# **MEMORANDUM**

# State of Alaska

Department of Transportation & Public Facilities
Design and Engineering Services

TO: Design Group 2 DATE: May 2, 2023

**TELEPHONE NO**: (907) 465-1796

FROM: James Brown SUBJECT: Pre-Environmental Design

Review Guidance

DOT&PF

Design Group Chief

Although we already have been using the Pre-Environmental Review (PER) in the office on a few projects, I want to make a push to use these on all of our projects as they can be used as a tool to identify scope of work, design, or constructability issues early in a project's design life.

Generally, enough information is known to start project development after a reconnaissance review and the draft PMP has been initiated. Any adjustments to the project scope of work should also be discussed with support groups and planning staff and changes made if necessary to its scope at this time. An average project requires 25% to 50% of its design completed to finalize an accurate environmental document. There are cases where this percentage could be higher. FHWA guidance for boundaries of preliminary project development in advance of the environmental document can be found at FHWA Order 6640.1A.

The PER review for preventative maintenance projects should generally be completed within approximately 10 months of project assignment. Rehabilitation and more complex projects could require significantly more time to have their environmental impacts defined.

A draft version of the PMP, Design Criteria Checklist, and Environmental Memo and Impacts Table should also be submitted with the project plans to the review engineer. Design and Environmental coordination for the review is as follows:

## **Design/Production PER Guidance**

## Plans for the Review are to Include:

- 1. Index and Title Sheet.
- Typical Cross Sections note: include cross sections for any culvert or bridge work

- 3. 'F' Sheets depicting:
  - i. Existing topography
  - ii. Existing ROW locations
  - iii. Beginning and End of Project
  - iv. Design Horizontal Alignment (e.g., horizontal curve data, PC, PI, PT, bearings)
  - v. Design Vertical Alignment and its relationship to grade controlling features (culverts, etc)
  - vi. Drainage Design including new ditch profiles
  - vii. Construction limits and area of ground disturbance including acreage for CGP determination
  - viii. Preliminary Public-Road Approach and drive locations
    - ix. Guardrail replacement locations
    - x. Drainage ditch relocation or construction areas
  - xi. Known wetland and Waters of the US locations
  - xii. Anadromous streams directly adjacent to the project / within project limits
  - xiii. Material Sites (FAA)
  - xiv. Contaminated Material sites
  - xv. Proposed waste disposal sites
  - xvi. Lighting (viewshed)
  - xvii. Project Area of Potential Effect (APE) Boundaries \*\* (see note)
  - xviii. Known eagle nest locations
  - xix. Known 4(f) properties (public parks, recreation areas, wildlife and waterfowl refuges, historic sites)
  - xx. Bridge / Retaining Walls / Signal Poles etc locations

Note: The APE linework is to be developed by a PQI upon completion of the PER in a subsequent follow up meeting with design, construction, environmental, and right of way staff.

#### **Traffic Maintenance Details**

i. The conceptual traffic-maintenance strategy and phasing should be detailed and included with the PER submittal.

### **Design Criteria Checklist**

ii. Include a completed Precon Criteria Design Checklist. I have included the current version of this form with the latest version of the Federal Highway Controlling Criteria. Verify these criteria have not changed on the FHWA website <a href="here">here</a> prior to filling out the checklist. This form is to be submitted with the PER package (and updated if necessary) and all subsequent reviews.

### **Hydraulics and Hydrology**

i. Copies of preliminary hydraulic analysis for each mainline culvert.

## Waters of the US - Fill / Fish Passage Design Detail Sections

- i. Fish Passage sections depicting volume of fill below OHW.
- ii. Locations of impacts to other bodies of water known as Waters of the US and fill quantities (cubic yards) that will be placed below OHW or HTL/MHW/MLLW levels.
- iii. Estimated area of wetland involvement (acres).
- iv. Include the HTL/MHW/MLLW or OHW elevations on typical sections if there is any work in, over or under navigable waters of the United States.

## Cross Sections (as necessary pending improvement type) Including:

- 1. Templates of the typical sections placed on the existing cross sections.
- 2. Profile grade elevations.
- 3. Mainline drainage structures.
- 4. Existing ROW limits

### **Preliminary Material Recommendations:**

These may be a simple as an email summarizing general field findings and recommendations.

- 1. Preliminary Pavement Recommendations.
- 2. Preliminary Slope Repair Recommendations.
- 3. Fish Passage Locations and Culverts > 48" requiring repair.
- 4. Areas involving repair or construction of retaining walls.

