provide (1) penal lavatory mixing valve assembly.

## 2.07 SHOWERS SH-1

- A. Shower Manufacturers:
  - 1. Aquabath
  - 2. Lasco
  - 3. Kohler Company.
  - 4. Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 Product Requirements.
- B. Cabinet: ANSI Z124.1.2 molded cast acrylic, 36 by 36 by 77 inches with integral receptor, closed top, fully ADA compatible, soap dish, integral seat, grab bars, removable chrome plated strainer, tail piece, color as selected by Architect. Unit with maximum of ½-inch lip at floor surface. Provide anti-bacterial curtain, hooks, and rod. Provide removable dam at entrance.

- C. Trim: ASME A112.18.1; concealed shower supply with pressure balanced mixing valves, integral service stops, bent shower arm with flow control and adjustable spray ball joint shower head with maximum flow, and escutcheon. Stainless steel strainer type shower drain assembly.
- D. Shower Head: ASME A112.18.1; chrome plated vandal-proof institutional head with integral wall bracket, built-in 2.5 gpm flow control.
- E. Adjustable slide bar low flow shower head.
- F. Accessories: Anti bacterial shower curtain, hooks, rod. Removable dam.

## 2.08 SHOWERS (SH-2)

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Acorn 1736 ADA-A (Design Manufacturer)
  - 2. Substitutions. See 01 6000
- B. Description: Penal type. 14 gage 304 stainless steel cabinet shower with flush mount penal-Pak style shower. Upper head at 72 inches and flex handheld shower at 48 inches, recessed soap dish, integral stainless steel seat, two-wall grab bars, towel hook on outside entry, and 2-inch inside caulk drain. Shower drain (FD-1) and shower trim provided and installed by plumbing contractor. Fully ADA compatible.
- C. Trim: ASME A112.18.1; concealed shower supply with pressure balanced mixing valves, integral service stops, vandal resistant ADA upper shower head with flow control and adjustable spray ball joint lower shower head with 2.0 gpm maximum flow, and escutcheon. Stainless steel strainer type shower drain assembly.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that walls and floor finishes are prepared and ready for installation of fixtures.
- B. Verify dimension of all custom sized fixtures before ordering.
- C. Confirm that millwork is constructed with adequate provision for the installation of counter top lavatories and sinks.
- D. See Architectural documents for all mounting heights.
- E. Verify that electric power is available and of the correct characteristics.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

A. Rough-in fixture piping connections in accordance with minimum sizes indicated in fixture rough-in schedule for particular fixtures.

#### 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Install WORK in accordance with State standards.
- B. Install each fixture with chrome-plated trap, easily removable for servicing and cleaning.
- C. Provide chrome plated rigid or flexible supplies to fixtures with screwdriver stops, reducers, and escutcheons.
- D. Install components level and plumb.
- E. Install and secure fixtures in place with wall supports and bolts with sufficient strength to prevent movement of fixture when subjected to a force of 200 pounds in any direction.
- F. Seal fixtures to wall and floor surfaces with sealant as specified in Division 7, color to match fixture. Sealant shall have a convex bead in order to prevent water from accumulating on the finished surface.
- G. All supply piping to fixture anchored to wall.
- H. All sink and lavatory supply spouts with aerators as specified for each fixture.
- I. All trip levers for disabled type fixtures such as water closets and urinals are to be coordinated with ADA code requirements for proper accessible side location and configuration.
- J. Stops installed in each supply pipe at each fixture, accessibly located. Exposed stops of the loose key type, unless quarter turn Mini-Ball stop or screwdriver type is specified, with threaded chrome-plated brass nipple and escutcheon. Where stops are not specified with the fixture, standard globe or angle valves shall be used, located in accessible, concealed space such as cabinetwork, pipe spaces, or unfinished rooms.
- K. Wall-hung closet carriers suitable for the space provided, and installed with seal on faceplate joint.
- L. Suitable protective cover placed over fixtures immediately after installation. Damaged fixtures replaced at no additional cost to the OWNER.
- M. Brass or plastic nipples used for connection of urinals.
- N. Install all loose plumbing fixtures, trim, and accessories provided with penal cells. See penal cell specification for additional information.

### 3.04 INTERFACE WITH WORK OF OTHER SECTIONS

A. Review millwork shop drawings. Confirm location and size of fixtures and openings before rough-in and installation.

#### 3.05 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust stops or valves for intended water flow rate to fixtures without splashing, noise, or overflow.

- B. Verify in writing that main thermostatic mixing valves have been set to provide 115F as scheduled.
- C. Verify in writing that lavatory faucets provide maximum 110F water. Verify in writing that shower mixing valves were set to provide maximum 110F water.
- 3.06 CLEANING
  - A. Clean plumbing fixtures and equipment.

## 3.07 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products from damage due to subsequent construction operations.
- B. Do not permit use of fixtures by construction personnel.
- C. Repair or replace damaged products before Date of Substantial Completion.

# END OF SECTION 224000

## SECTION 260519 - LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS
  - A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Copper building wire rated 600 V or less.
  - 2. Metal-clad cable, Type MC, rated 600 V or less.
  - 3. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V and less.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 COPPER BUILDING WIRE
  - A. Description: Flexible, insulated and uninsulated, drawn copper current-carrying conductor with an overall insulation layer or jacket, or both, rated 600 V or less.
  - B. Standards:
    - 1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
    - 2. RoHS compliant.
    - 3. Conductor and Cable Marking: Comply with wire and cable marking according to UL's "Wire and Cable Marking and Application Guide."
  - C. Conductors: Copper, complying with ASTM B 3 for bare annealed copper and with ASTM B 8 for stranded conductors.
  - D. Conductor Insulation:
    - 1. Type THHN and Type THWN-2: Comply with UL 83.
    - 2. Type XHHW-2: Comply with UL 44.

## 2.2 METAL-CLAD CABLE, TYPE MC

A. Description: A factory assembly of one or more current-carrying insulated conductors in an overall metallic sheath.

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- B. Standards:
  - 1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
  - 2. Comply with UL 1569.
  - 3. RoHS compliant.
  - 4. Conductor and Cable Marking: Comply with wire and cable marking according to UL's "Wire and Cable Marking and Application Guide."
- C. Circuits:
  - 1. Single circuit and multicircuit with color-coded conductors.
  - 2. Power-Limited Fire-Alarm Circuits: Comply with UL 1424.
- D. Conductors: Copper, complying with ASTM B 3 for bare annealed copper and with ASTM B 8 for stranded conductors.
- E. Ground Conductor: Insulated.
- F. Conductor Insulation:
  - 1. Type TFN/THHN/THWN-2: Comply with UL 83.
  - 2. Type XHHW-2: Comply with UL 44.
- G. Armor: Aluminum, interlocked.

### 2.3 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES

A. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors and splices of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated; listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS
  - A. Branch Circuits: Stranded copper.
- 3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS
  - A. Exposed Branch Circuits, Including in Crawlspaces: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
  - B. Branch Circuits Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, and Partitions: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway and Metal-clad cable, Type MC.
  - C. Cord Drops and Portable Appliance Connections: Type SO, hard service cord with stainless-steel, wire-mesh, strain relief device at terminations to suit application.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Complete raceway installation between conductor and cable termination points according to Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" prior to pulling conductors and cables.
- C. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- D. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway.
- E. Support cables according to Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."

### 3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A-486B.
- B. Make splices, terminations, and taps that are compatible with conductor material.
- C. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inches (150 mm) of slack.

### 3.5 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

#### 3.6 FIRESTOPPING

A. Apply firestopping to electrical penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies to restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly according to Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

#### END OF SECTION 260519

## SECTION 262726 - WIRING DEVICES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Straight-blade convenience, hospital-grade, isolated-ground, and tamperresistant receptacles.
  - 2. GFCI receptacles.
  - 3. Toggle switches.
  - 4. Wall switch sensor light switches with dual technology sensors.
  - 5. Wall plates.

#### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Abbreviations of Manufacturers' Names:
  - 1. Cooper: Cooper Wiring Devices; Division of Cooper Industries, Inc.
  - 2. Hubbell: Hubbell Incorporated: Wiring Devices-Kellems.
  - 3. Leviton: Leviton Mfg. Company, Inc.
  - 4. Pass & Seymour: Pass & Seymour/Legrand.
- B. EMI: Electromagnetic interference.
- C. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- D. Pigtail: Short lead used to connect a device to a branch-circuit conductor.
- E. RFI: Radio-frequency interference.

#### 1.04 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

#### 1.05 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For wiring devices to include in all manufacturers' packing-label warnings and instruction manuals that include labeling conditions.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 GENERAL WIRING-DEVICE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Wiring Devices, Components, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Devices that are manufactured for use with modular plug-in connectors may be substituted under the following conditions:
  - 1. Connectors shall comply with UL 2459 and shall be made with stranding building wire.
  - 2. Devices shall comply with the requirements in this Section.
- D. Devices for Owner-Furnished Equipment:
  - 1. Receptacles: Match plug configurations.
  - 2. Cord and Plug Sets: Match equipment requirements.
- E. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of wiring device and associated wall plate from single source from single manufacturer.

#### 2.02 STRAIGHT-BLADE RECEPTACLES

- A. Duplex Convenience Receptacles: 125 V, 20 A; comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498, and FS W-C-596.
- B. Tamper-Resistant Convenience Receptacles: 125 V, 20 A; comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498, and FS W-C-596.

#### 2.03 GFCI RECEPTACLES

- A. General Description:
  - 1. 125 V, 20 A, straight blade, non-feed-through type.
  - 2. Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498, UL 943 Class A, and FS W-C-596.
  - 3. Include indicator light that shows when the GFCI has malfunctioned and no longer provides proper GFCI protection.
- B. Duplex GFCI Convenience Receptacles:
- C. Tamper-Resistant, Duplex GFCI Convenience Receptacles:
- 2.04 TOGGLE SWITCHES
  - A. Comply with NEMA WD 1, UL 20, and FS W-S-896.

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## 2.05 WALL SWITCH SENSOR LIGHT SWITCH, DUAL TECHNOLOGY

- A. Description: Switchbox-mounted, combination lighting-control sensor and conventional switch lighting-control unit using dual technology.
  - 1. Connections: Hard wired.
  - 2. Rated 960 W at 120-V ac for tungsten lighting, 10 A at 120-V ac or 10 A at 277-V ac for fluorescent or LED lighting, and 1/4 hp at 120-V ac.
  - 3. Adjustable time delay of 20 minutes.
  - 4. Able to be locked to Automatic-On mode.
  - 5. Automatic Light-Level Sensor: Adjustable from 2 to 200 fc.
  - 6. Comply with NEMA WD 1, UL 20, and FS W-S-896.

## 2.06 WALL PLATES

- A. Single and combination types shall match corresponding wiring devices.
  - 1. Plate-Securing Screws: Metal with head color to match plate finish.
  - 2. Material for Finished Spaces: Smooth, high-impact thermoplastic.
  - 3. Material for Unfinished Spaces: Smooth, high-impact thermoplastic.

#### 2.07 FINISHES

- A. Device Color:
  - 1. Wiring Devices Connected to Normal Power System: White unless otherwise indicated or required by NFPA 70 or device listing.
- B. Wall Plate Color: For plastic covers, match device color.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1, including mounting heights listed in that standard, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Coordination with Other Trades:
  - 1. Protect installed devices and their boxes. Do not place wall finish materials over device boxes and do not cut holes for boxes with routers that are guided by riding against outside of boxes.
  - 2. Keep outlet boxes free of plaster, drywall joint compound, mortar, cement, concrete, dust, paint, and other material that may contaminate the raceway system, conductors, and cables.
  - 3. Install wiring devices after all wall preparation, including painting, is complete.

# C. Conductors:

- 1. Do not strip insulation from conductors until right before they are spliced or terminated on devices.
- 2. Strip insulation evenly around the conductor using tools designed for the purpose. Avoid scoring or nicking of solid wire or cutting strands from stranded wire.
- 3. The length of free conductors at outlets for devices shall meet provisions of NFPA 70, Article 300, without pigtails.
- 4. Existing Conductors:
  - a. Cut back and pigtail, or replace all damaged conductors.
  - b. Straighten conductors that remain and remove corrosion and foreign matter.
  - c. Pigtailing existing conductors is permitted, provided the outlet box is large enough.
- D. Device Installation:
  - 1. Replace devices that have been in temporary use during construction and that were installed before building finishing operations were complete.
  - 2. Keep each wiring device in its package or otherwise protected until it is time to connect conductors.
  - 3. Do not remove surface protection, such as plastic film and smudge covers, until the last possible moment.
  - 4. Connect devices to branch circuits using pigtails that are not less than 6 inches in length.
  - 5. When there is a choice, use side wiring with binding-head screw terminals. Wrap solid conductor tightly clockwise, two-thirds to three-fourths of the way around terminal screw.
  - 6. Use a torque screwdriver when a torque is recommended or required by manufacturer.
  - 7. When conductors larger than No. 12 AWG are installed on 15- or 20-A circuits, splice No. 12 AWG pigtails for device connections.
  - 8. Tighten unused terminal screws on the device.
  - 9. When mounting into metal boxes, remove the fiber or plastic washers used to hold device-mounting screws in yokes, allowing metal-to-metal contact.
- E. Receptacle Orientation:
  - 1. Install ground pin of vertically mounted receptacles down, and on horizontally mounted receptacles to the left.
- F. Device Plates: Do not use oversized or extra-deep plates. Repair wall finishes and remount outlet boxes when standard device plates do not fit flush or do not cover rough wall opening.
- G. Arrangement of Devices: Unless otherwise indicated, mount flush, with long dimension vertical and with grounding terminal of receptacles on top. Group adjacent switches under single, multigang wall plates.

#### 3.02 GFCI RECEPTACLES

A. Install non-feed-through-type GFCI receptacles where protection of downstream receptacles is not required.

## 3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Test Instruments: Use instruments that comply with UL 1436.
- B. Test Instrument for Convenience Receptacles: Digital wiring analyzer with digital readout or illuminated digital-display indicators of measurement.
- C. Perform the following tests and inspections:
  - 1. Test Instrument for Convenience Receptacles: Digital wiring analyzer with digital readout or illuminated digital-display indicators of measurement.
- D. Tests for Convenience Receptacles:
  - 1. Line Voltage: Acceptable range is 105 to 132 V.
  - 2. Percent Voltage Drop under 15-A Load: A value of 6 percent or higher is unacceptable.
  - 3. Ground Impedance: Values of up to 2 ohms are acceptable.
  - 4. GFCI Trip: Test for tripping values specified in UL 1436 and UL 943.
  - 5. Using the test plug, verify that the device and its outlet box are securely mounted.
  - 6. Tests shall be diagnostic, indicating damaged conductors, high resistance at the circuit breaker, poor connections, inadequate fault current path, defective devices, or similar problems. Correct circuit conditions, remove malfunctioning units and replace with new ones, and retest as specified above.
- E. Wiring device will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- F. Prepare test and inspection reports.

## END OF SECTION 262726

## SECTION 265119 - LED INTERIOR LIGHTING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Interior solid-state luminaires that use LED technology.
  - 2. Lighting fixture supports.

## 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. CCT: Correlated color temperature.
- B. CRI: Color Rendering Index.
- C. Fixture: See "Luminaire."
- D. IP: International Protection or Ingress Protection Rating.
- E. LED: Light-emitting diode.
- F. Lumen: Measured output of lamp and luminaire, or both.
- G. Luminaire: Complete lighting unit, including light engine, driver, reflector, and housing.

#### 1.04 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Arrange in order of luminaire designation.
  - 2. Include data on features, accessories, and finishes.
  - 3. Include physical description and dimensions of luminaires.
  - 4. Include life, output (lumens, CCT, and CRI), and energy efficiency data.
  - 5. Photometric data and adjustment factors based on laboratory tests.
    - a. Manufacturers' Certified Data: Photometric data certified by manufacturer's laboratory with a current accreditation under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- B. Product Schedule: For luminaires and lamps.

## 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Luminaire manufacturer's laboratory that is accredited under the NVLAP for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.

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- B. Provide luminaires from a single manufacturer for each luminaire type.
- C. Each luminaire type shall be binned within a three-step MacAdam Ellipse to ensure color consistency among luminaires.
- 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
  - A. Protect finishes of exposed surfaces by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- 1.07 WARRANTY
  - A. Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace components of luminaires that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - B. Warranty Period: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 LUMINAIRE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Recessed Fixtures: Comply with NEMA LE 4.
- C. CRI of 80. CCT of 3500 K.
- D. Rated light engine life of 50,000 hours.
- E. Internal driver.
- F. Nominal Operating Voltage: 120 V ac.
  - 1. Lens Thickness: At least 0.125 inch minimum unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Metal Parts:
  - 1. Free of burrs and sharp corners and edges.
  - 2. Sheet metal components shall be steel unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Form and support to prevent warping and sagging.
- B. Doors, Frames, and Other Internal Access: Smooth operating, free of light leakage under operating conditions, and designed to permit relamping without use of tools. Designed to prevent doors, frames, lenses, diffusers, and other components from falling accidentally during relamping and when secured in operating position.

## C. Diffusers and Globes:

- 1. Acrylic Diffusers: One hundred percent virgin acrylic plastic, with high resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.
- 2. Glass: Annealed crystal glass unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Lens Thickness: At least 0.125 inch minimum unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Factory-Applied Labels: Comply with UL 1598.. Locate labels where they will be readily visible to service personnel, but not seen from normal viewing angles when light engines are in place.
- 2.03 METAL FINISHES
  - A. Variations in finishes are unacceptable in the same piece. Variations in finishes of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and if they can be and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

### 2.04 LUMINAIRE FIXTURE SUPPORT COMPONENTS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for channel and angle iron supports and nonmetallic channel and angle supports.
- B. Single-Stem Hangers: 1/2-inch steel tubing with swivel ball fittings and ceiling canopy. Finish same as luminaire.
- C. Wires: ASTM A 641/A 641 M, Class 3, soft temper, zinc-coated steel, 12 gage.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for luminaire to verify actual locations of luminaire and electrical connections before fixture installation. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Install luminaires level, plumb, and square with ceilings and walls unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Supports:
  - 1. Sized and rated for luminaire weight.
  - 2. Able to maintain luminaire position after cleaning and relamping.
  - 3. Provide support for luminaire without causing deflection of ceiling or wall.

- 4. Luminaire mounting devices shall be capable of supporting a horizontal force of 100 percent of luminaire weight and vertical force of 400 percent of luminaire weight.
- D. Flush-Mounted Luminaire Support:
  - 1. Secured to outlet box.
  - 2. Attached to ceiling structural members at four points equally spaced around circumference of luminaire.
  - 3. Trim ring flush with finished surface.
- E. Wall-Mounted Luminaire Support:
  - 1. Attached to structural members in walls.
  - 2. Do not attach luminaires directly to gypsum board.
- F. Suspended Luminaire Support:
  - 1. Pendants and Rods: Where longer than 48 inches, brace to limit swinging.
  - 2. Do not use ceiling grid as support for pendant luminaires. Connect support wires or rods to building structure.
- G. Ceiling-Grid-Mounted Luminaires:
  - 1. Secure to any required outlet box.
  - 2. Use approved devices and support components to connect luminaire to ceiling grid and building structure in a minimum of four locations, spaced near corners of luminaire.
- H. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" for wiring connections.

#### 3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections Operational Test: After installing luminaires, switches, and accessories, and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test units to confirm proper operation.
- B. Luminaire will be considered defective if it does not pass operation tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

## END OF SECTION 265119

# SECTION 02080 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

## PART 1-GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. General provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions.
- B. Architectural drawings.
- C. Mechanical drawings.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Visual inspection and bulk sampling have identified the following asbestos containing materials (ACM) in the Community Building that will impact this project:
  - 1. Gypsum Wall Board/joint compound (GWB/mud): GWB/mud samples were collected from the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> floor restrooms and they had 2% Chrysotile asbestos in the mud. All GWB/mud on the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> floors shall therefore be treated as ACM.
  - 2. Sheet vinyl in the small 2<sup>nd</sup> floor unisex restroom: One sample was collected and the backing contained 50% Chrysotile asbestos.
  - 3. Thermal System Insulation (TSI) on piping systems above basement ceiling: Some piping systems above the ceiling of the basement (where mechanical work will occur as part of this project) still have original ACM air cell TSI on pipes and ACM mud on fittings. The protective wrap on this material is generally in good condition, but all such TSI shall be treated as ACM.
  - 4. TSI on piping systems concealed in 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> floor walls: If original piping systems still exist within restroom walls, it is assumed that those systems will have ACM air cell TSI on pipes and ACM mud on fittings.
- B. Historical information and bulk sampling shows the following suspect materials to be non-ACM:
  - 1. The first floor restroom was completely renovated in 2002 and is now asbestos-free, including concealed wall cavities.
  - 2. Sheet vinyl in 2<sup>nd</sup> floor men's restroom and 3<sup>rd</sup> floor women's restroom: Samples of these materials showed that the vinyl and the adhesive were free of asbestos.
  - 3. Black mastic in 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> floor janitor's closets: An historic sample of this material showed that it was free of asbestos.
  - 4. Black coating on waste pipe above basement ceiling: Waste pipes above the ceiling of the basement (where connections will be made as part of this project) have a heavy black mastic coating. A sample of this material showed that it is free of asbestos.
- C. The intent of the abatement portion of the overall project is to remove ACM as shown on the abatement drawings to provide a safe working environment for subsequent trades.

- D. The abatement project includes all material, labor, equipment and other related costs for:
  - 1. mobilization (including moving all plant and equipment onto the site; providing necessary project utilities or improving existing utilities as necessary, arranging for approved storage areas, issuing and posting all notices, and submitting all submittals),
  - 2. installing all necessary critical barriers to establish non-permanent asbestos control areas to isolate the various abatement areas,
  - 3. completing all abatement elements as described in Paragraph C. above,
  - 4. cleaning <u>all</u> surfaces and spaces within the confines of the asbestos control areas,
  - 5. providing air monitoring, including appropriate elements summarized in <u>Asbestos Air</u> <u>Monitoring</u> in DEFINITIONS below, and in accordance with PART 3 EXECUTION of this section,
  - 6. providing on-site lab analysis for required air monitoring,
  - 7. disposing of ACM and related demolition debris in accordance with these contract documents,
  - 8. removing the non-permanent asbestos control areas,
  - 9. general cleanup and demobilization.
- E. Contract drawings illustrate the locations where the above-described work is necessary and allow quantification for the bidding purposes.

## 1.3 COORDINATION AND TIMING OF ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES

- A. The building will be occupied.
- B. The OWNER will provide access to temporary power and to hot and cold water for direct project use. The abatement Subcontractor is responsible for all costs and effort required to develop those utilities for his use.
- C. Electrical and mechanical systems not demolished or otherwise directly modified by this project shall remain functional, and shall be protected from contamination during the abatement work.
- D. The OWNER shall be allowed access to electrical and mechanical systems as necessary throughout the abatement project to ensure their operational continuity.
- E. Security to the site shall be maintained for the duration of the abatement project. It will be the responsibility of the abatement Subcontractor to coordinate with the CONTRACTOR and other trades to sequence the work.

## 1.4 REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS, CODES, AND STANDARDS

- A. The publications listed below form a part of the specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by the basic designation only.
  - 1. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Publications:

29 CFR 1910.1001Asbestos (for general industry standards)

29 CFR 1910.134Respiratory Protection

29 CFR 1910.145	Specifications for Accident Prevention Signs and Tags
29 CFR 1910.1200	Hazard Communications
29 CFR 1926.1101	Asbestos (for construction and demolition standards)
40 CFR 61 Sub-part A	General Provisions
40 CFR 61 Sub-part M National Emission Standard for Asbestos	
40 CFR 241	Guidelines for Land Disposal of Solid Wastes
Alaska Department of Labor Construction Code:	
Subchapter 05.045 (as amended November 27, 1991)-Construction Code (Asbestos)	
Subchapter 15.0101-Hazard Communication	

3. Additional References:

US EPA Publication 560/5-85-024: Materials in Buildings

Guidance for Controlling Asbestos Containing

# 1.5 DEFINITIONS

2.

- A. <u>ACM:</u> See Asbestos Containing Material (ACM).
- B. <u>Abandonment:</u> Leaving in place existing asbestos materials. An example is leaving pipes inside walls when new piping is to be routed differently. Complete documentation must be made of the exact location and condition of the asbestos before abandonment, including the type and method of use of any encapsulant.
- C. <u>Action Level:</u> See Exposure Standards.
- D. Aggressive Conditions: Required technique to prepare an area that has passed visual inspection for clearance sampling. Before starting the sampling pumps, the exhaust from forced air equipment (such as a 1 horsepower leaf blower) shall be directed against all walls, ceilings, floors, ledges and other surfaces in the room. This effort shall take at least 5 minutes per 1,000 square feet of floor. Next, a 20-inch fan shall be placed in the center of the space (one such fan shall be employed for every 10,000 cubic feet of room volume), directed towards the ceiling, and set to run on slow speed. Once the fans are set up and operational, the sampling pumps shall be started and run for the required time. Once sampling is complete all 20-inch fans shall be secured.
- E. <u>Amended Water:</u> Water containing a wetting agent specifically designated by the manufacturer for the wetting of asbestos.
- F. <u>Approved Laboratory</u>: An independent laboratory properly staffed and equipped for the collection and analysis of asbestos bulk and/or air samples, and who maintains demonstrable

satisfactory performance from all technicians involved in the performance of these analyses. For air samples, participation and a documented record of satisfactory performance in either the NIOSH Proficiency Analytical Testing (PAT) program, equivalent American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) program, or an equivalent inter-laboratory testing protocol in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.1101, Appendix A is required. The lab must be capable of performing both phase contract illumination microscopy, and transmission electron microscopy, and be capable of the required short tum around times. For bulk analysis, participation in and maintenance of a satisfactory record with the bulk asbestos analysis program with the Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-2194, (919) 541- 6000, is required. If any participation in any equivalent program is proposed to meet this requirement, the details of the program, documentation of satisfactory performance, and name, address and telephone number of the operator of the program must be submitted as part of the asbestos work plan for approval.