### **Environmental Coordination:**

- 1. Contact the environmental analyst to go over known historic resources in the project vicinity prior to beginning design on the PER planset. An overview graphic of historic resources located within the project area should be developed in the early stages of project development if resources are present. The intent of this graphic is to assist the design and environmental team in development of the APE for the project and where a higher level of design will be necessary to determine the impacts of the project to them going into the PER.
- Contact the environmental analyst to review known waters of the US or wetlands located within the project limits. Impacts to these resources are to be designed to the point they are defined going into the PER. A graphic of these resources overlaid onto the project limits should also be developed at this time.
- 3. Contact the environmental analyst to review known 4(f) resources located within or adjacent to the project limits. Knowing where 4(f) resources are in relation to project activities is important for identifying knowing whether there might be a use of a 4(f) resource or exception to 4(f). Each of these require coordination with the Official(s) with Jurisdiction and a use would need specialized public notice efforts.
- 4. Contact the environmental analyst assigned to the project a minimum of two weeks prior to PER submittal to request the Environmental Memo and Impacts Table.

5. Before submittal of the PER package review the Environmental Memo and Impacts Table for consistency with the current design and provide any comments to the environmental analyst so they can be addressed in advance of the PER submittal.

## **Utility Coordination:**

- 1. Contact should be made with existing utilities for work to be coordinated with the project and areas where work is anticipated to impact utilities.
- 2. Provide a summary of anticipated utility work if not shown on the plans.
- 3. If known, a description of any utility "work by others".

### **Bridge Coordination:**

- 1. Contact should be made with the Bridge section if there are bridges on the project. Include fill quantities below OHW or HTL and MHW and pile quantities, including anticipated temporary piles. Include the HTL/MHW/MLLW or OHW elevations on typical sections if there is any work in, over or under navigable waters of the United States.
- 2. Depending on the project scope review documents may include: work items from the latest inspection reports; Bridge 3R analysis; Type, Size, and Location (TS&L) memo, etc.

#### **Estimate**

- 1. If you want comments on the budget, provide an estimate. At this point a detailed estimate may not be available. Major items with a contingency is acceptable.
- 2. Provide quantity calculations for major work items.

#### **Construction Limits**

Definition: A shrink-wrapped, closed polyline that encompasses the edge of all permanent construction work. Where two items are near the edge of construction, the outermost one will prevail. Examples of entities to encompass include but are not limited to:

- Lines of cut and fill
- Clearing limits
- Outer edge of grading
- Paving limits
- Joints, and locations where the project ties back into existing
- Concrete pads and back of sidewalk
- Utility installation or improvements and replacements
- Sign posts bases, fences, and similar improvements
- Around culverts following the outer edge of pipe

- Temporary access roads and bridges
- Other physical elements permanently incorporated into the project.

It is typical for the construction limits to surround the complete perimeter of a project, also including the beginning and end of the project.

Items typically <u>not</u> included in the construction limit linework are temporary stabilization, dewatering, sediment control BMPs, and anything not permanently incorporated into the project. However, these items still must fall within the existing ROW or an easement acquired for the project.

## APE / Construction Staging / Right of Way Impacts and Construction Easements

A meeting should be scheduled upon completion of the Pre-Environmental review (and updates if necessary) with Construction, Environmental, and Right of Way staff to discuss:

- Contractor personnel and equipment access needs beyond the established construction limits
- Construction Staging
- Right of Way impacts and Construction Easement locations
- Field Offices
- Stockpile locations
- Area of Potential Effect (APE) Environmental Discussion

### **Public Involvement**

- Public involvement, including the public notice and agency scoping efforts, will occur after the PER.
- The Project Manager will engage with the local government after the PER to begin early coordination for local concurrence.
- The Environmental Analyst will coordinate with Design staff to finalized the Public Involvement Plan (PIP) after the PER meeting.
- The PIP will define what level of effort is needed, such as meetings with stakeholders or outreach to certain groups.
- After PER, the Project Manager and Environmental staff will coordinate with Construction to establish a list of organizations that may be impacted during construction.
- The Project Manager and Environmental staff will coordinate with Construction on tailoring 643 to meet the needs of the project.

## **Environmental Analyst PER Guidance**

The Pre-Environmental Design Review will typically be conducted before the public notice and agency scoping have been completed. This is so that ambiguities in project scope can be addressed prior to issuing public notice or beginning collaboration with outside agencies. For very simple projects or projects that have had proper field recon, an exception to this order of operations may be acceptable. The environmental analyst should consult the project manager for which direction to proceed. The intent of providing an Environmental Memo and Impacts Table at this stage is to ensure that impacts from the project are identified.

The Environmental Impacts Memo will include the project description, any anticipated environmental concerns, and schedule impacts so that constructability or timing issues can be identified early on. The Impacts Table is similar to that included with a standard Class of Action. Fill the table out with the most up to date project information and have the Project Manager review in advance of the PER submittal.

CC: Greg Weinert, Right-of-Way Chief

Ben Storey, Regional Environmental Manager

Attachments: Environmental Impacts Table

## **MEMORANDUM**

## State of Alaska

Department of Transportation & Public Facilities Division of Design & Engineering Services Preconstruction Southcoast Region

TO: Project Manager DATE: **Commented [GCD(1]:** Highlighted areas to be filled out by analyst

Environmental Analyst

Project Name & Number FROM: SUBJECT: PER Review Environmental

Memo and Impacts Table

- **Project Description**
- Date of Scoping & Notice
- Anticipated Environmental Concerns
- Schedule Impacts (time sensitive needs; ex: timeframes for consultation or a consultation can't be started until design is at a certain level)

cohesion Travel patterns/accessibility Access control School boundaries etc. Elderly, handicapped etc. Local Indian tribe Economic Land Use/Trans Plans Historic Properties Wetlands	
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School boundaries etc  Elderly, handicapped etc.  Local Indian tribe Economic  Land Use/Trans Plans Historic Properties  Wetlands	
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Economic Land Use/Trans Plans Historic Properties Wetlands	
Land Use/Trans Plans Historic Properties Wetlands	
Historic Properties Wetlands	
Wetlands	
Water Body	
Wild and Scenic River	
Fish	
Wildlife (eagles etc.)	
T&E	
Hazardous Waste	
Invasive Species	
Air Quality	
Floodplain	
Noise (type 1 project?)	
Water Quality	
Construction	
Section 4f/6f	
23 CFR 771.117(b)(2): Is there substantial controversy on environmental gro	ounds?

### **DESIGN CRITERIA CHECKLIST**

Project Name Page of

State Project No. Fed. Project No.

Functional Classification: Terrain:

Present Year (&ADT): Design Year (&ADT):

DHV (%): Percent Trucks:

Pavement Design Year: Pavement Design ESAL:

Design Turning Vehicle: Design Accommodated Vehicle:

Project Type: Choose an item.

	CONTROLLING CRITERIA	SOURCE	STANDARD	AS DESIGNED	EXCEPTION
1. Design Speed <sup>1</sup>			mph	mph	Choose an item.
2a. Travel Lane W	idth		ft	ft	Choose an item.
2b. Auxiliary Land	e Width		ft	ft	Choose an item.
3a. Outside Should	der Width		ft	ft	Choose an item.
3b. Inside Shoulder Width		ft	ft	Choose an item.	
3c. Auxiliary Lane Shoulder Width			ft	ft	Choose an item.
4. Horizontal Curv	ature Radius		ft	ft	Choose an item.
5. Superelevation	Rate*, e(max)		%	%	Choose an item.
6. Stopping Sight	Distance (SSD)*		ft	ft	Choose an item.
7. Grade	Min.		%	%	Choose an item.
	Max.		%	%	Choose an item.
8. Cross Slope			%	%	Choose an item.
9. Vertical Clearan	ce*		ft	ft	Choose an item.
10. Design Loading Capacity <sup>1</sup>	g Structural				Choose an item.

<sup>\*</sup> Attach calculations.

<sup>1.</sup> On low speed roadways (<50 mph) on the NHS only Design Speed and Design Loading Structural Capacity require a Design Exception; all other criteria become a Design Waiver. For projects off the NHS, all criteria become a Design Waiver.

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OTHER DESIGN CRITER	IA	SOURCE	STANDARD	AS DESIGNED	WAIVER
Superelevation Transition*,	Δ		%	%	Choose an item
Bridge Clear-Roadway Widt	:h		ft	ft	Choose an item.
Vertical Curvature, Min.	K(crest) K(sag)				Choose an item. Choose an item.
Lateral Offset to Obstruction			ft	ft	Choose an item.
Surfacing Material					Choose an item.
Clear Zone Slope Clear Zone Width			ft	ft	Choose an item. Choose an item.
Bicycle Lane Width			ft	ft	Choose an item.
Sidewalk Width			ft	ft	Choose an item.
Intersection Sight Distance, Left Turn*			ft	ft	Choose an item.
Right Turn*			ft	ft	Choose an item.
Crossing*			ft	ft	Choose an item.
Passing Sight Distance			ft	ft	Choose an item.
Degree of Access Control					Choose an item.
Median Treatment  Median Width			ft	ft	Choose an item. Choose an item.
Illumination					Choose an item.
Curb Type					Choose

Notes:			
Proposed by:		Date:	
	Designer Signature (Consultant or Staff)		
Approved by:		Date:	
	Design Manager	<u> </u>	

<sup>\*</sup> Attach calculations.