- G. <u>Area Monitoring</u>: See Asbestos Air Monitoring.
- H. <u>Asbestos:</u> A class of six naturally occurring fibrous hydrous mineral silicates. Minerals included in this group are chrysotile, crocidolite, amosite and the fibrous forms of anthophyllite, tremolite and actinolite.
- I. <u>Asbestos Air Monitoring</u>: An approved air monitoring plan is required if air monitoring is part of the abatement work. To be approved such a plan must include the following elements:
  - 1. <u>Area Monitoring:</u> Sampling for airborne concentrations of asbestos fibers within the existing or planned asbestos control area that is representative of the fiber levels that may reach the worker's breathing zone. Area pumps drawing 10 liters per minute through the filter cassette are used for area monitoring and should pull at least 1,200 liters of air for each sample.
  - 2. <u>Environmental Monitoring:</u> Sampling for airborne concentrations of asbestos fibers outside the asbestos control area to assure that no asbestos fibers are escaping the enclosure, and that personnel outside the control area are not being exposed. Where a sealed area is not used, such as during exterior siding removal, this will refer to sampling conducted at the perimeter of the control area to assure that a sufficient buffer zone around the work in progress has been established, and that personnel outside this zone are not being exposed. Area pumps drawing 10 liters per minute through the filter cassette are used for environmental monitoring and should pull at least 1,200 liters of air for each sample.
  - 3. <u>Baseline (Background) Monitoring:</u> Sampling conducted to determine the initial level of airborne asbestos fibers present prior to the start of asbestos work. Area pumps drawing 1 but < 10 liters per minute through the filter cassette are used for this monitoring and should pull at least 1,200 liters of air for each sample. This sampling can be subdivided into three parts:
    - a. <u>Natural Background Sampling</u>: Sampling conducted outside the structure where the work will be accomplished to determine the naturally occurring fiber levels present in that locale. When results indicate that this level may reach or exceed 0.01 *flee*, a minimum of 5 consecutive days of sampling will be used to establish an arithmetic average. This average will be used as the background level.

- b. <u>Environmental Background Sampling</u>: Sampling conducted to determine the background fiber levels within a structure, but outside the planned asbestos work area. This sampling is accomplished to ascertain the normal background fiber level within these areas of the structure. Special care must be taken during this sampling to minimize sample contamination by non-asbestos fibers, such as from cloth, paper and carpet.
- c. <u>Work Area Background Sampling</u>: Sampling conducted in the area where asbestos work is planned, normally used to determine the level of personal and other protective measures required by personnel preparing the area for asbestos work and to establish the level of contamination present prior to the beginning of asbestos operations.
- 4. <u>Initial Exposure Assessment Monitoring</u>: Sampling conducted by a "competent person" immediately before or at the initiation of the operation to ascertain the expected exposures during that operation. Initial Exposure Assessment Monitoring must be completed in time to allow compliance with requirements which are triggered by exposure data or the lack of a "negative exposure assessment", and to provide information necessary to assure that all control systems planned are appropriate for the operation and will work properly. Until Initial Exposure Assessment Monitoring confirms that employees on the job will not be exposed in excess of the PEL, or a "negative exposure assessment" for non-friable asbestos has been accepted, it shall be assumed that employees are exposed in excess of the TWA and excursion limit.
- 5. <u>Negative Exposure Assessment:</u> For any one specific asbestos job involving non-friable material which will be performed by trained employees, it may be demonstrated that employee exposures will be below the PEL by data which conform to the following criteria:
  - a. Objective data demonstrating that the product or material containing asbestos minerals or the activity involving such product or material cannot release airborne fibers in concentrations exceeding the TWA and excursion limit under those work conditions having the greatest potential for releasing asbestos.
  - b. Where the employer has monitored prior asbestos jobs for the PEL and the excursion limit within 12 months of the current or projected job, the monitoring and analyses were performed in compliance with the asbestos standard in effect; and the data were obtained during work operations conducted workplace conditions "closely resembling" the processes, type of material, control methods, work practices, and environmental conditions in the current operations, the operations were conducted by employees whose training and experience are no more extensive than that of employees performing the current job, and these data show that under the conditions prevailing and which will prevail in the current workplace there is a high degree of certainty that employee exposures will not exceed the TWA and excursion limit.
  - c. The results of initial exposure monitoring of the current job made from breathing zone air samples that are representative of the 8-hour TWA and 30 minute short-term exposures of each employee covering operations that are most likely during the performance of the entire asbestos job to result in exposures over the PEL.
- 6. <u>Clearance Monitoring</u>: Sampling occurring at the completion of the asbestos work or at

the completion of a specific phase of asbestos work, prior to removing the enclosure. It is accomplished to prove that the clean-up activities have been effective, and that remaining fiber levels both inside and outside the enclosure comply with airborne fiber concentrations defined in "Clearance Levels" below. Clearance sampling is normally accomplished in the same locations and by the same methods as the baseline monitoring, and is done in an aggressive manner (see EPA 560/5-85-024 for description of methods). Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) analysis is required for clearance monitoring inside schools and sometimes for inside public buildings to assure that the area is truly safe for reoccupancy. For public buildings the requirement for TEM analysis can be waived in favor of Phase Contrast Illumination Microscopy (PCM) at the OWNER's option. See PART 3-EXECUTION, MONITORING for additional information.

- 7. <u>Personal Monitoring</u>: Sampling for asbestos fiber concentrations at the breathing zone of a worker, used to document individual exposures, and, in conjunction with the work area sampling, to determine the required degree of personal and respiratory protection. A minimum of two samples shall be collected per eight-hour shift at a flow rate of 0.5 to 2.5 liters per minute. At least 25% of the workers doing a particular job shall be sampled each eight-hour shift. See Exposure Standards for more information.
- J. <u>Asbestos Containing Material (ACM)</u>: Material composed of asbestos of any type, and in any amount equal to or greater than 1 percent by weight, either alone or mixed with other fibrous or non-fibrous materials.
- K. <u>Asbestos Control Area:</u> An area where operations involving asbestos are performed which is isolated by physical barriers designed to prevent the spread of asbestos dust, fibers, and debris, and to prevent or deter the entry or unauthorized and unprotected personnel. For areas where isolation is not feasible, it will be an area that is physically demarcated, e.g., bounded by a physical barrier such as a rope, barricade, etc., separating the known "clean" zone from the asbestos work area and buffer zone.
- L. <u>Asbestos Fibers:</u> This expression refers to a particular form of asbestos, fibrous tremolite, anthophyllite, or actinolite having a length to diameter aspect ratio of 3:1 or greater, and an overall length of 5.0 micrometers or longer. Where specialized analytical techniques, such as electron microscopy, are utilized for analysis, this shall refer to the number of fibers considered to equate to a specific weight of asbestos.
- M. <u>Asbestos Survey:</u> A detailed survey accomplished by specially trained, experienced technicians of a specific area to determine the presence, absence, condition, and amount of asbestos and asbestos contamination present in that area.
- N. <u>Asbestos Workers' Personal Hygiene Area:</u> A dedicated area containing shower(s), change room and, if required, toilet facilities where personnel working with asbestos (where a control area is not established) can change into protective clothing, and can disrobe, shower, and change into clean clothing without danger of transferring contamination to themselves or others.
- 0. <u>Baseline Monitoring</u>: See Asbestos Air Monitoring.
- P. <u>Bulk Sampling and Analysis:</u> Representative samples taken from materials suspected to contain asbestos, analyzed by an approved laboratory using polarized light microscopy (PLM). When

specialized methodology, such as electron microscopy is required, collection and analysis shall be in accordance with the recommendations of the laboratory providing the analysis, and the result expressed as both mass per unit volume and percent by weight shall be given.

- Q. <u>Clean Room:</u> An uncontaminated room having facilities for storage of employees' street clothing, uncontaminated materials and equipment.
- R. <u>Clearance Levels</u>: The maximum fiber levels present after completion of the asbestos work, or a given phase of work, sampled during initial or final clearance monitoring. This level shall be the lower of the baseline work area monitoring value for the location, or less than **0.01 fibers/cc**, whichever is lower. In the special case where the naturally occurring outdoor background levels outside the structure are greater than or equal to 0.01 *flee*, averaged arithmetically over a minimum 5-day period, the clearance level shall be the interior work area background level prior to the start of CONTRACTOR work, or less than or equal to the average natural background level, wherever is lower.
- S. <u>Clearance Monitoring:</u> See Asbestos Air Monitoring.
- T. <u>Competent Person</u>: An individual experienced in the abatement and control of asbestos who has received specialized additional training in the supervision and management of asbestos abatement projects. This individual is the full-time on-site manager responsible for ensuring that all safety, health and environmental protection requirements are met, that approved operational methods are followed, and that all personnel on the site comply with these requirements. Specialized training must include an EPA recognized course in the management of asbestos abatement projects. The Competent Person shall report to the Industrial Hygienist.
- U. <u>Containment:</u> See Enclosure.
- V. <u>Decontamination Area</u>: An enclosed area adjacent and connected to a sealed asbestos control area and consisting of an equipment room, shower area, and clean room used for the decontamination of workers, materials and equipment. This also forms the only authorized entry and exit for the control area, except as required in Equipment Decontamination Area below.
- W. <u>Encapsulant:</u> A liquid material which can be applied to ACM which reduces the potential for release of asbestos fibers from a material, either by creating a membrane over the surface (bridging encapsulant) or by penetrating into the material and binding its components together (penetrating encapsulant).
- X. <u>Encapsulate:</u> The process whereby an encapsulant is applied to ACM to seal in or bind together the individual asbestos fibers, thereby reducing the potential for the release of these fibers.
- Y. <u>Enclosure</u>: Construction of a sealed, permanent structure around asbestos. Complete documentation must be made of the exact location and condition of the asbestos before the enclosure is finished, including the type and method of use of any encapsulant.
- Z. <u>Equipment Decontamination Area:</u> When used, a separate area designed similarly to the personnel decontamination area, but on a large scale. Used to decontaminate large items, or for the purpose of a separate exit for asbestos waste removal where the normal means of egress is not effective (such as the removal of long pieces of pipe from the basement of a structure).

- AA. <u>Equipment Room (Change Room)</u>: A room located within the decontamination area that is supplied with impermeable bags or receptacles for the disposal or storage of contaminated protective clothing and equipment, and lockers for the storage and contaminated tools and work shoes.
- BB. Exposure Standards
  - 1. Workers:
    - a. <u>Action Level</u>: An action level concept shall be used by the abatement Subcontractor to ensure that no personnel are exposed to airborne concentrations of asbestos, actinolite, anthophyllite, or tremolite fibers, or a combination of these mineral fibers, equaling or exceeding **0.1 fibers per cubic centimeter** (0.1 f/cc) expressed as an 8-hour time weighted average (TWA) without placement on a medical monitoring program for asbestos. Personnel exposed at or above this level must be provided proper training in the removal of asbestos containing materials, and must be provided proper personal protective equipment.
    - b. <u>Excursion Limit (EL)</u>: An airborne concentration of asbestos of **1.0 fiber per cubic centimeter** of air (1 f/cc) as averaged over a sampling period of 30 minutes.
    - c. <u>Permissible Exposure Level (PEL)</u>: The abatement Subcontractor shall ensure that no employee is exposed to an airborne concentration of asbestos, actinolite, anthophyllite, or tremolite fibers, or a combination of these mineral fibers, exceeding **0.1 fibers per cubic centimeter** (0.1 f/cc) expressed as an 8-hour time weighted average (TWA) as defined by the NIOSH sampling and analytical method 7400. (Reference 29 CFR 1926.1101, Appendix A.)
  - 2. Non-Workers:
    - a. Personnel who are not asbestos workers as defined by OSHA and this specification shall not be exposed to levels of asbestos fibers exceeding the EPA clearance level criteria of **0.01 f/cc**.
- CC. <u>Fibers:</u> All fibers, regardless of composition, as determined by analysis in accordance with the method described in 29 CFR 1926.1101, Appendix A. When specialized methodology, such as electron microscopy is required, collection and analysis shall be in accordance with the recommendations of the laboratory providing the analysis, and the equivalent fiber level, expressed in both mass per unit volume and fibers per cubic centimeter shall be given.
- DD. <u>Glovebag Technique:</u> A method with limited applications for removing small amounts of friable asbestos-containing material from HVAC ducts, short piping runs, valves, joints, elbows, and other non planar surfaces not isolated inside an enclosure. The glovebag assembly is a manufactured or fabricated device consisting of a glovebag (typically constructed of 6-mil transparent polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride plastic), two inward projecting long sleeve gloves, an internal tool pouch, and an attached, labeled receptacle for asbestos waste. The glovebag is constructed and installed in such a manner that it surrounds the object or material to be removed and contains all asbestos fibers released during the process. All workers who are permitted to use the glovebag technique must be highly trained, experienced and skilled in this method.
- EE. <u>HEPA Filter Equipment:</u> High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filtered vacuuming, local exhaust, or respiratory protective equipment equipped with specialized filters capable of collecting and retaining asbestos fibers. Filters must be of 99.97 percent or greater efficiency at collection of 0.3-micron diameter particles. Filters must be factory tested and certified as meeting this filtration requirement.
- FF. <u>Industrial Hygienist:</u> An individual certified by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene, and having significant prior experience in managing and evaluating the health and safety aspects on asbestos projects of similar nature and scope to ensure capability of performing asbestos work in a satisfactory manner. Prior project similarities shall be in areas related to material composition, project size, number of employees, and in the engineering, work practice, environmental, and personal protection control required. An equivalent individual, such as a Licensed Professional Safety Engineer, Certified Safety Professional, and other qualified person with a minimum of 5 years of experience in industrial hygiene, including extensive experience in the management and evaluation of health and safety aspects of asbestos abatement, may substitute for the Certified Industrial Hygienist, subject to approval by the ARCHITECT. The Industrial Hygienist shall be responsible for all monitoring, training and asbestos work, for ensuring that all safety and health requirements prescribed by State and Federal regulations, as well as these specifications, are compiled with, and for ensuring that the competent person performs all assigned duties in accordance with this specification and applicable Federal and State regulations.
- GG. Initial Exposure Assessment Monitoring: See Asbestos Air Monitoring.
- HH. <u>Lockdown Sealant:</u> A spray-on liquid-type sealant applied to surfaces from which ACM has been removed. It is applied after final cleaning and visual inspection has occurred, but prior to initial clearance sampling. Its purpose is to control and minimize the amount of airborne asbestos fiber generation that might result from any residual ACM debris on the substrate. All lockdown sealant shall be acrylic copolymer blend that forms a durable non-combustible barrier that when cured becomes an excellent primer for spray back insulation and water based architectural coatings.
- II. Lower Limit of Detection (LLD): The smallest quantifiable amount of a substance, or number of fibers, present in a given sample that can be determined accurately by the sampling and analysis methods in use. A LLD is normally specified to represent a 95% confidence level. All samples taken for baseline, background, environmental or clearance sampling shall have an LLD of 0.01 *flee* or less. Samples taken for bulk analysis shall have an LLD of less than 0.1 percent by weight of the sample of homogeneous samples.
- JJ. <u>Negative Exposure Assessment</u>: See Asbestos Air Monitoring.
- KK. <u>Negative Pressure</u>: A minimum of minus 0.02 inches of water pressure (negative pressure) differential between the asbestos control area and all adjacent areas, at a minimum flow rate of four air changes per hour at all points within the asbestos control area. See PART 3-EXECUTION; SAFETY AND HEALTH COMPLIANCE; Vacuums and local exhaust systems for additional information.
- LL. <u>Permissible Exposure Level (PEL)</u>: See Exposure Standards.

- MM. Personal Monitoring: See Asbestos Air Monitoring.
- NN. <u>Phase Contrast Illumination Microscopy (PCM)</u>: An analytical method for counting fibers in air sampling filters.
- 00. <u>Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)</u>: An analytical method for determining asbestos content in bulk samples.
- **PP.** <u>Time Weighted Average (TWA)</u>: The TWA is an average of the airborne concentration of asbestos fibers, expressed as the number of fibers per cubic centimeter (f/cc) of air, measured and calculated for a minimum of 8 hours, and taken into account the relative proportions of time exposed when averaging different exposure levels.
- QQ. <u>Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)</u>: A procedure whereby an electron beam is scanned through a specially prepared air-sampling filter. The beam diffraction pattern is then analyzed by computer, which differentiates between the patterns of asbestos and the non-asbestos materials, and quantifies the mass of the asbestos present on the filter. This mass can then be referenced to an equivalent number of fibers per cubic centimeter. By far the most sensitive and specific test for airborne asbestos, it is expensive and results cannot normally be provided for several days. Used for detection of extremely low levels, or when suspected non-asbestos fibers are believed to be interfering with the accuracy or readability of normal sampling methods. All clearance samples for projects inside school buildings must use TEM in accordance with methods set forth in 40 CPR 760, Subpart E.

### 1.6 PRE-WORK SUBMITTALS

- A. Six copies the Pre-Work Submittal shall be submitted. The following items shall be included, submitted as a complete package in a three ring binder complete with index and divider tabs, and modified as necessary to obtain approval by the ARCHITECT five working days prior to any work on the project. The abatement Subcontractor shall perform his work in compliance with the approved Pre-Work Submittal:
  - 1. <u>Asbestos Work Plan:</u> Prepare a detailed plain language plan covering the work procedures to be used during each and all operations involving asbestos. Annotated building plans or site plans no larger than 11 inches by 17 inches shall be included to detail locations for asbestos control areas, monitoring locations, access and disposal routes, and other activities where needed. The plan shall include as a minimum the following elements:
    - a. Location and construction of each asbestos control area.
    - b. Sequencing of asbestos work to include separate sequences if the work is to be accomplished in separate sections or phases.
    - c. A detailed air monitoring plan that complies with 05.045 Alaska Department of Labor Construction Code (Asbestos), 29 CPR 1926.1101, current US EPA guidance, and applicable requirements of "Asbestos Air Monitoring", "Exposure Standards", and "Personal Monitoring" in DEFINITIONS above.
    - d. Transport and disposal plans.

- e. A contingency plan for potential emergencies/accidents/incidents covering, but not limited to:
  - Medical emergencies/accidents inside the control area.
  - Violation of the control area.
  - Spills inside the control area.
  - Spills outside the control area.
  - Fire inside and outside the control area.
  - Loss of power.
  - Loss of negative pressure in the controlled area.
  - Discovery that fiber levels inside or outside the control area have exceeded prescribed limits.
  - Spills during transport or disposal.
- f. A notification listing of personnel and organizations to be contacted by the abatement Subcontractor in the event of an incident, emergency or contingency.
- g. The 24-hour contact point for the abatement Subcontractor and the designated "competent person" to contact in case of an on-site problem. Response time to the site shall not exceed 1 hour from the time of the notification.
- 2. <u>Notifications</u>: Copies of EPA and OSHA notifications submitted prior to work.
- 3. <u>Competent Person:</u> Submit the name(s) proposed, address (es), telephone number(s) and complete documentation the individual's qualifications proving the person's qualifications meet the requirements described in DEFINITIONS above.
- 4. <u>Industrial Hygienist:</u> Submit the name, address and telephone number of the Industrial Hygienist selected to prepare the asbestos work plan, and direct monitoring and training. Include documentation proving the person's qualification meet the requirements described in DEFINITIONS above.
- 5. <u>Training:</u> Submit certificates signed by each employee and the Industrial Hygienist that each employee has received the training required by 29 CFR 1910.1001, 29 CFR 1926.1101, and appropriate State of Alaska Regulations and this specification. Include proof that each employee is certified as an asbestos worker in the State of Alaska in accordance with current state regulations.
- 6. <u>Testing Laboratory:</u> If <u>Asbestos Air Monitoring</u> is included in the Contract, submit the name, address, telephone number and qualifications of the independent testing laboratory selected to perform the monitoring, testing and reporting of airborne asbestos fibers. Include documentation certifying that all technicians performing the analysis have been judged proficient by successful participation within the last year in the NIOSH PAT program or the equivalent AIHA program, or an equivalent inter-laboratory testing program.
- 7. <u>Protective Equipment and Protective Method Plans:</u> Details of planned personnel protective equipment requirements and protective methods, including respirators as will

be required for each specific type of operation or condition. Include supporting justification when alternate (e.g., less than the maximum specified) protection is proposed.

B. Any changes to procedures, methods, conditions, etc., identified in the approved Pre-Work Submittal must be submitted in writing for review and approval by the ARCHITECT prior to the inception of the change. The changes must be reviewed and approved by the Certified Industrial Hygienist prior to being submitted to the ARCHITECT for review. Where changes must be implemented immediately for the protection of workers, personnel outside the work area, the structure or the environment, and the change established an environment more stringent than that previously existing, the changes may be implemented by the competent person or other individuals with appropriate authority, and the ARCHITECT notified immediately. These changes will then be submitted in writing within 24 hours for final review and approval.

## 1.7 POST-WORK SUBMITTALS

- A. Six copies of a post-work submittal shall be submitted. The following items shall be included, submitted as a complete package in a three ring binder complete with index and divider tabs, and approved by the ARCHITECT as complete before final payment is approved:
  - 1. <u>Work Log:</u> Upon completion of the project, or upon completion of each phase of asbestos work if the work is performed in phases or sections, prepare a detailed log of all operations involving the asbestos portion of the work, to include but not be limited to:
    - a. The names, entry and exit dates and times, duties performed, and protective equipment worn by each individual during their time within the asbestos control area, covering all personnel, (including inspectors, monitoring personnel and visitors) entering each asbestos control area. This information is normally provided in the form of fully legible copies of the entry/exit control log for the control area. Each day's listing should also include a summary of the work performed (quantity, type, location, etc.).
    - b. A listing of all personnel performing asbestos related work outside the control area, showing duties performed, date, time, duration, and location of the work and protective equipment worn while performing these duties. Each day's listing should also include a summary of the work performed (quantity, type, location, etc.).
    - c. Copies of the complete and reviewed sampling results as an attachment.
    - d. A summary of each problem, incident, contingency, and emergency that occurred, and the actions taken to resolve the situation.
    - e. A copy of all shipping manifests that document disposal of all ACM at an approved solid waste facility.

## PART 2-PRODUCTS-NOT USED

# **PART 3-EXECUTION**

### 3.1 PROTECTION OF ADJACENT AREAS

A. Perform all asbestos work in such a way as to not contaminate 1) adjacent areas, or 2) interior spaces of components within the abatement area (such as cabinets, ducts or electrical junction boxes). Where such areas or spaces are contaminated, they shall be cleaned and/or restored to their original condition as directed by the ARCHITECT at the abatement Subcontractor's expense.

### 3.2 NOTIFICATIONS AND PERMITS

- A. The abatement Subcontractor shall notify the regional office of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) in accordance with 40 CFR 61 Subpart M.
- B. The abatement Subcontractor shall notify, also, the Alaska Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Division (AK OSHD) in accordance with current State of Alaska asbestos regulations.
- C. The abatement Subcontractor shall notify the ARCHITECT 48 hours prior to commencement of any abatement work, and immediately upon completion or termination of the work.
- D. The abatement Subcontractor shall carry out disposal in accordance with state and federal requirements, and shall secure necessary permits in conjunction with asbestos removal and transport, and provide timely notification of such actions as may be required by Federal, State, regional and local authorities.

## 3.3 COMPETENT PERSON

A. All asbestos work, including setup and teardown of the asbestos enclosure(s) and control area(s), and all asbestos disposal operations shall be under the direct and continuous on-site supervision of the Competent Person (who is identified in the Pre-Work Submittal and whose qualifications and duties are defined in DEFINITIONS above). The Industrial Hygienist shall oversee all activities of the competent person.

## 3.4 INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST

- A. The abatement Subcontractor shall conduct all monitoring, training and asbestos work under the direction of the Industrial Hygienist (who is identified in the Pre-Work Submittal and whose qualifications and duties are defined in DEFINITIONS above).
- B. While performing asbestos work, the abatement Subcontractor may be subject to on-site inspection by the OWNER, the ARCHITECT (or his designated representative), fire, safety, and health personnel, and Federal and State inspectors. If the work is in violation of specification requirements, or applicable Federal or State regulations, the ARCHITECT may issue a stop-work order to be in effect immediately, and which will remain in place until the violation(s) are resolved and, if required by the ARCHITECT, a new or amended asbestos work plan is

submitted. Restart will not be accomplished without approval of the ARCHITECT. Standby time and expenses required to resolve the violation(s) and provide new or amended submittals shall be at the abatement Subcontractor's expense.

## 3.5 SAFETY AND HEALTH COMPLIANCE

A. The abatement Subcontractor shall comply with all laws, ordinances, rules and regulations of Federal, State, regional and local authorities regarding demolition, handling, storing, transporting and disposing of asbestos and asbestos containing materials. He shall also comply with the applicable requirements of the current issues of 29 CFR 1910.1001, 29 CFR 1926.1101, and 40 CFR 61 Subparts A and M. Asbestos removal is also required to comply with the provisions of the State of Alaska, Solid Waste Management Codes, title 18 of the Alaska Administrative Code, and the State of Alaska OSHA Standards.

# 3.6 ASBESTOS WORK PROCEDURES

- A. The work specified in these contract documents shall be carried out in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations, and the following special requirements:
  - 1. Negative Air: The CONTRACTOR shall use negative air machines to ensure that air is drawn into the abatement WORK area and exhausted through HEPA filters.
  - 2. OSHA Class I asbestos WORK: Class I WORK shall comply with the appropriate sections of OSHA 1926.1101(g)(4) "Class I Requirements" and OSHA 1926.1101(g)(5). Certified asbestos abatement workers are a requirement for Class I asbestos WORK.
  - 3. OSHA Class II asbestos WORK: Class II WORK shall comply with the appropriate sections of OSHA 1926.1101(g)(7) "Work Practices and Engineering Controls for Class II WORK" and OSHA 1926.1101(g)(8). Certified asbestos abatement workers are a requirement for Class II asbestos WORK.
  - 4. Asbestos Handling Procedures: The CONTRACTOR shall sufficiently wet ACM with a fine spray of amended water during removal, cutting or other handling to reduce the emission of airborne fibers. All removed and waste materials shall be placed in plastic disposal bags or other approved containers. Under no circumstances shall asbestos waste or debris be allowed to accumulate in the WORK area.
  - 5. Disposal of Asbestos: Procedures for hauling and disposal shall comply with 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, 40 CFR 241 and 257, and state, regional, and local standards. Abated material and associated debris shall be packaged in accordance with applicable regulations and disposed of at an approved facility. All ACM shall be transported in an enclosed vehicle.

## 3.7 MONITORING

- A. The abatement Subcontractor shall provide third-party on-site air monitoring for the duration of the Project in accordance with the approved Pre-WORK Submittal.
- B. At a minimum the CONTRACTOR shall provide "Area Monitoring", "Environmental Monitoring", "Baseline (Background) Monitoring", "Initial Exposure Assessment Monitoring",

"Personal Monitoring" and "Clearance Monitoring" all as specified in Paragraph 1.5 "DEFINITIONS", above.

- C. The CONTRACTING OFFICER reserves the right to perform confirmation air monitoring including all elements summarized in Asbestos Air Monitoring in DEFINITIONS, above.
- D. <u>Clearance Procedures</u>
  - 1. After abatement activities are complete but prior to the application of lockdown sealant and the performance of clearance monitoring, the abatement Subcontractor and the ARCHITECT or his representative shall perform a detailed visual inspection of the work area for any visible asbestos residual. If any is found, a complete re-cleaning of the area shall be performed, and the area re-inspected. Once the visual inspection is satisfactorily completed the lockdown shall be applied.
  - 2. The abatement Subcontractor shall be responsible for all costs relating to all visual inspections after the second failed visual inspection.
  - 3. After the site has passed the visual inspection and has received spray application of lockdown sealant but prior to the removal of the enclosure, clearance monitoring of the work area, conducted under aggressive conditions (as defined in DEFINITIONS above), shall be accomplished to confirm the effectiveness of the clean-up operations. Such sampling shall not be performed until all areas and materials within the work area are fully dry.
  - 4. Clearance sampling for this project shall be done using PCM analysis. Once clearance criteria have been achieved, clearance shall be considered final and removal of any protective enclosure shall be accomplished.
  - 5. The abatement Subcontractor shall be responsible for all costs relating to all clearance monitoring after the first failed clearance sampling.

END OF SECTION 02080

# SECTION 081213 - HOLLOW METAL FRAMES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division O1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
  - 1. Hollow-metal door frames.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 081416 "Flush Wood Doors" for wood doors installed in hollow-metal frames.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Minimum Thickness: Minimum thickness of base metal without coatings according to NAAMM-HMMA 803 or SDI A250.8.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate anchorage installation for hollow-metal frames. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

### 1.5 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

### 1.6 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, fire-resistance ratings, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include the following:
  - 1. Frame details for each frame type, including dimensioned profiles and metal thicknesses.

- 2. Locations of reinforcement and preparations for hardware.
- 3. Details of each different wall opening condition.
- 4. Details of anchorages, joints, field splices, and connections.
- 5. Details of moldings, removable stops, and glazing.
- 6. Details of conduit and preparations for power, signal, and control systems.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For units with factory-applied color finishes.
- D. Samples for Verification: Prepare Samples to demonstrate compliance with requirements for quality of materials and construction. Show profile, corner joint, floor and wall anchors, and silencers. Include separate section showing fixed hollow-metal panels and glazing if applicable.
- E. Schedule: Provide a schedule of hollow-metal work prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on Drawings. Coordinate with final Door Hardware Schedule.

#### 1.7 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Test Reports: For each type of frame assembly, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- B. Oversize Construction Certification: For assemblies required to be fire rated and exceeding limitations of labeled assemblies.

### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver hollow-metal work palletized, packaged, or crated to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Do not use nonvented plastic.
  - 1. Provide additional protection to prevent damage to factory-finished units.
- B. Deliver welded frames with two removable spreader bars across bottom of frames, tack welded to jambs and mullions.
- C. Store hollow-metal work vertically under cover at Project site with head up. Place on minimum 4-inch- (102-mm-) high wood blocking. Provide minimum 1/4-inch (6-mm) space between each unit to permit air circulation.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. <u>Manufacturers</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. <u>Amweld International, LLC</u>.

- 2. <u>Ceco Door Products</u>; an Assa Abloy Group company.
- 3. <u>Commercial Door & Hardware Inc</u>.
- 4. <u>Curries Company</u>; an Assa Abloy Group company.
- 5. <u>Hollow Metal Inc</u>.
- 6. <u>North American Door Corp</u>.
- 7. <u>Pioneer Industries, Inc</u>.
- 8. <u>Premier Products, Inc</u>.
- 9. <u>Steelcraft</u>; an Ingersoll-Rand company.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain hollow-metal work from single source from single manufacturer.

### 2.2 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Fire-Rated Assemblies: Complying with NFPA 80 and listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for fire-protection ratings and temperature-rise limits indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C.

### 2.3 INTERIOR FRAMES

- A. Construct interior frames to comply with the standards indicated for materials, fabrication, hardware locations, hardware reinforcement, tolerances, and clearances, and as specified.
- B. Heavy-Duty Frames: SDI A250.8, Level 2. [At all new doors.]
  - 1. Physical Performance: Level **B** according to SDI A250.4.
  - 2. Materials: Metallic-coated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 18-gauge (0.052 in.)
  - 3. Construction: Welded frame to slip over drywall.
  - 4. Exposed Finish: Factory Prime.
  - 5. Rating: **20-min rated** door & frame assembly is required for doors along corridors per the 2006 IBC in this project/building.
  - 6. Hardware Preparation: 9-gage hinge reinforcement. 12 gage flat plate door closer reinforcement.
  - 7. Door thickness: 1-3/4"
  - 8. Door size: Refer to door schedule.
  - 9. Profile: Double Rabbet.
  - 10. Dimensions: 2" side face, 5/8" rabbet inset. Field verify overall wall thickness and rough opening.

## 2.4 FRAME ANCHORS

- A. Jamb Anchors:
  - 1. Compression Type for Drywall Slip-on Frames: Adjustable compression anchors (or approved equal).

## 2.5 MATERIALS

- A. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; suitable for exposed applications.
- B. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
- C. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
- D. Frame Anchors: ASTM A 879/A 879M, Commercial Steel (CS), 04Z (12G) coating designation; mill phosphatized.
- E. Inserts, Bolts, and Fasteners: Hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M.

## 2.6 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate hollow-metal work to be rigid and free of defects, warp, or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles, with minimum radius for metal thickness. Where practical, fit and assemble units in manufacturer's plant. To ensure proper assembly at Project site, clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment.
- B. Hollow-Metal Frames: Where frames are fabricated in sections due to shipping or handling limitations, provide alignment plates or angles at each joint, fabricated of same thickness metal as frames.
  - 1. Frames: Provide closed tubular members with no visible face seams or joints, fabricated from same material as door frame. Fasten members at crossings and to jambs by butt welding.
  - 2. Provide countersunk, flat- or oval-head exposed screws and bolts for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Jamb Anchors: Provide number and spacing of anchors as follows:
    - a. Stud-Wall Type: Locate anchors not more than 18 inches (457 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 32 inches (813 mm) o.c. and as follows:
      - 1) Four anchors per jamb from 60 to 90 inches (1524 to 2286 mm) high.
    - b. Compression Type: Not less than two anchors in each frame.
  - 4. Door Silencers: Except on weather-stripped frames, drill stops to receive door silencers as follows. Keep holes clear during construction.
    - a. Single-Door Frames: Drill stop in strike jamb to receive three door silencers.
- C. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare hollow-metal work to receive templated mortised hardware; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping according to SDI A250.6, the Door Hardware Schedule, and templates.

- 1. Reinforce frames to receive nontemplated, mortised, and surface-mounted hardware.
- 2. Comply with applicable requirements in SDI A250.6 and BHMA A156.115 for preparation of hollow-metal work for hardware.

## 2.7 STEEL FINISHES

- A. Prime Finish: Clean, pretreat, and apply manufacturer's standard primer.
  - 1. Shop Primer: Manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free primer complying with SDI A250. 1 O; recommended by primer manufacturer for substrate; compatible with substrate and field-applied coatings despite prolonged exposure.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for embedded and built-in anchors to verify actual locations before frame installation.
- C. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove welded-in shipping spreaders installed at factory if present. Restore exposed finish by grinding, filling, and dressing, as required to make repaired area smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
- B. Drill and tap frames to receive nontemplated, mortised, and surface-mounted hardware.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install hollow-metal work plumb, rigid, properly aligned, and securely fastened in place. Comply with Drawings and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Hollow-Metal Frames: Install hollow-metal frames of size and profile indicated. Comply with SDI A250.11 or NAAMM-HMMA 840 as required by standards specified.

- 1. Set frames accurately in position; plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is complete, remove temporary braces, leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.
  - a. At fire-rated openings, install frames according to NFPA 80.
  - b. Where frames are fabricated in sections because of shipping or handling limitations, field splice at approved locations by welding face joint continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make splice smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
  - c. Install frames with removable stops located on secure side of opening.
  - d. Install door silencers in frames before grouting.
  - e. Remove temporary braces necessary for installation only after frames have been properly set and secured.
  - f. Check plumb, square, and twist of frames as walls are constructed. Shim as necessary to comply with installation tolerances.
- 2. In-Place Wood-Stud Partitions: Secure slip-on drywall frames in place according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- 3. Installation Tolerances: Adjust hollow-metal door frames for squareness, alignment, twist, and plumb to the following tolerances:
  - a. Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.
  - b. Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.
  - c. Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.
  - d. Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs at floor.

## 3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Final Adjustments: Remove and replace defective work, including hollow-metal work that is warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.
- B. Prime-Coat Touchup: Immediately after erection, sand smooth rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying, rust-inhibitive primer.
- C. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting of abraded areas of paint are specified in painting Sections.

# END OF SECTION 081213

# SECTION 081416 - FLUSH WOOD DOORS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division O1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Solid-core doors with wood-veneer faces.
  - 2. Factory finishing of flush wood doors.
  - 3. Factory machining for hardware.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 081213 "Hollow Metal Frames" for metal door frames for flush wood doors.

## 1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of door. Include details of core and edge construction and trim for openings. Include factory-finishing specifications.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate location, size, and hand of each door; elevation of each kind of door; construction details not covered in Product Data; and the following:
  - 1. Dimensions and locations of mortises and holes for hardware.
  - 2. Dimensions and locations of cutouts.
  - 3. Undercuts.
  - 4. Doors to be factory finished and finish requirements.
  - 5. Fire-protection ratings for fire-rated doors.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For factory-finished doors.

# 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Quality Standard Compliance Certificates: AWI Quality Certification Program certificates.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is a certified participant in AWI's Quality Certification Program.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with requirements of referenced standard and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Package doors individually in plastic bags or cardboard cartons with full perimeter edge and surface protection.
- C. Mark each door on bottom rail with opening number used on Shop Drawings.

### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace doors that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Warping (bow, cup, or twist) more than 1/4 inch in a 42-by-84-inch section.
    - b. Telegraphing of core construction in face veneers exceeding 0.01 inch in a 3-inch span.
  - 2. Warranty shall also include installation and finishing that may be required due to repair or replacement of defective doors.
  - 3. Warranty Period for Solid-Core Interior Doors: 5-years.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. <u>Manufacturers</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Eggers Industries: Eggers industries.com.
  - 2. Graham Wood Doors; an Assa Abloy Group company.
  - 3. Haley Brothers: haleybros.com
  - 4. Mohawk Doors; a Masonite company.
  - 5. Oshkosh Door Company.
  - 6. Vancouver Door Company.
  - 7. VT Industries, Inc.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain flush wood doors from single manufacturer.

#### 2.2 FLUSH WOOD DOORS, GENERAL

- A. Quality Standard: In addition to requirements specified, comply with AWI's, AWMAC's, and WI's "Architectural Woodwork Standards."
  - 1. Provide AWI Quality Certification Labels indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.
- B. Low-Emitting Materials: Fabricate doors with adhesives and composite wood products that do not contain urea formaldehyde.
- C. AWI Quality Level: Premium Grade.
- D. Fire-Rated Wood Doors: Doors complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C.
  - 1. Provide 20-minute fire rated doors.
- E. Smoke-Control Door Assemblies: Listed and labeled for smoke and draft control, based on testing according to UL 1784.
- F. Door Core:
  - 1. Provide doors with glued-wood-stave cores.
  - 2. 5-ply extra heavy duty construction.

## 2.3 VENEER-FACED DOORS FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH

- A. Interior Solid-Core Doors:
  - 1. Grade: WDMA Premium Grade, with Grade A faces.
  - 2. Species: To be selected from one of the following: Select white birch, Select white maple, or Select mahogany.
  - 3. Cut: Plain sliced (or flat cut) depending on species.
  - 4. Finish: Factory stain and clear finish as selected by Architect from full line of standard stain colors.
  - 5. Match between Veneer Leaves: Book match.
  - 6. Assembly of Veneer Leaves on Door Faces: Running match.
  - 7. Room Match: Match door faces to be similar, within 10 feet.
  - 8. Exposed Vertical Edges: Same species as faces or a compatible species edge Type A.
  - 9. Core: Either glued wood stave lumber.
  - 10. Construction: Five plies. Stiles and rails are bonded to core, then entire unit is abrasive planed before veneering.
  - 11. WDMA LS.I-A Performance Grade: Extra Heavy Duty.

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### 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated. Comply with clearance requirements of referenced quality standard for fitting unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Comply with NFPA 80 requirements for fire-rated doors.
- B. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied. Locate hardware to comply with DHI-WDHS-3. Comply with final hardware schedules, door frame Shop Drawings, BHMA-156.115-W, and hardware templates.
  - 1. Coordinate with hardware mortises in metal frames to verify dimensions and alignment before factory machining.

## 2.5 FACTORY FINISHING

- A. General: Comply with referenced quality standard for factory finishing. Complete fabrication, including fitting doors for openings and machining for hardware that is not surface applied, before finishing.
  - 1. Finish faces, all four edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises. Stains and fillers may be omitted on top and bottom edges, edges of cutouts, and mortises.
- B. Factory finish doors.
- C. Transparent Finish:
  - 1. Grade: Premium.
  - 2. Finish: AWi's, AWMAC's, and WI's "Architectural Woodwork Standards" System 9, UV curable, acrylated epoxy, polyester, or urethane System 10, UV curable, water based, or System 11, catalyzed polyurethane.
  - 3. Staining: Color to be selected from full standard line of stain colors.
  - 4. Effect: Semifilled finish, produced by applying an additional finish coat to partially fill the wood pores.
  - 5. Sheen: Satin.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine doors and installed door frames, with Installer present, before hanging doors.
  - 1. Verify that installed frames comply with indicated requirements for type, size, location, and swing characteristics and have been installed with level heads and plumb jambs.
  - 2. Reject doors with defects.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Hardware: For installation, see Section 087100 "Door Hardware."
- B. Installation Instructions: Install doors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and referenced quality standard, and as indicated.
  - 1. Install fire-rated doors according to NFPA 80.
  - 2. Install smoke- and draft-control doors according to NFPA 105.
- C. Job-Fitted Doors: Align and fit doors in frames with uniform clearances and bevels as indicated below; do not trim stiles and rails in excess of limits set by manufacturer or permitted for fire-rated doors. Machine doors for hardware. Seal edges of doors, edges of cutouts, and mortises after fitting and machining.
  - 1. Clearances: Provide 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) at heads, jambs, and between pairs of doors. Provide 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) from bottom of door to top of decorative floor finish or covering unless otherwise indicated. Where threshold is shown or scheduled, provide1/4 inch (6.4 mm) from bottom of door to top of threshold unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Comply with NFPA 80 for fire-rated doors.
    - b. 2. Bevel non-fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) at lock and hinge edges.
  - 2. Bevel fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) at lock edge; trim stiles and rails only to extent permitted by labeling agency.
- D. Factory-Fitted Doors: Align in frames for uniform clearance at each edge.
- E. Factory-Finished Doors: Restore finish before installation if fitting or machining is required at Project site.

## 3.3 ADIDSTING

- A. Operation: Rehang or replace doors that do not swing or operate freely.
- B. Finished Doors: Replace doors that are damaged or that do not comply with requirements. Doors may be repaired or refinished if Work complies with requirements and shows no evidence of repair or refinishing.

END OF SECTION 081416

## SECTION 087100 - DOOR HARDWARE

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division O1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
  - 1. Mechanical door hardware for the following:
    - a. Swinging doors.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 081113 "Hollow Metal Frames" for door silencers provided as part of hollowmetal frames.
  - 2. Section 081416 "Flush Wood Doors".

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction and installation details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Other Action Submittals:
  - 1. Door Hardware Schedule: Detailing fabrication and assembly of door hardware, as well as installation procedures and diagrams. Coordinate final door hardware schedule with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.
- B. Maintenance Data: For each type of door hardware to include in maintenance manuals.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of door hardware from a single manufacturer.

- B. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Where fire-rated door assemblies are indicated, provide door hardware rated for use in assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Smoke- and Draft-Control Door Assemblies: Where smoke- and draft-control door assemblies are required, provide door hardware that meet requirements of assemblies tested according to UL 1784 and installed in compliance with NFPA 105.
  - 1. Air Leakage Rate: Maximum air leakage of 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (3 cu. m per minute/sq. m) at the tested pressure differential of 0.3-inch wg (75 Pa) of water.
- D. Accessibility Requirements: For door hardware on doors in an accessible route, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines.
  - 1. Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist and that operate with a force of not more than 5 lbf (22.2 N).
  - 2. Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements:
    - a. Interior, Non-Fire-Rated Hinged Doors: 5 lbf (22.2 N) applied perpendicular to door.
  - 3. Adjust door closer sweep periods so that, from an open position of 70 degrees, the door will take at least 3 seconds to move to a point 3 inches (75 mm) from the latch, measured to the leading edge of the door.

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to Project site.
- B. Tag each item or package separately with identification coordinated with the final door hardware schedule, and include installation instructions, templates, and necessary fasteners with each item or package.

## 1.7 COORDINATION

A. Installation Templates: Distribute for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.

## 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
- b. Faulty operation of doors and door hardware.
- c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.
- 2. Warranty Period: Three years from date of Substantial Completion, unless otherwise indicated.
  - a. Manual Closers: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

### 1.9 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SCHEDULED DOOR HARDWARE

- A. Provide door hardware for each door as scheduled in Part 3 "Door Hardware Schedule" Article to comply with requirements in this Section.
  - 1. Door Hardware Sets: Provide quantity, item, size, finish or color indicated, and products equivalent in function and comparable in quality to named products.

#### 2.2 HINGES

- A. Hinges: BHMA A156.1. Provide template-produced hinges for hinges installed on flush wood doors and hollow-metal frames.
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on schedule or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. <u>Baldwin Hardware Corporation</u>.
    - b. <u>Hager Companies</u>. (HAG)
    - c. <u>IVES Hardware; an Ingersoll-Rand company</u>. (IVE)
    - d. McKinney Products Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - e. <u>Stanley Commercial Hardware; Div. of The Stanley Works</u>.
    - f. Schlage Hardware; an Ingersol-Rand company. (SCH)
- B. Template Requirements: Provide only template-produced units.
- C. Hinge Options:
  - 1. Base Metal: Provide materials as follows:
    - a. Interior Hinges: Stainless steel with stainless steel pin.
  - 2. Pins: Provide non-removable pins.

- 3. Hinge Comers: Square comers.
- 4. Size: 4.5" x 4.5"
- 5. Finish: Brushed Stainless Steel.
- 6. Fasteners: Match finish surface of hinges.
  - a. For fire rated wood doors, provide threaded to the head wood screws.
  - b. For metal frames, provide machine screws.

# 2.3 MECHANICAL LOCKS AND LATCHES

- A. Lock Functions: As indicated in door hardware schedule.
- B. Lock Throw: Comply with testing requirements for length of bolts required for labeled fire doors, and as follows:
  - 1. Bored Locks: Minimum 1/2-inch latchbolt throw.
- C. Lock Backset: 2-3/4 inches, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Lock Trim:
  - 1. Description: Curved lever handle and round rose escutcheon, cylindrical latch set.
    - a. Finish: Satin stainless steel finish, US32D.
  - 2. Levers: Pressure Cast and plated to match designated finish.
  - 3. Escutcheons (Roses): Brass, bronze or zinc, finish to match levers.
- E. Strikes: Provide manufacturer's standard strike for each lock bolt or latchbolt complying with requirements indicated for applicable lock or latch and with strike box and curved lip extended to protect frame; finished to match lock or latch.
  - 1. Flat-Lip Strikes: For locks with three-piece antifriction latchbolts, as recommended by manufacturer.
- F. Bored Locks: Meet or exceed BHMA Al56.2, Grade 1, Series 4000. Meet ANSI Al 17.1 Accessibility Code.
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on schedule or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. <u>Best Access Systems; Div. of Stanley Security Solutions, Inc</u>. (BE)
    - b. <u>Corbin Russwin Architectural Hardware; n ASSA ABLOY Group Company</u>.
    - c. <u>SARGENT Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company</u>.
    - d. <u>Schlage Commercial Lock Division; an Ingersoll-Rand company</u>. (SCH)
    - e. <u>Weiser Lock Corp.; a Black & Decker Corp. company</u>.
    - f. <u>Yale Security Inc.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company</u>.

### 2.4 SURFACE CLOSERS

- A. Surface Closers: BHMA A156.4; rack-and-pinion hydraulic type with adjustable sweep and latch speeds controlled by key-operated valves and forged-steel main arm. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for size of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on schedule or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. <u>Arrow USA; an ASSA ABLOY Group company</u>.
    - b. Corbin Russwin Architectural Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - c. <u>DORMA Architectural Hardware; Member of The DORMA Group North</u> <u>America</u>.
    - d. <u>Dor-O-Matic; an Ingersoll-Rand company</u>.
    - e. <u>K2 Commercial Hardware; a Black & Decker Corp. company</u>.
    - f. <u>LCN Closers; an Ingersoll-Rand company</u>. (LCN)
    - g. Norton Door Controls; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - h. <u>SARGENT Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company</u>.
    - 1. <u>Yale Security Inc.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company</u>.
  - 2. Closer Details:
    - a. Color: as selected by Architect
    - b. Cover: Standard clip on type cover.
    - c. Mounting: Push side of door, door mount.
    - d. Arm: Parallel arm, where possible.
    - e. Cylinder: Adjustable for sizes 1-6.
      - 1) Adjustable for interior door, ADA pull force: 5.0 lbs. max.
    - f. Non-handed. 90-degree opening min.

## 2.5 WALL-MOUNTED STOPS

- A. Wall-Mounted Stops: BHMA Al56.16; cast brass or bronze base metal.
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on schedule or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. <u>Architectural Builders Hardware Mfg., Inc</u>.
    - b. <u>Baldwin Hardware Corporation</u>.
    - c. <u>Bums Manufacturing Incorporated</u>.
    - d. <u>Cal-Royal Products, Inc</u>.
    - e. <u>Don-Jo Mfg., Inc</u>.
    - f. <u>Door Controls International, Inc</u>.
    - g. <u>Hager Companies</u>.
    - h. <u>Hiawatha, Inc</u>.
    - 1. <u>IVES Hardware; an Ingersoll-Rand company</u>. (IVES)
    - J. <u>Rockwood Manufacturing Company</u>.
    - k. <u>Stanley Commercial Hardware; Div. of The Stanley Works</u>.
    - 1. <u>Trimco</u>.

- 2. Wall Stop Details:
  - a. Wall type, for gypsum board and wood framed compatible mounting.
  - b. Material: Cast Brass with US26, matt finished stainless steel finish.
  - c. Bumper: Replaceable, non-marring rubber tip.

# 2.6 METAL PROTECTIVE TRIM UNITS (Kick Plates)

- A. Metal Protective Trim Units: BHMA A156.6; fabricated from 0.050-inch-thick stainless steel; with manufacturer's standard machine or self-tapping screw fasteners.
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on schedule or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. <u>Baldwin Hardware Corporation</u>.
    - b. <u>Bums Manufacturing Incorporated</u>.
    - c. <u>Don-Jo Mfg., Inc</u>.
    - d. <u>Hiawatha, Inc</u>.
    - e. IPC Door and Wall Protection Systems, Inc.; Div. oflnPro Corporation.
    - f. <u>IVES Hardware; an Ingersoll-Rand company</u>. (IVES)
    - g. <u>Pawling Corporation</u>.
    - h. <u>Rockwood Manufacturing Company</u>.
    - 1. <u>Trimco</u>.
  - 2. Trim Unit Details:
    - a. Material: Brushed stainless steel (Satin finish, BHMA: 630 / US: US32D)
    - b. Size, H x W: As indicated in door hardware schedule.
    - c. Thickness: 0.050-inch-thick.
    - d. Mounting: Stainless steel screws, Pre-drilled counter-sunk mounting holes.

## 2.7 DOOR GASKETING

- A. Door Gasketing:
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on schedule or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. <u>Pemko; an Assa Abloy company</u>. (PEM)
    - b. <u>Stanley Commercial Hardware; Div. of The Stanley Works</u>.
    - c. <u>Trimco</u>.
  - 2. Gasket Details:
    - a. Materials: Extruded high-temperature silicone, with antimicrobial shield.
    - b. Rating: Category G, H and J rated; as required for smoke, sound and alr infiltration.
    - c. Mounting: Adhesive backed.
    - d. Color: As selected by Architect from standard line of colors.
    - e. Self-extinguishing and non-toxic.
    - f. Configuration: Compression bulb type, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" width.

### 2.8 FABRICATION

- A. Manufacturer's Nameplate: Do not provide products that have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location except in conjunction with required fire-rated labels and as otherwise approved by Architect.
  - 1. Manufacturer's identification is permitted on rim of lock cylinders only.
- B. Base Metals: Produce door hardware units of base metal indicated, fabricated by forming method indicated, using manufacturer's standard metal alloy, composition, temper, and hardness. Furnish metals of a quality equal to or greater than that of specified door hardware units and BHMA A156.18.
- C. Fasteners: Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws that comply with commercially recognized industry standards for application intended, except aluminum fasteners are not permitted. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with finished heads to match surface of door hardware, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Concealed Fasteners: For door hardware units that are exposed when door is closed, except for units already specified with concealed fasteners. Do not use through bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed unless it is the only means of securely attaching the door hardware. Where through bolts are used on hollow door and frame construction, provide sleeves for each through bolt.
  - 2. Fire-Rated Applications:
    - a. Wood or Machine Screws: For the following:
      - 1) Hinges mortised to doors or frames; use threaded-to-the-head wood screws for wood doors and frames.
      - 2) Strike plates to frames.
      - 3) Closers to doors and frames.
    - b. Steel Through Bolts: For the following unless door blocking is provided:
      - 1) Closers to doors and frames.

## 2.9 FINISHES

- A. Provide finishes complying with BHMA A156.18 as indicated in door hardware schedule.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire-rated door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Examine roughing-in for electrical power systems to verify actual locations of wmng connections before electrified door hardware installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Steel Frames: For surface applied door hardware, drill and tap doors and frames according to ANSI/SDI A250.6.
- B. Wood Doors: Comply with DHI WDHS.5 "Recommended Hardware Reinforcement Locations for Mineral Core Wood Flush Doors."

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights to comply with the following unless otherwise indicated or required to comply with governing regulations.
  - 1. Standard Steel Doors and Frames: ANSI/SDI A250.8.
  - 2. Wood Doors: DHI WDHS.3, "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."
- B. Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
  - 1. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
  - 2. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.
- C. Hinges: Install types and in quantities indicated in door hardware schedule but not fewer than the number recommended by manufacturer for application indicated & weight of door, or one hinge for every 30 inches of door height, whichever is more stringent.
- D. Stops: Provide floor stops for doors unless wall or other type stops are indicated in door hardware schedule. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic.

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Independent Architectural Hardware Consultant: Owner will engage a qualified independent Architectural Hardware Consultant to perform inspections and to prepare inspection reports.
  - 1. Independent Architectural Hardware Consultant will inspect door hardware and state in each report whether installed work complies with or deviates from requirements, including whether door hardware is properly installed and adjusted.

## 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.
  - 1. Door Closers: Adjust sweep period to comply with accessibility requirements and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

### 3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.
- B. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.
- C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure that door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

# 3.7 DOOR HARDWARE SCHEDULE

### A. Restroom Doors (32" - 36" wide): DOR-01, DOR-03, DOR-04

3	Hinges	HAG	BB1191 4.5"x4.5" NRP
1	Latch Set	SCH	ND-Series, Passage (F75), Sparta
1	Closer	LCN	4040XP-3071XP
2	Kick Plates	IVES	8400 Series, Size: 8"x34"
1	Wall Stop	IVES	WS447
1 Set	Smoke Gaskets	PEM	AM88_

#### B. Janitor Closet Doors (24" wide): DOR-02, DOR-05

3	Hinges	HAG	BB1191 4.5"x4.5" NRP
1	Latch Set	SCH	ND-Series, Passage (F75), Sparta
1	Closer	LCN	4041-3071
1	Kick Plate	IVES	8400 Series, 8"x22"
1 Set	Smoke Gaskets	PEM	AM88_

### END OF SECTION 087100

## SECTION 092900 - GYPSUM BOARD

# PART 1 - GENERAL

## **1.1** RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division O1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Interior gypsum board.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

## **1.4** DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction traffic, and other potential causes of damage. Stack panels flat and supported on risers on a flat platform to prevent sagging.

#### 1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 840 requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.
- B. Do not install paper-faced gypsum panels until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.
- C. Do not install panels that are wet, those that are moisture damaged, and those that are mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.

### 2.2 INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Glass-Mat Interior Gypsum Board: ASTM C 1658/C 1658M. With fiberglass mat laminated to both sides. Specifically designed for interior use.
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Products</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. <u>Georgia-Pacific Gypsum LLC; DensArmour Plus.</u>
  - 2. Core: 5/8 inch, Type X.
  - 3. Long Edges: Tapered.
  - 4. Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D 3274.

### 2.3 TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. Interior Trim: ASTM C 1047.
  - 1. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet, rolled zinc, plastic, or paper-faced galvanized steel sheet.
  - 2. Shapes:
    - a. Comerbead.
    - b. Others as needed for site conditions.

## 2.4 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with ASTM C 475/C 475M.
- B. Joint Tape:
  - 1. Interior Gypsum Board: Paper.
  - 2. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: 10-by-10 glass mesh.
- C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Board: For each coat use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.
  - 1. Prefilling: At open joints, rounded or beveled panel edges, and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.

- 2. Embedding and First Coat: For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.
  - a. Use setting-type compound for installing paper-faced metal trim accessories.
- 3. Fill Coat: For second coat, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.
- 4. Finish Coat: For third coat, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.

# 2.5 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards and manufacturer's written recommendations.
- B. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Use screws complying with ASTM C 954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch thick.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and substrates including welded hollow-metal frames and framing, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 APPLYING AND FINISHING PANELS, GENERAL

- A. Comply with ASTM C 840.
- B. Install ceiling panels across framing to minimize the number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent panels not less than one framing member.
- C. Install panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch of open space between panels. Do not force into place.
- D. Locate edge and end joints over supports, except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints other than control joints at comers of framed openings.
- E. Form control and expansion joints with space between edges of adjoining gypsum panels.

- F. Cover both faces of support framing with gypsum panels in concealed spaces (above ceilings, etc.), except in chases braced internally.
  - 1. Unless concealed application is indicated or required for sound, fire, air, or smoke ratings, coverage may be accomplished with scraps of not less than 8 sq. ft. in area.
  - 2. Fit gypsum panels around ducts, pipes, and conduits.
- G. Isolate perimeter of gypsum board applied to non-load-bearing partitions at structural abutments, except floors. Provide 1/4- to 1/2-inch-wide spaces at these locations and trim edges with edge trim where edges of panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.
- H. Wood Framing: Install gypsum panels over wood framing, with floating internal corner construction. Do not attach gypsum panels across the flat grain of wide-dimension lumber, including floor joists and headers. Float gypsum panels over these members or provide control joints to counteract wood shrinkage.
- I. Install sound attenuation blankets before installing gypsum panels unless blankets are readily installed after panels have been installed on one side.

## 3.3 APPLYING INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Install interior gypsum board in the following locations:
  - 1. Glass-Mat Interior Type, Type X: At all locations, walls and ceilings.
- B. Single-Layer Application:
  - 1. On ceilings, apply gypsum panels before wall/partition board application to greatest extent possible and at right angles to framing unless otherwise indicated.

## 3.4 APPLYING EXTERIOR GYPSUM PANELS FOR CEILINGS AND SOFFITS

## 3.5 INSTALLING TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Interior Trim: Install in the following locations:
  - 1. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners.
  - 2. Others as needed by site conditions.

#### 3.6 FINISHING GYPSUM BOARD

- A. General: Treat gypsum board joints, interior angles, edge trim, control joints, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects, and elsewhere as required to prepare gypsum board surfaces for decoration. Promptly remove residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.
- B. Prefill open joints, rounded or beveled edges, and damaged surface areas.
- C. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except for trim products specifically indicated as not intended to receive tape.
- D. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below and according to ASTMC 840:
  - 1. Level 1: Ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated.
  - 2. Level 2: Panels that are substrate for adhered wall panels.
  - 3. Level 4: At panel surfaces that will be exposed to view unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in Section 099123 "Interior Painting."
- E. Glass-Mat Faced Panels: Provide additional finish requirements as according to manufacturer's written instructions.

#### 3.7 **PROTECTION**

- A. Protect adjacent surfaces from drywall compound and promptly remove from floors and other non-drywall surfaces. Repair surfaces stained, marred, or otherwise damaged during drywall application.
- B. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.
- C. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

#### END OF SECTION 092900

# SECTION 095113 - ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### **1.1** RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division O1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes acoustical panels and exposed suspension systems for ceilings.
- B. Products furnished, but not installed under this Section, include anchors, clips, and other ceiling attachment devices that have an existing attachment in concrete deck above.

## 1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
- B. Determine final grid layout and quality and appearance of usable salvaged materials prior to commencing with reinstallation.

#### **1.4** ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples for Verification: For each component indicated and for each exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below.
  - 1. Acoustical Panel: Set of 6-inch- square Samples of each type, color, pattern, and texture.
  - 2. Exposed Suspension-System Members, Moldings, and Trim: Set of 6-inch-long samples of each type, finish, and color.

## 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
  - 1. Suspended ceiling components.
  - 2. Structural members to which suspension systems will be attached.
  - 3. Items penetrating finished ceiling may including the following:
    - a. Lighting fixtures.
    - b. Air outlets and inlets.

- c. Sprinklers.
- d. Access panels.

# 1.6 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Acoustical Ceiling Panels: Full-size panels, minimum of 1 full package of ceiling tiles and any re-usable ceiling

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver acoustical panels, suspension-system components, and accessories to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
- B. Before installing acoustical panels, permit them to reach room temperature and stabilized to room moisture content.
- C. Handle acoustical panels carefully to avoid chipping edges or damaging units in any way.

## 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical panel ceilings until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.

## PART 2- PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Seismic Performance: Acoustical ceiling shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions detennined according to CBJ's noted local seismic zone.
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E 84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less (ASTM E84). Comply with ASTM E1264 Classification for Class A materials.
  - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 or less.
- C. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Comply with ASTM E 119; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.

1. Indicate design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another qualified testing agency.

## 2.2 ACOUSTICAL PANELS, GENERAL

- A. Low-Emitting Materials: Acoustical panel ceilings shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- B. Source Limitations:
  - 1. Acoustical Ceiling Panel: Obtain each type from single source from single manufacturer.
  - 2. Suspension System: Obtain each type from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Mineral-Fiber-Based Panels: Wet formed, made with binder containing no VOC or urea formaldehyde.
- D. Acoustical Panel Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard panels of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E 1264 classifications as designated by types, patterns, acoustical ratings, and light reflectances unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Acoustical Panel Colors and Patterns: Match appearance characteristics indicated for each product type.
  - 1. Where appearance characteristics of acoustical panels are indicated by referencing pattern designations in ASTM E 1264 and not manufacturers' proprietary product designations, provide products selected by Architect from each manufacturer's full range that comply with requirements indicated for type, pattern, color, light reflectance, acoustical performance, edge detail, and size.

# 2.3 ACOUSTICAL CEILING PANELS (ACP-1)

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. <u>Armstrong World Industries, Inc</u>. Basis of Design: Square Lay-in, Item No. 566.
  - 2. <u>CertainTeed Corp</u>.
  - 3. USG Interiors, Inc.; Subsidiary of USG Corporation.
- B. Classification: Provide panels complying with ASTM E 1264 for type, form, and pattern as follows:
  - 1. Type and Form: Type III, mineral base with painted finish; Form 1, nodular.
  - 2. Pattern: C (perforated, small holes) E (lightly textured) I (embossed).
- C. Color: White, to match existing ceiling tiles.
- D. LR: Not less than 0.85.

- E. NRC: Not less than 0.75.
- F. CAC: Not less than 35.
- G. AC: Not less than 170.
- H. Edge/Joint Detail: Square.
- I. Panel Thickness: 7/8 inch.
- J. Modular Size: 24 by 48 inches.
- K. Formaldehyde Level: None.
- L. Broad Spectrum Antimicrobial Fungicide and Bactericide Treatment: Provide acoustical panels treated with manufacturer's standard antimicrobial formulation that inhibits fungus, mold, mildew, and gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria and showing no mold, mildew, or bacterial growth when tested according to ASTM D 3273 and evaluated according to ASTM D 3274 or ASTM G 21.

# 2.4 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEMS, GENERAL

- A. Metal Suspension-System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard direct-hung metal suspension systems of types, structural classifications, and finishes indicated that comply with applicable requirements in ASTM C 635/C 635M.
  - 1. High-Humidity Finish: Comply with ASTM C 635/C 635M requirements for "Coating Classification for Severe Environment Performance" where high-humidity finishes are indicated.
- B. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C 635/C 635M, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated. Comply with seismic design requirements.
  - 1. Anchors in Concrete: Anchors of type and material indicated below, with holes or loops for attaching hangers of type indicated and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to five times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488 or ASTM E 1512 as applicable, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
    - a. Type: Postinstalled expansion or Postinstalled bonded anchors.
    - b. Corrosion Protection: Carbon-steel components zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5 (0.005 mm) for Class SC 1 service condition.
  - 2. Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hangers of type indicated and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 1190, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
- C. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires complying with the following requirements:
  - 1. Zinc-Coated, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
  - 2. Size: Select wire diameter so its stress at three times hanger design load (ASTM C 635/C 635M, Table 1, "Direct Hung") will be less than yield stress of wire, but provide not less than 0.106-inch-diameter wire.
  - 3. Existing hangers in ceiling may be reused as is.
- D. Angle Hangers: Angles with legs not less than 7/8 inch wide; formed with 0.04-inch- thick, galvanized-steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 coating designation; with bolted connections and 5/16-inch- diameter bolts.
- E. Seismic Stabilizer Bars: Manufacturer's standard perimeter stabilizers designed to accommodate seismic forces.
- F. Seismic Struts: Manufacturer's standard compression struts designed to accommodate seismic forces.

#### 2.5 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.
  - 2. <u>CertainTeed Corp</u>.
  - 3. <u>USG Interiors, Inc.; Subsidiary of USG Corporation</u>.
- B. Wide-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet; prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, not less than G30 coating designation; with prefinished **15/16-inch**-wide metal caps on flanges.
  - 1. Structural Classification: Intermediate or Heavy-duty system.
  - 2. End Condition of Cross Runners: Override (stepped) or butt-edge type.
  - 3. Face Design: Flat, flush.
  - 4. Cap Material: Steel cold-rolled sheet.
  - 5. Cap Finish: Painted white.

#### 2.6 METAL EDGE MOLDINGS AND TRIM

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. <u>Armstrong World Industries, Inc</u>.
  - 2. <u>CertainTeed Corp</u>.
  - 3. <u>USG Interiors, Inc.; Subsidiary of USG Corporation</u>.

- B. Roll-Formed, Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Type and profile indicated or, if not indicated, manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations that comply with seismic design requirements; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for exposed flanges of suspension-system runners.
  - 1. Provide manufacturer's standard edge moldings that fit acoustical panel edge details and suspension systems indicated and that match width and configuration of exposed runners unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. For circular penetrations of ceiling, provide edge moldings fabricated to diameter required to fit penetration exactly or an escutcheon below ceiling around a pipe to cover the hole edges.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, including structural framing to which acoustical panel ceilings attach or abut, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other Sections that affect ceiling installation and anchorage and with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of acoustical panel ceilings.
- B. Examine acoustical panels before installation. Reject acoustical panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical panels to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width panels at borders, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install acoustical panel ceilings to comply with ASTM C 636/C 636M and seismic design requirements indicated, according to manufacturer's written instructions and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."
- B. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:
  - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
  - 2. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
  - 3. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard

suspension-system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices.

- 4. Secure wire hangers to ceiling-suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly either to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for substrate and that will not deteriorate or otherwise fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
- 5. Secure flat, angle, channel, and rod hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for both the structure to which hangers are attached and the type of hanger involved. Install hangers in a manner that will not cause them to deteriorate or fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
- 6. Do not support ceilings directly from permanent metal forms or floor deck. Fasten hangers to cast-in-place hanger inserts, postinstalled mechanical or adhesive anchors, or power-actuated fasteners that extend through forms into concrete.
- 7. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.
- 8. Space hangers not more than 48 inches o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers unless otherwise indicated; provide hangers not more than 8 inches from ends of each member.
- 9. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards and publications.
- C. Secure bracing wires to ceiling suspension members and to supports with a minimum of four tight turns. Suspend bracing from building's structural members as required for hangers, without attaching to permanent metal forms, steel deck, or steel deck tabs. Fasten bracing wires into concrete with post-installed anchors.
- D. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical panels.
  - 1. Apply acoustical sealant in a continuous ribbon concealed on back of vertical legs of moldings before they are installed.
  - 2. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches o.c. and not more than 3 inches from ends, leveling with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet. Miter comers accurately and connect securely.
  - 3. Do not use exposed fasteners, including pop rivets, on moldings and trim.
- E. Install suspension-system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.
- F. Install acoustical panels with undamaged edges and fit accurately into suspension-system runners and edge moldings. Scribe and cut panels at borders and penetrations to provide a neat, precise fit.
  - 1. Arrange acoustical panels & suspension track as follows:
    - a. As confirmed on-site with Owner & Architect, based on similar existing layout shown on drawings.
  - 2. For square-edged panels, install panels with edges fully hidden from view by flanges of suspension-system runners and moldings.

3. Temporarily suspend lighting fixtures and air ducts during demolition & construction from ceiling in same location, and fully functional, until final grid is reinstalled.

## 3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical panel ceilings, including trim, edge moldings, and suspension-system members. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage. Remove and replace ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

## END OF SECTION 095113

## SECTION 096513 - RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Resilient base.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of product indicated.

#### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store resilient products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) or more than 90 deg F (32 deg C).

## 1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F (21 deg C) or more than 95 deg F (35 deg C), in spaces to receive resilient products during the following time periods:
  - 1. 48 hours before installation.
  - 2. During installation.
  - 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. Install resilient products after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 THERMOPLASTIC-RUBBER BASE (Rubber Base)

- A. <u>Manufacturers</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. <u>AB; American Biltrite</u>.
  - 2. <u>Allstate Rubber Corp</u>.
  - 3. <u>Armstrong World Industries, Inc</u>.
  - 4. <u>Burke Mercer Flooring Products, Division of Burke Industries Inc.</u>
  - 5. <u>Flexco</u>.
  - 6. Johnsonite; A Tarkett Company.
  - 7. <u>Mondo Rubber International, Inc</u>.
  - 8. Nora Systems, Inc.
  - 9. <u>Rappe Corporation, USA</u>.
  - 10. VPI, LLC, Floor Products Division.
- B. Product Standard: ASTM F 1861, Type TP (rubber, thermoplastic).
  - 1. Group: I (solid, homogeneous) or II (layered).
  - 2. Style and Location:
    - a. Style B, Cove, Standard Toe: Provide in areas with resilient flooring where coved sheet vinyl base is not required.
- C. Thickness: 0.125 inch.
- D. Height: 4 inches.
- E. Lengths: Cut lengths 48 inches long.
- F. Outside Comers: Preformed.
- G. Inside Comers: Preformed.
- H. Colors: As selected by Architect from full range of industry colors.

#### 2.2 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by resilient-product manufacturer for resilient products and substrate conditions indicated.
  - 1. Adhesives shall have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Installation of resilient products indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Do not install resilient products until they are the same temperature as the space where they are to be installed.
  - 1. At least 48 hours in advance of installation, move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed.
- C. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products.

## 3.3 RESILIENT BASE INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient base.
- B. Apply resilient base to walls, where base is required.
- C. Install resilient base in lengths as long as practical without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.
- D. Tightly adhere resilient base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base m continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.
- E. Do not stretch resilient base during installation.
- F. On irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.
- G. Preformed Comers: Install preformed comers before installing straight pieces.

## 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protecting resilient products.
- B. Perfonn the following operations immediately after completing resilient-product installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
  - 2. Sweep and vacuum horizontal surfaces thoroughly.
- C. Protect resilient products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.

END OF SECTION 096513

## SECTION 096516 -RESILIENT SHEET FLOORING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division O1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes vinyl homogeneous sheet flooring.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of resilient sheet flooring indicated.
  - 1. Sample book of full line of colors and patterns.
- C. Samples for Verification: In manufacturer's standard size, but not less than 6-by-9-inch sections of each different color and pattern of resilient sheet flooring required.
  - 1. For heat-welding bead, manufacturer's standard-size Samples, but not less than 6 inches long, of each color required.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For Installer.

## 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For each type of resilient sheet flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs workers for this Project who are competent in techniques required by manufacturer for resilient sheet flooring installation and seaming method indicated.
  - 1. Engage an installer who employs workers for this Project who are trained or certified by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer for installation techniques required.

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#### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store resilient sheet flooring and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg For more than 90 deg F. Store rolls upright.

## 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 60 deg F or more than 85 deg F, in spaces to receive resilient sheet flooring during the following time periods:
  - 1. 48 hours before installation.
  - 2. During installation.
  - 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. After installation and until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F (13 deg C) or more than 95 deg F (35 deg C).
- C. Close spaces to traffic during resilient sheet flooring installation.
- D. Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after resilient sheet flooring installation.
- E. Install resilient sheet flooring after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For resilient sheet flooring, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
  - 1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.
- B. FloorScore Compliance: Resilient sheet flooring shall comply with requirements of FloorScore certification.
- C. Low-Emitting Materials: Flooring system shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

#### 2.2 VINYL HOMOGENEOUS SHEET FLOORING

A. <u>Products</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. <u>Armstrong World Industries, Inc;</u>.
- 2. Forbo Industries, Inc; .
- 3. Johnsonite; A Tarkett Company;
- 4. <u>Mannington Mills, Inc</u>; Lifelines II, "Seurat".
- B. Product Standard: ASTM F 1913.
- C. Thickness: 0.080 inch (2.03 mm).
- D. Wearing Surface: Embossed.
- E. Sheet Width: 6 feet (1.8 m).
- F. Seamless-Installation Method: Heat welded.
- G. Colors and Patterns: As selected by Architect from full range of manufacturer's standard colors.

## 2.3 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by flooring and adhesive manufacturers to suit resilient sheet flooring and substrate conditions indicated.
  - 1. Adhesives shall have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less.
  - 2. Adhesives shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- C. Seamless-Installation Accessories:
  - 1. Heat-Welding Bead: Manufacturer's solid-strand product for heat welding seams.
    - a. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range to match with flooring.
- D. Integral-Flash-Cove-Base Accessories:
  - 1. Cove Strip: I-inch (25-mm) radius provided or approved by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer.
  - 2. Cap strip for installation along top edge of coved flooring on wall.
- E. Threshold Transition: Provide 1-inch min. rubber transition strip at door threshold to change from vinyl sheet flooring to existing low loop carpeting.
  - 1. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full line of colors.

F. Floor Polish: Provide protective, liquid floor-polish products recommended by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient sheet flooring.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to resilient sheet flooring manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient sheet flooring.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F 710.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
  - 2. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
  - 3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrate alkalinity falls within range on pH scale recommended by manufacturer in writing.
- C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound; remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- D. Do not install resilient sheet flooring until it is the same temperature as the space where it is to be installed.
  - 1. At least 48 hours in advance of installation, move flooring and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed.
- E. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient sheet flooring.

## 3.3 RESILIENT SHEET FLOORING INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient sheet flooring.
- B. Unroll resilient sheet flooring and allow it to stabilize before cutting and fitting.

- C. Lay out resilient sheet flooring as follows:
  - 1. Maintain uniformity of flooring direction.
  - 2. Minimize number of seams; place seams in inconspicuous and low-traffic areas, at least 6 inches (152 mm) away from parallel joints in flooring substrates.
  - 3. Match edges of flooring for color shading at seams.
  - 4. Avoid cross seams.
- D. Scribe and cut resilient sheet flooring to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces, permanent fixtures, and built-in furniture including cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.
- E. Extend resilient sheet flooring into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings.
- F. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on resilient sheet flooring as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent marking device.
- G. Install resilient sheet flooring on covers for telephone and electrical ducts and similar items in installation areas. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern between pieces of flooring installed on covers and adjoining flooring. Tightly adhere flooring edges to substrates that abut covers and to cover perimeters.
- H. Adhere resilient sheet flooring to substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.
- I. Seamless Installation:
  - 1. Heat-Welded Seams: Comply with ASTM F 1516. Rout joints and heat weld with welding bead to permanently fuse sections into a seamless flooring. Prepare, weld, and finish seams to produce surfaces flush with adjoining flooring surfaces.
- J. Integral-Flash-Cove Base: Cove resilient sheet flooring 6 inches (152 mm) up vertical surfaces. Support flooring at horizontal and vertical junction with cove strip. Butt at top against cap strip.

## 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protecting resilient sheet flooring.
- B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient sheet flooring installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from surfaces.
  - 2. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
  - 3. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.
- C. Protect resilient sheet flooring from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.

- D. Floor Polish: Remove soil, adhesive, and blemishes from flooring surfaces before applying liquid floor polish.
  - 1. Apply coat(s) of floor polish as recommended by manufacturer for products used.
- E. Cover resilient sheet flooring until Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 096516

## SECTION 099123 - INTERIOR PAINTING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division O1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following interior substrates:
  - 1. Metal Door Frames.
  - 2. Gypsum Board Walls & Ceilings.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Gloss Level 1: Not more than 5 units at 60 degrees and 10 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTMD 523.
- B. Gloss Level 2: Not more than 10 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- C. Gloss Level 3: 10 to 25 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- D. Gloss Level 4: 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- E. Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- F. Gloss Level 6: 70 to 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- G. Gloss Level 7: More than 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
- B. Product List: For each product indicated, include the following:
  - 1. Cross-reference to paint system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules.

- 2. Product Data Sheet for each product to be provided.
- 3. VOC content.

## 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Paint: 2 percent, but not less than 1 quart of each material and color applied.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

## 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.
- B. Do not apply paints when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. <u>Manufacturers</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. <u>Behr Process Corporation</u>.
  - 2. <u>Benjamin Moore & Co</u>.
  - 3. <u>California Paints</u>.
  - 4. <u>Columbia Paint & Coatings</u>.
  - 5. <u>Kelly-Moore Paints</u>.
  - 6. <u>Miller Paint</u>.
  - 7. <u>PPG Architectural Finishes, Inc</u>.
  - 8. <u>Pratt & Lambert</u>.
  - 9. <u>Rodda Paint Co</u>.
  - 10. <u>Sherwin-Williams Company (The)</u>.

## 2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

- A. MPI Standards: Provide products that comply with MPI standards indicated and that are listed in its "MPI Approved Products List."
- B. Material Compatibility:
  - 1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
  - 2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. VOC Content: Products shall comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction and, for interior paints and coatings applied at Project site, the following VOC limits, exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 1. Flat Paints and Coatings: 50 g/L.
  - 2. Nonflat Paints and Coatings: 150 g/L.
  - 3. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: 200 g/L.
  - 4. Anticorrosive and Antirust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: 250 g/L.
  - 5. Pretreatment Wash Primers: 420 g/L.
- D. Low-Emitting Materials: Interior paints and coatings shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- E. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 1. 20 percent of surface area may be painted with deep tones/accent colors.

## 2.3 PRIMERS/SEALERS

- A. Primer Sealer, Interior, Institutional Low Odor, no VOC (Gypsum board walls, ceilings): (Basis of Design)
  - Benjamin Moore; Eco Spec WB Interior Latex Paint. (N372)
     a. 100% Acrylic Latex, 40% Solids.

## 2.4 WATER-BASED PAINTS

- A. Latex, Interior, Institutional low odor, no VOC, (Gypsum board walls, ceilings; primed metal door frames): (Basis of Design)
  - Benjamin Moore; Eco Spec WB Interior Latex Eggshell Finish. (N374)
     a. 100% Acrylic Latex, 36% Solids.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
  - 1. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
- C. Gypsum Board Substrates: Verify that finishing compound is sanded smooth.
- D. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
- E. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations m "MPI Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
  - 1. Door and frame UL rating plates **shall not be removed** under any circumstances. Apply removable tape over plates for protection against painting procedures. Remove following all painting activities.
  - 2. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- D. Metal Substrates: Remove rust, loose mill scale, and prime or repair shop primer, if any. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer.

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#### 3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions and to recommendations in "MPI Manual."
  - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
  - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
  - 3. Paint front and backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
  - 4. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
  - 5. Primers specified in painting schedules may be omitted on items that are factory primed or factory finished if acceptable to topcoat manufacturers.
- B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
- E. Painting Fire Suppression, Plumbing, HVAC, Electrical, Communication, and Electronic Safety and Security Work:
  - 1. Paint the following work where exposed in occupied spaces:
    - a. Equipment, including panelboards.
    - b. Uninsulated metal piping.
    - c. Uninsulated plastic piping.
    - d. Pipe hangers and supports.
    - e. Metal conduit.
    - f. Plastic conduit.
    - g. Plumbing access hatches.
    - h. Other items as directed by Architect.
  - 2. Paint portions of internal surfaces of metal ducts, without liner, behind air inlets and outlets that are visible from occupied spaces.

## 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.

- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

## 3.5 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Metal Substrates:
  - 1. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System:
    - a. Prime Coat: Primer, rust-inhibitive, water based for touchup on factory primed finishes.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, semi-gloss.
- B. Gypsum Board Substrates:
  - 1. Institutional Low-Odor/VOC Latex System:
    - a. Prime Coat: Primer sealer, interior, institutional low odor/VOC.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, institutional low odor/VOC, eggshell.

END OF SECTION 099123

## SECTION 102600 - WALL AND DOOR PROTECTION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division O1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Impact-resistant plastic sheet wall coverings.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 087100 "Door Hardware" for door stops and kick plates.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, impact strength, fire-testresponse characteristics, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each impact-resistant wall protection unit.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each impact-resistant wall protection unit showing locations and extent. Include sections, details, and attachments to other work.
- C. Samples for Selection & Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, provide samples of size indicated below for full range of colors and textures.
  - 1. Impact-Resistant Wall Covering: Min. 2 by 2 inches squares on sample chain.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Material Test Reports: For each impact-resistant plastic material.

## 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Maintenance Data: For each impact-resistant wall protection unit to include in maintenance manuals.
  - 1. Include recommended methods and frequency of maintenance for maintaining optimum condition of plastic covers under anticipated traffic and use conditions. Include

precautions against using cleaning materials and methods that may be detrimental to plastic finishes and performance.

B. MAINTENANCE Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain impact-resistant wall protection units from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of impactresistant wall protection units and are based on the specific system indicated.
- D. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide impact-resistant, plastic wall protection units with surface-burning characteristics as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84, NFPA 255, or UL 723 by UL or another qualified testing agency.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store impact-resistant wall protection units in original undamaged packages and containers inside well-ventilated area protected from weather, moisture, soiling, extreme temperatures, and humidity.
  - 1. Maintain room temperature within storage area at not less than 70 deg F (21 deg C) during the period plastic materials are stored.
  - 2. Keep plastic sheet material out of direct sunlight.
  - 3. Store plastic wall protection components for a minimum of 72 hours, or until plastic material attains a minimum room temperature of 70 deg F.

## 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of impact-resistant wall protection units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures.
    - b. Deterioration of plastic and other materials beyond normal use.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. PETG Plastic Sheet: ASTM E 84, Class 1, textured, chemical- and stain-resistant, high-impact-resistant plastic with integral color throughout; sheet material, thickness as indicated.
  - 1. Impact Strength: Tested according to ASTM F476.
  - 2. Chemical and Stain Resistance: Tested according to ASTM D 543.
  - 3. Self-extinguishing when tested according to ASTM D 635.
  - 4. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
  - 5. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
- B. Polycarbonate Plastic Sheet: ASTM D 6098, S-PC0l, Class 1 or 2, abrasion resistant; with a minimum impact-resistance rating of 15 ft-lbf/in. (800 *Jim*) of notch when tested according to ASTM D 256, Test Method A.
- C. Aluminum Extrusions: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated, but with not less than strength and durability properties specified in ASTM B 221 for Alloy 6063-T5.
- D. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless-steel, or other noncorrosive metal screws, bolts, and other fasteners compatible with items being fastened. Use security-type fasteners where exposed to view.
- E. Adhesive and primer: As recommended by impact-resistant plastic wall protection manufacturer. Water based and non-hazardous primer and adhesive.

## 2.2 IMPACT-RESISTANT PLASTIC SHEET WALL COVERINGS

- A. Impact-Resistant Plastic Sheet Wall Covering: For use as **wainscot** wall covenng where indicated.
  - 1. <u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. <u>Construction Specialties, Inc</u>.
      1) Engineered PETG: Acrovyn 4000.
    - b. IPC Door and Wall Protection Systems; Division of InPro Corporation.
    - c. Marlite Corporation.
  - 2. Size: 48 by 96 inches for sheet or 48 by 120 inches sheets.
  - 3. Sheet Thickness: 0.060 inch.
  - 4. Color and Texture: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of standard colors and textures.
  - 5. Height: Wainscot height at indicated.
  - 6. Trim and Joint Moldings: Manufacture's standard extruded aluminum trims for top edges and inside comers.
  - 7. Mounting: Adhesive.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and wall areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.
- B. Examine walls to which impact-resistant wall protection will be attached for blocking, grounds, and other solid backing that have been installed in the locations required for secure attachment of support fasteners.
  - 1. For impact-resistant wall protection units attached with adhesive or foam tape, verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.
  - 2. Verify that wall primer has been installed per manufacturer's recommendations prior to installation of adhesives.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Complete finishing operations, including painting, before installing impact-resistant wall protection system components.
- B. Before installation, clean substrate to remove dust, debris, and loose particles.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install impact-resistant wall protection units level, plumb, and true to line without distortions. Do not use materials with chips, cracks, voids, stains, or other defects that might be visible in the finished Work.
- B. Impact-Resistant Wall Covering: Install top and edge moldings, comers, and divider bars as required for a complete installation.

#### 3.4 CLEANING

- A. Immediately after completion of installation, clean plastic covers and accessones using a standard, ammonia-based, household cleaning agent.
- B. Remove excess adhesive using methods and materials recommended m writing by manufacturer.

#### END OF SECTION 102600

## SECTION 102800 -TOILET AND BATH ACCESSORIES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division O1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Public-use washroom accessories: Mirror with shelf.
  - 2. Public-use washroom accessories: Mirror with recessed medicine cabinet.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include the following:
  - 1. Construction details and dimensions.
  - 2. Material and finish descriptions.
  - 3. Features that will be included for Project.
  - 4. Manufacturer's warranty.
- B. Product Schedule: Indicating types, quantities, sizes, and installation locations by room of each accessory required.
  - 1. Identify locations using room designations indicated.
  - 2. Identify products using designations indicated.

## 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For toilet and bath accessories to include in maintenance manuals.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: For products listed together in the same Part 2 articles, obtain products from single source from single manufacturer.

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#### 1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate accessory locations with other work to prevent interference with clearances required for access by people with disabilities, and for proper installation, adjustment, operation, cleaning, and servicing of accessories.

### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Mirror Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to replace mirrors that develop visible silver spoilage defects and that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 15 years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 666, Type 304, 0.031-inch mm1mum nominal thickness unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Designation CS (cold rolled, commercial steel), 0.036inch minimum nominal thickness.
- C. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, with G60 hot-dip zinc coating.
- D. Galvanized-Steel Mounting Devices: ASTM A 153/A 153M, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.
- E. Fasteners: Screws, bolts, and other devices of same material as accessory unit and tamper-and-theft resistant where exposed, and of galvanized steel where concealed.
- F. Chrome Plating: ASTM B 456, Service Condition Number SC 2 (moderate service).
- G. Mirrors: ASTM C 1503, Mirror Glazing Quality, clear-glass mirrors, nominal 6.0 mm thick, select float glass, electolytically copper-plated by galvanic process.
- H. ABS Plastic: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene resin formulation.

## 2.2 PUBLIC-USE WASHROOM ACCESSORIES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
- B. <u>Basis-of-Design Product</u>: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
  - 1. <u>A & J Washroom Accessories, Inc</u>.

- 2. <u>American Specialties, Inc</u>.
- 3. <u>Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc</u>.
- 4. <u>Bradley Corporation</u>.

## C. Mirror Unit: (Mirror with Shelf)

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick: B-166 1830.
- 2. Frame: Stainless-steel channel.
  - a. Comers: Manufacturer's standard mitered comers.
- 3. Integral Shelf: 5 inches deep.
- 4. Hangers: Produce rigid, tamper- and theft-resistant installation, using method indicated below.
  - a. One-piece, galvanized-steel, wall-hanger device with spring-action locking mechanism to hold mirror unit in position with no exposed screws or bolts.
  - b. Wall bracket of galvanized steel, equipped with concealed locking devices requiring a special tool to remove.
- 5. Size: 18"x30".
- D. Mirror Unit with Medicine Cabinet: (Mirror with Cabinet)
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Bobrick: B-398.
  - 2. Frame: Stainless-steel channel.
    - a. Comers: Manufacturer's standard mitered comers.
  - 3. Interior Shelves: Four (4) stainless steel adjustable shelves. 18-8 S, type-304, 22-gauge stainless steel, satin finish, roll formed edges.
  - 4. Mirror:  $\frac{1}{4}$ " thick (6mm) thick, select float glass mirror.
  - 5. Cabinet:
    - a. Full length stainless steel piano hinge.
    - b. Magnetic catch.
    - c. Cable stainless steel door swing limiter.
  - 6. Installation:
    - a. Recessed cabinet may be inverted for right- or left-hand door swing.
    - b. Provide framed rough wall opening per mfr.
    - c. Coordinate with mechanical engineer to avoid pipes, vents, and conduits in wall. If unit projects above top of wainscot, provide aluminum channel or other filler to eliminate gap between flange and finish face of wall.
  - 1. Size: 15" x 27".

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### 2.3 FABRICATION

A. General: Fabricate units with tight seams and joints, and exposed edges rolled. Equip units for concealed anchorage and with corrosion-resistant backing plates.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install accessories according to manufacturers' written instructions, using fasteners appropriate to substrate indicated and recommended by unit manufacturer. Install units level, plumb, and firmly anchored in locations and at heights indicated.

## 3.2 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Adjust accessories for unencumbered, smooth operation. Replace damaged or defective items.
- B. Remove temporary labels and protective coatings.
- C. Clean and polish exposed surfaces according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

#### END OF SECTION 102800

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## **SECTION 13910 - FIRE PROTECTION BASIC MATERIALS AND METHODS**

## PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Pipe, fittings, valves, and connections for sprinkler systems.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 07840 Firestopping.
- B. Section 09900 Paints and Coatings: Preparation and painting of fire protection piping systems.
- C. Section 13915 Identification for Fire Suppression Piping and Equipment: Piping identification.
- D. Section 13925 Fire Suppression Sprinklers: Sprinkler systems design.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME (BPV IX) Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX Welding and Brazing Qualifications; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2010.
- B. ASME B16.1 Gray Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings: Classes 25, 125, and 250; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2010.
- C. ASME B16.3 Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2011.
- D. ASME B16.4 Gray Iron Threaded Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2011.
- E. ASME B16.5 Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2009 (ANSI/ASME B16.5).
- F. ASME B16.9 Factory-made Wrought Steel Buttwelding Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2007.
- G. ASME B36.10M Welded and Seamless Wrought Steel Pipe; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2004.
- H. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2012.
- I. ASTM A135/A135M Standard Specification for Electric-Resistance Welded Steel Pipe; 2009.
- J. ASTM A795/A795M Standard Specification for Black and Hot-Dipped Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Welded and Seamless Steel Pipe for Fire Protection Use; 2008.
- K. AWWA C111/A21.11 Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings; American Water Works Association; 2007 (ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11).
- L. AWWA C151/A21.51 Ductile-Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast, for Water; American Water Works Association; 2009 (ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51).
- M. NFPA 13 Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems; National Fire Protection

Association; 2013.

- N. UL (FPED) Fire Protection Equipment Directory; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; current edition.
- 0. UL 262 Gate Valves for Fire-Protection Service; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- P. UL 312 Check Valves for Fire-Protection Service; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01300 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturers catalogue information. Indicate valve data and ratings.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate pipe materials used, jointing methods, supports, floor and wall penetration seals. Indicate installation, layout, weights, mounting and support details, and piping connections.
- D. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components and tag numbering.
- E. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include installation instructions and spare parts lists.
- F. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section O1600 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.
  - 2. Extra Valve Stem Packings: Two for each type and size of valve.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with minimum 3 years experience. approved by manufacturer.
- C. Valves: Bear UL label or marking. Provide manufacturer's name and pressure rating marked on valve body.
- D. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

## 1.6 DELNERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store valves in shipping containers, with labeling in place.
- B. Provide temporary protective coating on cast iron and steel valves.
- C. Provide temporary end caps and closures on piping and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEMS
  - A. Sprinkler Systems: Conform work to NFPA 13.
  - B. Welding Materials and Procedures: Conform to ASME Code.

#### 2.2 ABOVE GROUND PIPING

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A795 Schedule 10 for 2-1/2 inch and larger or ASTM A53 Schedule 40, black.
  - 1. Steel Fittings: ASME B16.9, wrought steel, buttwelded.
  - 2. Cast Iron Fittings: ASME B16.1, flanges and flanged fittings and ASME B16.4, threaded fittings.
  - 3. Malleable Iron Fittings: ASME B16.3, threaded fittings.
  - 4. Mechanical Grooved Couplings: Malleable iron housing clamps to engage and lock, "C" shaped elastomeric sealing gasket, steel bolts, nuts, and washers; galvanized for galvanized pipe.

## 2.3 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 to 1-1/2 inch: Malleable iron, adjustable swivel, split ring.
- B. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 2 inches and Over: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
- C. Multiple or Trapeze Hangers: Steel channels with welded spacers and hanger rods.
- D. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes to 3 inches: Cast iron hook.
- E. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes 4 inches and Over: Welded steel bracket and wrought steel clamp.
- F. Vertical Support: Steel riser clamp.
- G. Floor Support: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and concrete pier or steel support.

## 2.4 GATE VALYES

- A. Up to and including 2 inches:
  - 1. Bronze body, bronze trim, rising stem, handwheel, solid wedge or disc, threaded ends.
- B. Over 2 inches:
  - 1. Iron body, bronze trim, rising stem pre-grooved for mounting tamper switch, handwheel, OS&Y, solid rubber covered bronze or cast iron wedge, flanged ends.

## 2.5 BALL VALYES

- A. Up to and including 2 inches:
  - 1. Bronze two piece body, brass, chrome plated bronze, or stainless steel ball, teflon seats and stuffing box ring, lever handle, threaded ends.
- B. Over 2 inches:
  - 1. Cast steel body, chrome plated steel ball, teflon seat and stuffing box seals, lever handle or gear drive handwheel for sizes 10 inches and over, flanged.

## 2.6 BUTTERFLY VALVES

- A. Bronze Body:
  - 1. Stainless steel disc, resilient replaceable seat, threaded or grooved ends, extended neck, handwheel and gear drive and integral indicating device, and built-in tamper proof switch rated 10 amp at 115 volt AC.
- B. Cast or Ductile Iron Body
  - 1. Cast or ductile iron, chrome or nickel plated ductile iron or aluminum bronze disc, resilient replaceable EPDM seat, wafer, lug, or grooved ends, extended neck, handwheel and gear drive and integral indicating device, and internal tamper switch rated 10 amp at 115 volt AC.

#### 2.7 CHECK VALVES

- A. Up to and including 2 inches:
  - 1. Bronze body and swing disc, rubber seat, threaded ends.
- B. Over 2 inches:
  - 1. Iron body, bronze trim, swing check with rubber disc, renewable disc and seat, flanged ends with automatic ball check.
- C. 4 inches and Over:
  - 1. Iron body, bronze disc, stainless steel spring, resilient seal, threaded, wafer, or flanged ends.

#### 2.8 DOUBLE CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLIES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Conbraco Industries: www.conbraco.com.
  - 2. Watts Regulator Company: www.wattsregulator.com.
  - 3. Zurn Industries, Inc: www.zurn.com.
- B. Double Check Valve Assemblies:
  - 1. ASSE 1012; Bronze body with corrosion resistant internal parts and stainless steel springs; two independently operating check valves with intermediate atmospheric vent.

#### 2.9 DRAIN VALVES

- A. Ball Valve:
  - 1. Brass with cap and chain, 3/4 inch hose thread.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 PREPARATION
  - A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs.
  - B. Remove scale and foreign material, from inside and outside, before assembly.
  - C. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install sprinkler system and service main piping, hangers, and supports in accordance with NFPA 13.
- B. Route piping in orderly manner, plumb and parallel to building structure. Maintain gradient.
- C. Install piping to conserve building space, to not interfere with use of space and other work.
- D. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.
- E. Sleeve pipes passing through partitions, walls, and floors.
- F. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.
- G. Inserts: For existing conditions utilize expansion anchor type inserts.
- **H.** Pipe Hangers and Supports:
  - 1. Install hangers to provide minimum 1/2 inch space between finished covering and adjacent work.
  - 2. Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
  - 3. Use hangers with 1-1/2 inch minimum vertical adjustment. Design hangers for pipe movement without disengagement of supported pipe.
  - 4. Support vertical piping at every other floor. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping.
  - 5. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.
  - 6. Prime coat exposed steel hangers and supports. Refer to Section 09900. Hangers and supports located in crawl spaces, pipe shafts, and suspended ceiling spaces are not considered exposed.
- I. Slope piping and arrange systems to drain at low points. Use eccentric reducers to maintain top of pipe level.
- **J.** Prepare pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories for finish painting. Where pipe support members are welded to structural building framing, scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc rich primer to welding. Refer to Section 09900.
- K. Do not penetrate building structural members unless indicated.
- L. Provide sleeves when penetrating footings, floors, and walls. Seal pipe and sleeve penetrations to achieve fire resistance equivalent to fire separation required.
- M. When installing more than one piping system material, ensure system components are compatible and joined to ensure the integrity of the system. Provide necessary joining fittings. Ensure flanges, union, and couplings for servicing are consistently provided.
- N. Die cut threaded joints with full cut standard taper pipe threads with red lead and linseed oil or other non-toxic joint compound applied to male threads only.
- 0. Install valves with stems upright or horizontal, not inverted. Remove protective coatings prior to installation.
- **P.** Provide gate valves for shut-off or isolating service.
- Q. Provide drain valves at main shut-off valves, low points of piping and apparatus.

# **END OF SECTION**

## SECTION 13915 - IDENTIFICATION FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

## PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES
  - A. Nameplates.
  - B. Tags.
  - C. Pipe Markers.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 09900 - Paints and Coatings: Identification painting.

## 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME A13.1 Scheme for the Identification of Piping Systems; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2007.
- B. ASTM D709 Standard Specification for Laminated Thermosetting Materials; 2001 (Reapproved 2007).

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01300 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Chart and Schedule: Submit valve chart and schedule, including valve tag number, location, function, and valve manufacturer's name and model number.
- C. Product Data: Provide manufacturers catalog literature for each product required.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures, and installation.
- E. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of tagged valves.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 IDENTIFICATION APPLICATIONS

- A. Major Control Components: Nameplates.
- B. Piping: Pipe markers.
- C. Valves: Tags and ceiling tacks where above lay-in ceilings.

## 2.2 NAMEPLATES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co.: www.kolbipipemarkers.com.
  - 2. Seton Identification Products: www.seton.com.
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 01600 Product Requirements.
- B. Description: Laminated three-layer plastic with engraved letters.
- 1. Letter Color: White.
- 2. Letter Height: 1/4 inch.
- 3. Background Color: Black.
- 4. Thickness: 1/8 inch.
- 5. Plastic: Conform to ASTM D709.

## 2.3 TAGS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Advanced Graphic Engraving: www.advancedgraphicengraving.com.
  - 2. Brady Corporation: www.bradycorp.com.
  - 3. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co.: www.kolbipipemarkers.com.
  - 4. Seton Identification Products: www.seton.com.
  - 5. Substitutions: See Section 01600 Product Requirements.
- B. Metal Tags: Brass with stamped letters; tag size minimum 1-1/2 inch diameter with smooth edges.

#### 2.4 PIPE MARKERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Brady Corporation: www.bradycorp.com.
  - 2. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co.: www.kolbipipemarkers.com.
  - 3. MIFAB, Inc.: www.mifab.com.
  - 4. Seton Identification Products: www.seton.com.
- B. Color: Conform to ASME A13.1.
- C. Plastic Tape Pipe Markers: Flexible, vinyl film tape with pressure sensitive adhesive backing and printed markings.
- D. Color code as follows:
  - 1. Fire Quenching Fluids: Red with white letters.

## 2.5 CEILING TACKS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Craftmark: www.craftmarkid.com.
- B. Description: Steel with 3/4 inch diameter color coded head.
- C. Color code as follows:
  - 1. Sprinkler Valves: Red.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

A. Degrease and clean surfaces to receive adhesive for identification materials.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install nameplates with corrosive-resistant mechanical fasteners, or adhesive. Apply with

sufficient adhesive to ensure permanent adhesion and seal with clear lacquer.

- B. Install tags with corrosion resistant chain.
- C. Install plastic tape pipe markers complete around pipe in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Use tags on piping 3/4 inch diameter and smaller.
  - 1. Identify service, flow direction, and pressure.
  - 2. Install in clear view and align with axis of piping.
  - 3. Locate identification not to exceed 20 feet on straight runs including risers and drops, adjacent to each valve and Tee, at each side of penetration of structure or enclosure, and at each obstruction.
- E. Locate ceiling tacks to locate valves above T-bar type panel ceilings. Locate in comer of panel closest to equipment.

#### 3.3 SCHEDULE

- A. Sprinkler piping including drains.
- B. Pumper Connection.
- C. Cold Water Main.

## **SECTION 13925 - FIRE SUPPRESSION SPRINKLERS**

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Wet-pipe sprinkler system.
- B. System design, installation, and certification.
- C. Fire department connections.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 07840 Firestopping.
- B. Section 13851 Fire Alarm System.
- C. Section 13910 Fire Protection Basic Materials and Methods: Pipe, fittings, and valves.
- D. Section 13915 Identification for Fire Suppression Piping and Equipment.
- E. Section 15075 Mechanical Identification.
- F. Section 16155 Equipment Wiring: Electrical characteristics and wiring connections.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. FM P7825 Approval Guide; Factory Mutual Research Corporation; current edition.
- B. ICC-ES AC01 Acceptance Criteria for Expansion Anchors in Masonry Elements; 2012.
- C. ICC-ES AC106 Acceptance Criteria for Predrilled Fasteners (Screw Anchors) in Masonry Elements; 2012.
- D. ICC-ES AC193 Acceptance Criteria for Mechanical Anchors in Concrete Elements; 2012.
- E. NFPA 13 Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems; National Fire Protection Association; 2013.
- F. UL (FPED) Fire Protection Equipment Directory; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; current edition.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01300 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on sprinklers, valves, and specialties, including manufacturers catalog information. Submit performance ratings, rough-in details, weights, support requirements, and piping connections.
- C. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Submit preliminary layout of finished ceiling areas indicating only sprinkler locations coordinated with ceiling installation.
  - 2. Indicate hydraulic calculations, detailed pipe layout, hangers and supports, sprinklers, components and accessories. Indicate system controls.
  - 3. Submit Engineer approved shop drawings, product data, and hydraulic calculations to

Fire Marshall for approval. Submit proof of approval to ARCHITECT.

- D. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of sprinklers and deviations of piping from drawings. Indicate drain and test locations.
- E. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that system has been tested and meets or exceeds specified requirements and code requirements.
- F. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include components of system, servicing requirements, record drawings, inspection data, replacement part numbers and availability, and location and numbers of service depot.
- G. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for OWNER's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section O1600 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.
  - 2. Extra Sprinklers: Type and size matching those installed, in quantity required by referenced NFPA design and installation standard.
  - 3. Sprinkler Wrenches: For each sprinkler type.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Maintain one copy of referenced design and installation standard on site.
- B. Confonn to UL requirements.
- C. Sprinkler Designer Qualifications: Company or professional NICET certified in sprinkler designs in the State of Alaska.
- D. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- E. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with minimum 3 years experience approved by manufacturer.
- F. Equipment and Components: Provide products that bear UL label or marking.
- G. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc., as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store products in shipping containers and maintain in place until installation. Provide temporary inlet and outlet caps. Maintain caps in place until installation.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Sprinklers, Valves, and Equipment:
  - 1. Tyco Fire Products: www.tyco-fire.com.
  - 2. Viking Corporation: www.vikinggroupinc.com.
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 01600 Product Requirements.

# 2.2 SPRINKLER SYSTEM

A. Sprinkler System: Provide coverage for entire building.

- B. Occupancy: Light hazard; comply with NFPA 13.
- C. Water Supply: Determine volume and pressure from water flow test data. Contractor to contact City & Borough of Juneau Public Works for water data and if not available Contractor shall provide all necessary means of testing devices to accomplish gathering water flow data.
  1. Revise design when test data available prior to submittals.
- D. Interface system with existing fire alarm system.
- E. Provide fire department connections where indicated.
- F. Storage Cabinet for Spare Sprinklers and Tools: Steel, located adjacent to alarm valve.

## 2.3 SPRINKLERS

- A. Suspended Ceiling Type: Recessed pendant type with matching push on escutcheon plate.
  - 1. Response Type: Standard.
  - 2. Coverage Type: Extended.
  - 3. Finish: Chrome plated.
  - 4. Escutcheon Plate Finish: Chrome plated.
  - 5. Fusible Link: Glass bulb type temperature rated for specific area hazard.

## B. Exposed Area Type: Pendant type with guard.

- 1. Response Type: Standard.
- 2. Coverage Type: Extended.
- 3. Finish: Chrome plated.
- 4. Fusible Link: Fusible solder link type temperature rated for specific area hazard.
- C. Sidewall Type: Semi-recessed horizontal sidewall type with matching push on escutcheon plate.
  - 1. Response Type: Standard.
  - 2. Coverage Type: Extended.
  - 3. Finish: Chrome plated.
  - 4. Escutcheon Plate Finish: Chrome plated.
  - 5. Fusible Link: Fusible solder link type temperature rated for specific area hazard.
- D. Guards: Finish to match sprinkler finish.

#### 2.4 PIPING SPECIALTIES

- A. Wet Pipe Sprinkler Alarm Valve: Check type valve with divided seat ring, rubber faced clapper to automatically actuate water motor alarm and electric alarm, with pressure retard chamber and variable pressure trim; with test and drain valve.
- B. Electric Alarm: Electrically operated red enameled gong with pressure alarm switch.
- C. Water Flow Switch: Vane type switch for mounting horizontal or vertical, with two contacts; rated 10 amp at 125 volt AC and 2.5 amp at 24 volt DC.
- D. Fire Department Connections:
  - 1. Type: Flush mounted wall type with brass finish.
  - 2. Outlets: Two way with thread size to suit fire department hardware; threaded locking dust cap and chain of matching material and finish. Coordinate with Capital City Fire Department on type and lock for caps.
  - 3. Drain: 3/4 inch automatic drip, outside.
  - 4. Label: "Sprinkler Fire Department Connection".

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with referenced NFPA design and installation standard.
- B. Install equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Provide approved backflow preventer assembly at sprinkler system water source connection. Mount backflow preventer from on pipe stands.
- D. Locate fire department connection with sufficient clearance from walls, obstructions, or adjacent siamese connectors to allow full swing of fire department wrench handle.
- E. Locate outside alarm gong on building wall as indicated.
- F. Place pipe runs to minimize obstruction to other work.
- G. Place piping in concealed spaces above finished ceilings.
- H. Apply masking tape or paper cover to ensure concealed sprinklers, cover plates, and sprinkler escutcheons do not receive field paint finish. Remove after painting. Replace painted sprinklers.
- I. Flush entire piping system of foreign matter.
- J. Install guards on sprinklers where indicated.
- K. Hydrostatically test entire system.
- L. Require test be witnessed by Fire Marshal.

#### 3.2 INTERFACE WITH OTHER PRODUCTS

A. Ensure required devices are installed and connected as required to fire alarm system.

## **SECTION 15082 - PIPING INSULATION**

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Piping insulation.
- B. Jackets and accessories.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01616 Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content Restrictions.
- B. Section 07840 Firestopping.
- C. Section 09900 Paints and Coatings: Painting insulation jacket.
- D. Section 15145 Plumbing Piping: Placement of hangers and hanger inserts.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C177 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded Hot Plate Apparatus; 2010.
- B. ASTM C195 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Thermal Insulating Cement; 2007.
- C. ASTM C449 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Hydraulic-Setting Thermal Insulating and Finishing Cement; 2007.
- D. ASTM C518 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus; 2010.
- E. ASTM C547 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Pipe Insulation; 2012.
- F. ASTM C552 Standard Specification for Cellular Glass Thermal Insulation; 2012.
- G. ASTM C585 Standard Practice for Inner and Outer Diameters of Rigid Thermal Insulation for Nominal Sizes of Pipe and Tubing (NPS System); 2010.
- H. ASTM C795 Standard Specification for Thermal Insulation for Use in Contact with Austenitic Stainless Steel; 2008.
- I. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2012.
- J. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials; 2010.
- K. NFPA 255 Standard Method of Test of Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; National Fire Protection Association; 2006.
- L. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 01300 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.

- B. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation procedures that ensure acceptable workmanship and installation standards will be achieved.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section with minimum 3 years of experience.

#### 1.6 DELNERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Accept materials on site, labeled with manufacturer's identification, product density, and thickness.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient conditions required by manufacturers of each product.
- B. Maintain temperature before, during, and after installation for minimum of 24 hours.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL PRODUCTS OF THIS SECTION

A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread/Smoke developed index of 25/50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, NFPA 255, or UL 723.

#### 2.2 GLASS FIBER

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Knauflnsulation: www.knaufusa.com.
- 2. Johns Manville Corporation: www.jm.com.
- 3. Owens Coming Corp: www.owenscoming.com.
- 4. CertainTeed Corporation; \_\_\_\_\_: www.certainteed.com.

#### B. Insulation: ASTM C547 and ASTM C795; rigid molded, noncombustible.

- 1. 'K' value: ASTM Cl 77, 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
- 2. Maximum service temperature: 850 degrees F.
- 3. Maximum moisture absorption: 0.2 percent by volume.
- C. Insulation: ASTM C547 and ASTM C795; semi-rigid, noncombustible, end grain adhered to jacket.
  - 1. 'K' value: ASTM Cl 77, 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
  - 2. Maximum service temperature: 650 degrees F.
  - 3. Maximum moisture absorption: 0.2 percent by volume.

- D. Vapor Barrier Jacket: White Kraft paper with glass fiber yam, bonded to aluminized film; moisture vapor transmission when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M of 0.02 perm-inches.
- E. Tie Wire: 0.048 inch stainless steel with twisted ends on maximum 12 inch centers.
- F. Vapor Barrier Lap Adhesive:
  - 1. Compatible with insulation.
- G. Insulating Cement/Mastic:
  - 1. ASTM C195; hydraulic setting on mineral wool.

# 2.3 JACKETS

- A. PVC Plastic.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Johns Manville Corporation: www.jm.com.
  - 2. Jacket: One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
    - a. Minimum Service Temperature: 0 degrees F.
    - b. Maximum Service Temperature: 150 degrees F.
    - c. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.002 perm inch, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
    - d. Thickness: 10 mil.
    - e. Connections: Brush on welding adhesive.
  - 3. Covering Adhesive Mastic:
    - a. Compatible with insulation.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 EXAMINATION
  - A. Verify that piping has been tested before applying insulation materials.
  - B. Verify that surfaces are clean and dry, with foreign material removed.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install in accordance with NAIMA National Insulation Standards.
- C. Exposed Piping: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.
- D. Insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature: Insulate entire system including fittings, valves, unions, flanges, strainers, flexible connections, pump bodies, and expansion joints.
- E. Glass fiber insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature:
  - 1. Provide vapor barrier jackets, factory-applied or field-applied. Secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples and vapor barrier mastic.
  - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with molded insulation of like material and thickness

as adjacent pipe. Finish with glass cloth and vapor barrier adhesive or PVC fitting covers.

- F. Glass fiber insulated pipes conveying fluids above ambient temperature:
  - 1. Provide standard jackets, with or without vapor barrier, factory-applied or field-applied. Secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples.
  - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe. Finish with glass cloth and adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
- G. Inserts and Shields:
  - 1. Application: Piping 1-1/2 inches diameter or larger.
  - 2. Shields: Galvanized steel between pipe hangers or pipe hanger rolls and inserts.
  - 3. Insert location: Between support shield and piping and under the finish jacket.
  - 4. Insert configuration: Minimum 6 inches long, of same thickness and contour as adjoining insulation; may be factory fabricated.
  - 5. Insert material: Hydrous calcium silicate insulation or other heavy density insulating material suitable for the planned temperature range.
- H. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, pipe hangers, and other pipe penetrations. Finish at supports, protrusions, and interruptions. At fire separations, refer to Section 07840.
- I. Pipe Exposed in Mechanical Equipment Rooms or Finished Spaces (less than 10 feet above finished floor): Finish with PVC jacket and fitting covers.
- J. Exterior Applications: Provide vapor barrier jacket. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe, and finish with glass mesh reinforced vapor barrier cement. Cover with aluminum jacket with seams located on bottom side of horizontal piping.

## **SECTION 15145 - PLUMBING PIPING**

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Pipe, pipe fittings, valves, and connections for piping systems.
  - 1. Domestic water.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 07840 Firestopping.
- B. Section 09900 Paints and Coatings.
- C. Section 15082 Piping Insulation.
- D. Section 16155 Equipment Wiring: Electrical characteristics and wiring connections.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME B16.1 Gray Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings: Classes 25, 125, and 250; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2010.
- B. ASME Bl6.3 Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2011.
- C. ASME B16.18 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2012 (ANSI Bl6.18).
- D. ASME Bl6.22 Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2001 (R2010).
- E. ASME Bl6.23 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Drainage Fittings DWV; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2011.
- F. ASME Bl6.29 Wrought Copper and Wrought Copper Alloy Solder Joint Drainage Fittings DWV; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2012.
- G. ASME B31.1 Power Piping; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2012 (ANSI/ASME B31.1).
- H. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2011 (ANSI/ASME B31.9).
- I. ASME (BPV IV) Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IV Rules for Construction of Heating Boilers; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2010.
- J. ASME (BPV IX) Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX Welding and Brazing Qualifications; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2010.
- K. ASTM A47/A47M Standard Specification for Ferritic Malleable Iron Castings; 1999 (Reapproved 2009).
- L. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2012.

- M. ASTM A74 Standard Specification for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings; 2009.
- N. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2012.
- 0. ASTM B32 Standard Specification for Solder Metal; 2008.
- P. ASTM B42 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Pipe, Standard Sizes; 2010.
- Q. ASTM B68/B68M Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Tube, Bright Annealed; 2011.
- R. ASTM B75/B75M Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Tube; 2011.
- S. ASTM B88 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube; 2009.
- T. ASTM B88M Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube (Metric); 2005 (Reapproved 2011).
- U. ASTM B302 Standard Specification for Threadless Copper Pipe, Standard Sizes; 2012.
- V. ASTM B306 Standard Specification for Copper Drainage Tube (DWV); 2009.
- W. AWS A5.8/A5.8M Specification for Filler Metals for Brazing and Braze Welding; American Welding Society; 2011 and errata.
- X. AWWA C651 Disinfecting Water Mains; American Water Works Association; 2005 (ANSI/AWWA C651).
- Y. CISPI 301 Standard Specification for Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste and Vent Piping Applications; Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute; 2009.
- Z. CISPI 310 Specification for Coupling for Use in Connection with Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications; Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute; 2011.
- AA. MSS SP-58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2009.
- AB. MSS SP-70 Cast Iron Gate Valves, Flanged and Threaded Ends; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2011.
- AC. MSS SP-71 Cast Iron Swing Check Valves, Flanged and Threaded Ends; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2011.
- AD. MSS SP-80 Bronze Gate, Globe, Angle and Check Valves; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2008.
- AE. MSS SP-110 Ball Valves Threaded, Socket-Welding, Solder Joint, Grooved and Flared Ends; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2010.
- AF. AWWA C151 (American Water Works Association) Ductile-Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast in Metal Molds or Sand-Lined Molds, for Water or Other Liquids.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section O1300 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on pipe materials, pipe fittings, valves, and accessories. Provide

manufacturers catalog information. Indicate valve data and ratings.

C. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of valves.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform work in accordance with applicable codes.
- B. Valves: Manufacturer's name and pressure rating marked on valve body.
- C. Welding Materials and Procedures: Conform to ASME (BPV IX) and applicable state labor regulations.
- D. Welder Qualifications: Certified in accordance with ASME (BPV IX).
- E. Identify pipe with marking including size, ASTM material classification, ASTM specification, potable water certification, water pressure rating.
- 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
  - A. Accept valves on site in shipping containers with labeling in place. Inspect for damage.
  - B. Provide temporary protective coating on cast iron and steel valves.
  - C. Provide temporary end caps and closures on piping and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.
  - D. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work, and isolating parts of completed system.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install underground piping when bedding is wet or frozen.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 WATER PIPING, ABOVE GRADE
  - A. Copper Tube: ASTM B88 (ASTM B88M), Type L (B), Drawn (H).
    - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast copper alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought copper and bronze.
    - 2. Joints: ASTM B32, alloy Sn95 solder.
    - 3. Joints: ProPress or equivalent.
  - B. Ductile Iron Pipe: AWWA C151.
    - 1. Fittings: AWWA C110, ductile or gray iron and standard thickness.
    - 2. Joints: AWWA Cl 11, rubber gasket with 3/4 inch diameter rods.

#### 2.2 FLANGES, UNIONS, AND COUPLINGS

- A. Unions for Pipe Sizes 3 Inches and Under:
  - 1. Ferrous pipe: Class 150 malleable iron threaded unions.
  - 2. Copper tube and pipe: Class 150 bronze unions with soldered joints.
- B. Flanges for Pipe Size Over 1 Inch:

- 1. Ferrous pipe: Class 150 malleable iron threaded or forged steel slip-on flanges; preformed neoprene gaskets.
- 2. Copper tube and pipe: Class 150 slip-on bronze flanges; preformed neoprene gaskets.
- C. Dielectric Connections: Union with galvanized or plated steel threaded end, copper solder end, water impervious isolation barrier.

## 2.3 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

A. Provide hangers and supports that comply with MSS SP-58.

- 1. If type of hanger or support for a particular situation is not indicated, select appropriate type using MSS SP-58 recommendations.
- 2. Overhead Supports: Individual steel rod hangers attached to structure or to trapeze hangers.
- 3. Trapeze Hangers: Welded steel channel frames attached to structure.
- 4. Vertical Pipe Support: Steel riser clamp.
- 5. Floor Supports: Concrete pier or steel pedestal with floor flange; fixture attachment.

B. Plumbing Piping - Drain, Waste, and Vent:

- 1. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 Inch to 1-1/2 Inches: Malleable iron, adjustable swivel, split nng.
- 2. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 2 Inches and Over: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
- 3. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes to 3 Inches: Cast iron hook.
- 4. Floor Support: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and concrete pier or steel support.
- 5. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.
- C. Plumbing Piping Water:
  - 1. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 Inch to 1-1/2 Inches: Malleable iron, adjustable swivel, split nng.
  - 2. Hangers for Cold Pipe Sizes 2 Inches and Over: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
  - 3. Hangers for Hot Pipe Sizes 2 Inches to 4 Inches: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
  - 4. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes to 3 Inches: Cast iron hook.
  - 5. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes 4 Inches and Over: Welded steel bracket and wrought steel clamp.
  - 6. Floor Support for Cold Pipe: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and concrete pier or steel support.
  - 7. Floor Support for Hot Pipe Sizes to 4 Inches: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, locknut, nipple, floor flange, and concrete pier or steel support.
  - 8. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.

#### 2.4 GATE VALVES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Tyco Flow Control: www.tycoflowcontrol.com.
- 2. Conbraco Industries: www.conbraco.com.
- 3. Nibco, Inc: www.nibco.com.
- 4. Milwaukee Valve Company: www.milwaukeevalve.com.
- B. Up To and Including 3 Inches:
  - 1. MSS SP-80, Class 125, bronze body, bronze trim, rising stem, handwheel, inside screw, solid wedge disc, solder or threaded ends. Solder ends on smaller than 1 inch.

- C. 2 Inches and Larger:
  - 1. MSS SP-70, Class 125, iron body, bronze trim, outside screw and yoke, handwheel, solid wedge disc, flanged ends. Provide chain-wheel operators for valves 6 inches and larger mounted over 8 feet above floor.

## 2.5 BALL VALVES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Tyco Flow Control: www.tycoflowcontrol.com.
  - 2. Conbraco Industries: www.conbraco.com.
  - 3. Nibco, Inc: www.nibco.com.
  - 4. Milwaukee Valve Company: www.milwaukeevalve.com.
- B. Construction, 4 Inches and Smaller: MSS SP-110, Class 150,400 psi CWP, bronze, two piece body, chrome plated brass ball, full port, teflon seats and stuffing box ring, blow-out proof stem, lever handle, solder or threaded ends. Solder ends only on smaller than 1-inch,

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that excavations are to required grade, dry, and not over-excavated.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Remove scale and dirt, on inside and outside, before assembly.
- C. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide non-conducting dielectric connections wherever jointing dissimilar metals.
- C. Route piping in orderly manner and maintain gradient. Route parallel and perpendicular to walls.
- D. Install piping to maintain headroom, conserve space, and not interfere with use of space.
- E. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.
- F. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.
- G. Where pipe support members are welded to structural building framing, scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc rich primer to welding.
- I. Provide support for utility meters in accordance with requirements of utility companies.
- J. Prepare exposed, unfinished pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories ready for finish painting. Refer to Section 09900.
- K. Install bell and spigot pipe with bell end upstream.

- L. Install valves with stems upright or horizontal, not inverted.
- M. Install water piping to ASME B31.9.
- 0. Sleeve pipes passing through partitions, walls and floors.
- Q. Pipe Hangers and Supports:
  - 1. Install in accordance with ASME B31.9.
  - 2. Support horizontal piping as scheduled.
  - 3. Install hangers to provide minimum 1/2 inch space between finished covering and adjacent work.
  - 4. Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
  - 5. Use hangers with 1-1/2 inch minimum vertical adjustment. Design hangers for pipe movement without disengagement of supported pipe.
  - 6. Support vertical piping at every other floor. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping.
  - 7. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.
  - 8. Provide copper plated hangers and supports for copper piping.

#### 3.4 APPLICATION

- A. Use grooved mechanical couplings and fasteners only in accessible locations.
- B. Install unions downstream of valves and at equipment or apparatus connections.
- C. Install brass male adapters each side of valves in copper piped system. Solder adapters to pipe.
- D. Install gate or ball valves for shut-off and to isolate equipment, part of systems, or vertical risers.

#### 3.5 TOLERANCES

A. Water Piping: Slope at minimum of 1/32 inch per foot and arrange to drain at low points.

#### 3.6 DISINFECTION OF DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SYSTEM

- A. Disinfect water distribution system.
- B. Prior to starting work, verify system is complete, flushed and clean.
- C. Ensure Ph of water to be treated is between 7.4 and 7.6 by adding alkali (caustic soda or soda ash) or acid (hydrochloric).
- D. Inject disinfectant, free chlorine in liquid, powder, tablet or gas form, throughout system to obtain 50 to 80 mg/L residual.
- E. Bleed water from outlets to ensure distribution and test for disinfectant residual at minimum 15 percent of outlets.
- F. Maintain disinfectant in system for 24 hours.
- G. If final disinfectant residual tests less than 25 mg/L, repeat treatment.
- H. Flush disinfectant from system until residual equal to that of incoming water or 1.0 mg/L.
- I. Take samples no sooner than 24 hours after flushing, from 10 percent of outlets and from water entry, and analyze in accordance with AWWA C651.

#### 3.7 SERVICE CONNECTIONS

A. Provide new water service complete with relocated water meter and pressure reducing valve.

## **SECTION 15146 - PLUMBING SPECIALTIES**

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Backflow preventers.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 15145 - Plumbing Piping.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01300 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate assembly and support requirements.
- D. Maintenance Data: Include installation instructions, spare parts lists, exploded assembly views.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years documented experience.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Accept specialties on site in original factory packaging. Inspect for damage.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 WATER PRESSURE REDUCING VALVES

- A. Diaphram Type Up to 2 inches:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Cashco.
    - b. Spence.
    - c. Red-White Valve Corp.
    - d. OCV.

2. Construction: MSS SP-80, cast iron or bronze body, stainless steel, bronze, and thermoplastic internal parts, fabric reinforced diaphragm, strainer, threaded and double union ends. Adjustable pressure range and setting.

- B. Install approved portable water protection devices on interior hose bibbs.
- C. Pipe relief from backflow preventer to nearest drain.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install approved portable water protection devices on interior hose bibbs.
- C. Pipe relief from backflow preventer to nearest drain.
- D. Install water meter per manufacturer's recommendations. Set at 80 psi.

# SECTION 220000 – GENERAL MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Basic Mechanical Requirements specifically applicable to Division 21, 22, and 23 Sections as delineated in these specifications, in addition to Division 01 – General Requirements.

#### 1.2 SCOPE

- A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, supervision of labor and performance of all operations required to completely install satisfactorily operating mechanical and plumbing systems as defined herein and on Drawings.
- B. Major items of work include, but are not limited to, the installation of the following systems:
  - 1. Plumbing systems.
  - 2. Fuel oil piping system.
  - 3. Heating, ventilation & air conditioning systems.
  - 4. Heat generation systems.
  - 5. Controls systems.
- C. The drawings and specifications are complementary to each other. What is shown on one is as binding as if called for in both. The mechanical drawings are generally diagrammatic and are intended to show mechanical details in a schematic fashion. Do not scale mechanical drawings. Exact locations are not shown unless so indicated or specifically dimensioned. Typical connection diagrams are schematic and do not show the actual physical arrangement of equipment. The plans do not necessarily show complete details of all the features that may affect the mechanical installations; however, it is the intent of the contract documents to provide a complete and satisfactorily working installation.
- D. Submit in writing to the Owner's Representative for review details of any necessary or proposed departures from these Contract Documents and reasons therefore, as soon as practicable within 30 days after the award of the contract. Make no such departure without prior written approval of the Owner's Representative.
- E. Coordination of the Work: Coordinate work under this Division with work of other trades to avoid conflicts, errors, and delays.
- F. Verify the approximate location of equipment and other mechanical system components shown on the Drawings and report any conflicts with openings, structural members, and components of other systems and equipment having fixed locations.
- G. During the course of accomplishing the work defined herein and on the Contract Drawings, the Contractor discovers major damage, defect or deterioration to existing equipment or systems indicated as existing to remain, and where such damage, defect or deterioration will or might affect the safe and proper operation of such equipment and systems, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Owner's Representative in writing.

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and Standards: All work and materials shall comply with the latest issues of the following:
  - **1.** Air Moving and Conditioning Association (AMCA).
  - 2. American National Standards Institute (ANSI).
  - 3. Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute (ARI).
  - 4. American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE).
  - 5. American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME).
  - 6. American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM).
  - 7. American Water Works Association (AWWA).
  - 8. American Welding Society (AWS).
  - 9. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
  - 10. Hydraulic Institute (HI).
  - **11.** International Building Code (IBC).
  - 12. International Fire Code (IFC).
  - 13. International Mechanical Code (IMC).
  - **14.** National Bureau of Standards (NBS).
  - 15. National Environmental Balancing Bureau (NEBB).
  - 16. National Electrical Code (NEC).
  - 17. National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA).
  - 18. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA).
  - 19. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).
  - 20. Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association (SMACNA).
  - 21. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL).
  - 22. Uniform Plumbing Code (UPC).
  - 23. All base materials shall comply with standards of ASTM and ANSI.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All work and materials shall be in accordance with applicable codes, standards and ordinances, rules and regulations of the Fire Marshal and of the utility companies. Nothing in the Drawings and Specifications shall be construed as requiring or permitting work in violation of such codes.
- B. Rulings and interpretations of the agencies having jurisdiction shall be considered as part of the codes and regulations if commonly known to the trade prior to bidding.
- C. Whenever the Drawings and Specifications require higher standards than the codes and regulations, the Drawings and Specifications shall govern.
- **D.** Only craftsmen skilled in their trade shall be employed.
- E. Fan Requirements
  - 1. Performance Ratings: Conform to AMCA 210 and bear AMCA Certified Rating Seal.
  - 2. Sound Ratings: AMCA 301, tested to AMCA 300 and bear AMCA Certified Sound Rating Seal.
  - 3. UL Compliance: UL listed and labeled, designed, manufactured, and tested in accordance with UL 705.
  - 4. Balance Quality: Conform to AMCA 204.
  - 5. Energy Recovery Unit Wheel Energy Transfer Rating: Meet ARI 1060.

# 1.5 QUALIFICATIONS

- A. Manufacturers: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in subsequent sections shall have a minimum three years of experience.
- B. Installers: Company specializing in performing Work of this section with a minimum three years of experience.

#### 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- Submit shop drawings, product data, material data sheets, manufacturers' literature, and all other items as specified in Division 01 and the individual sections of Divisions 21, 22 and 23. Incomplete or partial Division 21, 22, and 23 submittals will be returned without review.
- B. Seismic Design:
  - 1. Contractor shall complete seismic calculation and details for all equipment, piping, and systems for the project. Drawings and calculations shall be stamped by an Alaskan Professional Engineer.
  - 2. Signed and sealed drawings and calculations shall be submitted to the Engineer for review.
  - 3. Contractor shall submit signed and sealed drawings and calculations to the City and Borough of Juneau permit department as a deferred submittal.

#### 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit all required certifications and testing reports as specified in Division 01 and as follows:
  - 1. Upon completion of instruction, submit a certification that instruction in the maintenance and operation of all mechanical systems and equipment, as specified herein, has been provided to designated personnel.
  - 2. The certification shall:
    - a. List systems and equipment which were the subject of instruction,
    - b. List the names personnel instructed the dates of instruction,
    - c. List the names of the personnel providing instruction,
    - d. List the appropriate areas of instruction,
    - e. List the dates of classroom and on-site instructional session, and
    - f. Be signed by all individuals participating in the instruction (both instructor and instructed).
- B. Operating and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. Provide six (6) sets of each type of instruction bound together in D-ring metal-ringed hardcover binders with removable pages, with a typewritten index indicating location of items in the work.

Any infonnation not pertinent to this work shall be deleted or neatly and completely lined out. Binders shall be of capacity to allow a minimum of 20 percent expansion.

- 2. The following components of the mechanical portion of the maintenance manual shall be printed so as not to fade, be permanently framed, glass or plexiglass covered and mounted in a convenient location in the respective mechanical room where the equipment and/or systems are located:
  - a. Pipe and duct identification schedules.
  - b. Valve directory.

- c. Equipment nameplate directory.
- d. System schematic drawings.
- e. Master maintenance schedule.
- 3. Operating and maintenance data must be provided for Owner's Representative approval at least thirty (30) days prior to Substantial Completion. If approved operation and maintenance instructions are not on hand at the time of Substantial Completion and/or occupancy, the Contractor, at his own expense, shall make all repairs, replacements and installation of any components that may be destroyed or damaged due to the absence of specified instructions, and shall hold the Owner harmless.
- C. Submit mechanical HVAC system start-up, testing, commissioning and demonstration plans.
- D. Submit DDC controls system start-up and demonstration plans.
- E. Submit a mechanical system operating instruction training schedule complete with class outline lesson plan that includes training topics and durations.
- F. Project Record Documents:
  - 1. Record actual locations of components and tag numbering.
  - 2. Record actual locations of sprinklers and deviations of piping from drawings. Indicate drain and test locations.
- G. Operation and Maintenance Data: Submit spare parts lists.
- 1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS
  - A. Site Visit: It is advised that the Contractor visit the site and verify the exact conditions relating to his work and obtain such information as may be necessary to provide an intelligent and conclusive bid. No allowance will be made on behalf of the Contractor for any extra expense due to failure on his part to make such a visit.
  - B. Protection: Protect surrounding areas and surfaces to preclude damage due to the installation of any material or equipment. Unfinished work shall be temporarily protected from unsafe conditions and damage.
  - C. Sequencing and Scheduling: Coordinate the scheduling of equipment and material installations with all other affected trades to avoid conflicts. If, during the course of construction, conditions are discovered which adversely affect the mechanical work, immediately notify the Owner's Representative before proceeding. Advise other trades of openings required in their work for the subsequent installation of mechanical work or equipment.
- 1.9 DEMOLITION AND SALVAGE
  - A. Coordinate with Division 1.
  - B. Owner shall have first right to all materials removed from the project. Contractor shall coordinate and assist in identifying materials and equipment that is to be salvaged in a reusable state and provided to the Owner.
  - C. All materials not claimed shall be disposed of by the Contractor in accordance with Division 1.

#### 1.10 INSPECTION

- A. All work and materials shall be subject at all times to inspection by the Owner's Representative and by the agencies having jurisdiction.
- B. Any work or materials found to be damaged or defective or not conforming to the requirements of the Drawings or Specifications, or to the approved finish aesthetic appearance of the job, shall be removed and replaced as directed by the Owner's Representative.

#### 1.11 ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. All electrical work, equipment, wiring, devices, and components shall comply with the requirements of local and national electrical codes and with Division 26.
- B. All electrical equipment, devices, and components that are tested by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. shall be UL listed and shall bear a UL label.
- C. Unless otherwise indicated on the electrical drawings, all mechanical equipment motors and controls shall be furnished, set in place, and wired in accordance with the following schedule. (Carefully coordinate all work with Division 26.) Refer to Division 26 for motor characteristics and motor controls.

	FURNISHED UNDER DIVISION	SET IN PLACE BY DIVISION	LINE VOLTAGE POWER UNDER DIVISION	MECH CONTROL
Equipment Motors	21, 22 and 23	21, 22 and 23	26	21, 22 and 23
Magnetic Motor Starters: a. Automatically controlled	26	26	26	21, 22 and 23
b. Manually controlled	26	26	26	21, 22 and 23
c. In packaged equipment	21, 22 and 23	21, 22 and 23	26	21, 22 and 23
d. Disconnect switches, manual motor starters, thermal overload switches	26	26	26	
e. Control relays, transformers, time clocks, thermostats, motor valves, float controls, damper motors, EP and PE switches and other miscellaneous Division 21, 22 and 23 controls	21, 22 and 23	21, 22 and 23	26	21, 22 and 23
f. Variable Frequency Drives (VFDs)	21, 22 and 23	21, 22 and 23	26	21, 22 and 23

- D. Where Drawings clearly and explicitly differ from preceding paragraphs, Drawings have precedence.
- E. Factory wired assemblies and panels shall be prewired to numbered terminal strips for connection to field wiring.

## 1.12 GUARANTEE

- A. Neither the final certificate of payment, nor any provision in the Contract Documents, nor partial or entire occupancy of the premises by the Owner shall constitute an acceptance of work not done in accordance with the Contract Documents or relieve the Contractor of liability in respect to any express warranties or responsibilities for faulty materials or workmanship.
- B. The Contractor shall remedy any defects in the work and pay for any damage to other work resulting therefrom which shall appear within a period one year form the date of final acceptance of work, unless a longer period is specified. The Owner's Representative will give notice of observed defects with reasonable promptness.

#### 1.13 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. The Contractor shall prepare operating and maintenance instructions containing information to operate, prolong service life or replace parts of the work. Operating and maintenance data shall specifically include:
  - 1. List of all contractors' and subcontractors' names, addresses, and telephone numbers.
  - 2. List of all equipment and material manufacturers' local representatives and suppliers and their addresses and telephone numbers.
  - 3. Pipe and duct identification schedules.
  - 4. Nameplate directory with a list of all equipment indicating designation, location of equipment, manufacturers' name, model number, serial number, electrical characteristics, primary control switch location and normal position of switch.
  - 5. Valve directory indicating valve number, size, location, function, service, type, and normal position.
  - 6. Boiler factory start-up testing report.
  - 7. Air and hydronic test and balance report.
- B. Equipment Literature: For all equipment, fixtures, devices, valves and specialties, provide the following:
  - 1. Manufacturer's data sheets and cut sheets.
  - 2. Model and serial numbers.
  - 3. Capacity curves, charts and calculations.
  - 4. Electrical characteristics.
  - 5. Replacement parts list.
  - 6. As-built equipment piping diagrams.
  - 7. As-built equipment wiring diagrams.
  - 8. Manufacturer's instructions for operation and maintenance.
  - 9. Completely mark out on all literature sheets all non-applicable items.
  - 10. Where piping and wiring diagrams are not available from the manufacturer, they shall be produced by the Contractor.
  - 11. Literature shall be grouped together by system, i.e., plumbing, heat generation, etc. For each system section, the Contractor shall produce and include a basic system written narrative description. Each narrative shall be comprised of the following:
    - a. Brief system description, including sequence of operation.
    - b. Basic system function discussion, including any interaction with other systems or components.
    - c. Primary system preventive maintenance procedures.

- d. How to isolate all major components.
- e. How to drain, fill, and vent liquid system.
- f. How to drain, clean, and refill all tanks, pumps, and tube bundles.
- g. How to clean coils and change air filters for air systems.
- h. Emergency shutdown procedures.
- C. Master Maintenance Schedule: List each item of equipment requiring inspection and maintenance, showing component maintenance required and the intervals when such inspection and maintenance shall be performed (daily, weekly, monthly, semi-annually, etc.). For each item, reference the page within the maintenance manual where detailed manufacturer's maintenance instructions can be found.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

- 2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT
  - A. Materials and equipment shall be those of major and reputable manufacturers with ability to render competent and thorough service through local organizations and expeditiously to provide spare parts.
  - B. In addition to material and equipment specified, also provide incidental materials required to effect complete installation. Such incidental materials include solders, tapes, caulkings, mastics, gaskets, etc.
  - C. Mixes, Compounds, Dopes, Tapes and Fluxes: All mixes, compounds, dopes, tapes and fluxes shall be fresh, highest quality, free of contaminants, of the type and grade suitable for the intended use in each case. Where more than one type of mix, etc. is specified for the same service, select one type; however, state which type is proposed for use in the submittal material and in no case more than one type is to be used in a specific mechanical system.

Where two or more units of the same mix, etc., are required, provide products of a single manufacturer. Provide mixes, etc., bearing approval stamps wherever standards have been established. Comply with governing regulations and industry standards for selections, and with manufacturers' recommendations where applicable.

- D. Valves, piping specialties, and escutcheons and access panels to be of same manufacturer throughout installation even though they may be specified in different Divisions of these specifications.
- E. All materials and equipment shall be free of asbestos. Mixes, fluxes, and solders shall be free of lead. Submit certification no asbestos or lead based materials have been used or installed.
- F. Provide all special tools and extra materials required for maintenance of installed equipment as follows:
  - 1. Supply two 12 ounce containers of packing lubricant and cartridge style grease gun such as controls system tools and grease guns.
  - 2. Furnish two packing kits for each size valve, two hose end vacuum breakers for hose bibs, service kits for each pump model and two pump seals for each pump model.
  - 3. Furnish two sets of faucet washers

- 4. Furnish two pressure gages with pulsation damper.
- 5. Furnish one extra 55 gallon drum of propylene glycol.
- 6. Furnish two sets of belts for each fan.
- 7. Furnish two sets of replacement gaskets.
- 8. Furnish extra sprinklers under provisions of NFPA 13.
- 9. Furnish suitable wrenches for each sprinkler type.
- 10. Furnish metal storage cabinet for sprinklers located adjacent to alarm valve.
- 2.2 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
  - A. All materials shall be new, unused, and delivered to the job site packed in their original containers.
  - B. All materials shall be delivered free of damage or defects.
  - C. Provide adequate storage facilities at the job site to protect materials from damage or corrosion.
  - D. Protect material, equipment, and apparatus provided under this Division from damage, water, dust, etc., both in storage and installed until final completion has been filed. Materials, equipment, or apparatus damaged because of improper storage or protection will be rejected and must be removed from site.
  - E. Piping, ductwork and all similar equipment shall be capped or protected during storage and installation to protect from construction debris and dust contamination.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. The Contractor shall lay out all work in advance of construction and shall determine the correct location and placement of all material and equipment.
- B. Schedule all work in coordination with that of other trades in order to avoid delays in construction and unnecessary cutting and patching.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. All work shall be installed neatly and in accordance with the best practices in the trade.
- B. Workmanship must be of highest quality, done by persons especially skilled at assigned tasks, resulting in neat, clean, and well-done installations consistent with best practices of trades.
- C. Repair or replace materials and parts of premises that become damaged as a result of installation of work of this Division. Remove replaced parts from the premises.
- D. Ensure installation is performed per the manufacturer's instructions.

#### 3.3 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTION

- A. Mechanical Instruction: The Contractor shall provide a minimum of 36 hours of instruction on the operation and maintenance of all mechanical systems to maintenance personnel.
- B. Instruction shall be performed by a qualified technician.
- C. Instruction of major pieces of equipment shall be given by a factory certified representative.
- D. The instruction shall consist of both a "classroom" period and a "field" period.
- E. The classroom portion shall consist of a brief discussion of each piece of equipment, using the maintenance manual as a guide, and a general preventive maintenance discussion of system as a whole; e.g., discuss procedure for what settings equipment should be operating at, maintaining proper glycol heat transfer solution mixture, etc.
- F. The field portion shall consist of a building walk-through to physically locate and examine each piece of equipment previously discussed. At that time, the main points discussed during the classroom portion shall be recovered while pointing out the specific grease fitting or valve, etc.
- G. The Contractor shall coordinate with the Owner the exact breakdown of the hours based on each system and piece of equipment as well as the split between classroom and field. At a minimum, the following pieces of equipment and systems shall have training:
  - 1. DDC Controls
  - 2. Boilers
  - 3. Pumps
- H. Certification: The Contractor shall submit, prior to or at the time of Substantial Completion and before the Owner will accept responsibility for maintenance and operation of the facility, certification that instructions of maintenance and operation procedures have been given to the Owner's Representative responsible for the maintenance and operation of the facility.
  - 1. The certification shall indicate the name and be affixed with the signature(s) of the person(s) receiving the instructions, the dates of instruction, the names of the Contractor or subcontractor giving the instructions, and shall list the appropriate areas of instruction. Until these requirements are met, the Contractor shall provide at least one maintenance mechanic, acceptable to the Owner's Representative, to operate and maintain the facility's system(s).

#### 3.4 START-UP/ DEMONSTRATION

- A. Reference Division 1.
- B. Provide the services of a factory trained technician for the start-up and testing of the following equipment:
  - 1. Hydronic boilers.
  - 2. HVAC DDC building controls.
- C. Prepare and submit complete start-up testing and demonstration plans 30 days prior to schedule test, start-up, or demonstration date. All mechanical systems shall be demonstrated for proper

operation. The demonstration plan shall clearly identify each system and piece of equipment and the proposed demonstration.

D. Following successful testing and start-up, submit certifications that the equipment and/or systems are operating properly.

# **SECTION 220529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR PIPING:**

# PART 1 - GENERAL:

# **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES:**

- A. Pipe hangers and supports.
- B. Hanger rods.
- C. Sleeves.
- D. Formed steel channel.
- E. Firestopping relating to mechanical work.
- F. Firestopping accessories.

# **1.02 REFERENCES:**

- A. American Society of Mechanical Engineers:
  - 1. ASME B31.1 Power Piping.
  - 2. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping.
- B. ASTM International:
  - 1. ASTM E84 Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
  - 2. ASTM E119 Method for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials.
  - 3. ASTM E814 Test Method of Fire Tests of Through Penetration Firestops.
- C. Underwriters Laboratories Inc.:
  - 1. UL 1479 Fire Tests of Through-Penetration Firestops.
  - 2. UL Fire Resistance Directory.

# **1.03 DEFINITIONS:**

A. Firestopping (Through-Penetration Protection System): Sealing or stuffing material or assembly placed in spaces between and penetrations through building materials to arrest movement of fire, smoke, heat, and hot gases through fire rated construction.

# **1.04 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION:**

- A. Firestopping Materials: ASTM E119 to achieve fire ratings as noted on Drawings for adjacent construction, but not less than 1 hour fire rating.
- B. Surface Burning: ASTM E84 with maximum flame spread/smoke developed rating of 25/450.
- C. Firestop interruptions to fire rated assemblies, materials, and components.

# **1.05 SUBMITTALS:**

- A. Division 1 Submittal Procedures: Submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data:
  - 1. Hangers and Supports: Provide list of system and associated hangers and supports to be used on that system. Do not submit the devices.
  - 2. Have available in the Contractor's work shack catalog data for each type of hanger and support used on the project including load capacity and

special procedures and assembly of components. Have available for field review. Do not submit through the formal submittal process.

- 3. Submit product data on any item that is not listed in this specification or the performance does match that requested.
- 4. Firestopping: Submit data on product characteristics, performance and limitation criteria.

# **1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE:**

- A. Through Penetration Firestopping of Fire Rated Assemblies: UL 1479 or ASTM E814 with 0.10 inch water gage minimum positive pressure differential to achieve fire F-Ratings and temperature T-Ratings as required, but not less than 1-hour.
- B. Through Penetration Firestopping of Non-Fire Rated Floor Assemblies: Materials to resist free passage of flame and products of combustion.
  - 1. Noncombustible Penetrating Items: Noncombustible materials for penetrating items connecting maximum of three stories.
  - 2. Penetrating Items: Materials approved by authorities having jurisdiction for penetrating items connecting maximum of two stories.
- C. Perform Work in accordance with applicable authority for welding hanger and support attachments to building structure.
- D. Perform Work in accordance with Municipality of Anchorage standard.

# **1.07 QUALIFICATIONS:**

- A. Manufacturer: Company specializing in manufacturing Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Installer: Company specializing in performing Work of this section.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS:

# 2.01 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS:

- A. Waste and Vent Piping:
  - 1. Conform to ASME B31.9.
  - 2. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 to 1-1/2 inch: Malleable iron or Carbon steel, adjustable swivel, split ring.
  - 3. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 2 inches and Larger: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
  - 4. Multiple or Trapeze Hangers: Steel channels with welded spacers and hanger rods.
  - 5. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes 3 inches and Smaller: Cast iron hook.
  - 6. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes 4 inches and Larger: Welded steel bracket and wrought steel clamp.
  - 7. Vertical Support: Steel riser clamp.
  - 8. Copper Pipe Support: Copper-plated, carbon-steel adjustable, ring or all copper construction.
- B. Domestic Water Piping:
  - 1. Conform to ASME B31.9.
  - 2. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 to 1-1/2 inch: Malleable iron or Carbon steel, adjustable swivel, split ring.

- 3. Hangers for Cold Pipe Sizes 2 inches and Larger: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
- 4. Multiple or Trapeze Hangers: Steel channels with welded spacers and hanger rods.
- 5. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes 3 inches and Smaller: Cast iron hook.
- 6. Vertical Support: Steel riser clamp.
- 7. Copper Pipe Support: Copper-plated, Carbon-steel ring or all copper construction.
- 8. Soft Copper Tubing: Copper-plated hold down clamp, screwed on both sides of clamp.

# 2.02 ACCESSORIES:

A. Hanger Rods: Mild steel threaded both ends, threaded on one end, or continuous threaded.

# 2.03 SLEEVES:

- A. Sleeves for Pipes Through Non-fire Rated Floors: 18 gage thick galvanized steel.
- B. Sleeves for Pipes Through Non-fire Rated Beams, Walls, Footings, and Potentially Wet Floors: Steel pipe or 18 gage thick galvanized steel.

# 2.04 FORMED STEEL CHANNEL:

A. Product Description: Galvanized 12 gage thick steel. With holes 1-1/2 inches on center.

# 2.05 FIRESTOPPING:

- A. Product Description: Different types of products by multiple manufacturers are acceptable as required to meet specified system description and performance requirements; provide only one type for each similar application.
  - 1. Silicone Firestopping Elastomeric Firestopping: Single or Multiple component silicone elastomeric compound and compatible silicone sealant.
  - 2. Foam Firestopping Compounds: Single or Multiple component foam compound.
  - 3. Formulated Firestopping Compound of Incombustible Fibers: Formulated compound mixed with incombustible non-asbestos fibers.
  - 4. Fiber Stuffing and Sealant Firestopping: Composite of mineral or ceramic fiber stuffing insulation with silicone elastomer for smoke stopping.
  - 5. Mechanical Firestopping Device with Fillers: Mechanical device with incombustible fillers and silicone elastomer, covered with sheet stainless steel jacket, joined with collars, penetration sealed with flanged stops.
  - 6. Intumescent Firestopping: Intumescent putty compound which expands on exposure to surface heat gain.
  - 7. Firestop Pillows: Formed mineral fiber pillows.

# 2.06 FIRESTOPPING ACCESSORIES:

A. Primer: Type recommended by firestopping manufacturer for specific substrate surfaces and suitable for required fire ratings.

- В. Dam Material: Permanent:
  - Mineral fiberboard. 1. 2.
  - Mineral fiber matting.
  - 3 Sheet metal.
- Installation Accessories: Provide clips, collars, fasteners, temporary stops or C. dams, and other devices required to position and retain materials in place.
- D. General:
  - Furnish UL listed products. 1.
  - 2. Select products with rating not less than rating of wall or floor being penetrated.
- E. Non-Rated Surfaces:
  - Stamped steel, chrome plated, hinged, split ring escutcheons or floor 1. plates or ceiling plates for covering openings in occupied areas where piping is exposed.
  - For exterior wall openings below grade, furnish mechanical sealing 2. device to continuously fill annular space between piping and cored opening or water-stop type wall sleeve.

# **PART 3 - EXECUTION:**

#### 3.01 **PREPARATION:**

- Clean substrate surfaces of dirt, dust, grease, oil, loose material, or other matter Α. affecting bond of firestopping material.
- Β. Remove incompatible materials affecting bond.
- C. Install backing or damming materials to arrest liquid material leakage.
- Do not drill or cut structural members. D.

#### **INSTALLATION - PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS:** 3.02

- Install in accordance with ASME B31.1. A.
- B. Support horizontal piping as scheduled.
- Install hangers with minimum 1/2 inch space between finished covering and C. adjacent work.
- D. Provide insulation inserts and shields in accordance with Section 15080.
- Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow. E.
- F. Use hangers with 1-1/2 inch minimum vertical adjustment.
- G. Support horizontal cast iron pipe adjacent to each hub, with 5 feet maximum spacing between hangers.
- H. Support vertical piping at every floor. Support vertical cast iron pipe at each floor at hub.
- I. Where piping is installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple pipe or trapeze hangers.
- Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping. J.
- K. Provide copper plated hangers and supports for copper piping.
- L. Design hangers for pipe movement without disengagement of supported pipe.
- Provide clearance in hangers and from structure and other equipment for M. installation of insulation.

# **3.03 INSTALLATION - SLEEVES:**

- A. Size sleeves large enough to allow for movement due to expansion and contraction. Provide for continuous insulation wrapping.
- B. Extend sleeves through floors 1 inch above finished floor level. Caulk sleeves.
- C. Where piping penetrates floor, ceiling, or wall, close off space between pipe and adjacent work with firestopping insulation and caulk. Provide close fitting metal collar or escutcheon covers at both sides of penetration.
- D. Install chrome plated steel escutcheons at finished surfaces.

# 3.04 INSTALLATION - FIRESTOPPING:

A. Install material at fire rated construction perimeters and openings containing penetrating sleeves, piping, ductwork, and other items, requiring firestopping.

# 3.05 CLEANING:

- A. Division 1 Execution Requirements: Requirements for cleaning.
- B. Clean adjacent surfaces of firestopping materials.

# 3.06 SCHEDULES:

PLUMBING PIPE HANGER SPACING				
PIPE MATERIAL	MAXIMUM HANGER SPACING Feet	HANGER ROD DIAMETER Inches		
Cast Iron (All Sizes)	5	5/8		
Cast Iron (All Sizes) with 10 foot length of pipe	10	5/8		
Copper Tube, 1-1/4 inches and smaller	6	1/2		
Copper Tube, 1-1/2 inches and larger	10	1/2		
Soft Copper Tube	3	N/A		
Steel, 4 inches and larger	12	5/8		
CPVC, 1 inch and smaller	3	3/8		
CPVC, 1-1/4 inch to 3 inch	4	1/2		
PEX	3	3/8		

# **SECTION 220700 - MECHANICAL INSULATION:**

# PART 1 - GENERAL:

# **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES:**

- A. Insulation jackets.
- B. Piping system insulation.
- C. Inserts and shields.
- D. Insulation accessories including vapor retarders, jackets, and accessories.

# **1.02 RELATED SECTIONS:**

A. Division 9 - Painting

# **1.03 REFERENCES:**

- A. American Society for Testing and Materials:
  - 1. ASTM C195 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Thermal Insulating Cement.
  - 2. ASTM C449 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Hydraulic-Setting Thermal Insulating and Finishing Cement.
  - 3. ASTM C518 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus.
  - 4. ASTM C534 Standard Specification for Preformed Flexible Elastomeric Cellular Thermal Insulation in Sheet and Tubular Form.
  - ASTM C612 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal Insulation.
     ASTM C1071 - Standard Specification for Thermal and Acoustical
  - 6. ASTM C1071 Standard Specification for Thermal and Acoustical Insulation (Glass Fiber, Duct Lining Material).
  - ASTM D1784 Standard Specification for Rigid Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds.
  - 8. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
  - 9. ASTM E96 Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials.
  - 10. ASTM E162 Standard Test Method for Surface Flammability of Materials Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source.

# **1.04 SUBMITTALS:**

- A. Division 1 Submittal Procedures: Submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit product description, thermal characteristics and list of materials and thickness for each service, and location.
## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS:**

#### 2.01 GLASS FIBER PIPE INSULATION:

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Johns Manville, Micro-Lok, AP-T Plus.
  - 2. Knauf, 1000° Pipe Insulation.
  - 3. Owens Corning, Fiberglas Pipe Insulation
  - B. Insulation: ASTM C547 Mineral Fiber Pipe Insulation, Type I,
    - 1. Operating Temperature: 850 degrees F
    - 2. 'K' factor: 0.24 at 100 degrees F.
  - C. Vapor Retarder Jacket:
    - 1. ASJ/SSL conforming to ASTM C 1136 Type I, secured with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips
    - 2. Moisture vapor transmission: ASTM E96; 0.02 perm-inches.
  - D. Vapor Retarder Lap Adhesive: Provide product that is compatible with insulation.

## 2.02 FIELD APPLIED JACKETS AND ACCESSORIES:

- A. PVC Plastic Pipe Jacket:
  - 1. Product Description: ASTM D1784, One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
  - 2. Thickness: 10 mil.
  - 3. Connections: Brush on welding adhesive.
- B. Covering Adhesive Mastic:
  - 1. Water proof, fire retardant, and compatible with insulation.
- C. Lagging Adhesive:
  - 1. Compatible with insulation.
- D. Shields
  - 1. Minimum 20 gauge galvanized steel or aluminum, rolled.

### PART 3 PART 3 - EXECUTION:

# 4.01 EXAMINATION:

- A. Division 1 Administrative Requirements: Coordination and project conditions.
- B. Verify piping, equipment and ductwork has been tested before applying insulation materials.
- C. Verify surfaces are clean and dry, with foreign material removed.

### 4.02 INSTALLATION:

- A. Exposed Piping: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.
- B. Insulate fittings, valves, and flanges to the same thickness as the pipe insulation.
- C. Insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature:
  - 1. Furnish factory-applied or field-applied vapor retarder jackets. Secure factory-applied jackets with pressure sensitive adhesive self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips. Secure field-applied jackets with outward clinch expanding staples and seal staple penetrations with vapor retarder mastic.

- 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with molded insulation of like material and thickness as adjacent pipe. Finish with glass cloth and vapor retarder adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
- D. Insulated pipes conveying fluids above ambient temperature:
  - 1. Furnish factory-applied or field-applied standard jackets. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples or pressure sensitive adhesive system on standard factory-applied jacket and butt strips or both.
  - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe. Finish with glass cloth and adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
- E. Continuous Insulation:
  - 1. Insulation shall be continuous at all hangers, supports, penetrations and clamps.
  - 2. Vapor barrier shall also be continuous through penetration and through transitions between pipe insulation and inserts.
- F. Inserts and Shields:
  - 1. Application: All piping 1-1/2 inches diameter or larger.
  - 2. Shields: Galvanized steel between pipe hangers or pipe hanger rolls and inserts. Shields shall extend a minimum of 6 inches beyond hanger in both directions.
  - 3. Insert location: Between support shield and piping and under finish jacket.
  - 4. Insert configuration: Minimum 6 inches long, of thickness and contour matching adjoining insulation; may be factory fabricated.
  - 5. Insert material: Calcium silicate.
- G. Continue insulation through penetrations of building assemblies or portions of assemblies having fire resistance rating of one hour or less. Provide intumescent firestopping when continuing insulation through assembly. Finish at supports, protrusions, and interruptions. Refer to Section 07840 for penetrations of assemblies with fire resistance rating greater than one hour.

### 4.03 SCHEDULES:

A. Piping Glass Fiber Insulation Schedule:

PIPING SYSTEMS	PIPE SIZE	<b>THICKNESS</b>
	Inch	Inch
Plumbing Systems:		
Domestic Water (HW, HWC, CW):	All	1
PEX tubing - elastomeric cellular foam	All	1

# **SECTION 221100 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING:**

# PART 1 - GENERAL:

## **1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:**

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## **1.02 SUMMARY**:

A. This Section includes domestic water piping inside the building.

# **1.03 SUBMITTALS**:

- A. Product Data: For pipe, tube, fittings, and couplings.
- B. Water Samples: Specified in Part 3 "Cleaning".
- C. Field quality-control test reports.

## **1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE:**

- A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- B. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping System Components and Related Materials," for plastic, potable domestic water piping and components.
- C. Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9," for potable domestic water piping and components.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS:**

# 2.01 PIPING MATERIALS

- A. Refer to Part 3 "Pipe and Fitting Applications" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting, and joining materials.
- B. Transition Couplings for Aboveground Pressure Piping: Coupling or other manufactured fitting the same size as, with pressure rating at least equal to and ends compatible with, piping to be joined.
- C. Domestic cold, hot, and hot water circulation main distribution piping shall be type L copper water tube with soldered joints.
- D. Branch piping to individual fixtures shall generally be Type L copper or may be PEX water piping with metal insert, crimp-type fittings where routing due to existing structural conditions or other disciplines prevent the use of rigid pipe materials. Use of PEX piping shall be pre-approved and coordinated with the owner or AHJ.

# **2.02 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS**:

- A. Soft Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Types L, water tube, annealed temper.
  - 1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copper-alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.
  - 2. Bronze Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, with solder-joint ends. Furnish Class 300 flanges if required to match piping.
  - 3. Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, cast-copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body, with ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.

- B. Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Types L, water tube, drawn temper.
  - 1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copper-alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought- copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.
  - 2. Bronze Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, with solder-joint ends. Furnish Class 300 flanges if required to match piping.
  - 3. Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, cast-copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body, with ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION:

## **3.01 PIPE AND FITTING APPLICATIONS:**

- A. Transition and special fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Flanges may be used on aboveground piping, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Fitting Option: Extruded-tee connections and brazed joints may be used on aboveground copper tubing.
- D. Mechanical joints may not be used on copper piping.

### **3.02 PIPING INSTALLATION:**

- A. All piping is to be sloped to drain for seasonal cold-soaking. Combine piping into common mains to minimize drain points. Provide wall access panels at all low-point drains valves for ready access.
- B. Basic piping installation requirements are specified in Division 22 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- C. Install shutoff valve, hose-end drain valve, strainer, pressure gauge, and test tee with valve, inside the building at each domestic water service entrance. Pressure gauges are specified in Division 22 Section "Meters and Gauges," and drain valves and strainers are specified in Division 22 Section "Plumbing Specialties."

### **3.03 JOINT CONSTRUCTION:**

- A. Basic piping joint construction requirements are specified in Division 22 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- B. Soldered Joints: Use ASTM B 813, water-flushable, lead-free flux; ASTM B 32, lead-free-alloy solder; and ASTM B 828 procedure, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. PEX tubing shall utilize joints and fittings approved by the piping manufacturer. Install per manufacturer's instructions. Female threaded plastic adapters are prohibited.

### **3.04 CONNECTIONS**:

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to equipment and machines to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Connect domestic water piping to exterior water-service piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.

### **3.05 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:**

A. Inspect domestic water piping as follows:

- 1. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it has been inspected and approved by Authority Having Jurisdiction.
- B. Test domestic water piping as follows:
  - 1. Fill domestic water piping. Check components to determine that they are not air bound and that piping is full of water.
  - 2. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
  - 3. Leave new, altered, extended, or replaced domestic water piping uncovered and unconcealed until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
  - 4. Cap and subject piping to static water pressure of 50 psig above operating pressure, without exceeding pressure rating of piping system materials. Isolate test source and allow to stand for four hours. Leaks and loss in test pressure constitute defects that must be repaired.
  - 5. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping or portion thereof until satisfactory results are obtained.
  - 6. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

# 3.06 CLEANING

- A. Clean and disinfect potable domestic water piping as follows:
  - 1. Purge new piping and parts of existing domestic water piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired before using.
  - 2. Use purging and disinfecting procedures prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction or, if methods are not prescribed, procedures described in either AWWA C651 or AWWA C652 or as described below:
    - a. Flush piping system with clean, potable water until dirty water does not appear at outlets.
    - b. Fill and isolate system according to either of the following:
      - 1) Fill system or part thereof with water/chlorine solution with at least 50 ppm of chlorine. Isolate with valves and allow to stand for 24 hours.
      - 2) Fill system or part thereof with water/chlorine solution with at least 200 ppm of chlorine. Isolate and allow to stand for three hours.
    - c. Flush system with clean, potable water until no chlorine is in water coming from system after the standing time.
    - d. Submit water samples in sterile bottles to authorities having jurisdiction. Repeat procedures if biological examination shows contamination.
- B. Prepare and submit reports of purging and disinfecting activities.
- C. Clean interior of domestic water piping system. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.

# SECTION 221300 - SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING:

# PART 1 – GENERAL:

### 1.01 SUMMARY:

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Sanitary sewer and vent piping above grade.

## **1.02 REFERENCES:**

- A. American Society of Mechanical Engineers:
  - 1. ASME B16.18 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings.
- B. ASME B16.22 Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings.
  - 2. ASME B16.23 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Drainage Fittings (DWV).
    - 3. ASME B16.29 Wrought Copper and Wrought Copper Alloy Solder Joint Drainage Fittings DWV.
    - 4. ASME B31.1 Power Piping.
    - 5. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping.
- C. American Society for Testing and Materials:
  - 1. ASTM A74 Standard Specification for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings.
  - 2. ASTM B32 Standard Specification for Solder Metal.
  - 3. ASTM B42 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Pipe, Standard Sizes.
  - 4. ASTM B43 Standard Specification for Seamless Red Brass Pipe, Standard Sizes.

5. ASTM B75 - Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Tube.

6. ASTM B251 - Standard Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Seamless Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube.

7. ASTM B302 - Standard Specification for Threadless Copper Pipe.

8. ASTM B306 - Standard Specification for Copper Drainage Tube (DWV).

9. ASTM C564 - Standard Specification for Rubber Gaskets for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings.

10. ASTM F708 - Standard Practice for Design and Installation of Rigid Pipe Hangers.

D. Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute:

1. CISPI 301 - Standard Specification for Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications.

2. CISPI 310 - Specification for Coupling for Use in Connection with Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications.

E. Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry:

- 1. MSS SP 58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design and Manufacturer.
- 2. MSS SP 69 Pipe Hangers and Supports Selection and Application.
- 3. MSS SP 80 Bronze Gate, Globe, Angle and Check Valves.
- 4. MSS SP 89 Pipe Hangers and Supports Fabrication and Installation Practices.

5. MSS SP 110 - Ball Valves Threaded, Socket-Welding, Solder Joint, Grooved and Flared Ends.

## **1.03 SUBMITTALS:**

- A. Product Data:
  - 1. Piping: Submit data on pipe materials, fittings, and accessories.
  - 2. Hangers and Supports: Submit manufacturers catalog information including load capacity.
  - 3. Sanitary Drainage Specialties: Submit manufacturers catalog information,
  - component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes.
- B. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Submit installation instructions for material and equipment.
- C. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify products meet or exceed specified requirements.

### **1.04 FIELD MEASUREMENTS:**

A. Verify field measurements prior to fabrication.

# **PART 2 - PRODUCTS:**

## 2.01 SANITARY SEWER AND VENT PIPING, ABOVE GRADE:

- B. Cast Iron Pipe: ASTM A74, service weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joints: ASTM C564, neoprene gasket system.
- C. Cast Iron Pipe: CISPI 301, hub-less, service weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joints: CISPI 310, neoprene gaskets and stainless steel clamp-and-shield assemblies.
- D. Copper Tube: ASTM B306, DWV Type M.
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.23, cast bronze, or ASME B16.29, wrought copper.
  - 2. Joints: ASTM B32, solder, Grade 50B.
- E. Copper Pipe: ASTM B42.
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.23, cast bronze, or ASME B16.29 wrought copper.
  - 2. Joints: ASTM B32, solder, Grade 50B.
- F. Brass Pipe: ASTM B43, chrome plated.
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.23, cast bronze, chrome plated.
  - 2. Joints: Mechanical compression.

# **PART 3 - EXECUTION:**

### **3.01 PREPARATION:**

- G. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- H. Remove scale and dirt, on inside and outside, before assembly.
- I. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.

# **3.02 INSTALLATION:**

A. Establish invert elevations, slopes for drainage to 1/4 inch per foot minimum for drainage piping. Maintain gradients.

B. Lubricate threaded cleanout plugs with mixture of graphite and linseed oil. Provide clearances at cleanout for snaking drainage system.

- C. Install floor cleanouts at elevation to accommodate finished floor.
- D. Provide non-conducting dielectric connections wherever jointing dissimilar metals.

E. Route piping in orderly manner and maintain gradient. Route parallel and perpendicular to walls.

F. Install piping to maintain headroom. Do not spread piping, conserve space.

G. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.

H. Rigidly anchor pipe to building structure. Provide pipe guides to direct movement only along axis of pipe. Erect piping so strain and weight is not on cast connections or apparatus.

I. Provide support and anchors for controlling expansion and contraction of piping. Provide loops, pipe offsets, as indicated on Drawings.

J. Provide expansion loops as indicated on Drawings.

K. Provide clearance in hangers and from structure and other equipment for installation of insulation. Refer to Section 15080.

L. Provide access where valves and fittings are not accessible. Coordinate size and location of access doors with Section 08311.

M. Where pipe support members are welded to structural building framing, scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc rich primer to welding.

N. Prepare exposed, unfinished pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories ready for finish painting.

0. Sleeve pipes passing through partitions, walls and floors.

P. Provide firestopping through fire rated wall, floor, or ceiling assemblies.

Q. Support cast iron drainage piping at every joint.

# **SECTION 224000 - PLUMBING FIXTURES:**

# PART 1 – GENERAL:

## **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Water Closets
- B. Urinals
- C. Lavatories
- D. Hot Water Tempering Valves.
- E. Water Hammer Arrestors.
- F. Trap Primer Valves.
- G. Insulation Kits.

## **1.02 REFERENCES:**

- A. American National Standards Institute:
  - 1. ANSI A117.1 Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities.
- B. American Society of Mechanical Engineers:
  - 1. ASME A112.6.1 Floor-Affixed Supports for Off-the-Floor Plumbing Fixtures for Public Use.
  - 2. ASME A112.18.1 Plumbing Fixture Fittings.
- C. American Society of Sanitary Engineering:
  - 1. ASME A112.6.1 Floor-Affixed Supports for Off-the-Floor Plumbing Fixtures for Public Use.
  - 2. ASME A112.18.1 Plumbing Fixture Fittings.
  - 3. ASME A112.19.1M Enameled Cast Iron Plumbing Fixtures.
  - 4. ASME A112.19.3 Stainless Steel Plumbing Fixtures (Designed for Residential Use).

### **1.03 SUBMITTALS:**

- A. Division 1 Submittal Procedures: Submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit catalog illustrations of fixtures, sizes, rough-in dimensions, utility sizes, trim, and finishes.
- C. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Submit installation methods and procedures.

# **1.04 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS:**

- A. Division 1 Execution Requirements: Closeout procedures.
- B. Operation and Maintenance Data: Submit fixture, trim, exploded view and replacement parts lists.

### **1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE:**

- A. Perform Work in accordance with Municipality of Anchorage standard.
- B. Provide products requiring electrical connections listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for purpose specified and indicated.

## **1.06 QUALIFICATIONS:**

A. Manufacturer: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.

# **PART 2 - PRODUCTS:**

## 2.01 WATER CLOSETS:

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Basis of Design:
  - 2. Fixture: Crane Plumbing, model #3H701 "Eco Hymont Relaxed Height"
  - 3. Flush Valve: Sloan Valve Co. Optima "Smooth" Model 111.
  - 4. Seat: Church Seats, Model 9400C.
  - 5. Substitutions: Prior approval required.
- B. Bowl: ASME A112.19.2M; floor mounted, bottom outlet, siphon jet vitreous china closet bowl, with elongated rim, 16-3/4 inches rim to finished floor height, 1-1/2 inch top spud, china bolt caps.
- C. Sensor Operated Flush Valve: ASME A112.19.6; exposed polished brass, 1-1/2" top spud, diaphragm type with battery operated solenoid operator, infrared sensor and over-ride button, chrome plated metal cover, 1" I.P.S. concealed screwdriver angle check stop and vacuum breaker; maximum 1.6 gallon flush volume.
- D. Seat: Solid white plastic, elongated open front, extended back "posturemold" design, self-sustaining check hinge, stainless steel posts, without cover.

## 2.02 URINAL

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Basis of Design:
  - 2. Fixture: Crane Plumbing, model #7379 "Cromwell".
  - 3. Flush Valve: Sloan Valve Co. Optima "Smooth" Model 186-1.0.
  - 4. Carrier: Zurn Manufacturing.
  - 5. Substitutions: Prior approval required.
- B. Urinal: ASME A112.19.2M; vitreous china, wall hung washout urinal with shields, integral trap, removable stainless steel strainer, 3/4 inch top spud, steel supporting hanger. Mounting height with rim 17 inches above finished floor.
- C. Sensor Operated Flush Valve: ASME A112.18.1; exposed chrome plated, diaphragm type with battery operated solenoid operator, infrared sensor and override button in chrome plated plate, wheel handle stop and vacuum breaker; maximum 1 gallon flush volume.

D. Wall Mounted Carrier: ASME Al 12.6.1; cast iron and steel frame with tubular legs, lugs for floor and wall attachment, threaded fixture studs for fixture hanger, bearing studs.

## 2.03 LAVATORIES:

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Basis of Design:
  - 2. Fixture: Crain Plumbing Company, model 1-412-V "Harwich".
  - 3. Faucet Fitting: Sloan Valve Co. Optima "Smooth" Model 186-1.0.
  - 4. Carrier: Zurn Manufacturing.
  - 5. Substitutions: Prior approval required.
- B. Wall mounted lavatory, ASME Al12.19.2M; vitreous china wall hung lavatory 20 x 18 inch minimum, with 4 inch high back, drillings on 4 inch centers, rectangular basin with splash lip, front overflow, and soap depression, drilled for concealed arm carrier..
- C. Faucet: ASME A112.18.1; Deck mounted, chrome plated brass, 4-inch wristblade lever handles with hot and cold indicators, quarter-tum compression operating cartridge valves, 4-inch fixed center mounting, 3-1/2 inch spout center to discharge, 9-5/8 inch tall rigid gooseneck style spout. Provide 0.5 GPM vandal proof non-aerating outlet on Chicago Faucets model 895-317E2805-5VPHCP faucet.
- D. Carrier: Wall Mounted Carrier: ASME Al12.6.1; cast iron and steel frame with tubular legs, lugs for floor and wall attachment, concealed arm supports, bearing plate and studs.
- E. Accessories:
  - 1. Chrome plated 17 gauge brass P-trap and arm with escutcheon.
  - 2. Polished chrome plated grid strainer, Just Manufacturing model J-35-FS.
  - 3. Screwdriver stops.
  - 4. Rigid supplies.
  - 5. Cold and hot water supplies, stops, trap and waste insulated to meet ADA compliance with molded closed cell vinyl insulation fastened to fittings with snap-in fasteners and concealed set screws.
  - 6. Provide ASSE-1070 compliant hot water tempering valve to temper hot water supply to lavatory faucets.

### 2.04 HOT WATER TEMPERING VALVES:

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Powers HydroGuard model LM490-lor approved equal.
  - 2. Thermostatic tempering valve, ASSE 1017-2003 listed.
  - 3. Valve shall be solid brass with corrosion resistant internal components and shall feature advanced paraffin -based actuation technology and union

connections, temperature adjustment stem with locking nut to prevent tampering. Valve shall provide control down to 0.5 gpm and shall be adjustable between 90 degrees F. and 160 degrees F. Valve shall have capacity of 7.6 gpm at 5 psig differential and contain integral checks with screens to prevent cross-flow and to filter debris. Inlet and outlet ports shall be 1/2 inch NPT.

## 2.05 WATER HAMMER ARRESTORS:

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Zurn Model Shoktrol Z-1700.
  - 2. Substitutions: Division 1 Product Requirements.
- B. ASSE 1010; stainless steel construction, bellows type sized in accordance with PDI WH-201.
- C. Pre-charged suitable for operation in temperature range 34 to 250 degrees F and maximum 150 psi working pressure.

## 2.06 TRAP PRIMER VALVES:

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Precision Plumbing Products Model PR-500.
  - 2. Precision Plumbing Products Model DU-U.
  - 3. Substitutions: Section 01600 Product Requirements.
- B. ASSE 1018; Automatic floor drain trap primer valve, brass construction with integral vacuum breaker, designed to operate with 5 PSI pressure drop, capable of priming up to 4 floor drain traps. O-ring seals designed for -40 to 450 degrees F.
- C. Provide manufactured trap primer distribution units where trap primer is to prime multiple floor drains. Provide isolation valve, union, and provide access panels in finished areas where piping and valves are concealed.

### 2.07 FIXTURE WATER AND WASTE INSULATION KIT:

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Basis of Design: Plumberex Specialty Products, Pro-2000 Series.
  - 2. Trubro
  - 3. Substitutions: Division 1 Product Requirements.
- B. Product Description: Where fixtures are noted to be insulated for ADA compliance, furnish the following: Safety Covers conforming to ANSI A177.1 and consisting of insulation kit of molded closed cell vinyl construction, 3/16 inch thick, white color, for insulating tailpiece, P-trap, valves, and cold and hot water supply piping. Furnish with weep hole and angle valve access covers.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION:**

### 3.01 INSTALLATION:

- A. Install Work in accordance with Uniform Plumbing Code.
- B. Install each fixture with trap, easily removable for servicing and cleaning.
- C. Provide chrome plated rigid or flexible supplies to fixtures with loose key stops, reducers, and escutcheons.
- D. Install components level and plumb.

- E. Install and secure fixtures in place with wall carriers and bolts.
- F. Seal fixtures to counter, wall, or floor surfaces with sealant as specified in Division 7, color to match fixture.
- G. Provide chrome plated escutcheons at all wall penetrations.
- H. Provide firestopping at all floor penetrations and penetrations through all fire barrier penetrations.
- I. Install cold water supplies on right hand and hot water supplies on left hand when facing the fixture.

## **3.02 INTERFACE WITH OTHER DISCIPLINES:**

- A. Confirm location and size of fixtures and openings before rough in and installation.
- B. Avoid damaging fire proofing on structural members.
- C. Do not route water, waste, or vent piping overhead of electrical panels or switchgear.

## 3.03 ADJUSTING:

- A. Division 1 Execution Requirements: Testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- B. Adjust stops or valves for intended water flow rate to fixtures without splashing, noise, or overflow.

## 3.04 CLEANING:

- A. Division 1 Execution Requirements: Final cleaning.
- B. Clean plumbing fixtures and equipment.

### **3.05 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION:**

- A. Division 1 Execution Requirements: Protecting installed construction.
- B. Do not permit use of fixtures before final acceptance.